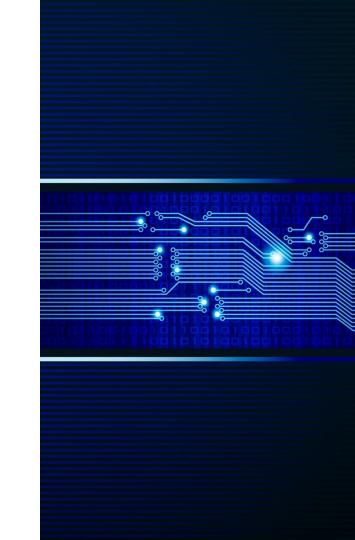
## Case Study Product Management Skills

Andreas T. Bachmeier Munich, 27<sup>th</sup> September 2022



### Content

- 1) Backlog Prioritization & Ordering
- 2) Product Strategy Development
- 3) Key PM Questions & Answers
  - a) How to capture customer centricity?
  - b) How to enable stakeholders?
  - c) What are the challenges during product launch?
  - d) How to react to an unsatisfied customer?

# 1) Backlog Prioritization & Ordering

### **Boundary Conditions**

- Sprint duration: 2 weeks |10 business days
- Mean Capacity per sprint:23 Points

### **Business & Customer** Value

Economic Value for the company and added value for the customer

### Urgency & Dependency

How urgently do we have to complete the task?

Does the task depend on another task?

### **Opportunity**

Will this benefit us in the long run? (e.g. mitigate technical risk, save money)

### **Effort**

How many points does it take to complete the respective task?

## Criteria to consider for Prioritization

ID: 238 Title: Idea: Add RAW picture format processing						
Size:	large	Depends on:	State: New	Labe	: urgent	
Notes:		,				

ID: 229	Title: Step 3: Change also compose service API to new style					
Size: 2	Depends on: 224	State: in progress	Label:			
Notes:						

ID: 237		Title: Assis	t customer l	r on** with OP deployment	
Size:	small	Depends on:		State: In progress	Label: presales
Notes:				_	

### Split into smaller tasks

## Tasks in an exemplary Backlog & Notes

ID: 230	Title: Implement SSO for Cloud				
size: medium	Depends on:	State: New	Label:		
Notes:					

ID: 231	Title: Scaling issues on Cloud during on call			
Size: 1	Depends on:	State: New	Label:	
Notes:				

D: 234 Title		Customer	equest	equest: Deploy on AWS US West			
Size: 24		Dep	ends on:	on: State: New		Label: Presales, urgent, DevOps	
Notes:							

ID: 195	Title: Clean up unreadable code in tracking service				
Size: 4	Depends on: State: New Label: tech_				
Notes:					

ID: 240	Title: Adjust presentation with new metrics				
Size: 1	Depends on: 239	State: New	Label: presales, urgent		
Notes:					

ID: 211	Title: Bring API Management configuration into Github				
Size: 4	Depends on: State: New Label: tech_debt				
Notes:					

ID: 222			Title: Fix processing problems for renewal negotiation in 3 months			
Size	small		Depends on:	State: New	Label	cust_success
Note	es:					

ID: 223	Title: API definition upgrade (breaking!)			
Size: 4	Depends on: State: New Label:			
Notes:				

## Tasks in an exemplary Backlog & Notes

### Comments on the Tasks:

- No notes included
- Different task types (tech debt, bugs, new features & infrastructure...)
- large tasks (more points than 1 sprint)
- ideas and customer requests included
- ongoing and new tasks
- Tasks not formulated as user stories
- Missing size data
- dependent items

### First Step: Gather more Information form key stakeholders & update backlog

### **Dev Team**

Determine missing size data (points)
Gather more information on tasks &
fill in notes
Assess the state of dependent tasks
Discuss task splitting

### **Business Teams**

Discuss Opportunity and
Business & Customer
value of the specific
tasks
Discuss task splitting

### **Assumptions**

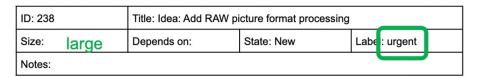
Tasks 224, 239 already completed Necessary information gathered Task splitting agreed

