



1. Выполнить проектирование хранимой процедуры (ХП), обеспечивающих начисление заработной платы (ЗП) каждому работнику в указанный месяц заданного года.

Формулы начисления ЗП

$$ЗП_{\text{смена}} = \frac{\text{оклад} * k_{\text{status}} * k_{\text{place}}}{\text{количество смен в месяц}}$$

для начальников и тех рабочих, которые отсутствовали на рабочем месте по уважительной причине.

Для рабочих, которые трудились за станком

$$ЗП_{\text{смена}} = \frac{\text{стоимость одного изделия(объем — брак)}}{8}$$

Логика работы ХП должна предусматривать:

- организацию корректного выхода из процедуры, предусматривающую освобождение памяти от временной таблицы;

— после обработки всех рабочих смен выполнение в процедуре операции переноса данных в таблицу *t_salary*.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE sp_calculate_salary (  
    p_month INT, -- Месяц (1-12)  
    p_year INT   -- Год (например, 2025)  
)  
LANGUAGE plpgsql  
AS $$  
DECLARE  
    v_shift_count INT; -- Количество рабочих дней в месяце  
BEGIN  
    -- 1. Подсчет рабочих дней в месяце  
    SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_shift_count  
    FROM t_date_work  
    WHERE date_part('month', date_x) = p_month  
        AND date_part('year', date_x) = p_year;  
  
    -- 2. Создание временной таблицы для расчетов по всем цехам  
    DROP TABLE IF EXISTS t_temp_salary_detail;  
    CREATE TEMP TABLE t_temp_salary_detail AS  
    SELECT  
        p.id AS id_people,  
        p.fam,  
        p.passport,  
        po.post,  
        po.post_salary,  
        pl.k_place,  
        st.id AS status_id,  
        st.k_status,  
        w.value_x,  
        w.defect_x,  
        w.price_x,  
        d.date_x  
    FROM t_people p  
    JOIN t_ppp pp ON p.id = pp.id_people  
    JOIN t_post po ON pp.id_post = po.id  
    JOIN t_place pl ON pp.id_place = pl.id  
    JOIN t_work w ON p.id = w.id_people  
    JOIN t_status st ON w.id_status = st.id  
    JOIN t_date_work d ON w.id_date = d.id  
    WHERE  
        pp.date_decree = (  

```

```

SELECT MAX(px.date_decree)
FROM t_ppp px
WHERE px.id_people = p.id AND px.date_decree <= d.date_x
)
AND date_part('month', d.date_x) = p_month
AND date_part('year', d.date_x) = p_year;

```

-- 3. Агрегация данных по сотрудникам

```

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS t_temp_salary;
CREATE TEMP TABLE t_temp_salary AS
SELECT
    id_people,
    fam,
    passport,
    -- Берем последний оклад
    (SELECT post_salary FROM t_temp_salary_detail d
     WHERE d.id_people = t.id_people
     ORDER BY date_x DESC LIMIT 1) AS post_salary,
    -- Берем последний коэффициент цеха
    (SELECT k_place FROM t_temp_salary_detail d
     WHERE d.id_people = t.id_people
     ORDER BY date_x DESC LIMIT 1) AS k_place,
    -- Суммируем дни по всем цехам
    SUM(CASE WHEN status_id = 2 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS
day_bus_trip,
    SUM(CASE WHEN status_id = 3 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS
day_disease,
    SUM(CASE WHEN status_id = 4 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS
day_vacation,
    COUNT(status_id) AS day_all,
    -- Расчет зарплаты по компонентам
    ROUND(SUM(
        CASE
            WHEN status_id = 2 THEN (post_salary * k_status *
k_place) / v_shift_count
            ELSE 0
        END
    ), 2) AS salary_bt,
    ROUND(SUM(
        CASE
            WHEN status_id = 3 THEN (post_salary * k_status *
k_place) / v_shift_count
            ELSE 0
        END
    ), 2) AS salary_d,

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```

ROUND(SUM(
    CASE
        WHEN status_id = 4 THEN (post_salary * k_status *
k_place) / v_shift_count
        ELSE 0
    END
), 2) AS salary_v,
-- Общая зарплата
ROUND(SUM(
    CASE
        WHEN post = 'рабочий' AND status_id > 1 THEN
            (post_salary * k_status * k_place) / v_shift_count
        WHEN post = 'рабочий' AND status_id = 1 THEN
            (value_x - defect_x) * price_x
        WHEN post IN ('начальник', 'заместитель', 'бригадир')
THEN
            (post_salary * k_status * k_place) / v_shift_count
        ELSE 0
    END
), 2) AS salary_all
FROM t_temp_salary_detail t
GROUP BY id_people, fam, passport;

```

