Parallel Functional Array Programming

Gabrielle Keller UNSW

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1 Parallel Functional Programming

- Parallel Programming
 - performance
- Functional Languages
 - abstraction
 - higher order functions

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2 Haskell

3 Deep Embedding

Captures DSL expression as abstract syntax tree, allowing multiple interpretations.

```
data Expr
= Add Expr Expr
| Mult Expr Expr
| Neg Expr
| Const Float

data Expr where
Add :: Expr -> Expr -> Expr
Mult :: Expr -> Expr -> Expr
Neg :: Expr -> Expr
Const :: Foat -> Expr

sampleExpr
= Mult (Add (Const 1) (Const 3)) (Const 5)
```

4 Generalised Algebraic Data Types (GADTs)

```
data Expr a where

Add :: Expr Float -> Expr Float -> Expr Float

Mult :: Expr Float -> Expr Float -> Expr Float

Neg :: Expr Float -> Expr Float

Less :: Expr Float -> Expr Float -> Expr Bool

Const :: a -> Expr a

If :: Expr Bool -> Expr a -> Expr a

eval :: Expr a -> a

eval (Const c) = c

eval (If cond el el) = if (eval cond)

eval el

else

eval el
```

5 Accelerate

```
Dot Products in Haskell
```

```
import Prelude
dotp :: Num a \Rightarrow [a] \rightarrow [a] \rightarrow a
dotp xs ys = foldl (+) 0 (zipWith (*) xs ys)
zipWith :: (a -> b -> c) -> [a] -> [b] -> [c]
foldl :: (b \rightarrow a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow b \rightarrow [a] \rightarrow b
Dot product on vectors:
import Data, Vector, Unboxed
dotp :: (Num a, Unbox a) => Vector a -> Vector a -> a
dotp xs ys = foldl (+) 0 (zipWith (*) xs ys)
Dot product on vectors using Accelerate:
import Data, Array, Accelerate
dotp :: (num a, Elt a) => Acc (Vector a)
         -> Acc (Vector a) -> Acc (Scalar a)
dotp xs ys = fold (+) 0 (zipWith (*) xs ys)
zipWith: (Elt a, Elt b, Elt c)
\Rightarrow (Exp a \rightarrow Exp b \rightarrow Exp c)
```