### **Second Step: Task Splitting**

Split large tasks (epics) so that you can deliver value to the customer incrementally

#### **New Feature**

→ Agile Approach with BML Cycle (Build MVP, Evaluate with Customer, Optimize)



#### **New Infrastructure**

→ Possibly Waterfall Approach necessary (complete necessary steps sequentially)



238 Step 1 (Validation)

238 Step 2 (1st BML Loop)

234 Step 1 (Validation)

234 Step 2 (Implementation)

238 Step 3 (2nd BML Loop)

234 Step 3 (Implementation)

### **Third Step: Prioritization**

Possible Framework: Weighted Shortest Job First (WSJF) (Others: MOSCOW, Impact vs Effort Matrix, KANO etc.) → Rating on a scale: 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 20 to be evaluated with <u>stakeholders</u> (senior mgmt, dev team, sales, marketing etc.)

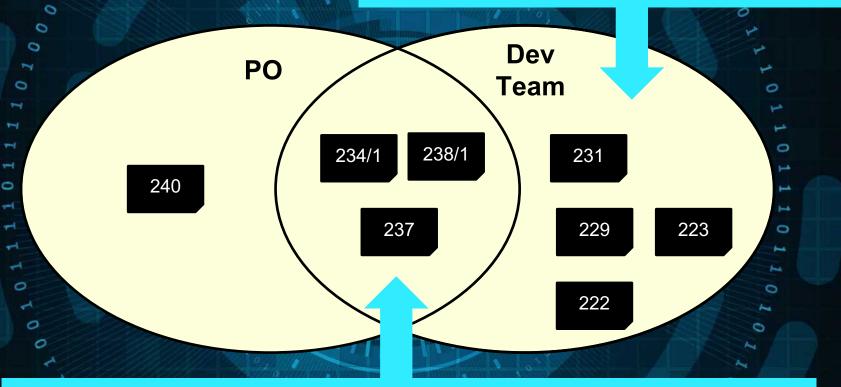
Backlog Item	Business & Customer Value	Urgency	Opportunity	Effort	WSJF
238/1	5	13	13	3	10,3
238/2	13	13	20	20	2,3
238/3	13	13	20	20	2,3
229	3	5	8	2	8
237	3	8	3	3	4,7
230	8	3	8	8	2,4
231	3	8	8	1	19
234/1	5	13	13	3	10,3
234/2	13	13	20	20	2,3
234/3	13	13	20	20	2,3
195	1	3	13	5	3,4
240	3	13	8	1	24
211	3	5	8	5	3,2
222	8	3	13	3	8
223	13	13	8	5	6,8

### Fourth Step: Backlog Ordering and Sprint Definition

Backlog Item	WSJF	Points	Next Sprint
240	24	1	yes
231	19	1	yes
238/1	10,3	4 (est)	yes
234/1	10,3	4 (est)	yes
229	8	2	yes
222	8	3	yes
223	6,8	4	yes
237	4,7	2 (est)	yes
195	3,4	4	maybe
211	3,2	4	no
230	2,4	8 (est)	no
238/2	2,3	10 (est)	no
238/3	2,3	10 (est)	no
234/2	2,3	10 (est)	no
234/3	2,3	10 (est)	no



PO acquires stakeholder & customer feedback and ensures necessary resources



**PO** provides input with market research, competitor analysis, customer development, collecting stakeholder & customer feedback etc.

### brīghterAI

## 2) Product Strategy Development

### Corporate Vision "Protect every identity in public"

### **Potential Corporate Goals**

Reach revenue targets

Expand into new markets

Expand into new industries

Introduce new products to the market and achieve technology leadership

Improve products to provide increased customer value

### Key criteria for a sound product strategy

It must support the corporate vision and goals. The strategy derives itself from the product vision and defines how the vision is achieved.

It should ensure the differentiation of the product offering from the competition as well as provide continuous value to the business & customer by addressing the most promising opportunities.

