## Facultatea de Matematica si Informatica, Universitatea din Bucuresti

# PROIECT BAZE DE DATE

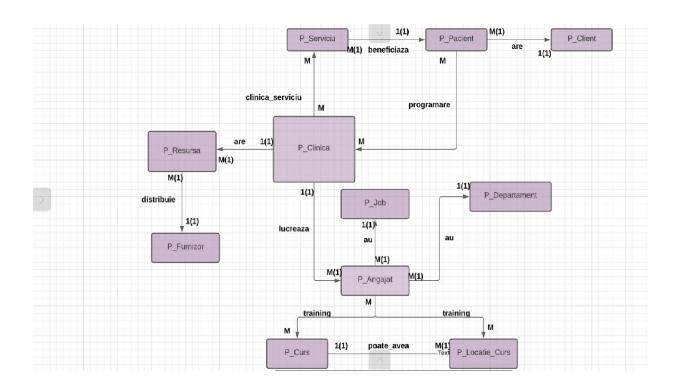
Gestiunea unui complex de clinici veterinare

Student
Brandiburu Andreea-Nicoleta

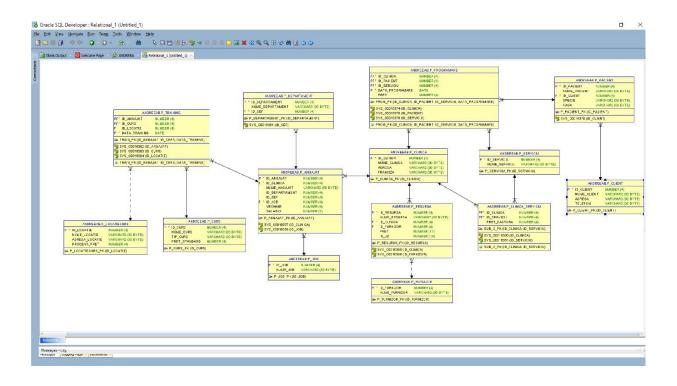
### 1. Utilitatea bazei de date

Sa se implementeze un sistem de gestiune a mai multor clinici medical veterinare. Vrem sa tinem evidenta angajatilor si pozitiilor ocupate de acestia in diferite departmente precum si a diverselor cursuri de formare pe care acestia le urmeaza, a resurselor disponibile in fiecare clinica si a furnizorilor acestora, precum si o lista de clienti si pacienti (animale de companie) si toate programarile facute de acesti clienti. La toate aceste lucruri dorim sa tinem evidenta financiara (salariu/pret).

## 2. Diagrama entitate-relație (ERD).



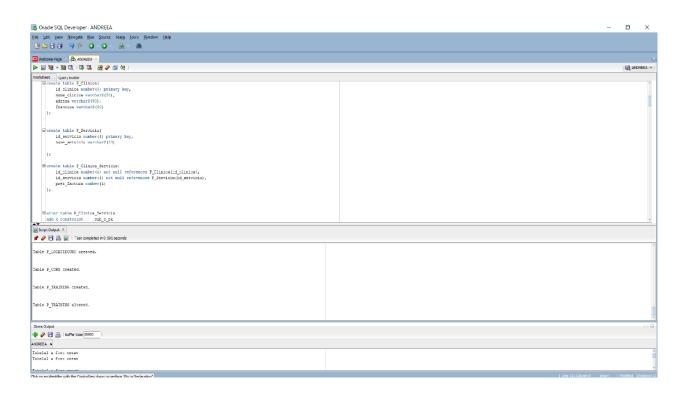
## 3. Diagrama conceptuala



**4.** Implementați în Oracle diagrama conceptuală realizată: definiți toate tabelele, implementând toate constrângerile de integritate necesare (chei primare, cheile externe etc).

In continuare am definit tabelele din schema, am implementat constrangerile de cheie primara si cheie externa pentru tabele.

#### Screenshot create-uri



## **Cod SQL tabele create**

```
drop table P_Training;
drop table P_Curs;
drop table P_LocatieCurs;
drop table P_Programare;
```

```
drop table P_Pacient;
drop table P_Client;
drop table P_Resursa;
drop table P_Furnizor;
drop table P_Departament;
drop table P_Angajat;
drop table P_Job;
drop table P_Clinica_Serviciu;
drop table P_Serviciu;
drop table P_Clinica;
drop SEQUENCE SEQ_DEPT ;
create table P_Clinica(
      id_clinica number(4) primary key,
      nume_clinica varchar2(30),
      adresa varchar2(90),
      franciza varchar2(30)
);
create table P_Serviciu(
      id_serviciu number(4) primary key,
      nume_serviciu varchar2(30)
);
create table P_Clinica_Serviciu(
  id_clinica number(4) not null references P_Clinica(id_clinica),
  id_serviciu number(4) not null references P_Serviciu(id_serviciu),
  pret_factura number(4)
);
```

