

AG  
CURS 5

Grafuri planare

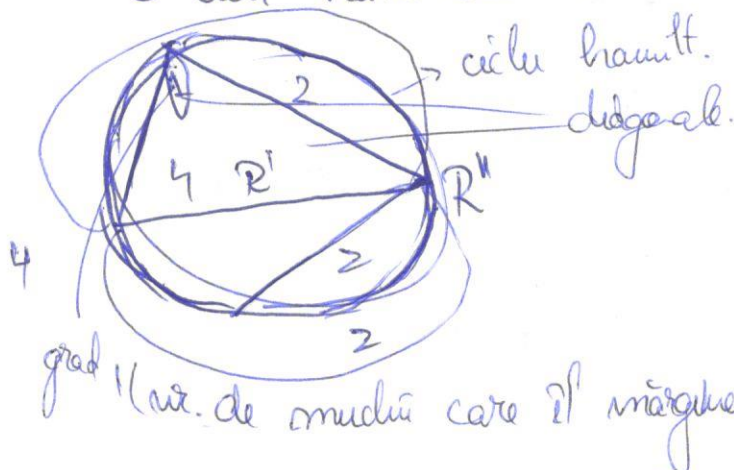
1. Hamiltonitate în grafuri planare

1.1.  $M = (V, E, F)$  hartă.

$C$  ciclu hamiltonian în  $M$ :  $\Leftrightarrow C$  ciclu elementar  
 $V(C) = V(G)$   
 $(E(C) \subseteq E(G))$

Fie  $M = (V, E, F)$  hartă.

$C$  ciclu hamiltonian în  $M$



$$F_i' = \{f \mid f \subseteq R', d_M(f) = i\}$$

$$F_i'' = \{f \mid f \subseteq R'', d_M(f) = i\}$$

$$R'' \quad |F| = \underbrace{\sum_{i \geq 1} |F_i'|}_{|F'|} + \underbrace{\sum_{i \geq 1} |F_i''|}_{|F''|}$$

Formula

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \sum_{i \geq 1} i |F_i'| = 2|E'| + m$$

mult muchi

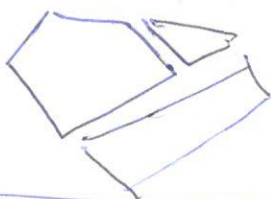
$$E' = \{e \mid e \in E(M) - E(C), e \subseteq R'\}$$

mult diagonale.

$$E'' = \{e \mid e \in E(M) - E(C), e \subseteq R''\}$$

$$m = |V| = |E(C)|$$

ciclu hamiltonian



$$\textcircled{2} \quad \sum_{i \geq 1} i |F_i''| = 2|E''| + m$$

T<sub>1</sub> (Grinberg)  $M = (V, E, F)$  hartă hamiltoniană  
 $F$ ie  $C$ , ciclu hamiltonian.

$$\text{Avem: } \sum_{i \geq 1} (i-2) (|F_i'| - |F_i''|) = 0.$$

Dem

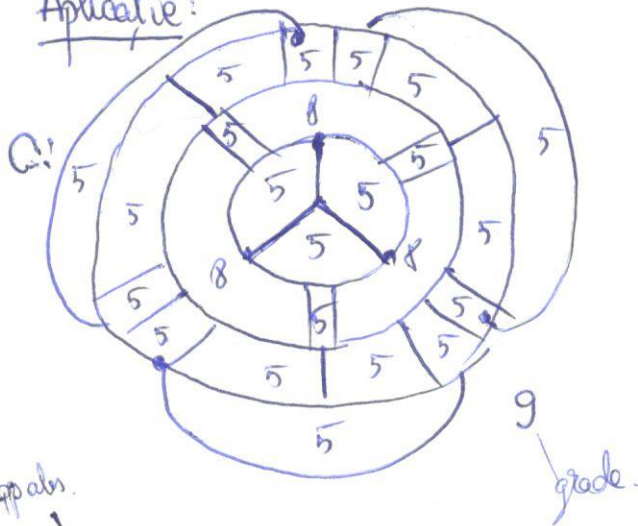
$$\sum i |F_i'| = 2|E'| + m$$

$$\sum_{i \geq 1} |F_i'| = |E'| + 1 (= |F'|) \quad (\text{nu fete externe} > 1 \text{ decât diagonalele - cred).}$$

$$(3) - 2(4): \sum_{i \geq 1} (i-2) |F_i'| = m - 2(5) \quad \text{Analog: } \sum_{i \geq 1} (i-2) |F_i''| = m - 2(6)$$

$$(5) - (6): \sum_{i \geq 1} (i-2) (|F_i'| - |F_i''|) = 0 \quad \text{deci gata.}$$

Aplicație:



G - mehamiltonian.

