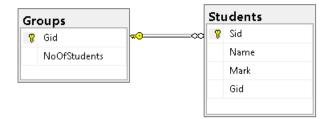
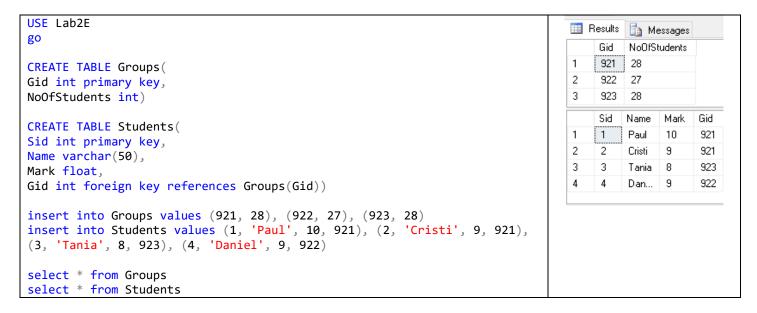
## **Examples**

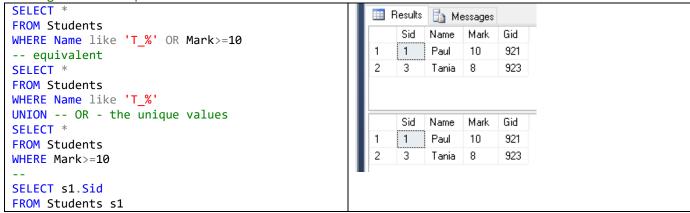




```
SELECT fields_name separated with comma (,)[, arithmetic expressions, aggregate functions]
FROM tables_name [INNER JOIN between multiple tables]
WHERE conditions_related_to_the_fields_from_the_tables_considered
GROUP BY fields_names_the_same_as_in_select
HAVING aggregate_function_condition (avg, sum, min, max, count)
ORDER BY field(s)_name [ASC|DSC]
```

-- a. 2 queries with the union operation; use UNION [ALL] and OR;

-- a. the students that have the name starting with T and has at least 2 letters OR have the mark greater or equal than 10.

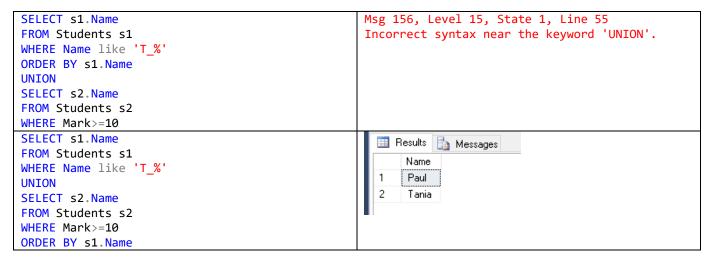


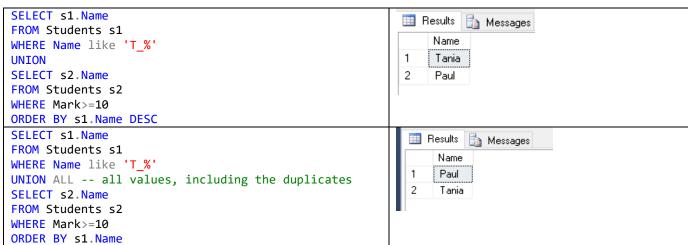
```
WHERE Name like 'T_%'
UNION
SELECT s2.Sid
FROM Students s2
WHERE Mark>=10
```

```
-- the same number of rows and the same types for the fields involved in the first and second select

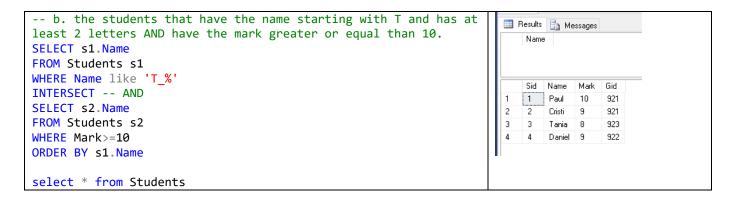
SELECT s1.Sid, s1.Name
FROM Students s1
WHERE Name like 'T_%'
UNION
SELECT s2.Sid
FROM Students s2
WHERE Mark>=10

Msg 205, Level 16, State 1, Line 41
All queries combined using a UNION, INTERSECT or EXCEPT operator must have an equal number of expressions in their target lists.
```

