# Container networks

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# Syllabus

- Default Docker Network
- Multi container apps
- Networking modes
- Pipework
- Connecting containers across VMs using Open vSwitch.
- Using containers for application network services such as proxies, load balancers and for TLS termination

# Go at your own pace

Detailed instructions (and these slides) are available at:

https://github.com/cpswan/container-networking-tutorial

is.gd/onugcn

### The default Docker network

# Let's start with a regular host



# Launch an instance

1) console.aws.amazon.com

#### Sign In or Create an AWS Account

2) You may sign in using your existing Amazon.com account or you can create a new account by selecting "I am a new user."

#### Amazon Web Services

3)

Compute & Networking





#### Create Instance

4)

To start using Amazon EC2

Launch Instance

# Launch an instance cont.



7) Go ahead and launch it, then go to the instances view to see private and public IP addresses

# Connect on SSH and inspect network

#### Connect:

```
ssh -i my_key.pem ubuntu@public_ip
```

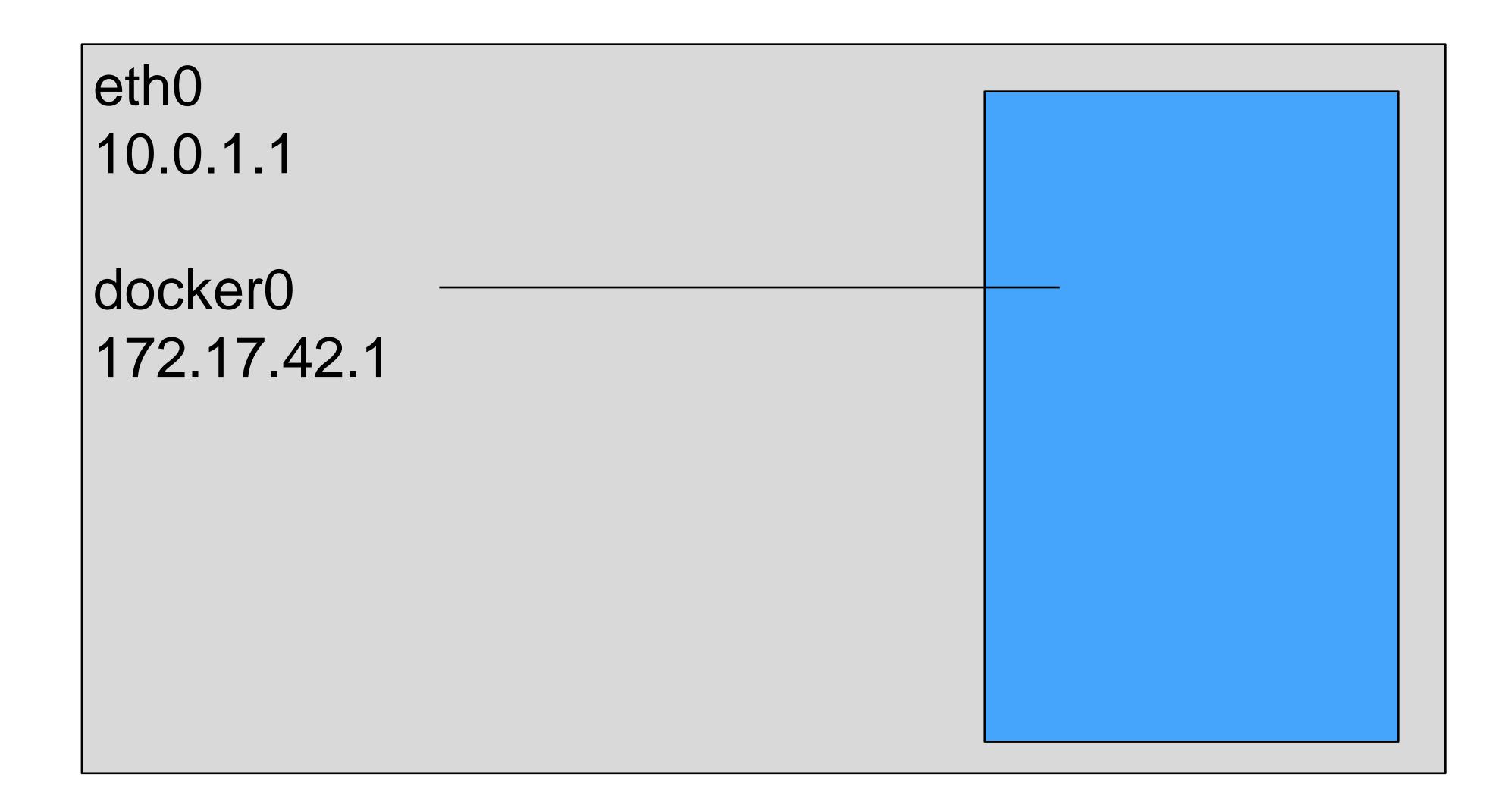
#### Show IPs

ip addr

### Look at NAT rules

sudo iptables -t nat -L -n

# Install Docker



# Install Docker and inspect network

#### Install Docker

```
wget -q0- https://get.docker.com/ | sh
```

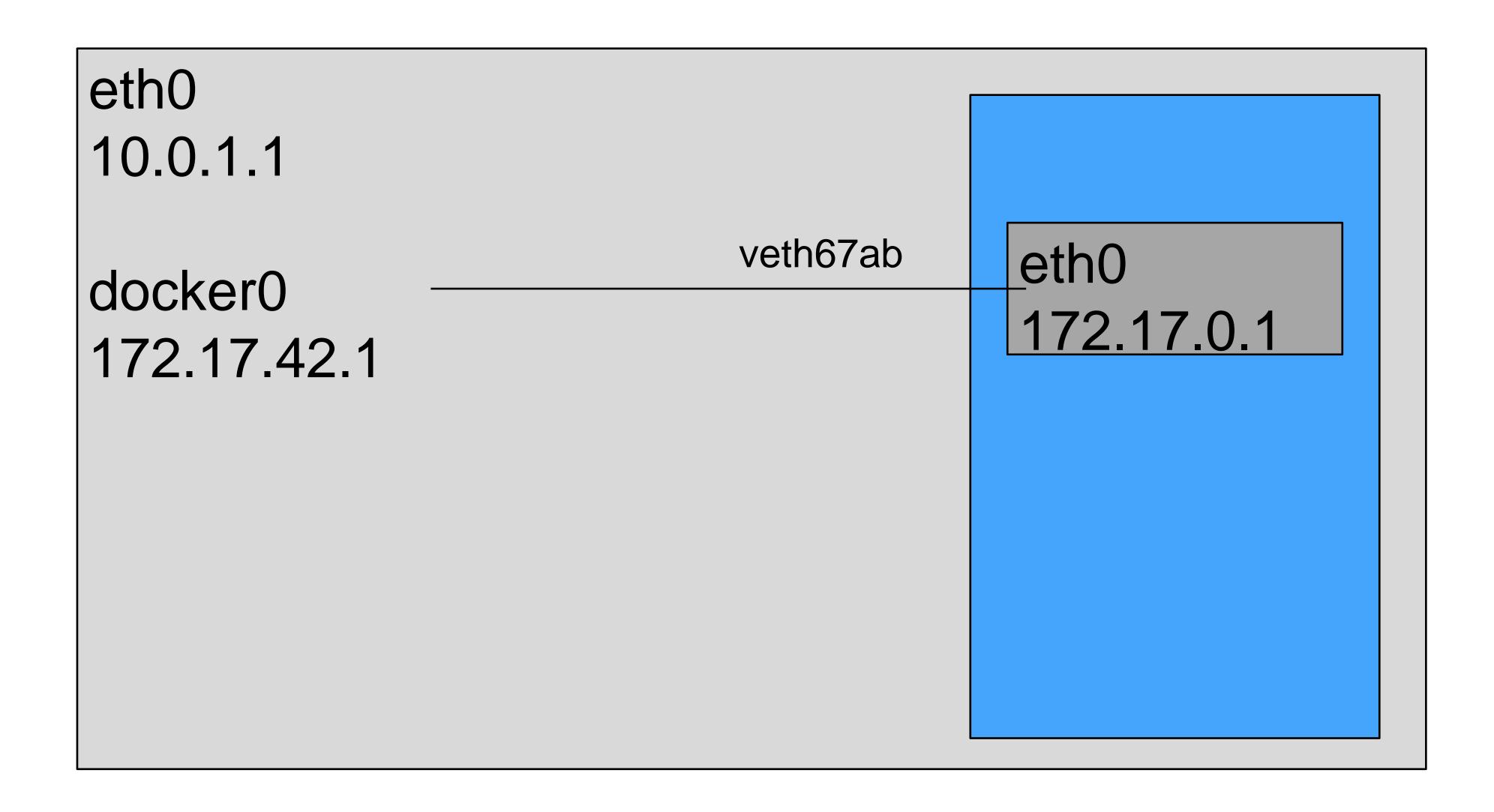
