



Universitatea POLITEHNICA din București  
Facultatea de Inginerie Industrială și Robotică

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# ROBOTICĂ 1 – TEME DE CASĂ

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# Imprimanta 3D

Am asamblată și programat imprimanta pe care mi-am cumparat-o special pentru a realiza componentele necesare pentru construirea roboților.



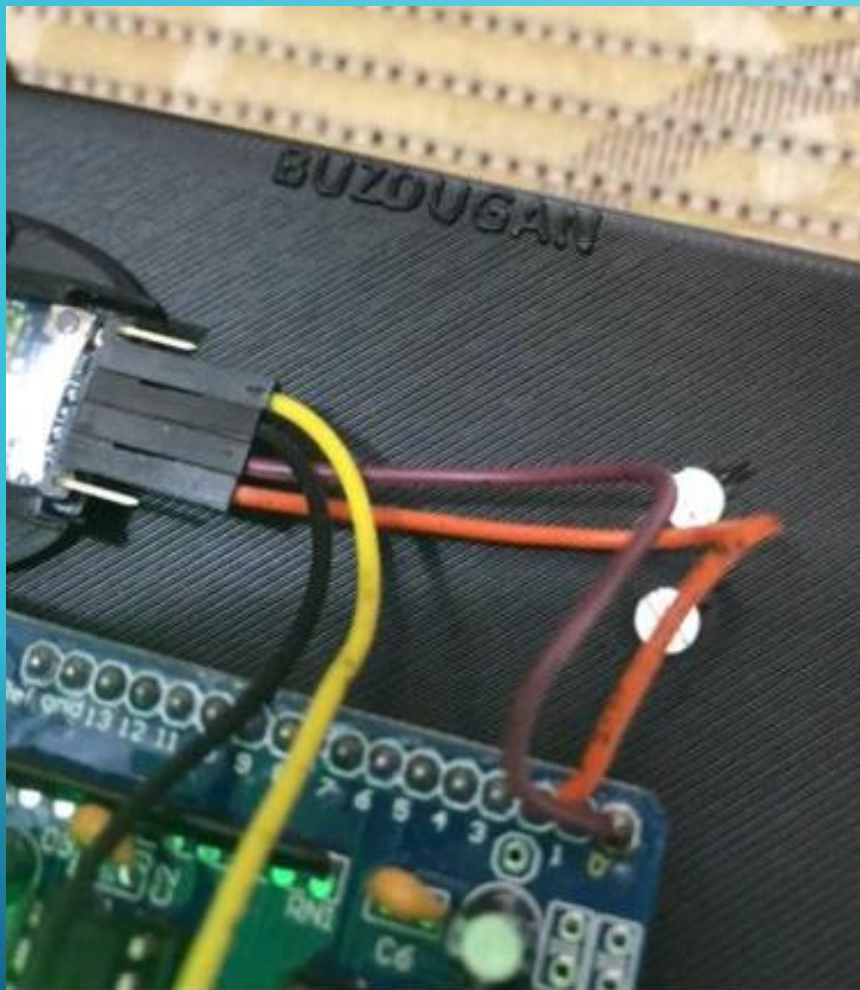








La aceste teme de casa pe care le-am realizat, am învățat să folosesc programul de modelare 3D SOLIDWORKS, cu ajutorul căruia am realizat de la zero unele piese și am adăugat pe fiecare robot numele meu “BUZDUGAN” .



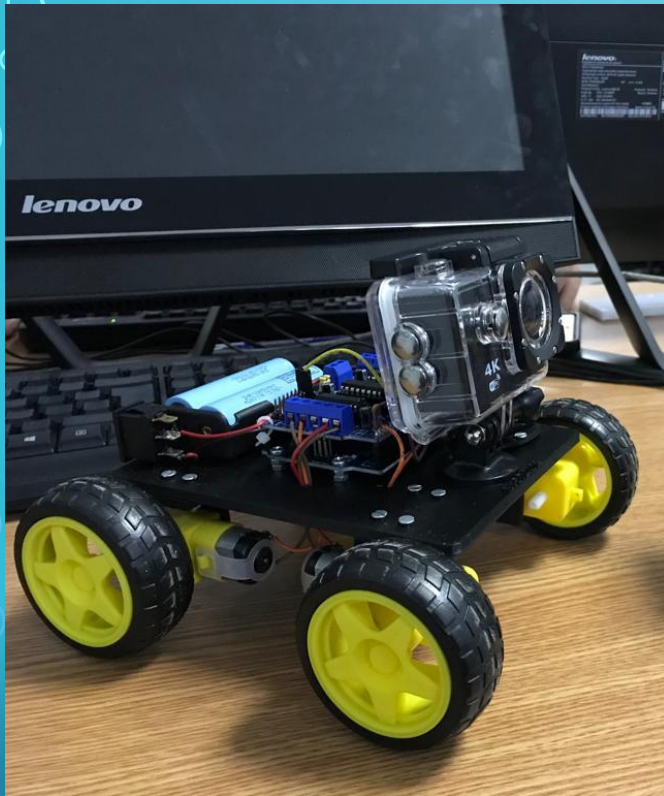


Iar pe lângă cele de mai sus, a trebuit să învăț să lipesc cu pistolul de lipit niște fire, ba chiar am reușit să lipesc niște pini pe o plăcuță de expansiune.