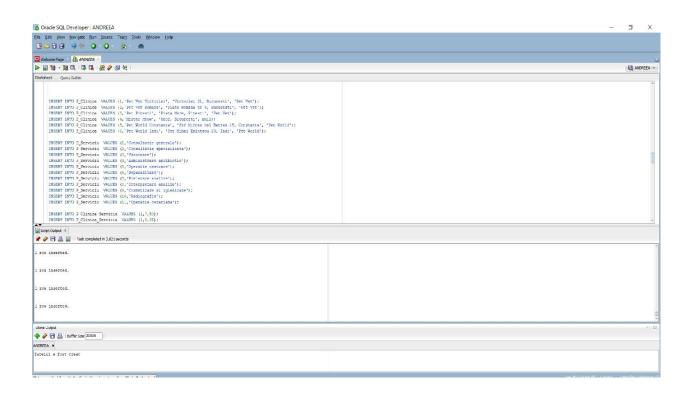
```
alter table P_Clinica_Serviciu
                  sub_c_pk
add (constraint
            primary key (id_clinica, id_serviciu)
  );
create table P_Job(
      id_job number(4) primary key,
      nume_job varchar2(30)
);
create table P_Angajat(
      id_angajat number(4) primary key,
       id_clinica number(4) not null references P_Clinica(id_clinica),
      nume_angajat varchar2(50),
      id_departament number(4),
      id_sef number(4),
      id_job number(4) not null references P_Job(id_job),
      vechime number(4),
      salariu number(7)
);
create table P_Departament(
      id_departament number(4) primary key,
      nume_departament varchar2(30),
       id_sef number(4) not null references P_Angajat(id_angajat)
);
create table P_Furnizor(
      id_furnizor number(4) primary key,
      nume_furnizor varchar2(30)
);
create table P_Resursa(
      id_resursa number(4) primary key,
      nume_resursa varchar2(30),
      id_clinica number(4) not null references P_Clinica(id_clinica),
      id_furnizor number(4) references P_Furnizor(id_furnizor),
```

```
pret number(11),
      in_uz int
);
create table P_Client(
      id_client number(4) primary key,
      nume_client varchar2(30),
      adresa varchar2(30),
      telefon varchar2(30)
);
create table P_Pacient(
      id_pacient number(4) primary key,
      nume_pacient varchar2(30),
      id_client number(4) not null references P_Client(id_client),
      specie varchar2(30),
      rasa varchar2(30)
);
create table P_Programare(
  id_clinica number(4) not null references P_Clinica(id_clinica),
      id_pacient number(4) not null references P_Pacient(id_pacient),
      id_serviciu number(4) not null references P_Serviciu(id_serviciu),
      data_programare date,
      pret number(4)
);
alter table P_Programare
add (constraint
                  prog_pk
             primary key (id_clinica,id_pacient,id_serviciu,data_programare)
  );
create table P_LocatieCurs(
      id_locatie number(4) primary key,
```

```
nume_locatie varchar2(30),
      adresa_locatie varchar2(30),
      procent_pret number(4)
);
create table P_Curs(
      id_curs number(4) primary key,
      nume_curs varchar2(80),
      tip_curs varchar2(30),
      pret_standard number(4)
);
create table P_Training(
      id_angajat number(4) not null references P_Angajat(id_angajat),
      id_curs number(4) not null references P_Curs(id_curs),
      id_locatie number(4) references P_LocatieCurs(id_locatie),
  data_training date
);
alter table P_Training
add (constraint
                  train_pk
            primary key (id_angajat,id_curs,data_training)
  );
```

## 5. Adaugarea de informatii coerente in tabelele create

#### Screenshot insert-uri



## **Cod SQL Insert-uri**

INSERT INTO P\_Clinica VALUES (1,'Pet Vet Victoriei', 'Victoriei 21, Bucuresti', 'Pet Vet');

INSERT INTO P\_Clinica VALUES (2,'Pet Vet Romana', 'Piata Romana nr 9, Bucuresti', 'Pet Vet');