R.A.  $\exists C$ . ciclu hamiltonian

$i$	$ F_i  =  F_i'  +  F_i'' $
5	
9	3
9	1

$$\sum_{i \geq 1} (i-2)(|F_i'| + |F_i''|) = 0$$

$$= (5-2)(|F_5'| - |F_5''|) + (8-2)(|F_8'| - |F_8''|) + (9-2)(|F_9'| - |F_9''|) = 0$$

$$|F_9'| + |F_9''| = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad 3 \nmid 7 \text{ do.}$$

## 2. Colorarea ale grafurilor planare

$$\exists! F \in M = (V, E, F)$$

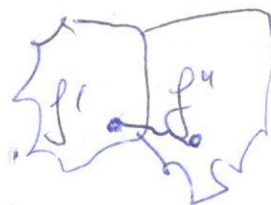
$$c: V \rightarrow \{0, 1, 2, \dots, p-1\}$$

$$c \text{ p-vf. proprie } c(x) \neq c(y) \forall x \neq y, xy \in E$$

$$c: F \rightarrow \{0, 1, 2, \dots, p-1\}$$

$$c \text{ p-fat } c \text{ colorare proprie } c(f') \neq c(f'') \forall f' \neq f'' \in F$$

$\chi_v(M) := \max\{p \mid \exists c \text{ cf. col. prop.}\}$   
 $\chi_f(M) := \max\{p \mid \exists c \text{ fete-col prop.}\}$



$\underline{C_4 \ C:} \quad \chi_v(M) \leq 4, \forall M$   
 $\chi_f(M) \leq 4 \forall M.$

## 2.2. (T2) (Teorema celor 2 culori)

$M = (V, E \neq \emptyset)$  harta ~~conexă~~ cubă? puca

a)  $\chi_v(M) = 2 \Leftrightarrow \forall f \in E: \deg(f) \equiv 0(2)$

b)  $\chi_f(M) = 2 \Leftrightarrow \forall v \in V: \deg(v) \equiv 0(2)$

a)  $\Leftrightarrow$  b) evident

Dem:

a)  $\Rightarrow \chi_v(M) = 2 \Rightarrow \exists c: V \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$  bicolor proprie

Koenig  $\Rightarrow \forall$  ciclu elem. este par

$\forall f \in E \quad f$  este marg de un ciclu elem.  
 $\deg(f) \equiv 0(2)$

$\Leftarrow \deg(f) \equiv 0(2) \stackrel{?}{\Rightarrow} M$  bipartită.

Vom dem.  $\forall$  (ciclu elem este par si conf Koenig,  $\Rightarrow$   $\Rightarrow M$  bipartită.



$\sum_{i=1}^n i |F_i| = 2|E| + |E(C)|$

$\sum_{i \text{ par}} i |F_i| \equiv 0(2)$   
 $\sum_{i \text{ impar}} i |F_i| \equiv 0(2)$

$\Rightarrow |E(C)| \equiv 0(2) \rightarrow c. \text{ ciclu par.}$



T<sub>3</sub> (T.A.T.T)

Fie  $M = (V, E, F)$  hartă hamiltoniană

$$\Rightarrow \chi_f(M) \leq 4$$

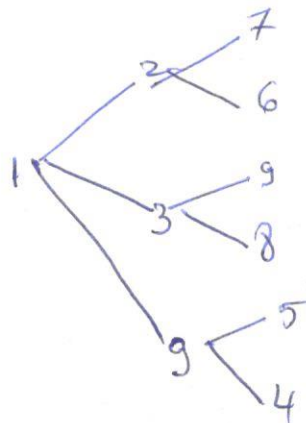
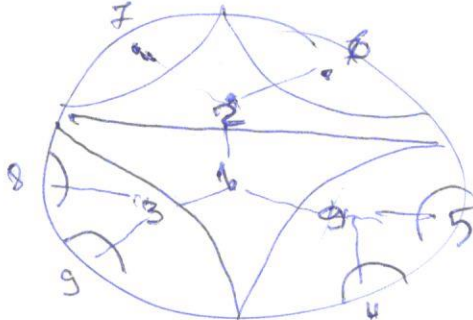
Dem Fie  $C$  ciclu hamiltonian  
 $R^1, R^2$

