## Seminar 9

Problema 9.2.13.2: Utilizând metoda tabelelor semantice (construind arborele binar), demonstrați distributivitatea cuantificatorului "∀" față de "∧":

$$\vdash (\forall x) P(x) \land (\forall x) Q(x) \leftrightarrow (\forall x) (P(x) \land Q(x))$$

## Rezolvare:

$$U = (\forall x) P(x) \land (\forall x) Q(x) \leftrightarrow (\forall x) (P(x) \land Q(x))$$

$$\neg U = \neg ( (\forall x) P(x) \land (\forall x) Q(x) \leftrightarrow (\forall x) (P(x) \land Q(x)))$$

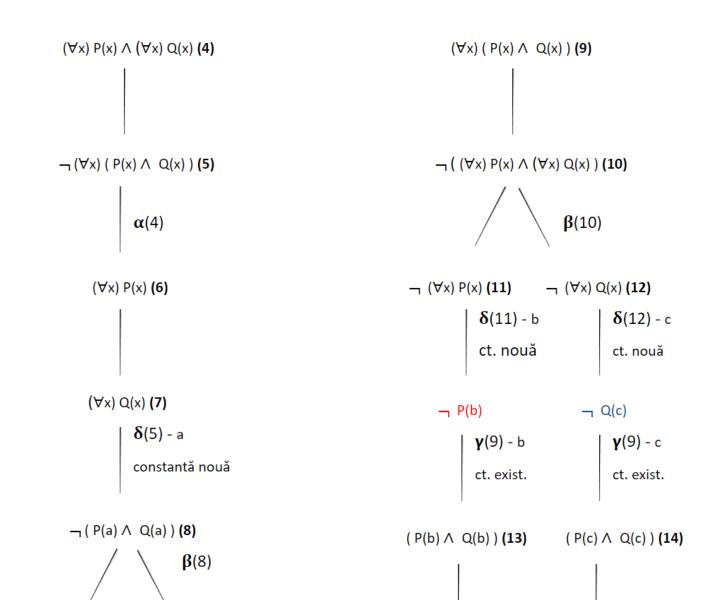
$$\neg U = \neg ( ((\forall x) P(x) \land (\forall x) Q(x) \rightarrow (\forall x) (P(x) \land Q(x))) \land ((\forall x) (P(x) \land Q(x)) \rightarrow (\forall x) P(x) \land (\forall x) Q(x))) - (1)$$

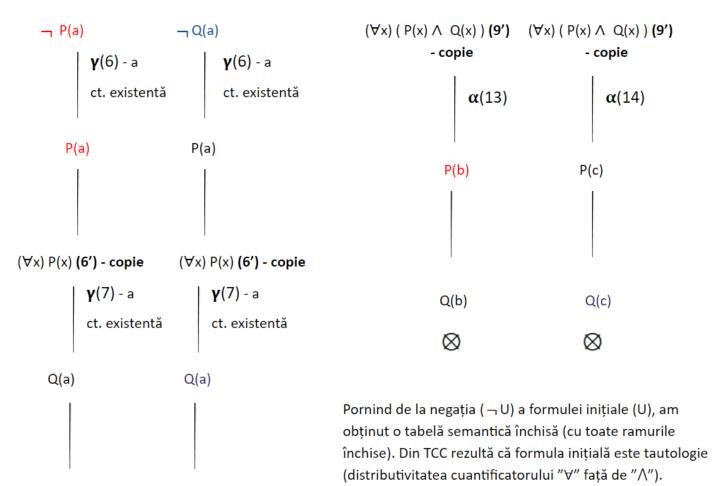
$$\beta(1)$$

$$\neg ( (\forall x) P(x) \land (\forall x) Q(x) \rightarrow (\forall x) (P(x) \land Q(x))) (2)$$

$$\neg ((\forall x) P(x) \land (\forall x) Q(x) \rightarrow (\forall x) P(x) \land Q(x))) (2)$$

$$\alpha(2)$$





 $(\forall x) \ Q(x) \ (7') - copie \ (\forall x) \ Q(x) \ (7') - copie$ 

 $\otimes$ 

 $\otimes$