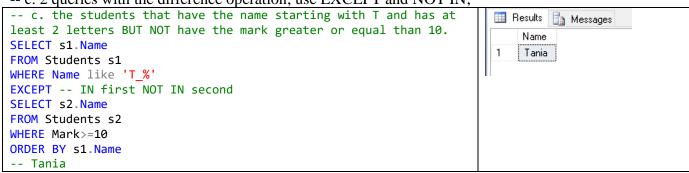




-- b. 2 queries with the intersection operation; use INTERSECT and IN;

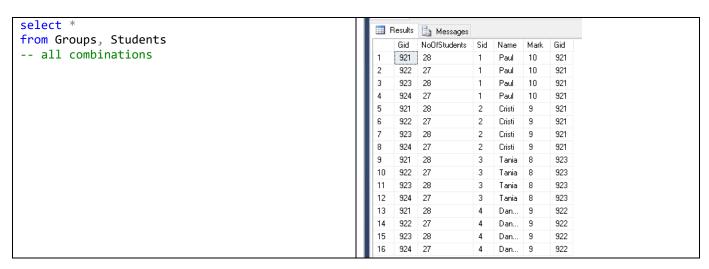


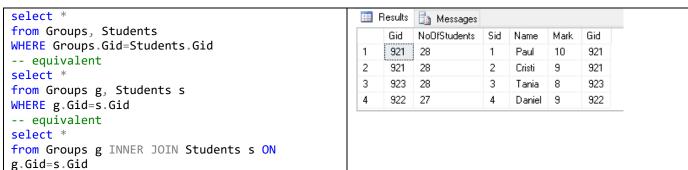
-- c. 2 queries with the difference operation; use EXCEPT and NOT IN;

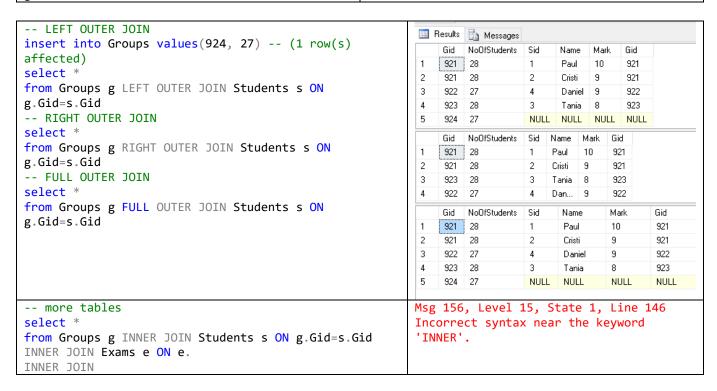


d. 4 queries with INNER JOIN, LEFT JOIN, RIGHT JOIN and FULL JOIN; one query will join at least 3 tables, while another one will join at least two *many-to-many* relationships;

-- d. the students from each group select \* from Groups Results Messages select \* from Students NoOfStudents Gid 921 28 27 922 923 28 924 27 Name Mark Gid Paul 10 921 1 2 2 Cristi 9 921 3 3 8 923 Tania. Daniel 9 922



