Serminar 1-06.10.2021-143

1. Fix o mult. $A = 3 \times 1 \times = \frac{a+1}{20+1}$, $a \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-\frac{1}{2}\}$ Sã le arate ca A = R/313 mot. 20

Bet: 4=B (=) 4 = B & BET

Obs. cá $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ (phin def.). Pt. a arcata cá $A \subseteq B$ trebuie à aratam ca 1 & A. (i.e. A+1 +1 ,40 +R13-13). Presupunem că $\exists \alpha \in \mathbb{R} / \{-\frac{1}{2}\}$ $\alpha : \widehat{1} : \frac{\alpha+1}{2\alpha+1} = \frac{1}{2}$.

=> 2a+2=2a+1 => 2=1 06. Asadar 20+1 7 2 0 4 a c R/3-13. 82A C=

BEA Fie $b \in B$. Vecon la orataon ca $\exists a \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-\frac{1}{2}\} a. 7. b = \frac{a+1}{2a+1}$.

 $b = \frac{\alpha+1}{2\alpha+1} = 2\alpha b + b = \alpha+1$

2ab - a = 1 - h

a(2b-1) = 1-b

 $a = \frac{1-b}{3h-1}$ stbeB.

 $A = -\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1-b}{2b-1} = -\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1-2b}{2-2b} = 1-2b = 12=106$

 $= \lambda \alpha \neq -\frac{1}{2}$.

=> BCA.

reformulate: Aratati ca functia f: R/3-23 -> R/323 este surjectiva. T: $A = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x = \frac{3a-1}{a-2}, a \in \mathbb{R} \mid \{2\}\} = \mathbb{R} \mid \{3\}\}.$

2. $(3N+2) \cap (5N+1) = 15N+11$.

CEANB (CEASICEB)

Pie xec = 1 x = 15K+M, KEM.

 $x = 15K + M = 15K + 9 + 2 = 3(5K + 3) + 3 \in A = > \infty$ x = 15 K + 11 = 5 (3K+2) + 1 & B => C & B =) CEANB.

 $\frac{AnB \subseteq C}{AnB} => \infty = 3K+2 = 5l+1 \text{ on } K,l \in \mathbb{N}$ correspontations.

3K+2=5l+1 1+1 3K+3=5(+2 3(x+1) = 5l+2 = 3|5l+2| => 3|2(+2)=73/2(211) $3 \mid 2(k+1)$ $3 \mid 2(k+1)$ $3 \mid 2(k+1)$ $=> 3 \mid k+1 => k=3p+2 = (=3k-1)$ $x = 5R + 1 = 5(3p + 2) + 1 = 15p + 11 \in C$.

5/3K+1. Consideram cele 5 cajuri possibile: K=5t, 5t+1 , 5t+2 , 5tx+3 mu stx+4. $T: (3N+1) \cap (7N+6) = 21N+13.$

3. Det. A & B stund co AUB=31,2,3,4,53, 4,53, A/B=11,33 19 ANB \$ 3,4,53.

Exemplu: 31,3,43 \$ 3,4,53

OPE: $C \neq D = 3 \times 6C^{2} \times 4D \times 6CD$

=) 2 E ANB

A=31,2,3,4,5} 323 = ANB = 32,4,53 B= 32, 4,53

Sumt a soluții distincte.

Submultimile lui 33,4,53 sunt:

M = / \$ 33, 343, 153, 13, 43, 33,53, 34,53, 33,4,534 ANB & 3,4,5} (=) ANB & M.

Primcipial includerii și excluderii

Wotatie: cool (A) = IAI.

P.I.E .: |AUB| = |A| + |B| - |ANB|



140BUC/=1A/+1B/+1C/-1ANB/-1ANC/-1BNC/+/ANBNC/.

I'm demoral:

$$|\bigcup_{i=1}^{m} A_{i}| = \sum_{i=1}^{m} |A_{i}| - \sum_{i=1}^{m} |A_{i} \cap A_{i}| + \sum_{i \leq j < k} |A_{i} \cap A_{i} \cap A_{k}| - \dots +$$

$$+ (-n)^{m-1} \bigcap_{i=1}^{m} |A_{i}|$$

Dem. 18 face phin inductie matematica

$$\bigcup_{i=1}^{m-1} (A_i \cap A_m)$$

4. Côte mr. de forma x2, x3 nou x5 de afla îm multimea } 1,2,..., 106 }? (x ∈ N)

Ref:

$$x^{2}: x^{2} \leq 10^{6} = 5 \times \leq 1000 - 4$$

$$\chi_{3}: \chi_{3} \leq 10^{6} = 1 \times 100 = -5$$

$$X_2$$
: $X_2 \ge 10_e = > X = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 10_e \end{bmatrix} = 12 - C$
 X_3 : $X_3 \le 10_e = > X = 1000 - 9$
 X_4 : $X_4 \le 10_e = > X = 1000 - 4$

3648: X0 810e => X810 Anc: $\chi^{10} \leq 10^6 \iff \chi^5 \leq 10^3 \implies \chi \leq 3$.

BUC: X12 2 10e (=> X2 2 10g => x25 YUBUC: X30 € 100 (=) X €1

| AUBUC| P.i.E. | A| + |B| + |C| - |ANB| - |ANC| - |Bnc| + + | ANBAC | = 1000 + 100+ 15 - 10 - 3 - 2 + 1 = 1101.

T: Fie A = } 1,2,..., 10003.

a. Câte mx. divigible cu 3 sunt în A?

b. Câte nou din À sunt divigible ou 2 sau 7? Dot ou 5 R & S

C. Cake mr. dim A mu sumt dirigibile on 15?

Him: $\left[\frac{m}{3}\right] \left(=\left[\frac{m}{3}\right]\right)$