# CODUL: Pentru controlul mașinuței prin bluetooth cu ajutorul unei aplicații Android.

## Robot Car



```
#include <AFMotor.h>
```

```
AF_DCMotor motor1(1, MOTOR12_1KHZ);  
AF_DCMotor motor2(2, MOTOR12_1KHZ);  
AF_DCMotor motor3(3, MOTOR34_1KHZ);  
AF_DCMotor motor4(4, MOTOR34_1KHZ);
```

```
char command;
```

```
void setup()  
{  
  Serial.begin(9600);  
}
```

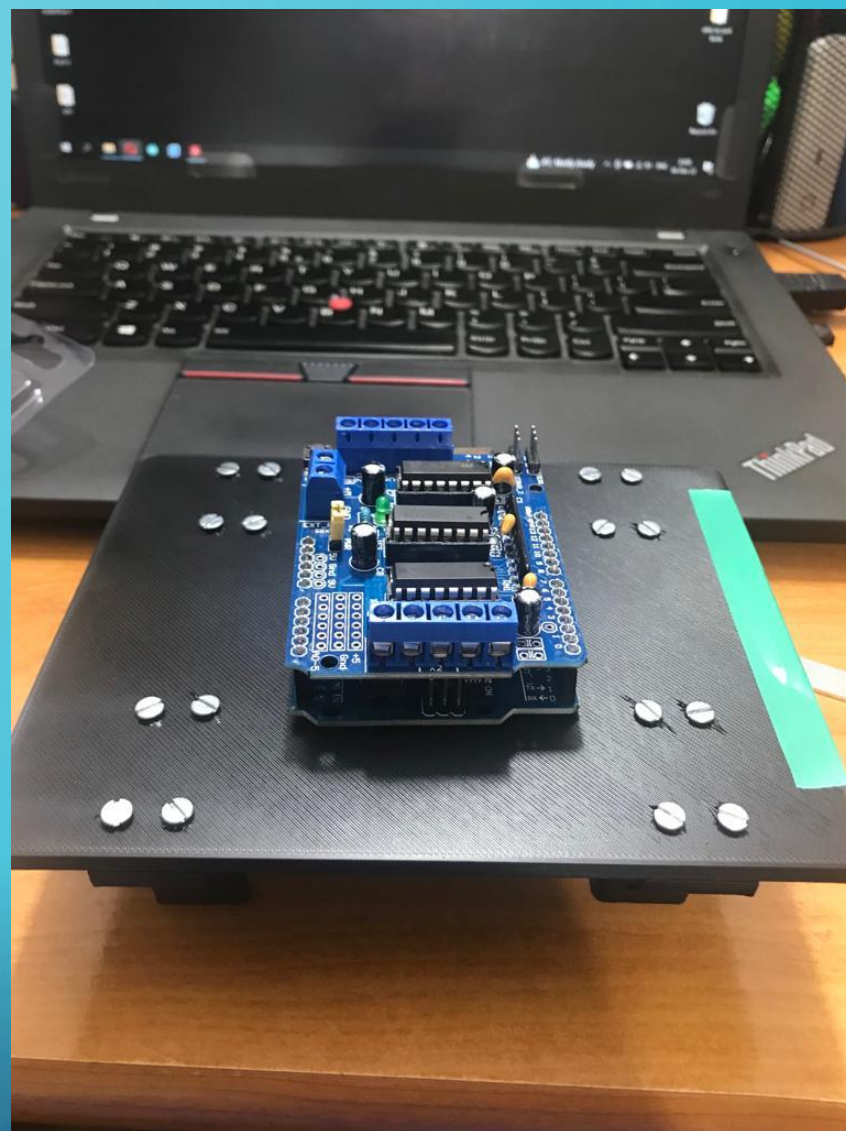
```
void loop(){  
  if(Serial.available() > 0){  
    command = Serial.read();
```

```
  
    motor1.setSpeed(0);  
    motor1.run(RELEASE);  
    motor2.setSpeed(0);  
    motor2.run(RELEASE);  
    motor3.setSpeed(0);  
    motor3.run(RELEASE);  
    motor4.setSpeed(0);  
    motor4.run(RELEASE);
```

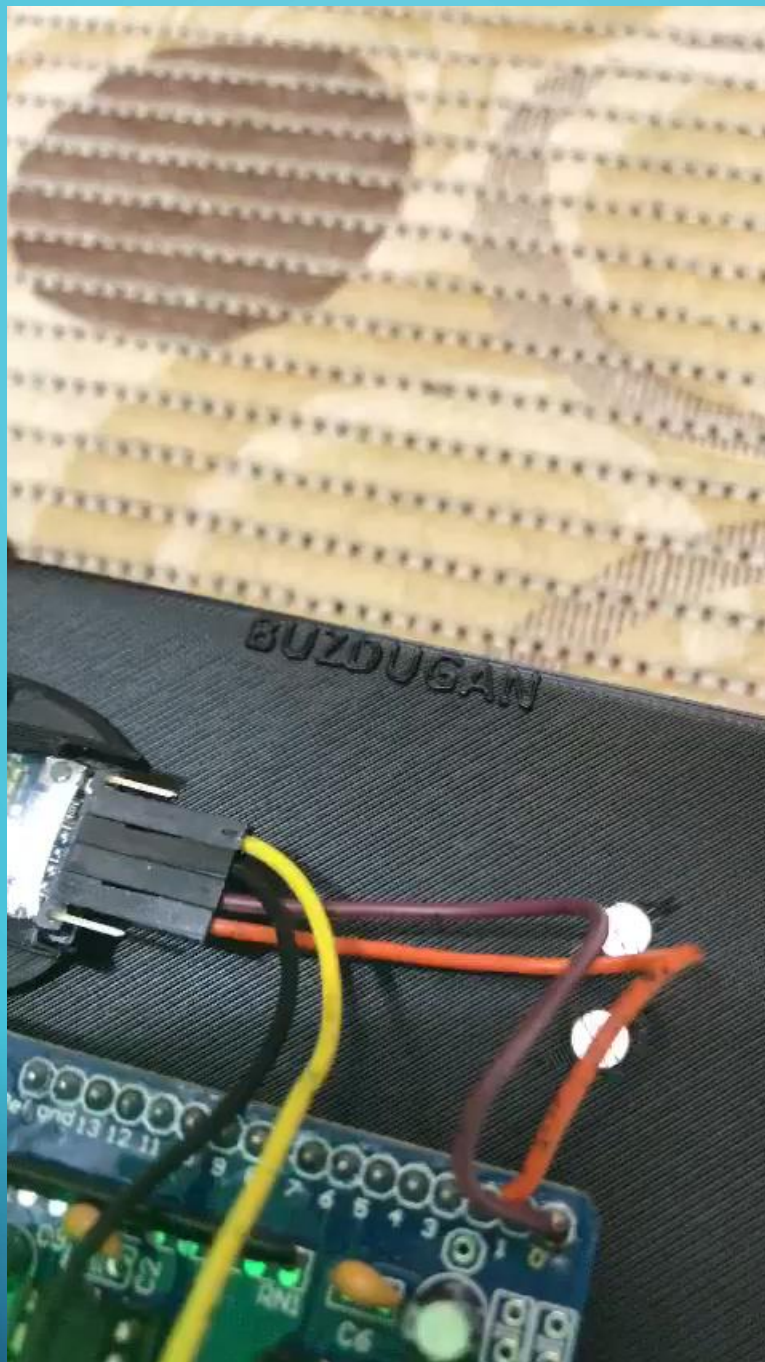
```
    switch(command){  
    case 'F':  
      motor1.setSpeed(255);  
      motor1.run(FORWARD);  
      motor2.setSpeed(255);  
      motor2.run(FORWARD);  
      motor3.setSpeed(255);  
      motor3.run(FORWARD);  
      motor4.setSpeed(255);  
      motor4.run(FORWARD);  
      break;
```

```
    case 'B':// Back  
      motor1.setSpeed(255);  
      motor1.run(BACKWARD);  
      motor2.setSpeed(255);  
      motor2.run(BACKWARD);  
      motor3.setSpeed(255);  
      motor3.run(BACKWARD);  
      motor4.setSpeed(255);  
      motor4.run(BACKWARD);  
      break;  
    case 'L':// Left  
      motor1.setSpeed(255);  
      motor1.run(BACKWARD);  
      motor2.setSpeed(255);  
      motor2.run(BACKWARD);  
      motor3.setSpeed(255);  
      motor3.run(FORWARD);  
      motor4.setSpeed(255);  
      motor4.run(FORWARD);  
      break;  
    case 'R':// Right  
      motor1.setSpeed(255);  
      motor1.run(FORWARD);  
      motor2.setSpeed(255);  
      motor2.run(FORWARD);  
      motor3.setSpeed(255);  
      motor3.run(BACKWARD);  
      motor4.setSpeed(255);  
      motor4.run(BACKWARD);  
      break;  
    }  
  }  
}
```



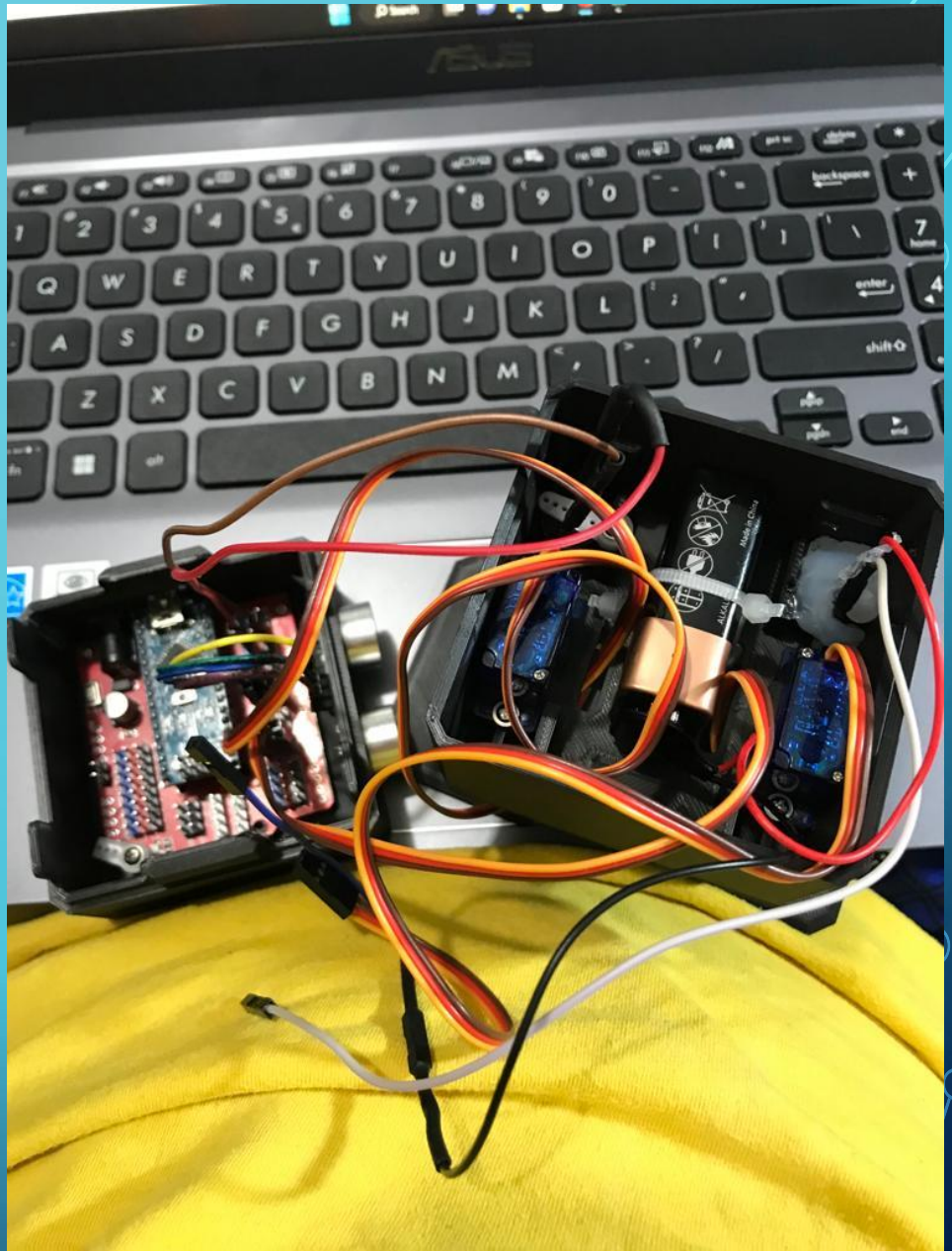
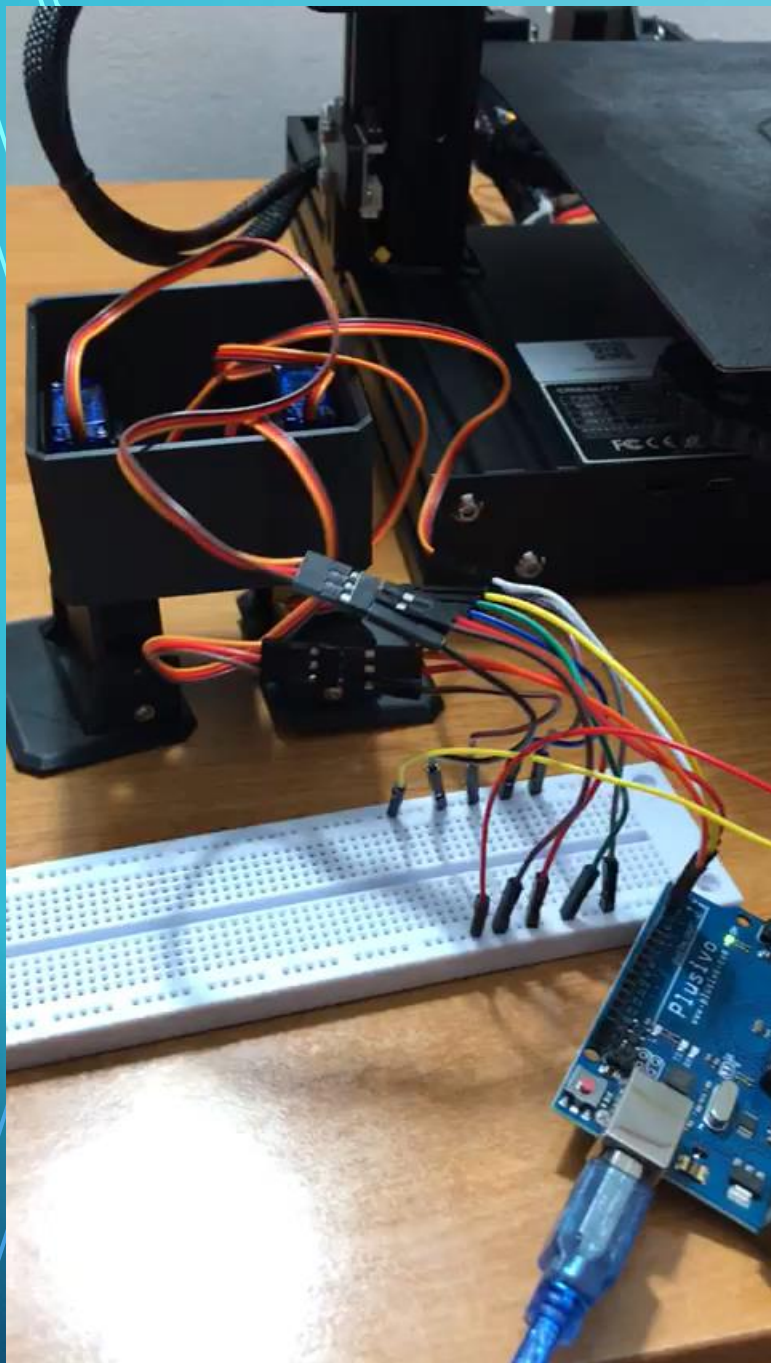


