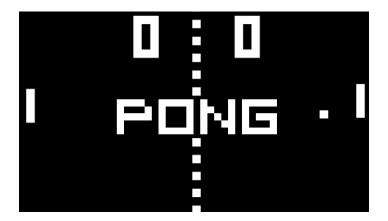


# **B4 - Object-Oriented Programming**

B-OOP-400

## Arcade

Documentation



EPITECH.



### Arcade

**binary name**: arcade **repository name**: arcade

language: everything working on "the dump"

build tool: no need here



• The totality of your source files, except all useless files (binary, temp files, obj files,...), must be included in your delivery.

• All the bonus files (including a potential specific Makefile) should be in a directory named *bonus*.

• Error messages have to be written on the error output, and the program should then exit with the 84 error code (O if there is no error).



Arcade is a gaming platform that lets the user choose a game to play and keeps a register of

player scores.

The elements of our gaming plate-form, our graphics libraries and our games dynamic libraries was loaded at run-time.

Each GUI available for the program are shared libraries that are loaded at runtime.



#### **GRAPHIC LIBRARIES**

Graphic libraries needs to contain the following functions for working properly:

entryPoint function that return a IDisplayModule object (object of your current library class), the function need to be wrapped in a extern "C":

```
Terminal

- + x

~/B-00P-400>
extern "C"

IDisplayModule *entryPoint()
{
    return new MyGraphicLibObject();
}
```

InitWindow function that initialize the window, and all the need to the graphical library to run correctly, such as font, or sprite:

FiniWindow function that close and free all elements used by the graphical library and the window (basically it returns in the state before the InitWindow function):

```
Terminal - + x

~/B-OOP-400>

void GraphicName::FiniWindow()
{
}
```





displayObjects function that display all the object in the map based on the ObjectType enum at the position given by the pair of int (x, y):

displayScore function that display a integer at the pos given in parameter:

```
Terminal

- + x

~/B-00P-400>

void GraphicName::displayScore(int _Score, int x, int y)
{
}
```

displayText function that display a string at a given position with the front color and back color given by the enum Color:

```
Terminal

- + x

~/B-OOP-400>

void GraphicName::displayText(std::string _String, std::pair<int, int> _Pos,
    Enum::Color FrontFont, Enum::Color BackFont)
{
}
```

GetLibType function that return the type of the library stored in a libType enum for letting the core know if its a graphic library or a game library:

```
Terminal

- + x

~/B-00P-400>
Enum::libType GraphicName::GetLibType()
{
}
```





GetWindowSize function that return a pair of the height and width of the window:

getUserInput function that based on the current graphic library get the user input (key pressed by the user) and return it:

display function that render all current drawed object to the window (do not render object in other function it could cause blinking screen):





### **GAME LIBRARIES**

Game libraries need to contain the following functions for working properly:

handleUserInput function that take a key in parameter (the key got by the getUserInput function from the current graphic library) and do action based on this key, like moving the player. This function should modify the score, the status of the game (game over) and filling the Objects map (a main function like for the Game library):

```
Terminal - + x

~/B-OOP-400>

void GameName::handleUserInput(char key)
{
}
```

getScore function that return the current score of the game:

getStatus function that return the current status of the game (true for game over):

```
Terminal - + x

~/B-00P-400>
bool GameName::getStatus()
{
}
```





GetLibType function that return the type of the library stored in a libType enum for letting the core know if its a graphic library or a game library:

```
Terminal - + x

~/B-00P-400>
Enum::libType GameName::GetLibType()
{
}
```

ResetGame function that resets the game to it's initial state: