

Wi-Fly Plugin

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Requirements

- **Mac OS X 10.4** or later, **Windows XP** or **Windows Vista** (currently untested on Windows 7)
- **X-Plane** version 8.50 or later—<http://x-plane.com>
- **Wi-Fly Remote iPhone app**—<http://danieldickison.com/wifly>

Installation

1. **Quit** X-Plane if it is running
2. **Download** the Wi-Fly Remote Plugin from <http://danieldickison.com/wifly>
3. **Copy** the plugin file for your OS ("Wi-Fly-mac.xpl" or "Wi-Fly-win.xpl") to your X-Plane plugins folder: <Path to X-Plane>/Resources/plugins
4. **Start** X-Plane

If you did everything right, you should see the Wi-Fly Plugin **setup window** appear in X-Plane. At this point, you'll need to start the Wi-Fly Remote iPhone app and enter the IP address listed in the setup window.

Version History

1.0.2—September 28, 2009

- First version with full source code available.
- Added a *Refresh* button to setup window to refresh server IP and hostname.
- Better handling of plugin disabling and re-enabling.

1.0.1—September 13, 2009

- Fix auto-throttle by only applying X-Plane datarefs when Wi-Fly's axis positions have changed.

1.0—September 8, 2009

- Initial release.

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Wi-Fly Plugin also includes 3rd party code under separate licenses, listed below:

WidgetLibraryExample—<http://www.xsquawkbox.net/xpsdk/mediawiki/XPWidgetsLibEx>

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If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the GNU GPL, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.

The GNU General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Lesser General Public License instead of this License. But first, please read <http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-lgpl.html>.