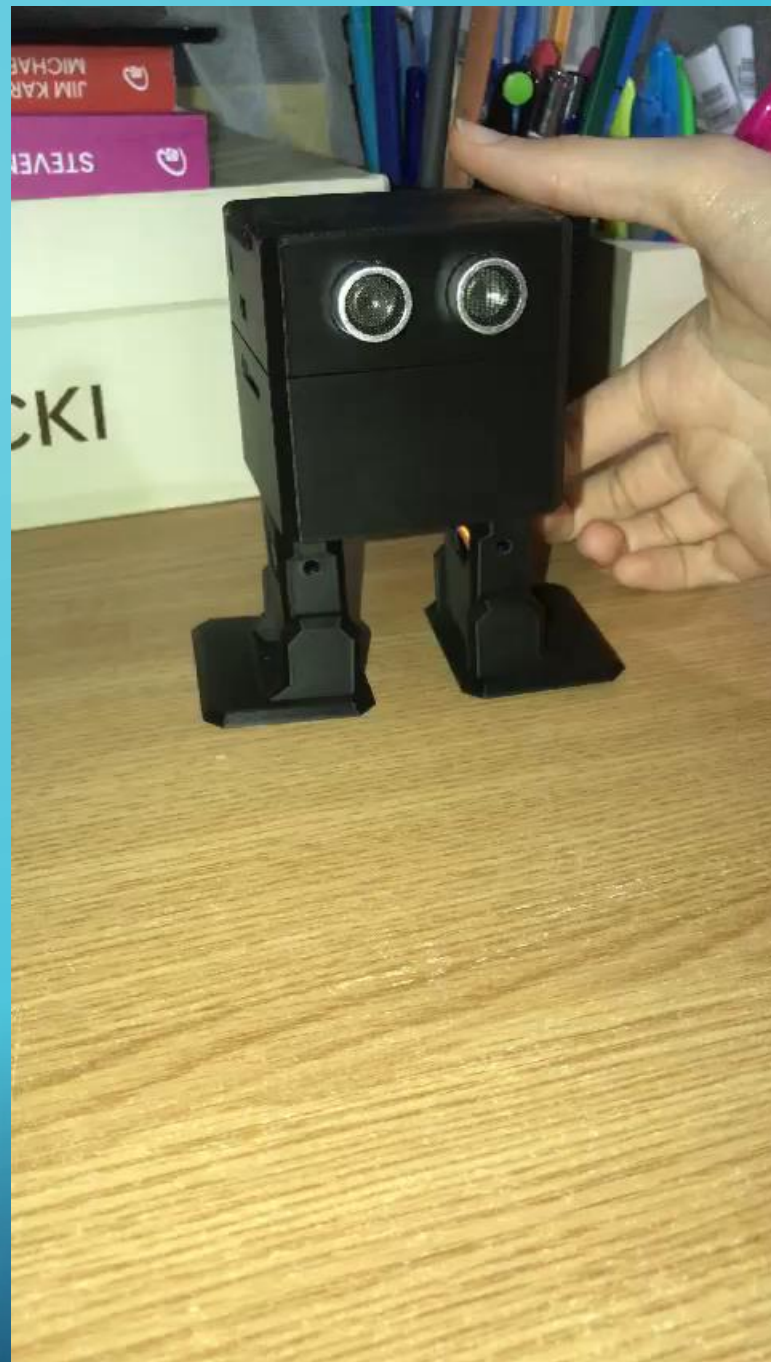














# CODUL: Pentru evitarea obstacolelor cu ajutorul senzorului ultrasonic.

```
#include "VarSpeedServo.h"
#include <NewPing.h>
#include <Servo.h>

VarSpeedServo RU;
VarSpeedServo RL;
VarSpeedServo LU;
VarSpeedServo LL;

NewPing sonar(4,3,200);

const int vel = 20, vel_Back = 10;
const int delay_Forward = 750, delay_Back = 1000;

const int array_cal[4] = {90,90,90,90};
int RU_Degree = 0, LU_Degree = array_cal[2] + 5;

const int num1 = 6;
const int array_forward[num1][4] =
{
  {0,-40,0,-20},
  {30,-40,30,-20},
  {30,0,30,0},
  {0,20,0,40},
  {-30,20,-30,40},
  {-30,0,-30,0},
};

const int num2 = 5;
const int array_turn[num2][4] =
{
  {-40,0,-20,0},
  {-40,30,-20,30},
  {0,30,0,30},
  {30,0,30,0},
  {0,0,0,0},
};

#define RUN

void Servo_Init()
{
  RU.attach(9);
  RL.attach(10);
  LU.attach(11);
  LL.attach(12);
}

void Adjust()
{
  for(RU_Degree = array_cal[0] - 5; RU_Degree <= array_cal[0]; RU_Degree += 1) {
    RU.write(RU_Degree);
    LU.write(LU_Degree--);
    delay(15);
  }
}

bool TooClose()
{
  int tooclose = 0;
  for(int a=0; a<5; a++) {
    delay(50);
    int din = sonar.ping_in();
    if (din < 7 && din > 0) tooclose++;
  }
  if (tooclose < 5) return 1;
  return 0;
}
```

```