### Potential Opportunities

### **Markets**

New geographical markets
New industries
Expand in existing markets
& industries
Target a specific market
niche

### **Products**

New features Feature improvements New infrastructure support

### **Customers**

Acquire an additional customer base Expand the existing customer base Focus on a specific target group

### **Products**

0

Blurring for Anonymization

VS

Deep Natural Anonymization

- Strong competition by similar services (e.g. sightengine)
- Brighter AI is not focusing on cost leadership
- → Difficult to differentiate and compete

- Strong Position as market leader
- Brighter AI is focusing on technology leadership
- → Opportunity to further differentiate and offer unique value to customers

Focus on DNAT What could the product vision for DNAT to support the corporate vision and goals and leverage the full potential by addressing the most promising opportunities while maximizing customer & business value be?

# Tasks to be completed to make an informed decision and prioritize opportunities:

Competitor analysis, market & customer research, internal & external stakeholder feedback, develop business cases, ...

### **Assumptions:**

- real time video processing offers a huge potential to **expand the customer base, address new industries & differentiate from competitors** compared to other, minor features (e.g. sharing, improved license plate support)
  - Reliability of DNAT regarding anonymization is key for the customer
  - Introduction specifically in markets with strict data protection regulations (EU, California, China), where customers are forced to comply
- Anonymization of sound, gait, body, text and more currently not in demand (not required by GDPR) and difficult to implement (faces and plates most important)



Focus on reliable, real-time video processing

### Product Vision rtDNAT

"With real-time Deep Natural Anonymization, we brighter AI, offer a reliable and industry-leading video & image anonymization solution to protect the privacy of individuals in real time wherever supervision is required, and data protection is highly valued!"

### Differention, Quality & Focus Strategy for rtDNAT

### **Primary Goals**

### **Differentiation & Quality**

- 1. Improve reliability & robustness of DNAT to 99.9%
- 2. Enable real-time processing of video feeds with a maximum lag of 1 ms

#### **Focus**

3. Introduce it to public sector markets / customers (for **supervision** purposes) to achieve **10 M€ of revenue** within 3 years

### Implementation of the rtDNAT Product Strategy



Reliability & robustness and real-time processing worked on by deep learning team and a cloud/application development team



Introduction to **public sector customers** (police & rail operators) in existing geographical markets first to achieve **brand awareness** and **subsequent expansion** into markets with data protection regulations enabled by **marketing & sales teams** 

Current financial and resource situation of brighter Al supports the implementation of the rtDNAT strategy within approx. 4-5 years

### **Further Tasks**

Draft product roadmap, gather feedback from internal & external stakeholders, define KPIs supporting the goals (customer lifetime value, monthly recurring revenue etc.), ...

## Customer Value Proposition for rtDNAT

"To comply with local regulations and protect the identity of individuals, our reliable and industry-leading video & image anonymization solution, real-time Deep Natural Anonymization, enables anonymized supervision in real time whilst maintaining the quality of your data!"

## 3) Key PM Questions & Answers

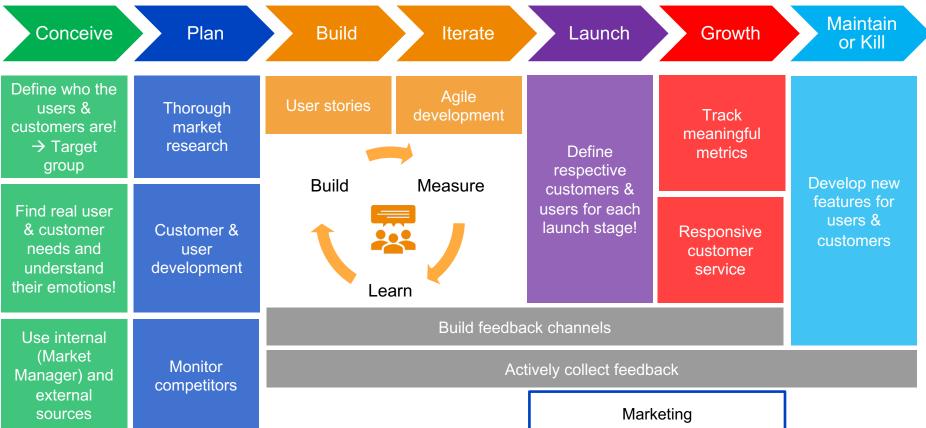
## a) How to capture customer centricity?

