## UNIVERSITATEA DIN BUCUREȘTI FACULTATEA DE MATEMATICĂ ȘI INFORMATICĂ

## Seminan.7

Of Sa is intudicte comengenta impla in uniforma a nimble of  $\frac{1}{x+m}$ .

Of the property of the state of th

## Solutie:

Sa remorciam ca vivul de funchi Annen. - canvage nimplu catre.

Decarece  $|f_m(r) - f(r)| = \frac{r}{r+m} \le \frac{1}{m}$  (through in re[0,1], doducem ca

0 < Dup / twan-tan/ < th (Almen). Juin retirent after co

juin sup / fului-tail =0, gea wing ge finish (fulues) coursels.

envigam capro function t: [0'1] -> 6. t(1)=0.

Description of mineral, unde to the R-IR este data de  $f_m(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 + m}$  (4)  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

Solutie: because lim  $f_m(x) = \lim_{m \to \infty} \frac{x}{x^2 + m} = 0$ , deduceu ca mul de

functi Amment counsils wimber course function t = 0.

because  $|f_{m}(x)-f(x)|=|\frac{x!}{x^2+m!}|\leq \frac{1}{2\sqrt{m}}$  (4)  $n\in\mathbb{R}$ . (4)  $n\in\mathbb{N}$ , obtinem ca

web. | fw(x)-t(x) = 5/w (HWEM => fw - m)+.

-1-

3) Sa re dudiere convergenda nimpla ni uniforma pentru nimel de. Junchi (finiment, unde fin: [-1,1] —IR ente dada de fin(x) = \frac{1}{1+n^2x^2}

(Hin Ent. ni orice ref-1,1].

Solutie.

dar. fm => f=0. [f:[-1,1] -> R

Decorace | fulcon-text = 1+4525 = 500 (A) MEM. (A) MEF 1/1].

deducem ca o = sup | tmm - tm | = \frac{5}{4} (AMENT IN (ALMEDIT).

in come  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{2n} = 0$ , objecting to  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{n!} \frac{1}{n!$ 

nimel· de funchi (f<sub>min</sub> converge enrighem cotre function f:[-1,1]—112 constant egato au o

m relo, i).

Solutie

Jan Jm -> += 0: +: (0,1) -> R

The  $A \subseteq R$  or  $G_{m,m \in N}$ , unde  $G_{m}: A \longrightarrow R$ , un our de funchi corre converge uniform. Cathe  $f: A \longrightarrow R$ . So re orate co virul de funchi  $G_{m,m \in N}$ , unde  $G_{m} = \frac{f_{m,m}}{1+f_{m,m}}$ ,  $(A) m \in N$ , converge uniform.

 $|\partial^{m}(x) - \partial(x)| = \left| \frac{1 + f_{\infty}^{m}(x)}{f^{m}(x)} - \frac{1 + f_{\infty}(x)}{f(x)} \right| = \left| \frac{(1 + f_{\infty}(x))(1 + f_{\infty}(x))}{(1 + f_{\infty}(x))(1 + f_{\infty}(x))} \right|$ 

 $=\frac{(1+\int_{S}^{W}(x))(1+\int_{S}(x))}{|f^{w}(x)-f(x)|^{1-\int_{S}^{W}(x)-f(x)}} \leq |f^{w}(x)-f(x)| \frac{(1+\int_{S}^{W}(x))(1+\int_{S}(x))}{1+|f^{w}(x)|+|f(x)|} =$ 

 $\leq |\int_{M} (x) - f(x)| (1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{\pi}{2} |\int_{M} (x) - f(x)|. (4) \pi \in M. (4) \pi \in A.$ 

Prin www. arem

0< real | 300 - 300) < \frac{2}{5} \text{ up | 400 - 400 | (4) mend (1)

cum rind (m — ) +, aren cā lim rup (fm(n) - (m) = 0; deci a vand în redere (1), binem cā:

Jam xex 18m(1)-8(11)=0. Yought 3m m > + ts

6 Sa re determine funchile continue f: R - R peut u cone exista. un vir de Junchi polémonniale (Portment, Por R - 12 ar Por - 12. Solutie:

Fie + o outfel de functie Atmai 31 no EN aci (4m>no na orem. I fulco - teco/< I (A)LER Ama

(Pm(a) - Pm(a) ≤ |Pm(a) - f(a) | + |Pmo(a) - f(a) | < 2 (AmEN or NER.

Deci de aici deducem ca ?m-?mo este un polinam marginit, dea constant (A)UNSUO, WENX.

Prim where . (7) cm. ER. ar. Pm-Pno=Cm. (HMEN/, M>no.

Decarage  $|C_m - C_m| = |P_m(o) - P_m(o)| \leq |P_m(o) - f(o)| + |P_m(o) - f(o)|$ (A) m/w EN; m/w>wo. You for (0) = f(0) Year for (0) = f(0), degreen. cā mul (Comm ente min Cauchy, dea convergent

Fie lim Cm = C.

Aven / f(x)-9no(x)-c/ = |f(x)-Pno-cm/+/cn-c/=

= [f(x).-Pm(x)] + | cm-c]. (A) well, (A) LEB. W>UO.

cum lim (+(1)-Pm(x)) = lim ((m-c)=0; deduceu ca f=Pmo+c r.e. Lost Junche palinomiala

· Tesseria de homoget a confinuitatio prim convergeda uniforma

(4)  $\Delta \in \{-1, \infty\}$  in (Almer).

