Session-Typed Concurrent Programming

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- 1 Recap
- 1.1 Weakening

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash C}{\Gamma, A \vdash C}$$

1.2 Contraction

$$\frac{\Gamma,A,A \vdash C}{\Gamma,A \vdash C}$$

2 Connections

Curry-Howard correspondence between intuitionistic linear logic and session-typed $\pi\text{-calculus}.$

Logic:

- Linear Propositions
- Proofs
- Cut reduction

Programming:

- Session Types
- Programs
- Communication

2.1 Logical Connectives

 $A,B,C ::= A \longrightarrow B$ mult impl $A \otimes B$ mult conjunction A & B additive conjunction $A \oplus B$ additive disjunction !A Of course, persistent

2.2 Examples

$$x_1:A_1,\ldots,x_n:A_n\vdash P::(x:A)$$

Process P offers a session of type A along channel x, using sessions of types A_1, \ldots, A_n offered along channels x_1, \ldots, x_n

$$\frac{\Delta \vdash P_1 :: (x : A) \ \Delta \vdash P_2 :: (x : B)}{\Delta \vdash \mathsf{case} \ x \ \mathsf{of}(P_1, P_2) :: (x : A \& B)} (\& R)$$

$$\frac{\Delta, x : A \vdash Q :: (z : C)}{\Delta, x : A \& B \vdash \mathsf{inl}(x); Q :: (z : C)} (\& L_1)$$

$$\frac{\Delta, x : B \vdash Q :: (z : C)}{\Delta, x : A \& B \vdash \mathsf{inr}(x); Q :: (z : C)} (\& L_2)$$

$$\frac{\Delta \vdash Q :: (x : A)}{\Delta \vdash \mathsf{inl}(x); Q :: (x : A \oplus B)} (\oplus R_1)$$

$$\frac{\Delta \vdash Q :: (x : B)}{\Delta \vdash \mathsf{inr}(x); Q :: (x : A \oplus B)} (\oplus R_2)$$

$$\frac{\Delta, x : A \vdash P_1 :: (z : C) \ \Delta, x : B \vdash P_2 :: (z : C)}{\Delta, x : A \oplus B \vdash \mathsf{case} \ x \ \mathsf{of}(P_1, P_2) :: (z : C)} (\oplus L)$$

$$\frac{\Delta, y : A \vdash P :: (x : B)}{\Delta \vdash y \leftarrow \mathsf{recv}(x); P :: (x : A \multimap B)} (\multimap R)$$

$$\frac{\Delta \vdash Q :: (y : A) \ \Delta', x : B \vdash Q' :: (z : C)}{\Delta, \Delta', x : A \multimap B \vdash \mathsf{send}(x)(y \leftarrow Q); Q' :: (z : C)} (\multimap L)$$

$$\frac{\Delta \vdash Q :: (y : A) \ \Delta' \vdash Q' :: (x : B)}{\Delta, \Delta' \vdash \mathsf{send}(x)(y \leftarrow Q); Q' :: (x : A \otimes B)} (\otimes R)$$

$$\frac{\Delta, x : B, y : A \vdash P :: (z : C)}{\Delta, x : A \otimes B \vdash y \leftarrow \mathsf{recv}(x); P :: (z : C)} (\otimes L)$$

$$\frac{\Delta \vdash P :: (z : C)}{\Delta, x : 1 \vdash \mathsf{wait} \ x : P :: (z : C)}$$