### **Ensure Customer Centricity**



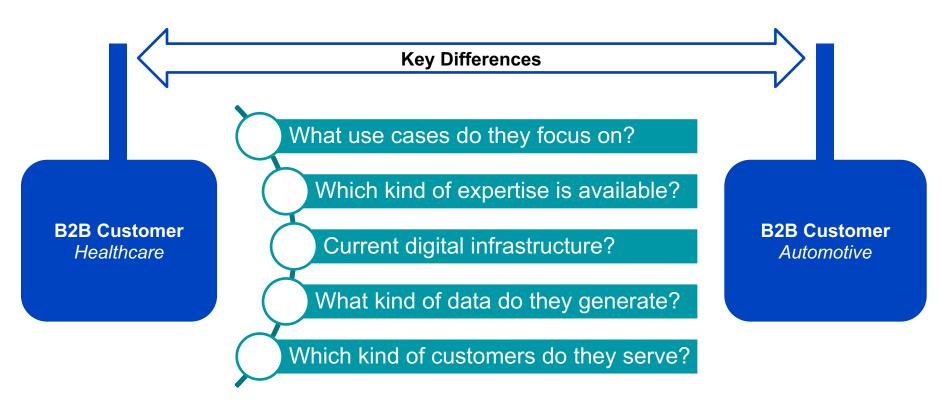






### **Ensure Customer Centricity**

Every customer is unique and has unique needs! The solution must be tailored to the respective customer!



## b) How to enable stakeholders?

### **Stakeholder Enablement**



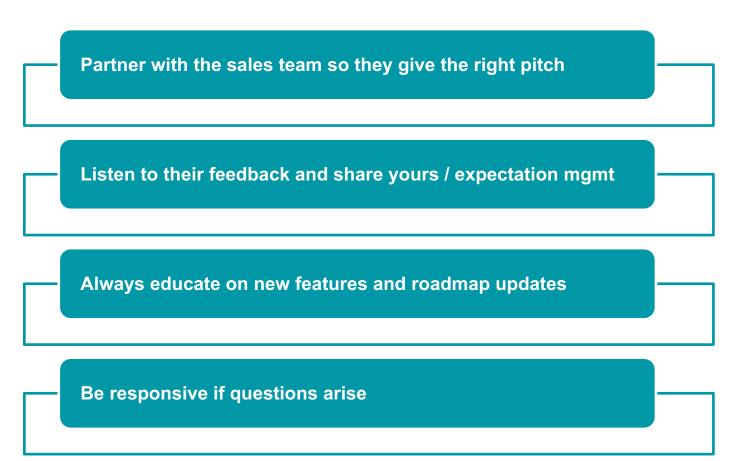


"A product roadmap has no value if stakeholders are not aligned in advance!"

### **Example: Sales Enablement**







# c) What are the challenges during product launch?

### **Challenges during Launch Phases**



### **Company**

#### **Difficult Team Collaboration**

Create as few obstacles as possible for the team.

→ PIM system

### **Planning**

Scheduling | Accountability | Prepare for the worst

### **Delays**

Plan product launch carefully and ensure resources & buffer

#### Customer

### Lack of Trust & Inaction

- Gradually educate customers on their problem
- Help customers to take the first step

#### No Interest in the product

- Clearly define problem and solution
- Choose right platform to reach target audience
- Provide regular updates to keep interest

### No Product Differentiation

- Cleary position the product with brand messaging
- Establish a unique value proposition
- Provide fast and reliable support

## d) How to react to an unsatisfied customer?

### **Customer Satisfaction**

**Proactive action is always better!** 

Support



**Root Cause** 



Customer / User Training



Adaptation C



Show the customers that you care about their problems

Quick reaction

Reliable communication (dedicated contact)

Offer modern support channels (e.g. live chat)

Involve all stakeholders

5 Whys

→ problem-solving tool to uncover root cause

Why are you not satisfied?

What do you expect from the product?

What is created value for you / your business?

Identify whether problem is due to lack of knowledge

Offer self-training methods (video tutorial, live remote training)

Offer on-site training at the customer's facility

Inform properly about updates / new features

Adjust the product offering or risk losing the customer

> Provide feature roadmap

Integrate feature requests & updates

Offer discounts

Decide whether to keep the customer

### Thank you!

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