void Forward()
{
  for(int x=0; x<num1; x++) {
    RU.slowmove (array_cal[0] + array_forward[x][0] , vel);
    RL.slowmove (array_cal[1] + array_forward[x][1] , vel);
    LU.slowmove (array_cal[2] + array_forward[x][2] , vel);
    LL.slowmove (array_cal[3] + array_forward[x][3] , vel);
    delay(delay_Forward);
  }
}

void Backward()
{
  for(int z=0; z<4; z++) {
    for(int y=0; y<num2; y++) {
      RU.slowmove (array_cal[0] + array_turn[y][0] , vel_Back);
      RL.slowmove (array_cal[1] + array_turn[y][1] , vel_Back);
      LU.slowmove (array_cal[2] + array_turn[y][2] , vel_Back);
      LL.slowmove (array_cal[3] + array_turn[y][3] , vel_Back);
      delay(delay_Back);
    }
  }
}

void setup()
{
#ifdef INSTALL
  Servo_Init();

  RU.slowmove (90 , vel);
  RL.slowmove (90 , vel);
  LU.slowmove (90 , vel);
  LL.slowmove (90 , vel);
  while(1);
#endif

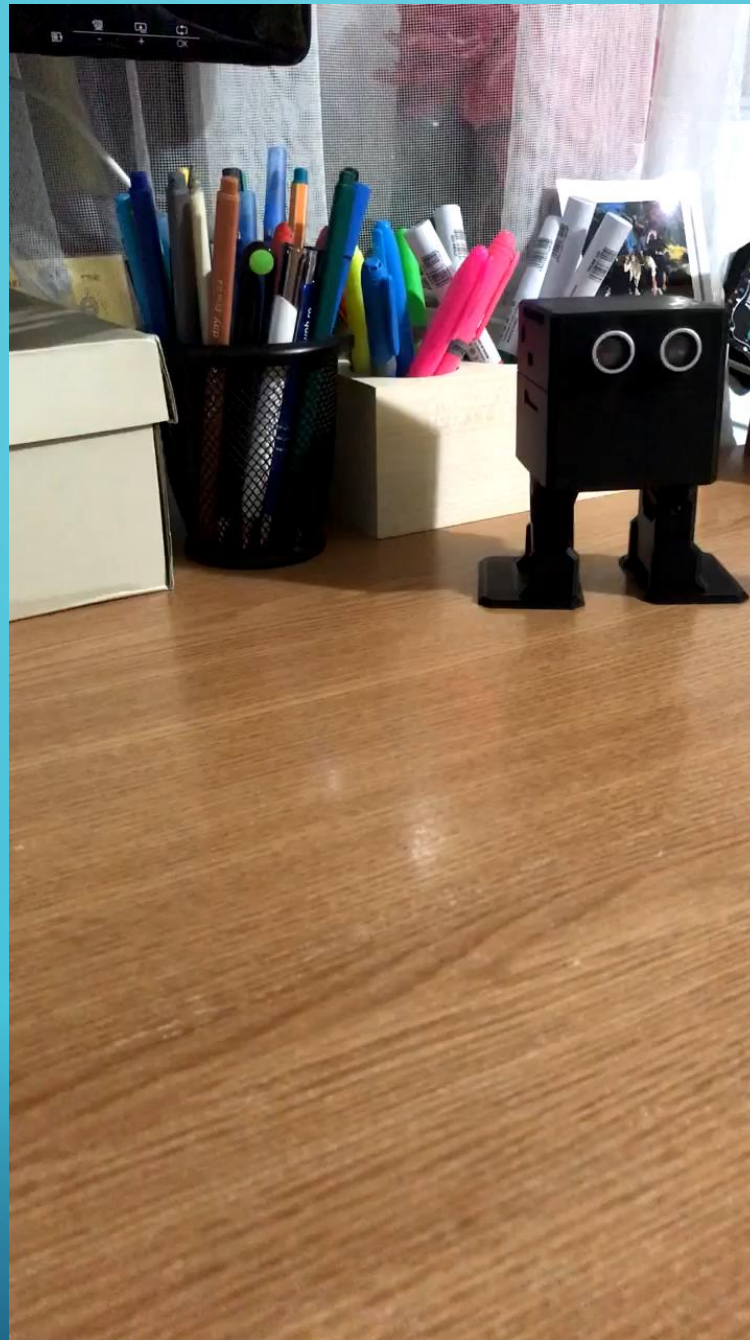
#ifdef CALIBRATION
  Servo_Init();
  Adjust();

  RL.slowmove (array_cal[1] , vel);
  LL.slowmove (array_cal[3] , vel);
  delay(2000);
  while(1);
#endif

#ifdef RUN
  Servo_Init();
  Adjust();

  RL.slowmove (array_cal[1] , vel);
  LL.slowmove (array_cal[3] , vel);
  delay(2000);
#endif
}

void loop()
{
  while(TooClose()) Forward();
  Backward();
}
```