(A)  $\Delta \in \{-1, \infty\}$  in (Almer):

 $f(u) = \begin{cases} \frac{d+1}{d}, & d \in [0, \infty) \end{cases}$   $\frac{1}{d} = \begin{cases} \frac{d+1}{d}, & d \in [0, \infty) \end{cases}$   $\frac{1}{d} = \begin{cases} \frac{d+1}{d}, & d \in [0, \infty) \end{cases}$ 

Decarece functife In nont continue, mont must must must must be acción proprietate

Espatie: gav. tw \_ = 1 = 0. (-lmotie coupuma)

(4 m/w. tw. [0'1] -> 1 = 0. (-lmotie coupuma)

(A) x∈[0'1] (Anvel)

(B) 2ª vs upogiese coursedenja vimba v remijama o vimpin ge fructi

JEOONEE OND / fu(1)-f(1) > / fu(1-fu) - f(1-fu)/ (A/W-21)

Com  $\lim_{m} \left| f_m(1-\frac{1}{m}) - f(1-\frac{1}{m}) \right| = e^{-2}(1-e^{-1}) > 0$ , deducen ca equitatea  $\lim_{m} \sup_{\kappa \in [0]} \left| f_m(\kappa) - f(\kappa) \right| = 0$  esta faisa n' ca atara.

vimbre capie à femche confirma va un contrale u minfam.

The DER in twition By well as the most in.

Africa feste confirma

Solutie:

The Exo. in aED., fixate. Availed in valenci) => 21. MEEN a?

11-fm(a)-fa)11< \frac{2}{5}. (+1 mEN; N) no ni(+) xED.

Din it 3 Se, a > 0 at 11 fne(1) - fne(a) 1/2 \frac{\xi}{3}. (4) x \in D \omega \cdot 1/4-a/ < Se a

Prin issued arem

 $||f(x)-f(a)|| \leq ||f(x)-f^{\text{ME}}(x)|| + ||f^{\text{ME}}(x)-f^{\text{ME}}(a)|| + ||f^{\text{ME}}(a)-f(a)|| \cdot \langle \mathcal{E}^{\varepsilon}(a)|| + ||f^{\text{ME}}(a)|| \cdot \langle \mathcal{E}^{\varepsilon}(a)|| + ||f$ 

Deciferte continua in a

## TEOREMA LUI DINI

(a) Sā or abudiche convergenza amplan uniforma a mului de funchii  $(4m_{m=1}^{2})$ , unde  $4m:[1,2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  este datā de  $4m(x) = \frac{(2m_{m}x)^{m}}{1+(2m_{m}x)^{m}}$ 

Solutie

no unitam.

In Fig.  $a \in [0, \mathbb{I}]$ . So re robudite convergente nimple oi uniforme a rimbri de funchi (fininchi, unde fini [a,  $\mathbb{I}]$  — R. este dota de  $f_m(x) = coo^{2n}$ , pendim ouce  $x \in [a, \mathbb{I}]$  in (finite)

Solutie:

Cotro. ca wing goodoxogo de fanchi compine ( $4m^{\text{med}}$  courside wimble cotro. ca wing goodoxogo de fanchi compine ( $4m^{\text{med}}$  courside wimble cotro. ca wing goodoxogo de fanchi compine ( $4m^{\text{med}}$  courside wimble

este multime compoda, utilitànd kolema leu Dini, tragem comcluria cà cinul de functi chiment comverge unitorim en carul en car a con a to Daca a =0; decares functile fin neural comfinue, ensa finu are aceasta proprietate, tacand apel la Tessema de transport a continuitati prim convergementa unitama, arem a cinul de functi cfinim un converge servitar e multimea compada [0, I].

Concluire: Asadari. în cadrul Teremei leu Dini, condita de combinuitate impusă functioi limita este esențială

Complex course function continue  $f:(0, \infty) \to \mathbb{R}$ ;  $f(n|x| = \sqrt{2} \frac{1}{(n+1)})$ ;  $f(n|x| = \sqrt{2}$ 

 $\frac{x \in (o'p)}{cnu} \cdot \frac{x \in (o'p)}{cnu} \cdot \frac{x \in (o'p)}{cnu} \cdot \frac{w+1}{x_5} > \frac{w+1}{u_5} \cdot \frac{m+1}{m} \cdot \frac{m}{m} \cdot \frac{m+1}{m} \cdot \frac{m}{m} \cdot \frac{m+1}{m} \cdot \frac{m+1}{m} \cdot \frac{m}{m} \cdot \frac{m+1}{m} \cdot \frac{m}{m} \cdot \frac{m+1}{m} \cdot \frac{m+1}{m$ 

 $\lim_{M \to \infty} \frac{w_{+1}}{w_{5}} = \infty \quad \text{arm ca} \quad \lim_{M \to \infty} \frac{\kappa(a|b)}{|a|} |a|(\kappa) - f(\kappa)| \neq 0$ 

Pair momon. In my

Conclusie. Avadar conditia de compacitate impusa donneniului Lunchila conviduate este essurata

de mondonte impusa mului de funchi considuat este essufiala.