INSERT INTO P\_Clinica VALUES (3,'Pet Pitesti', 'Piata Mare, Pitesti', 'Pet Vet'); INSERT INTO P\_Clinica VALUES (4,'Mister Meow', 'Obor, Bucuresti', null); INSERT INTO P\_Clinica VALUES (5,'Pet World Constanta', 'Str Mircea cel Batran 15, Constanta', 'Pet World');

```
INSERT INTO P_Clinica VALUES (6, 'Pet World Iasi', 'Str Mihai Eminescu 23,
Iasi', 'Pet World');
INSERT INTO P_Serviciu VALUES (1,'Consultatie generala');
INSERT INTO P Serviciu VALUES (2, 'Consultatie specializata');
INSERT INTO P_Serviciu VALUES (3,'Vaccinare');
INSERT INTO P_Serviciu VALUES (4,'Administrare anitbiotic');
INSERT INTO P_Serviciu VALUES (5, 'Operatie castrare');
INSERT INTO P_Serviciu VALUES (6,'Deparazitare');
INSERT INTO P_Serviciu VALUES (7, 'Prelevare analize');
INSERT INTO P_Serviciu VALUES (8, 'Interpretare analize');
INSERT INTO P_Serviciu VALUES (9,'Cosmetizare si igienizare');
INSERT INTO P_Serviciu VALUES (10, 'Radiografie');
INSERT INTO P_Serviciu VALUES (11, 'Operatie cezariana');
INSERT INTO P_Clinica_Serviciu VALUES (1,7,50);
INSERT INTO P_Clinica_Serviciu VALUES (1,8,35);
INSERT INTO P Clinica Serviciu VALUES (1,10,20);
INSERT INTO P Clinica Serviciu VALUES (4,6,70);
INSERT INTO P_Clinica_Serviciu VALUES (3,7,50);
INSERT INTO P_Clinica_Serviciu VALUES (6,3,50);
INSERT INTO P_Clinica_Serviciu VALUES (2,5,150);
INSERT INTO P Clinica Serviciu VALUES (4,9,90);
INSERT INTO P Clinica Serviciu VALUES (2,2,100);
INSERT INTO P_Clinica_Serviciu VALUES (2,4,70);
INSERT INTO P_Job VALUES (1,'Asistent');
INSERT INTO P Job VALUES (2, 'Medic');
INSERT INTO P Job VALUES (3, 'Manager');
INSERT INTO P_Job VALUES (4, 'Electrician');
INSERT INTO P_Job VALUES (5, 'Femeie de servici');
INSERT INTO P_Job VALUES (6,'Receptioner');
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (1,1,'Ion Marin',1,2,1,7,5000);
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (2,1,'Codruta Ghenea',1,4,2,15,10000);
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (3,1,'Maria David',1,2,1,2,3500);
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (4,1,'Andreea Boghici',2,4,3,7,15000);
```

```
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (5,1,'Dan Marius',2,4,4,7,4500);
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (6,1,'Margareta Burghiu',2,4,5,12,2800);
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (7,1,'Mariana Despescu',1,2,2,6,7500);
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (8,1, 'Ioana Maftei', 1,2,1,3,4000);
INSERT INTO P Angajat VALUES (9,1, 'Martin Dobrescu', 1,2,1,1,3000);
INSERT INTO P Angajat VALUES (10,1,'Ilinca Iancu',1,2,2,4,5500);
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (11,1,'Bogdan Vulpe',1,2,1,2,3500);
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (12,1,'Florin Ducu',1,2,1,3,4000);
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (13,1,'Alina Stoia',3,1,3,4,5500);
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (14,1,'Ana Zare',4,3,3,4,4500);
INSERT INTO P_Angajat VALUES (15,1,'Mihnea Altoiu',5,5,3,8,7600);
INSERT INTO P_Departament VALUES (1,'Medical',2);
INSERT INTO P_Departament VALUES (2,'Admin',4);
CREATE SEQUENCE SEQ_DEPT INCREMENT by 1 START WITH 3
MAXVALUE 99 NOCYCLE; --se insereaza date utilizand o secventa
INSERT INTO P_Departament VALUES (SEQ_DEPT.NEXTVAL, 'IT', 4);
INSERT INTO P Departament VALUES (SEQ_DEPT.NEXTVAL, 'HR', 4);
INSERT INTO P_Departament VALUES (SEQ_DEPT.NEXTVAL, 'Vanzari', 4);
INSERT INTO P_Furnizor VALUES (1, 'Pfizer');
INSERT INTO P_Furnizor VALUES (2, 'Moderna');
INSERT INTO P_Furnizor VALUES (3,'Antibiotice Iasi');
INSERT INTO P_Furnizor VALUES (4,'Mob Expert');
INSERT INTO P_Furnizor VALUES (5,'Celuloza Braila');
INSERT INTO P Furnizor VALUES (6, 'Medi Base');
INSERT INTO P_Resursa VALUES (1,'vaccin pisici',1,1,100,0);
INSERT INTO P_Resursa VALUES (2, 'manusi sterilizate', 1, 6, 5, 0);
INSERT INTO P_Resursa VALUES (3, 'masa de operatie', 1, 4, 2000, 1);
INSERT INTO P_Resursa VALUES (4, 'bisturiu', 1, 6, 25, 0);
INSERT INTO P_Resursa VALUES (5, 'antibiotic caini', 1, 3, 35, 0);
INSERT INTO P Resursa VALUES (6, 'pat spitalizare', 1, 4, 3000, 1);
INSERT INTO P_Resursa VALUES (7, 'servetel sterilizat', 1,5,4,0);
```

```
INSERT INTO P_Resursa VALUES (8, 'gel dezinfectant', 1, 6, 9, 0);
INSERT INTO P_Resursa VALUES (9, 'seringa', 1, 6, 15, 0);
INSERT INTO P_Resursa VALUES (10,'branula',1,6,7,1);
INSERT INTO P_Resursa VALUES (11, 'medicament anti paraziti', 1, 2, 85, 0);
INSERT INTO P_Resursa VALUES (12, 'scaner CT', 1, 6, 2000000, 0);
INSERT INTO P Client VALUES (1, 'Maria Georgescu', 'Basarabiei 21,
Bucuresti', '0756456653');
INSERT INTO P_Client VALUES (2,'Vlad Petec','Armeneasca 12,
Bucuresti', '0756899653');
INSERT INTO P_Client VALUES (3, 'Ignat Yaki', 'Bastiliei 36,
Bucuresti', '0756489678');
INSERT INTO P_Client VALUES (4,'Barbara Magheru','Cotroceni 110,
Bucuresti', '0756489654');
INSERT INTO P Client VALUES (5, 'Geanina Moise', 'Plevnei 211,
Bucuresti', '0756488723');
INSERT INTO P Client VALUES (6, 'Matei Dan', 'Lujerului 24,
Bucuresti', '0758769653');
INSERT INTO P Pacient VALUES (1, 'Jacky', 1, 'canina', 'bulldog');
INSERT INTO P_Pacient VALUES (2,'Kitty',1,'felina','birmaneza');
INSERT INTO P_Pacient VALUES (3,'Finny',2,'paun','striat');
INSERT INTO P_Pacient VALUES (4,'Scott',3,'canina','ciobanesc');
INSERT INTO P_Pacient VALUES (5, 'Geta', 4, 'felina', 'siameza');
INSERT INTO P Pacient VALUES (6, 'Rambo', 5, 'cameleon', 'ecuadorian');
INSERT INTO P_Pacient VALUES (7,'JayJay',6,'broasca','testoasa');
INSERT INTO P_Pacient VALUES (8,'Snakey',6,'sarpe','vipera');
INSERT INTO P_Pacient VALUES (9,'Fifi',1,'papagal','brazilian');
INSERT INTO P_Pacient VALUES (10, 'Mark', 4, 'rozatoare', 'hamster');
INSERT INTO P Pacient VALUES (11, 'Mark', 2, 'canina', 'corgi');
INSERT INTO P_Programare VALUES (1,1,1,'06-06-21',50);
INSERT INTO P_Programare VALUES (1,2,2,'07-07-21',90);
INSERT INTO P_Programare VALUES (1,3,2,'08-06-21',90);
INSERT INTO P_Programare VALUES (1,4,3,'09-06-21',150);
INSERT INTO P Programare VALUES (1,4,10,'16-06-21',90);
INSERT INTO P_Programare VALUES (1,6,9,'06-07-21',100);
```

```
INSERT INTO P_Programare VALUES (1,7,10,'07-07-21',90);
INSERT INTO P_Programare VALUES (1,8,11,'08-07-21',900);
INSERT INTO P_Programare VALUES (1,9,1,'14-07-21',50);
INSERT INTO P_Programare VALUES (1,10,2,'26-07-21',90);
```

INSERT INTO P\_LocatieCurs VALUES (1,'Vet Prestige Amsterdam','Amsterdam, Zuffe 31', 200);
INSERT INTO P\_LocatieCurs VALUES (2,'London Veterinary University','Londra, Buckingham Road 31', 250);
INSERT INTO P\_LocatieCurs VALUES (3,'Online Vet Academy','online', 75);
INSERT INTO P\_LocatieCurs VALUES (4,'Sofia University','Sofia', 85);
INSERT INTO P\_LocatieCurs VALUES (5,'Berliner Akamedie','Berlin, Postadammer Platz 78', 175);

INSERT INTO P\_Curs VALUES (1,'Operatia de castrare la feline','fizic', 800); INSERT INTO P\_Curs VALUES (2,'Probleme specifice la canine','fizic', 1100); INSERT INTO P\_Curs VALUES (3,'Simptomatologia pasarilor in captivitate','fizic', 850);

INSERT INTO P\_Curs VALUES (4,'Anestezia generala veterinara','fizic', 750); INSERT INTO P\_Curs VALUES (5,'Probleme frecvente la speciile de rozatoare domestice','online', 200);

```
INSERT INTO P_Training VALUES (11,4,null,'08-07-21'); INSERT INTO P_Training VALUES (11,5,4,'09-07-21'); INSERT INTO P_Training VALUES (2,3,1,'23-07-21'); INSERT INTO P_Training VALUES (7,1,5,'30-07-21'); INSERT INTO P_Training VALUES (11,2,2,'14-07-21'); INSERT INTO P_Training VALUES (10,4,null,'08-08-21'); INSERT INTO P_Training VALUES (10,1,null,'09-08-21'); INSERT INTO P_Training VALUES (9,5,null,'18-09-21'); INSERT INTO P_Training VALUES (9,2,4,'28-09-21'); INSERT INTO P_Training VALUES (8,5,null,'01-09-21'); INSERT INTO P_Training VALUES (8,5,null,'01-09-21');
```

commit;

6. Angajatii din departamentul medical vor primi un bonus de vechime(10% pentru 1 an vechime, 20% pentru minim 3 ani vechime si 40% pentru minim 5 ani de vechime). Procentul se aplica la media pe numarul de angajati totali a sumei incasate de clinica (prin pretul serviciilor programate). Sa se afiseze cat primeste fiecare angajat in functie de anii de vechime.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE calcul bonus IS
TYPE vector IS VARRAY(2) OF NUMBER;
sumaPret vector:= vector();
employeeNumber vector:=vector();
-- Partea de tablou indexat
TYPE tablou_indexat IS TABLE OF NUMBER INDEX BY PLS_INTEGER;
t2 tablou indexat; i INTEGER;
BEGIN
select *
BULK COLLECT INTO sumaPret
FROM
(
    select sum(pret) as pret from p programare where id clinica=1
WHERE rownum <= 1;
select *
BULK COLLECT INTO employeeNumber
FROM (
select count(*) from p_angajat where id_clinica=1
) WHERE rownum <=1;
t2(0) := 0; -- la vechimea 0 bonusul e 0;
t2(1) := round(sumaPret(1)/employeeNumber(1) * 0.10); -- vechimea 1, bonusul e
10\% \ t2(2) := \text{round}(t(1)/t(2) * 0.10); -- vechimea 2, bonusul e 10%
t2(3) := round(sumaPret(1)/employeeNumber(1) * 0.30); -- vechimea 3, bonusul e
30\% \ t2(4) := \text{round}(t(1)/t(2) * 0.30); -- vechimea 4, bonusul e 30\% \ t2(5) :=
round(t(1)/t(2) * 0.40); -- vechimea 5, bonusul e 40%
```

```
--afisare elemente tablou
```

### i := t2.FIRST;

WHILE i <= 5 LOOP

 $\frac{DBMS\_OUTPUT\_LINE('Bonusul \ pentru \ vechimea \ de \ '\parallel i \parallel' \ an(i) \ este \ ' \parallel t2(i) \ );}{i := t2.NEXT(i); \ END \ LOOP;}$ 

t2.delete;

```
END calcul bonus;

/

BEGIN
calcul_bonus(); END;
/
```

```
Welcome Page Grupa 241
Grupa241 ▼
Worksheet Query Builder
   7 t2 tablou_indexat; i INTEGER;
   9 BEGIN
 12 BULK COLLECT INTO sumaPret
13 FROM
              select sum(pret) as pret from p_programare where id_clinica=1
 16
          WHERE rownum <= 1;
 17
  19 ≡ select *
 20 BULK COLLECT INTO employeeNumber
  22 select count(*) from p_angajat where id_clinica=1
 Script Output × Query Result ×
 📌 🥔 🔒 💂 | Task completed in 0,091 seconds
 Bonusul pentru vechimea de 0 an(i) este 0
Bonusul pentru vechimea de 1 an(i) este 11
Bonusul pentru vechimea de 3 an(i) este 34
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

# 7. Folosind un cursor si un subprogram stocat afisati toate programarile din luna iulie 2021.

--vom folosi o procedura pentru ca nu vrem sa returnam o valoare
 CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE afisare\_programari
 IS

#### CURSOR c IS

SELECT nume\_client, nume\_clinica, nume\_serviciu, data\_programare, pret, nume\_pacient

FROM P Programare pr

join P\_Clinica c on c.id\_clinica = pr.id\_clinica

join P\_Pacient p on p.id\_pacient = pr.id\_pacient

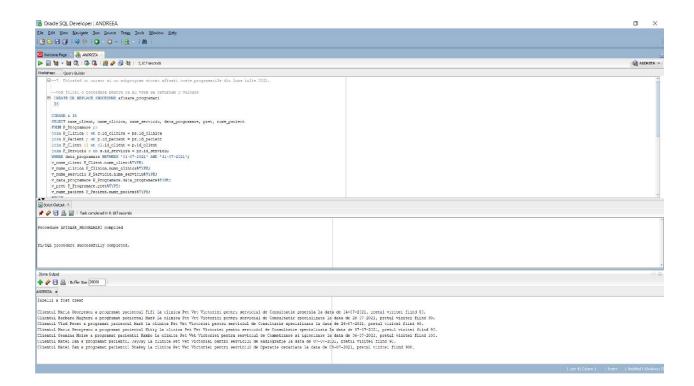
join P\_Client cl on cl.id\_client = p.id\_client

join P\_Serviciu s on s.id\_serviciu = pr.id\_serviciu

WHERE data programare BETWEEN '01-07-2021' AND '31-07-2021';

v\_nume\_client P\_Client.nume\_client%TYPE;

```
v_nume_clinica P_Clinica.nume_clinica% TYPE;
v_nume_serviciu P_Serviciu.nume_serviciu%TYPE;
v_data_programare P_Programare.data_programare% TYPE;
v pret P Programare.pret%TYPE;
v_nume_pacient P_Pacient.nume_pacient%TYPE;
BEGIN
BEGIN
OPEN c;
LOOP
FETCH c INTO v_nume_client, v_nume_clinica, v_nume_serviciu,
v data programare, v pret, v nume pacient;
EXIT WHEN c%NOTFOUND;
DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Clientul' || v nume client || 'a programat pacientul
' || v_nume_pacient || ' la clinica ' || v_nume_clinica || ' pentru serviciul de ' ||
v nume serviciu
|| ' la data de ' || v_data_programare || ', pretul vizitei fiind ' || v_pret || '.');
END LOOP;
CLOSE c;
END;
END afisare programari;
BEGIN
afisare_programari();
END;
```



**8.** Utilizand un subprogram stocat (functie) sa se implementeze un mod de a gasi informatiile clientului atunci cand trimitem numele pacientului (pet-ului) ca parametru, pentru pacientii care au cel putin o programare facuta.

## CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION gaseste\_client

(v\_nume P\_Pacient.nume\_pacient%TYPE)

RETURN varchar2

IS

info\_client varchar2(300);

**BEGIN** 

SELECT c.id\_client || ' - ' || nume\_client INTO info\_client

FROM p\_client c

join p\_pacient p on p.id\_client=c.id\_client

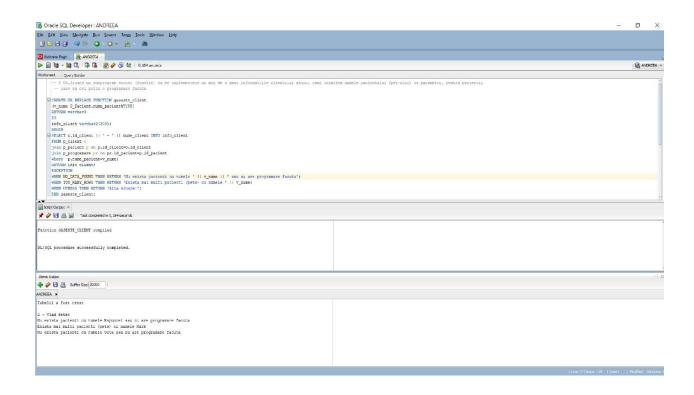
join p programare pr on pr.id pacient=p.id pacient

where p.nume\_pacient=v\_nume;

```
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN RETURN 'Nu exista pacienti cu numele ' ||
v_nume || ' sau nu are programare facuta';
WHEN TOO_MANY_ROWS THEN RETURN 'Exista mai multi pacienti (pets)
cu numele ' || v_nume;
WHEN OTHERS THEN RETURN 'Alta eroare!';
END gaseste_client;
DECLARE
v info client varchar2(300);
BEGIN
v_info_client := gaseste_client('Finny');
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_info_client);
v_info_client := gaseste_client('Rapunzel');
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_info_client);
v_info_client := gaseste_client('Mark');
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_info_client);
v_info_client := gaseste_client('Geta');
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_info_client);
END;
```

RETURN info\_client;

**EXCEPTION** 



9. Utilizand un subprogram stocat (procedura) sa se rezolve urmatoarea cerinta: Clinica organizeaza o tombola lunara in care vor intra primii 3 clienti cu cele mai multe programari facute. Pentru luna iulie 2021, sa se afiseze cine sunt cei 3 clienti, cate programari au fiecare, si sa se aleaga aleatoriu cate un castigator. Sunt exclusi clientii care au rude printre angajatii clinicii (criteriul e ca numele de familie sa nu coincida cu al unui angajat)

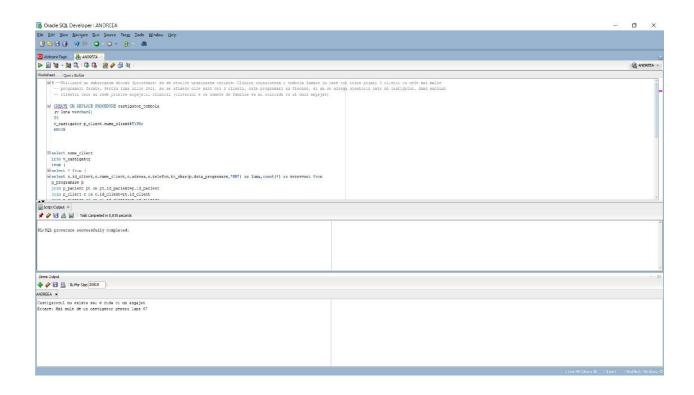
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE castigator\_tombola (v luna varchar2)

IS

v castigator p client.nume client%TYPE; BEGIN

select nume\_client
into v\_castigator

```
from (
select * from (
select
c.id client,c.nume client,c.adresa,c.telefon,to char(p.data programare,'MM')
luna,count(*) as rezervari from
p_programare p
join p pacient pt on pt.id pacient=p.id pacient
join p_client c on c.id_client=pt.id_client
join p clinica cl on cl.id clinica=p.id clinica
left join p_angajat a on a.id_clinica=cl.id_clinica and SubStr(c.nume_client,
InStr(c.nume_client, '')+1) = SubStr(a.nume_angajat, InStr(a.nume_angajat, '')+1)
where p.id_clinica=1 and
a.id_angajat is null -- aici verificam ca nu avem angajati cu acelasi nume de
familie ca si clientul
group by
c.id client,to char(p.data programare, 'MM'),c.nume client,c.adresa,c.telefon
order by to char(p.data programare, 'MM') asc, count(*) desc)
where luna=v luna and rownum=floor(dbms random.value(1,3)) order by
rezervari desc); -- rownum=floor(dbms random.value(1,3)) genereaza un numar
aleatoriu dintre 1,2,3 si va afisa randul cu rownum egal cu acest numar aleatoriu
drept castigatorul tombolei
DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Castigatorul pentru luna ' || v luna || ' este '||
v castigator);
EXCEPTION
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Castigatorul
nu exista sau e ruda cu un angajat');
WHEN TOO MANY ROWS THEN DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Eroare: Mai
mult de un castigator pentru luna ' || v_luna);
WHEN OTHERS THEN DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Alta eroare!');
END castigator_tombola;
/
BEGIN
castigator_tombola('06');
castigator_tombola('07');
END;
```



**10.** Definim un trigger de tip LMD (la nivel de comanda) care sa salveze un istoric de fiecare data cand numarul de telefon al unui client este modificat.