# CHRISTMAS TREE

**CODUL:** Pentru dansul de lumini s-a realizat un cod cu ajutorul internetului de 2605 linii de cod, din acest motiv nu o să pot afișa codul în această prezentare!

Mai jos se află o fotografie activă, dacă dați dublu click pe ea, se v-a deschide codul sursă (există posibilitatea să dea eroare la deschiderea lui pe un alt dispozitiv)!



Christmas\_Lights\_LED.ino

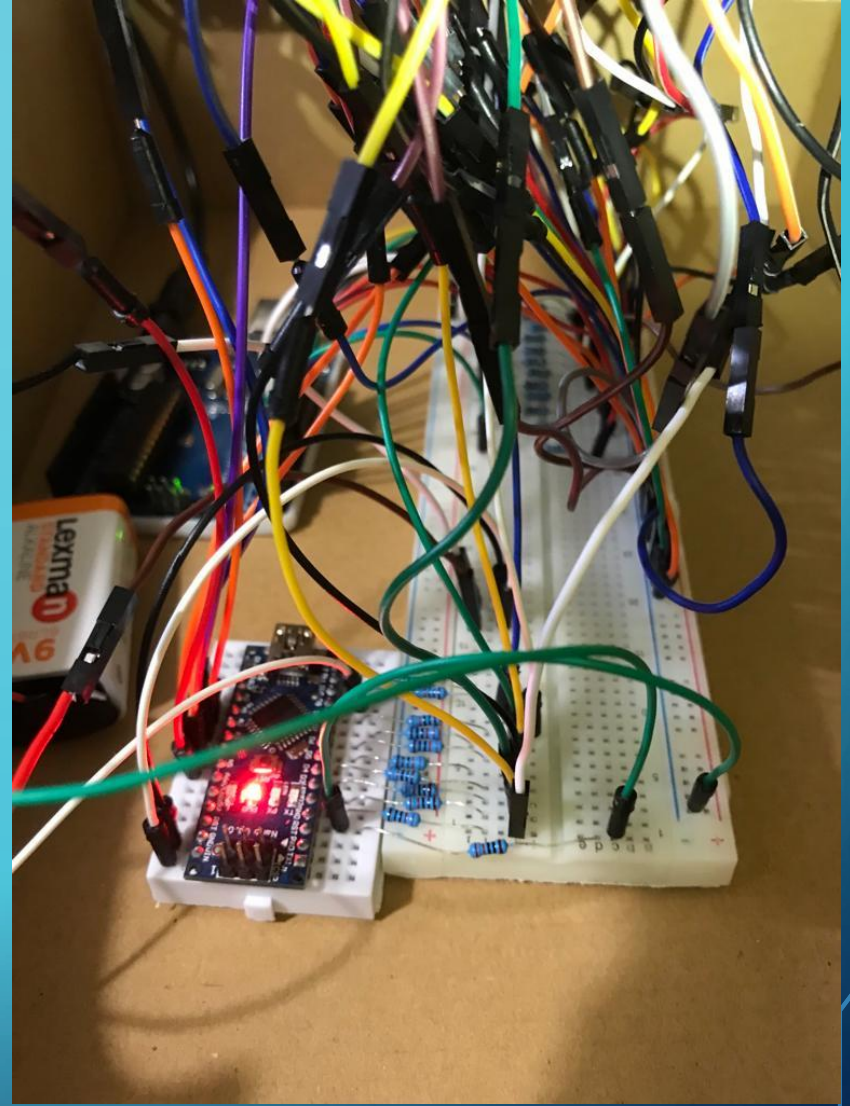
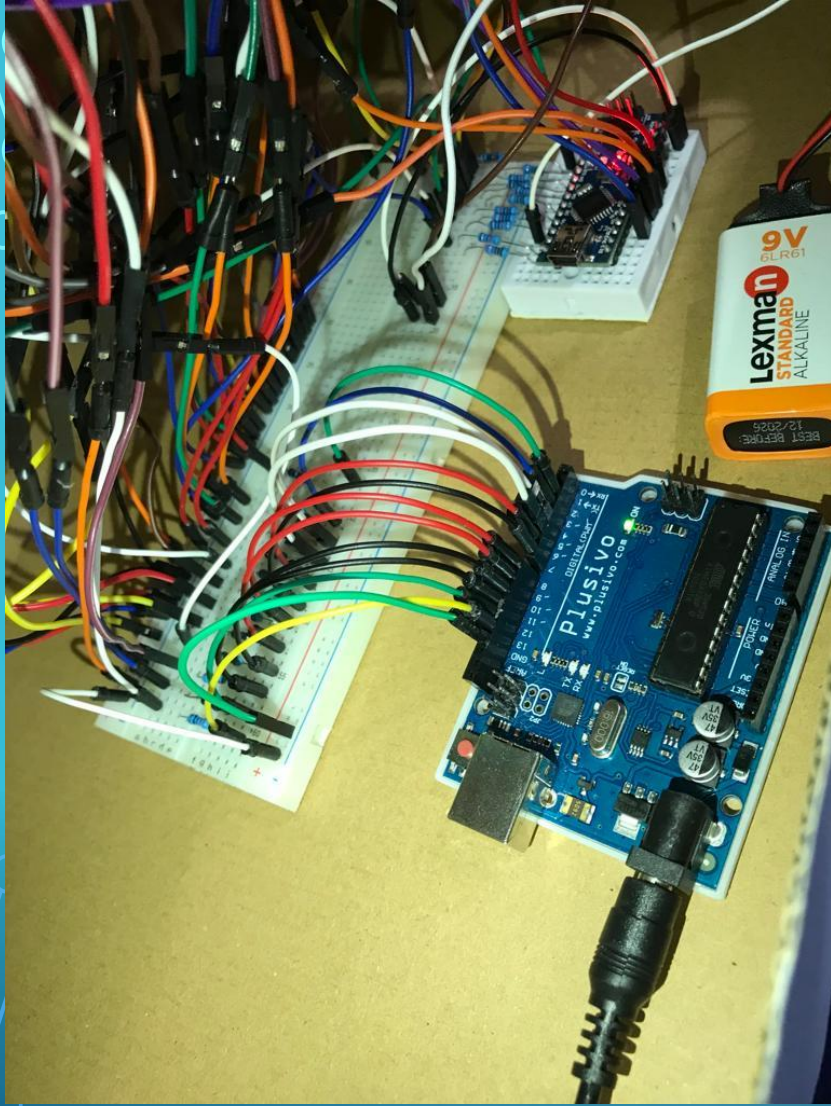