```

-- 4. Сохранение результатов в основную таблицу
IF NOT EXISTS (SELECT * FROM information_schema.tables
WHERE table_name = 't_salary') THEN
    CREATE TABLE t_salary (
        fam character varying(20),
        passport character varying(10),
        month_x double precision,
        year_x double precision,
        day_bus_trip bigint,
        day_disease bigint,
        day_vacation bigint,
        day_all bigint,
        salary_bt numeric,
        salary_d numeric,
        salary_v numeric,
        salary_all numeric
    );
END IF;-- Удаляем старые данные за этот месяц
DELETE FROM t_salary
WHERE month_x = p_month AND year_x = p_year;

```

```

-- Вставляем новые данные

```

```

INSERT INTO t_salary (
    fam, passport, month_x, year_x,
    day_bus_trip, day_disease, day_vacation, day_all,
    salary_bt, salary_d, salary_v, salary_all
)
SELECT
    fam, passport, p_month::double precision, p_year::double
precision,
    day_bus_trip, day_disease, day_vacation, day_all,
    salary_bt, salary_d, salary_v, salary_all
FROM t_temp_salary;

RAISE NOTICE 'Зарплата за %-% успешно рассчитана',
p_month, p_year;
END;
$$;

```

--Рассчитываем ЗП с января по май 2025 года.

```

CALL sp_calculate_salary(1, 2025);
CALL sp_calculate_salary(2, 2025);
CALL sp_calculate_salary(3, 2025);
CALL sp_calculate_salary(4, 2025);
CALL sp_calculate_salary(5, 2025);

```

--Выводим данные. Группируем по месяцу.

```

SELECT *
FROM public.t_salary
order by month_x;

```

[illegible]

2. Выполнить проектирование ХП, обеспечивающей вывод результатов работников, которые отсутствовали на рабочем месте в виде:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE sp_employee_absences_report(
    m_x INT,
    y_x INT
)
LANGUAGE 'plpgsql'
AS $BODY$
DECLARE
    cnt_shift INT := 1;
BEGIN
    -- Расчет количества рабочих дней в месяце
    SELECT COUNT(date_x)
    INTO cnt_shift
    FROM t_date_work
    WHERE date_part('month', date_x) = m_x AND
           date_part('year', date_x) = y_x;

    DROP TABLE IF EXISTS t_temp;

    -- Создание временной таблицы с данными о работе
    CREATE TEMP TABLE t_temp ON COMMIT DROP AS
    SELECT
        d.date_x,
        w.id_people,
        w.id_status,
        px.id_post,
```

```

px.id_place,
w.value_x,
w.defect_x,
w.price_x,
ROUND(po.post_salary * pl.k_place * st.k_status / cnt_shift, 2) AS
day_salary,
date_part('month', d.date_x) AS month_x,
date_part('year', d.date_x) AS year_x,
pl.place AS workshop
FROM
t_date_work AS d
JOIN t_work AS w ON d.id = w.id_date
JOIN t_status AS st ON st.id = w.id_status
JOIN t_ppp AS px ON w.id_people = px.id_people
JOIN t_post AS po ON px.id_post = po.id
JOIN t_place AS pl ON px.id_place = pl.id
WHERE
px.date_decree = (
    SELECT MAX(q.date_decree)
    FROM t_ppp AS q
    WHERE px.id_people = q.id_people AND q.date_decree <= d.date_x
) AND
date_part('month', d.date_x) = m_x AND
date_part('year', d.date_x) = y_x;

```

-- Создание или обновление таблицы отчетности

```

IF NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT *
    FROM information_schema.tables
    WHERE table_name = 't_employee_absences'

```



```

AND table_schema = 'public'
) THEN
-- Создание таблицы отчетности, если она не существует
CREATE TABLE t_employee_absences AS
SELECT
    t.workshop,
    t.month_x,
    t.year_x AS year_x,
    COUNT(CASE WHEN t.id_status = 2 THEN 1 END) AS
days_business_trip,
    COUNT(CASE WHEN t.id_status = 3 THEN 1 END) AS days_sick_leave,
    COUNT(CASE WHEN t.id_status = 4 THEN 1 END) AS days_vacation,
    COUNT(CASE WHEN t.id_status > 1 THEN 1 END) AS
total_days_absence,
    COALESCE(SUM(CASE WHEN t.id_status = 2 THEN t.day_salary
END), 0) AS salary_business_trip,
    COALESCE(SUM(CASE WHEN t.id_status = 3 THEN t.day_salary
END), 0) AS salary_sick_leave,
    COALESCE(SUM(CASE WHEN t.id_status = 4 THEN t.day_salary
END), 0) AS salary_vacation,
    COALESCE(SUM(CASE WHEN t.id_status > 1 THEN t.day_salary
END), 0) AS total_salary_absences
FROM
    t_temp t
GROUP BY
    t.workshop, t.month_x, t.year_x;
ELSE
-- Проверка, существуют ли уже данные за указанный период
IF NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT *
    FROM t_employee_absences
    WHERE month_x = m_x AND year_x = y_x