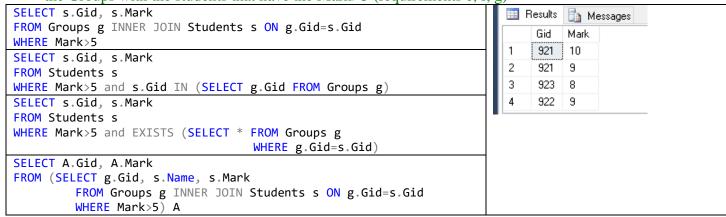




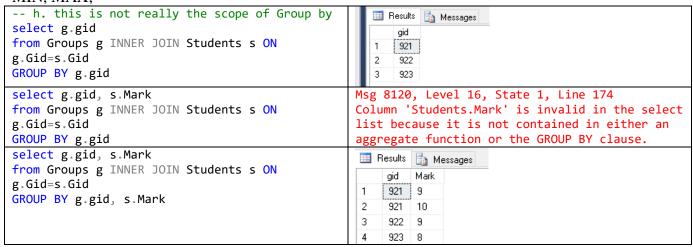
e. 2 queries using the IN operator to introduce a subquery in the WHERE clause; in at least one query, the subquery should include a subquery in its own WHERE clause;

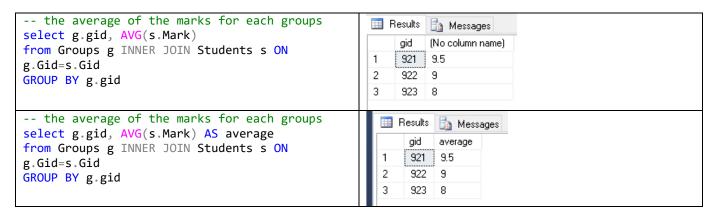
- f. 2 queries using the EXISTS operator to introduce a subquery in the WHERE clause;
- g. 2 queries with a subquery in the FROM clause;

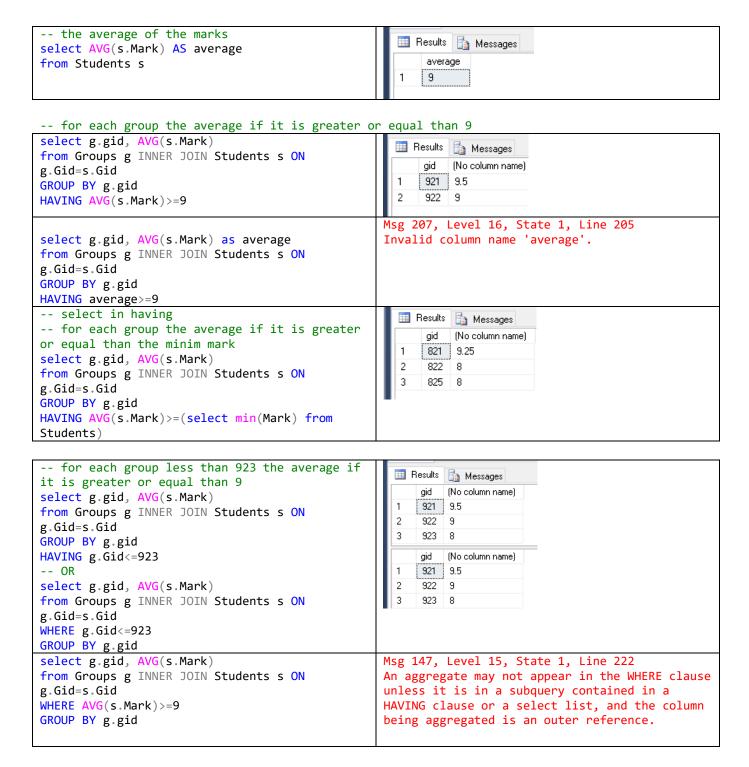
-- the Groups with the students that have the Mark>5 (requirements e, f, g)



h. 4 queries with the GROUP BY clause, 3 of which also contain the HAVING clause; 2 of the latter will also have a subquery in the HAVING clause; use the aggregation operators: COUNT, SUM, AVG, MIN, MAX;







i. 4 queries using ANY and ALL to introduce a subquery in the WHERE clause; 2 of them should be rewritten with aggregation operators, while the other 2 should also be expressed with [NOT] IN.