$T^1$  graf indus de  $F^1$  în  $M^+$

$T^2$  —————  $F^2$  în  $M^+$

$T^1, T^2$  arborescențe

$$\chi_f(M) \leq \chi_v(T^1) + \chi_G(T^2) = 2 + 2 = 4 \square$$



2.3. Amănunt

Th(Euler)  $M = (V, E, F)$  hartă conexă

$$\Rightarrow |V| - |E| + |F| = 2$$

(T<sub>5</sub>)  $M = (V, E, F)$  hartă simplă

$$\Rightarrow \exists v \in V : d_M(v) \leq 5.$$

Dem R.A.  $d_M(v) \geq 6, \forall v \in V.$

$$\text{Am } |V| - |E| + |F| = 2.$$

$M$  hartă simplă



$$|F_1| = 0, |F_2| = 0$$

$$\sum_{i \geq 1} i |F_i| = 2|E|$$

$$\sum_{i \geq 3} i |F_i| \geq 3 \sum_{i \geq 3} |F_i| = 3|F|$$

$$2|E| \geq 3|F|$$

$$|F| \leq \frac{2}{3}|E|$$

$$\sum_i i |V_i| = 2|E|$$

$$\sum_{i \geq 0} i |V_i| \geq 6 \sum_{i \geq 0} |V_i| = 6|V|$$

$$2 = |V| - |E| + |F| \leq |V| - |E| + \frac{2}{3}|E| \leq \frac{1}{3}|E| - |E| + \frac{2}{3}|E| = 0.$$

$2 \leq 0$  do

$$2|E| \geq 6|V|$$

$$|V| \leq \frac{1}{3}|E|$$

I6: (teorema celor 5 culori)

$M = (V, E, F)$  - hartă simplă

a)  $\chi_v(M) \leq 5.$

b)  $\chi_f(M) \leq 5$

Dem: (a)  $\Leftrightarrow$  (b) evident!

a) Inducția după  $n = |V|$

$I(1), \dots, I(5)$  evident!

$I(<n) \longrightarrow I(n) \quad n \geq 6.$

Fie  $M = (V, E, F)$  hartă conexă simplă.  $|V| = n \geq 5$

Fie  $v \in V : \deg(v) \leq 5.$

$N_M(v) = n.$  vecini.

$M' = M - v \quad \chi_v(M') \leq 5.$

Fie  $c: V' \rightarrow \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$

a)  $|c'(N(v))| < 5$

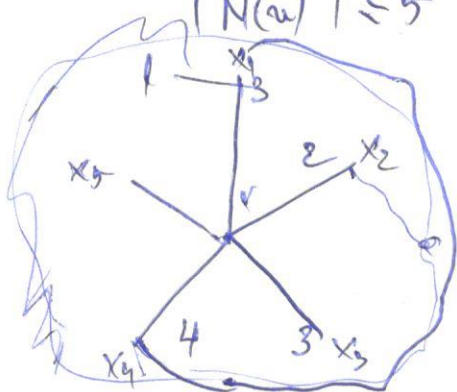
Fie  $i$  culoare nufolasta pt  $N(v)$   
 $i \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\} - i(N(v))$

Definitie  $c: V \rightarrow 12345$

$$\begin{cases} c(v') = c' \\ c(v) = i \end{cases}$$

$c = 5$  cul p  $X_v(M) \leq 5$ .

b)  $|c'(N(v))| = 5 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} |N(v)| = 5 \\ \wedge \\ c'(N(v)) = 5 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow$  Notam  $N(v) = \{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5\}$   
 a.i  $c'(x_i) = i, 1 \leq i \leq 5$



Fie  $P_{13}(x_1)$  comp conexa a yf de cul  
 1 si 3 care conține  $x_2$

$P_{24}(x_2)$  analog

Car 1:  $x_3 \in P_{13}(x_1)$  si  $x_4 \in P_{24}(x_2)$

$\exists z \in V(P_{13}(x_1)) \cap V(P_{24}(x_2))$

$c'(x) \in \{1, 3\} \cap \{2, 4\} = \emptyset$  do

Car 2:

$x_3 \notin V(P_{13}(x_1))$

cu  $x_4 \notin V(P_{24}(x_2))$  analog.

$$x_3 \notin P_{15}(x_1)$$

Definim  $c: V \rightarrow \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

$$c(z) = c'(z) \quad \forall z \in V - V(P_{15}(x_1))$$

$$c(z) = 1 \quad \text{de } z \in V(P_{15}(x_1))$$

$$\text{si } c'(z) = 3$$

$$c'(z) = 3 \quad \text{de } z \in V(P_{13}(x_1))$$

$$\text{si } c'(z) = 1$$