```

) THEN

-- Вставка новых данных

INSERT INTO t_employee_absences (

workshop,

month_x,

year_x,

days_business_trip,

days_sick_leave,

days_vacation,

total_days_absence,

salary_business_trip,

salary_sick_leave,

salary_vacation,

total_salary_absences

)

SELECT

t.workshop,

t.month_x,

t.year_x,

COUNT(CASE WHEN t.id_status = 2 THEN 1 END) AS
days_business_trip,

COUNT(CASE WHEN t.id_status = 3 THEN 1 END) AS
days_sick_leave,

COUNT(CASE WHEN t.id_status = 4 THEN 1 END) AS
days_vacation,

COUNT(CASE WHEN t.id_status > 1 THEN 1 END) AS
total_days_absence,

COALESCE(SUM(CASE WHEN t.id_status = 2 THEN t.day_salary
END), 0) AS salary_business_trip, COALESCE(SUM(CASE WHEN t.id_status =
3 THEN t.day_salary END), 0) AS salary_sick_leave,

COALESCE(SUM(CASE WHEN t.id_status = 4 THEN t.day_salary
END), 0) AS salary_vacation,

```

        COALESCE(SUM(CASE WHEN t.id_status > 1 THEN t.day_salary
END), 0) AS total_salary_absences
FROM
    t_temp t
GROUP BY
    t.workshop, t.month_x, t.year_x;
ELSE
    RAISE NOTICE 'Данные за указанный период уже существуют!';
END IF;
END IF;

-- Вывод результатов
RAISE NOTICE 'Отчет по отсутствиям сотрудников за %/%:', m_x, y_x;
END;
$BODY$;

--Расчет и добавление данных
CALL sp_employee_absences_report(1, 2025);
CALL sp_employee_absences_report(2, 2025);
CALL sp_employee_absences_report(3, 2025);
CALL sp_employee_absences_report(4, 2025);
CALL sp_employee_absences_report(5, 2025);

--Просмотр данных
SELECT *
    FROM public.t_employee_absences;

```

| | workshop character varying (20) | month_x double precision | year_x double precision | days_business_trip bigint | days_sick_leave bigint | days_vacation bigint | total_days_absence bigint | salary_business_trip numeric | salary_sick_leave numeric | salary_vacation numeric | total_salary_absences numeric |
|----|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | цех №71 | 1 | 2025 | 7 | 9 | 0 | 16 | 12884.90 | 5259.24 | 0 | 18144.14 |
| 2 | цех №72 | 1 | 2025 | 7 | 9 | 0 | 16 | 14112.03 | 5760.18 | 0 | 19872.21 |
| 3 | цех №72 | 2 | 2025 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 14 | 13717.29 | 5888.16 | 0 | 19605.45 |
| 4 | цех №71 | 2 | 2025 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 14 | 12524.46 | 5376.16 | 0 | 17900.62 |
| 5 | цех №72 | 3 | 2025 | 7 | 8 | 0 | 15 | 15026.79 | 5607.76 | 0 | 20634.55 |
| 6 | цех №71 | 3 | 2025 | 7 | 8 | 0 | 15 | 13720.11 | 5120.16 | 0 | 18840.27 |
| 7 | цех №71 | 4 | 2025 | 7 | 8 | 0 | 15 | 13470.57 | 4887.44 | 0 | 18358.01 |
| 8 | цех №72 | 4 | 2025 | 7 | 8 | 0 | 15 | 14753.53 | 5352.88 | 0 | 20106.41 |
| 9 | цех №71 | 5 | 2025 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 17 | 14807.05 | 5498.37 | 0 | 20305.42 |
| 10 | цех №72 | 5 | 2025 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 17 | 16217.30 | 6021.99 | 0 | 22239.29 |

Total rows: 10 Query complete 00:00:00.091 CRLF Ln 2, Col 34