--Creem tabelul cu istoricul
DROPTABLE P Istoric clienti;
CREATE TABLE P Istoric clienti (
nume\_utilizator VARCHAR(30),
data DATE,
actiunea VARCHAR2(50));

## --Definim triggerul

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER istoric\_telefon\_clienti

AFTER UPDATE OF telefon ON P\_Client

**BEGIN** 

INSERT INTO P\_Istoric\_clienti

VALUES (SYS.LOGIN\_USER, SYSDATE, 'Telefon updatat');

END;

/

--Declansam triggerul

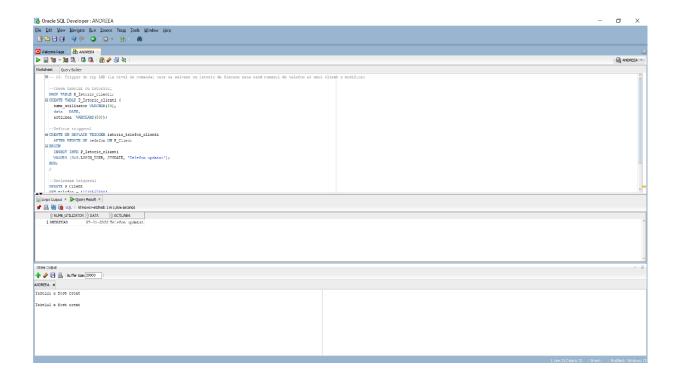
UPDATE P\_Client

SET telefon = '1234567890'

WHERE  $id_{client} = 2$ ;

#### --Verificam istoricul

SELECT \* from P\_Istoric\_clienti;



11. Definim un trigger de tip LMD (la nivel de linie) care sa reduca pretul la fiecare noua programare cu 10 la suta (e luna de promotie, iar apoi triggerul va fi dezactivat)

```
--Definim triggerul

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER promotie_10

BEFORE INSERT ON P_Programare

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

:NEW.pret := :NEW.pret * 0.9;

END;

/--Declansam triggerul

INSERT ALL

INTO P_Programare VALUES (1,4,2,'14-01-22',90)

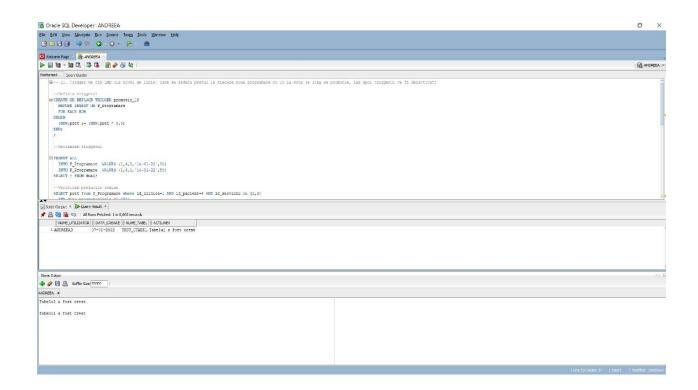
INTO P Programare VALUES (1,4,1,'14-01-22',50)

SELECT * FROM dual;
```

--Verificam preturile reduse

SELECT pret from P\_Programare where id\_clinica=1 AND id\_pacient=4 AND id\_serviciu in (1,2)

AND data programare='14-01-22';



12. Definiti un *trigger* de tip LDD care sa salveze un istoric al crearii de tabele.

DROP TRIGGER crearetabel\_istoric;

--Creem tabelul cu istoricul

DROP TABLE P\_Istoric\_crearetabel;

CREATE TABLE P\_Istoric\_crearetabel (

nume utilizator VARCHAR2(50),

data\_creare DATE,

nume\_tabel VARCHAR2(30),

actiunea VARCHAR2(50));

-- Definim triggerul

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER crearetabel\_istoric

## AFTER CREATE ON SCHEMA

#### **BEGIN**

INSERT INTO P\_Istoric\_crearetabel

<u>VALUES (SYS.LOGIN\_USER, SYSDATE, SYS.DICTIONARY\_OBJ\_NAME,</u> 'Tabelul a fost creat');

DBMS\_OUTPUT\_LINE('Tabelul a fost creat');

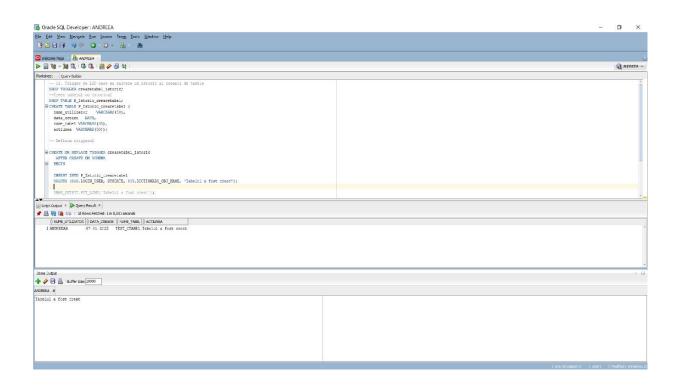
END;

/

-- Creem un tabel test

CREATE TABLE test\_ctabel (test\_coloana1 number(2));

DROP TABLE test\_ctabel;



13. Definiti un pachet care sa contina toate obiectele definite in cadrul proiectului.

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE pachet AS

PROCEDURE calcul\_bonus;

PROCEDURE afisare\_programari;

FUNCTION gaseste\_client (v\_nume P\_Pacient.nume\_pacient%TYPE)

RETURN varchar2;

PROCEDURE castigator\_tombola (v\_luna varchar2);

END pachet;

#### CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY pachet AS

--6. Angajatii din departamentul medical vor primi un bonus de vechime(10% pentru 1 an vechime, 20% pentru minim 3 ani vechime si 40% pentru minim 5 ani de vechime). Procentul se aplica la media pe numarul de angajati totali a sumei incasate de clinica (prin pretul serviciilor programate). Sa se afiseze cat primeste fiecare angajat in functie de anii de vechime.