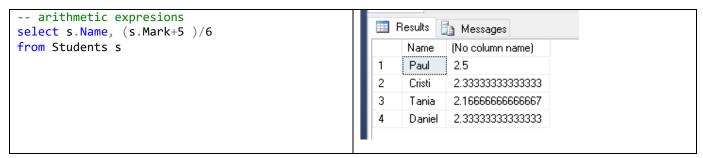
## ANY - ALL

ALL – all records check the condition ANY – at least one record check the condition

```
--> all - equivalent with MAX
                                                        -- any < - equivalent with MIN
                                                        SELECT s.Name, s.Mark
SELECT s.Name, s.Mark
FROM Students s
                                                        FROM Students s
WHERE s.Mark>ALL(SELECT s1.Mark
                                                        WHERE s.Mark<ANY(SELECT s1.Mark
                              FROM Students s1
                                                                                      FROM Students s1
                              WHERE s.Sid=s1.Sid)
                                                                                      WHERE s.Sid=s1.Sid)
SELECT s.Name, s.Mark
                                                        SELECT s.Name, s.Mark
FROM Students s
                                                        FROM Students s
WHERE s.Mark>(SELECT MAX(s1.Mark)
                                                        WHERE s.Mark<(SELECT MIN(s1.Mark)</pre>
                              FROM Students s1
                                                                                      FROM Students s1
                              WHERE s.Sid=s1.Sid)
                                                                                      WHERE s.Sid=s1.Sid)
🔢 Results 🚹 Messages
   Name Mark
                                                        Results  Messages
                                                           Name Mark
   Name Mark
                                                           Name Mark
-- <> all - equivalent with NOT IN
                                                        -- any = equivalent with IN
                                                        SELECT s.Name, s.Mark
SELECT s.Name, s.Mark
FROM Students s
                                                        FROM Students s
WHERE s.Mark<>ALL(SELECT s1.Mark
                                                        WHERE s.Mark=ANY(SELECT s1.Mark
                              FROM Students s1
                                                                                      FROM Students s1
                              WHERE s.Sid=s1.Sid)
                                                                                      WHERE s.Sid=s1.Sid)
SELECT s.Name, s.Mark
                                                        SELECT s.Name, s.Mark
                                                        FROM Students s
FROM Students s
WHERE s.Mark NOT IN (SELECT s1.Mark
                                                        WHERE s.Mark IN (SELECT s1.Mark
                              FROM Students s1
                                                                                      FROM Students s1
                              WHERE s.Sid=s1.Sid)
                                                                                      WHERE s.Sid=s1.Sid)
                                                         Results
                                                                   🛅 Messages
III Results
           Messages
                                                                    Mark
                                                              Name
     Name
            Mark
                                                              Paul
                                                                    10
                                                         2
                                                              Cristi
                                                                    9
                                                                    8
                                                              Tania
                                                              Daniel
                                                                    9
                                                              Name
                                                                    Mark
                                                              Paul
                                                                    10
                                                         2
                                                                    9
                                                              Cristi
     Name
            Mark
                                                              Tania
                                                                    8
                                                              Daniel
                                                                    9
```

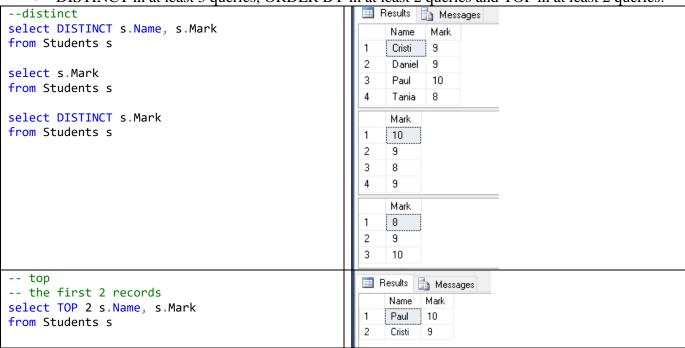
## You need to use:

• arithmetic expressions in the SELECT clause in at least 3 queries;



• conditions with AND, OR, NOT and parantheses in the WHERE clause in at least 3 queries;

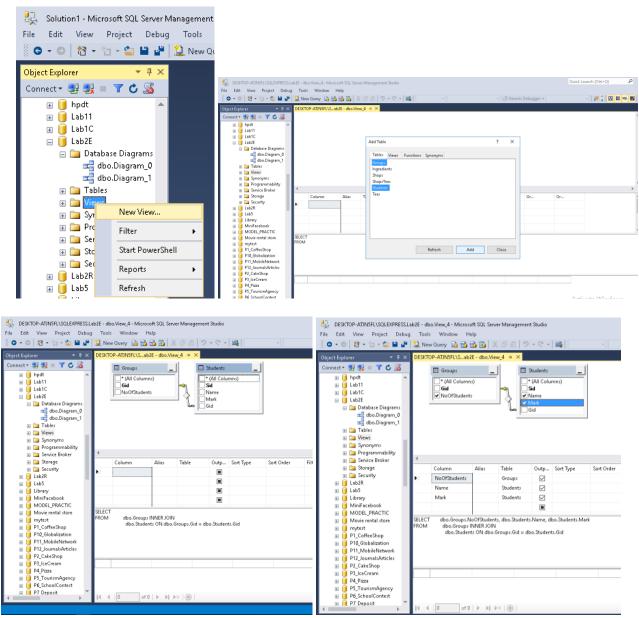
• DISTINCT in at least 3 queries, ORDER BY in at least 2 queries and TOP in at least 2 queries.



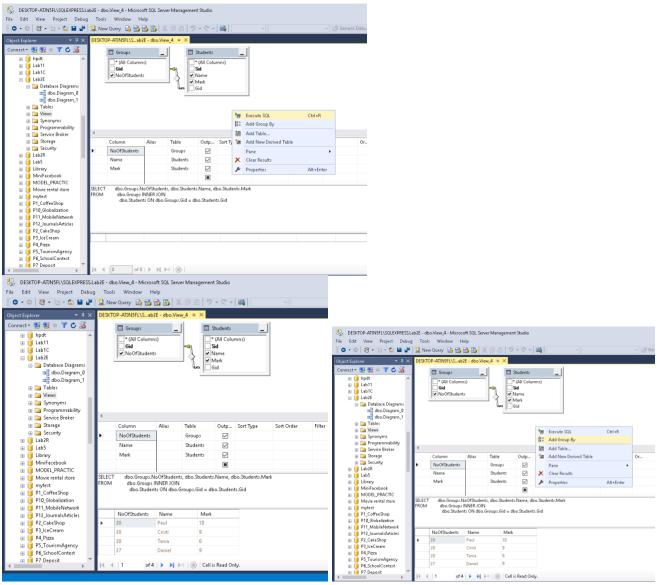
## Obs.

You can use views in at most 3 queries.

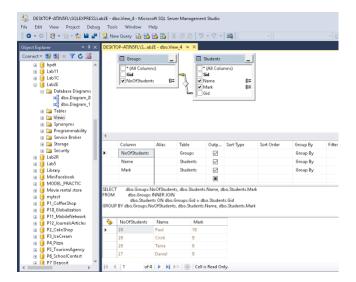
- Create a view: right click on the database on the View tab;
- choose the table you want to add; -> Add
- select the column you want to see in the result



- right click to EXECUTE the query



- add group by- by right click and select



You can change the relational structure created for the first lab.

The queries must be relevant to the problem domain and provide data of interest to a potential user.