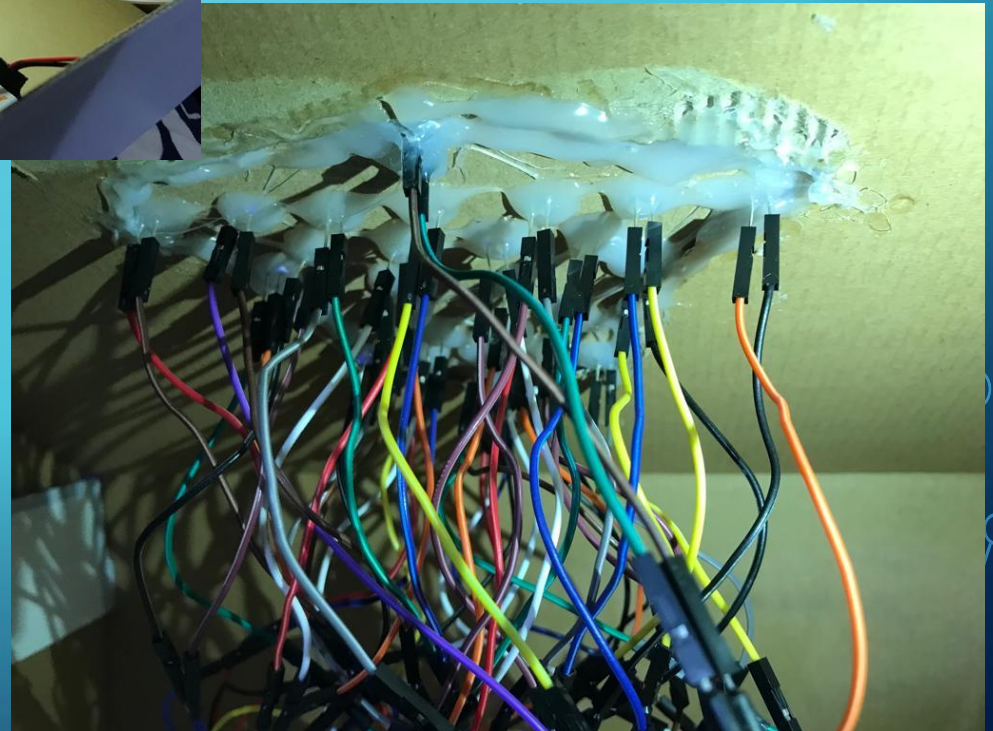
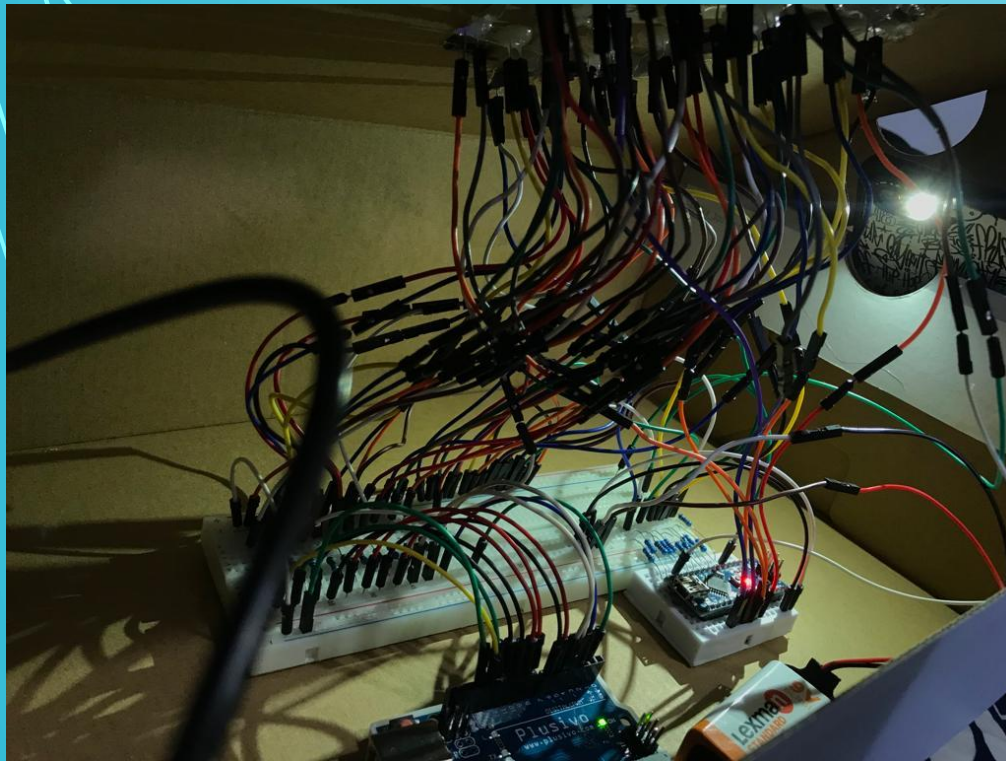
## CODUL: Pentru cântecul Merry Christmas

```
#define NOTE_B0 31
#define NOTE_C1 33
#define NOTE_CS135
#define NOTE_D1 37
#define NOTE_DS139
#define NOTE_E1 41
#define NOTE_F1 44
#define NOTE_FS146
#define NOTE_G1 49
#define NOTE_GS152
#define NOTE_A1 55
#define NOTE_AS158
#define NOTE_B1 62
#define NOTE_C2 65
#define NOTE_CS267
#define NOTE_D2 73
#define NOTE_DS276
#define NOTE_E2 82
#define NOTE_F2 87
#define NOTE_FS293
#define NOTE_G2 98
#define NOTE_GS2104
#define NOTE_A2 110
#define NOTE_AS2113
#define NOTE_B2 123
#define NOTE_CS2131
#define NOTE_D3 147
#define NOTE_DS156
#define NOTE_E3 165
#define NOTE_F3 175
#define NOTE_FS3185
#define NOTE_G3 198
#define NOTE_GS3208
#define NOTE_A3 220
#define NOTE_AS3233
#define NOTE_B3 247
#define NOTE_C4 262
#define NOTE_CS4277
#define NOTE_D4 294
#define NOTE_DS4311
#define NOTE_E4 330
#define NOTE_F4 349
#define NOTE_FS4370
#define NOTE_G4 392
#define NOTE_GS4415
#define NOTE_A4 440
#define NOTE_AS4466
#define NOTE_B4 494
#define NOTE_C5 523
#define NOTE_CS5577
#define NOTE_D5 587
#define NOTE_DS5622
#define NOTE_E5 659
#define NOTE_F5 698
#define NOTE_FS5740
#define NOTE_G5 784
#define NOTE_GS5831
#define NOTE_A5 880
#define NOTE_AS932
#define NOTE_B5 988
#define NOTE_CS61047
#define NOTE_DS61109
#define NOTE_E6 1265
#define NOTE_F6 1397
#define NOTE_FS61480
#define NOTE_G6 1568
#define NOTE_GS61665
#define NOTE_A6 1765
#define NOTE_AS1865
#define NOTE_B6 1976
#define NOTE_C7 2093
#define NOTE_DS72217
#define NOTE_D7 2349
#define NOTE_DS72489
#define NOTE_E7 2704
#define NOTE_F7 2784
#define NOTE_FS72960
#define NOTE_G7 3136
#define NOTE_GS73322
#define NOTE_A7 3520
#define NOTE_AS73791
#define NOTE_B7 3929
#define NOTE_C8 4351
#define NOTE_CS84433
#define NOTE_D8 4699
#define NOTE_DS84978
#define NOTE_REST 0
```

[illegible]











# OLED PENTRU AFIȘAREA ÎN TIMP REAL A TEMPERATURII ȘI UMIDITĂȚII

## CODUL:

```
#include "U8glib.h"
U8GLIB_SSD1306_128X64 u8g(U8G_I2C_OPT_NONE|U8G_I2C_OPT_DEV_0);    // I2C / TWI
#include <Arduino.h>
#include <dht.h>

dht DHT;
#define DHT22_PIN 8

void draw(void) {
  int chk = DHT.read22(DHT22_PIN);
  float temp=DHT.temperature;
  float humi=DHT.humidity;

  u8g.setFont(u8g_font_helvR24);
  u8g.setPrintPos(5,25);
  u8g.print(temp);
  u8g.setPrintPos(100,25);
  u8g.print("c");
  u8g.setPrintPos(5,60);
  u8g.print(humi);
  u8g.print("%");
  u8g.setFont(u8g_font_courB10);
  u8g.setPrintPos(90,8);
  u8g.print("o");
}

void setup(void) {

}

void loop(void) {

  // picture loop
  u8g.firstPage();
  do {
    draw();
  } while( u8g.nextPage() );

  // rebuild the picture after some delay
  delay(1000);
}
```