PROCEDURE calcul\_bonus

AS

TYPE vector IS VARRAY(2) OF NUMBER;

t vector:= vector();

-- Partea de tablou indexat

TYPE tablou\_indexat IS TABLE OF NUMBER INDEX BY PLS\_INTEGER;

t2 tablou\_indexat;

i INTEGER:

**BEGIN** 

-- Partea de vector

t.extend:

select sum(pret) INTO t(1) from (select sum(pret) as pret from p\_programare where id\_clinica=1); --suma preturilor programarilor pentru clinica noastra t.extend;

select count(\*) INTO t(2) from p\_angajat where id\_clinica=1; -- numarul total de angajati pentru clinica noastra

-- Partea de tablou indexat

```
t2(0) := 0; -- la vechimea 0 bonusul e 0;
t2(1) := round(t(1)/t(2) * 0.10); -- vechimea 1, bonusul e 10%
t2(2) := round(t(1)/t(2) * 0.10); -- vechimea 2, bonusul e 10%
t2(3) := round(t(1)/t(2) * 0.30); -- vechimea 3, bonusul e 30%
t2(4) := round(t(1)/t(2) * 0.30); -- vechimea 4, bonusul e 30%
t2(5) := round(t(1)/t(2) * 0.40); -- vechimea 5, bonusul e 40%
--afisare elemente tablou
i := t2.FIRST;
WHILE i \le 5
LOOP
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('Bonusul pentru vechimea de '|| i || ' an(i) este ' || t2(i)
i := t2.NEXT(i);
END LOOP;
t2.delete;
END calcul bonus;
--7. Folosind un cursor si un subprogram stocat afisati toate programarile din luna
iulie 2021.
--vom folosi o procedura pentru ca nu vrem sa returnam o valoare
PROCEDURE afisare_programari
AS
CURSOR c IS
SELECT nume_client, nume_clinica, nume_serviciu, data_programare, pret,
nume_pacient
FROM P_Programare pr
join P_Clinica c on c.id_clinica = pr.id_clinica
join P_Pacient p on p.id_pacient = pr.id_pacient
join P_Client cl on cl.id_client = p.id_client
join P_Serviciu s on s.id_serviciu = pr.id_serviciu
WHERE data_programare BETWEEN '01-07-2021' AND '31-07-2021';
v_nume_client P_Client.nume_client%TYPE;
v nume clinica P Clinica.nume clinica% TYPE;
v_nume_serviciu P_Serviciu.nume_serviciu%TYPE;
v_data_programare P_Programare.data_programare% TYPE;
v_pret P_Programare.pret%TYPE;
v_nume_pacient P_Pacient.nume_pacient%TYPE;
```

```
BEGIN
BEGIN
OPEN c;
LOOP
FETCH c INTO v_nume_client, v_nume_clinica, v_nume_serviciu,
v_data_programare, v_pret, v_nume_pacient;
EXIT WHEN c%NOTFOUND;
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('Clientul' || v_nume_client || ' a programat pacientul'
|| v_nume_pacient || ' la clinica ' || v_nume_clinica || ' pentru serviciul de ' ||
v_nume_serviciu
| ' la data de ' | v data programare | ', pretul vizitei fiind ' | v pret | '.');
END LOOP;
CLOSE c;
END:
END afisare_programari;
--8. Utilizand un subprogram stocat (functie) sa se implementeze un mod de a gasi
informatiile clientului atunci cand trimitem numele pacientului (pet-ului) ca
parametru, pentru pacientii care au cel putin o programare facuta.
FUNCTION gaseste_client
(v_nume P_Pacient.nume_pacient%TYPE)
RETURN varchar2
IS
info_client varchar2(300);
BEGIN
SELECT c.id_client || ' - ' || nume_client INTO info client
FROM p_client c
join p_pacient p on p.id_client=c.id_client
join p_programare pr on pr.id_pacient=p.id_pacient
where p.nume_pacient=v_nume;
RETURN info client;
EXCEPTION
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN RETURN 'Nu exista pacienti cu numele ' ||
v_nume || ' sau nu are programare facuta';
WHEN TOO_MANY_ROWS THEN RETURN 'Exista mai multi pacienti (pets) cu
numele ' || v nume;
```

WHEN OTHERS THEN RETURN 'Alta eroare!':

#### END gaseste\_client;

--9. Utilizand un subprogram stocat (procedura) sa se rezolve urmatoarea cerinta: Clinica organizeaza o tombola lunara in care vor intra primii 3 clienti cu cele mai multe programari facute. Pentru luna iulie 2021, sa se afiseze cine sunt cei 3 clienti, cate programari au fiecare, si sa se aleaga aleatoriu cate un castigator. Sunt exclusi clientii care au rude printre angajatii clinicii (criteriul e ca numele de familie sa nu coincida cu al unui angajat)

```
PROCEDURE castigator_tombola
(v_luna varchar2)
AS
v_castigator p_client.nume_client% TYPE;
BEGIN
select nume client
into v_castigator
from (
select * from (
select c.id_client,c.nume_client,c.adresa,c.telefon,to_char(p.data_programare,'MM')
as luna,count(*) as rezervari from
p_programare p
join p_pacient pt on pt.id_pacient=p.id_pacient
join p_client c on c.id_client=pt.id_client
join p_clinica cl on cl.id_clinica=p.id_clinica
left join p_angajat a on a.id_clinica=cl.id_clinica and SubStr(c.nume_client,
InStr(c.nume_client, ' ')+1) = SubStr(a.nume_angajat, InStr(a.nume_angajat, ' ')+1)
where p.id_clinica=1 and
a.id angajat is null -- aici verificam ca nu avem angajati cu acelasi nume de familie
ca si clientul
group by
c.id_client,to_char(p.data_programare, 'MM'),c.nume_client,c.adresa,c.telefon
order by to_char(p.data_programare, 'MM') asc, count(*) desc)
where luna=v_luna and rownum=floor(dbms_random.value(1,3)) order by rezervari
desc); -- rownum=floor(dbms_random.value(1,3)) genereaza un numar aleatoriu
dintre 1,2,3 si va afisa randul cu rownum egal cu acest numar aleatoriu drept
castigatorul tombolei
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('Castigatorul pentru luna ' || v_luna || ' este '||
v castigator);
```

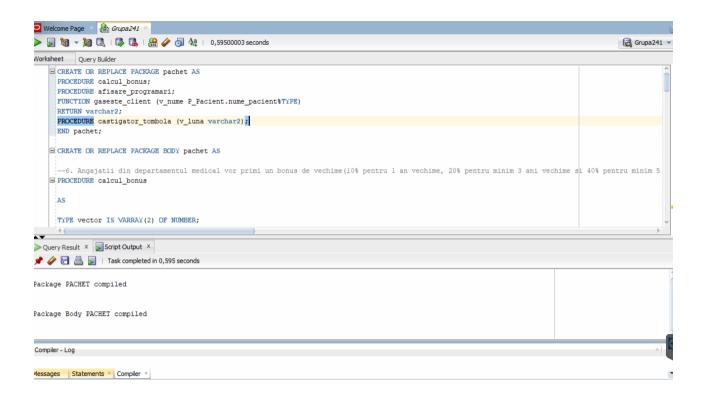
#### **EXCEPTION**

WHEN NO\_DATA\_FOUND THEN DBMS\_OUTPUT.PUT\_LINE('Castigatorul nu exista sau e ruda cu un angajat');

WHEN TOO\_MANY\_ROWS THEN DBMS\_OUTPUT.PUT\_LINE('Eroare: Mai mult de un castigator pentru luna ' || v\_luna);

WHEN OTHERS THEN DBMS\_OUTPUT.PUT\_LINE('Alta eroare!'); END castigator\_tombola;

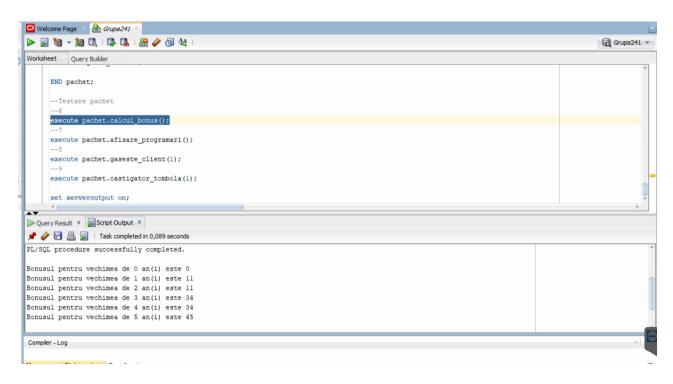
#### END pachet;



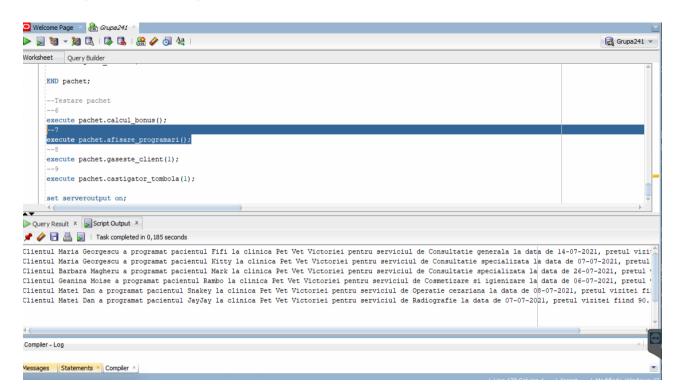
#### -- Testare pachet

--6

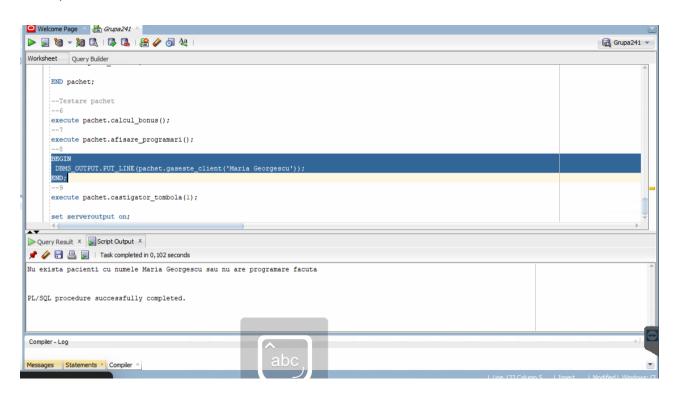
execute pachet.calcul\_bonus();



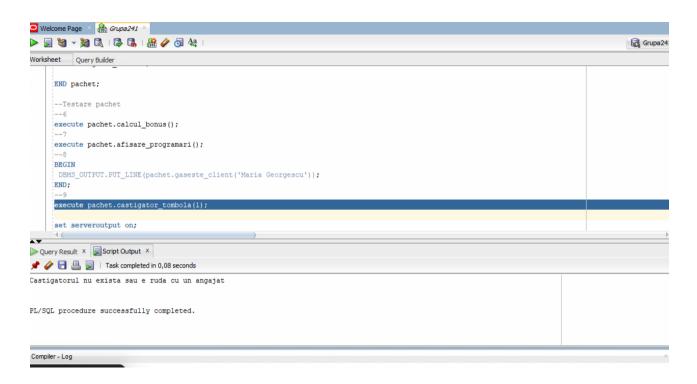
# --7 execute pachet.afisare\_programari();



--8
BEGIN
DBMS\_OUTPUT.PUT\_LINE(pachet.gaseste\_client('Maria Georgescu'));
END;



--9
execute pachet.castigator\_tombola(1);



set serveroutput on;