#### Show IPs

ip addr

### Look at NAT rules

sudo iptables -t nat -L -n

# Start a container



# Start a container and inspect network

### Start container

```
CON1=$ (sudo docker run -d cpswan/hello onug)
```

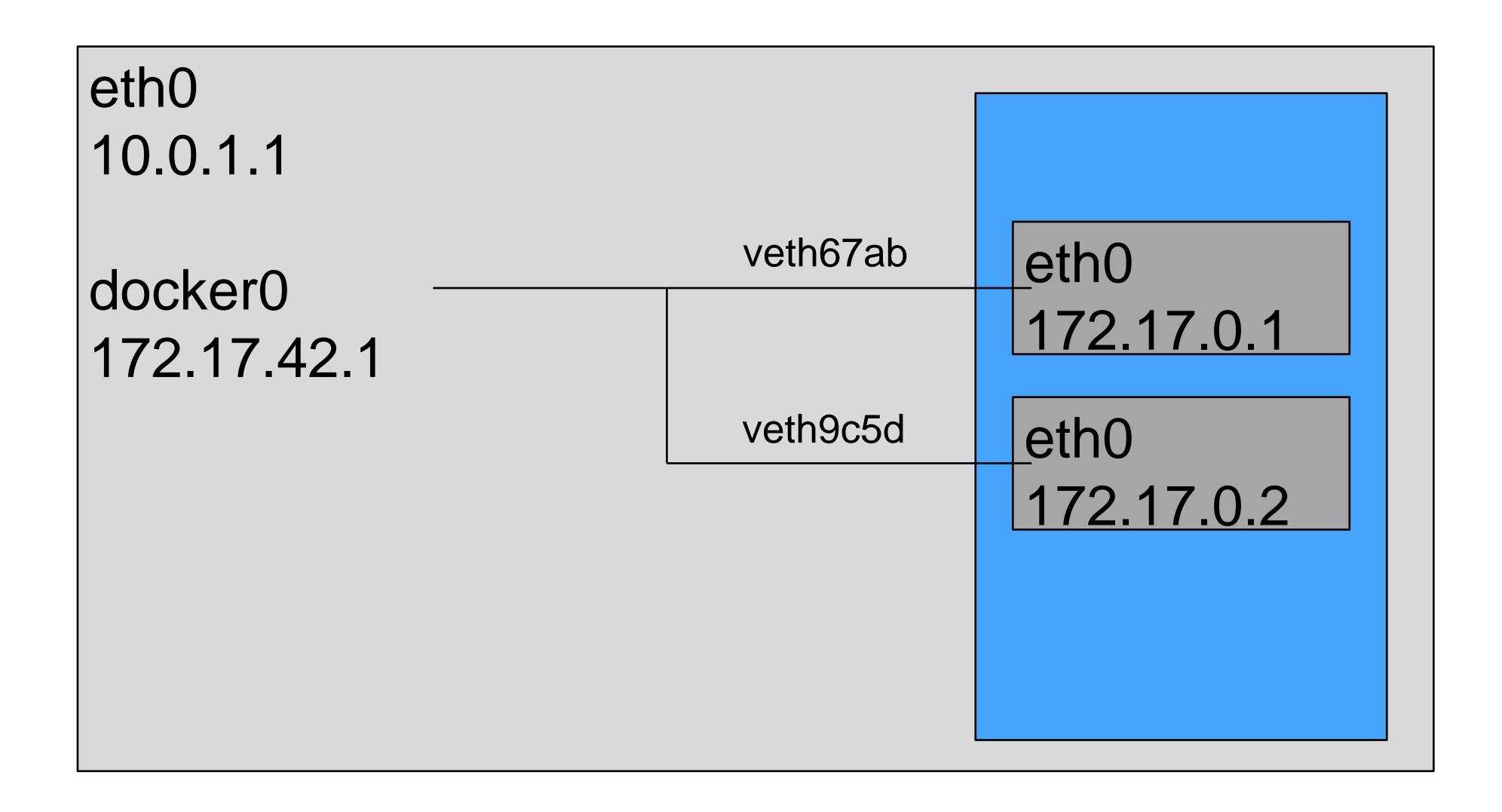
### Get IP

```
CON1IP=$(sudo docker inspect \
--format='{{.NetworkSettings.IPAddress}}' $CON1)
```

### Show IP and use it

echo \$CON1IP && curl \$CON1IP:8080

# Start another container



# Start 2nd container and use it

### Start container

CON2=\$ (sudo docker run -d -p 8080:8080 cpswan/hello onug)

### Connect to the container

curl localhost:8080

# Take another look at the host network

### Show IPs

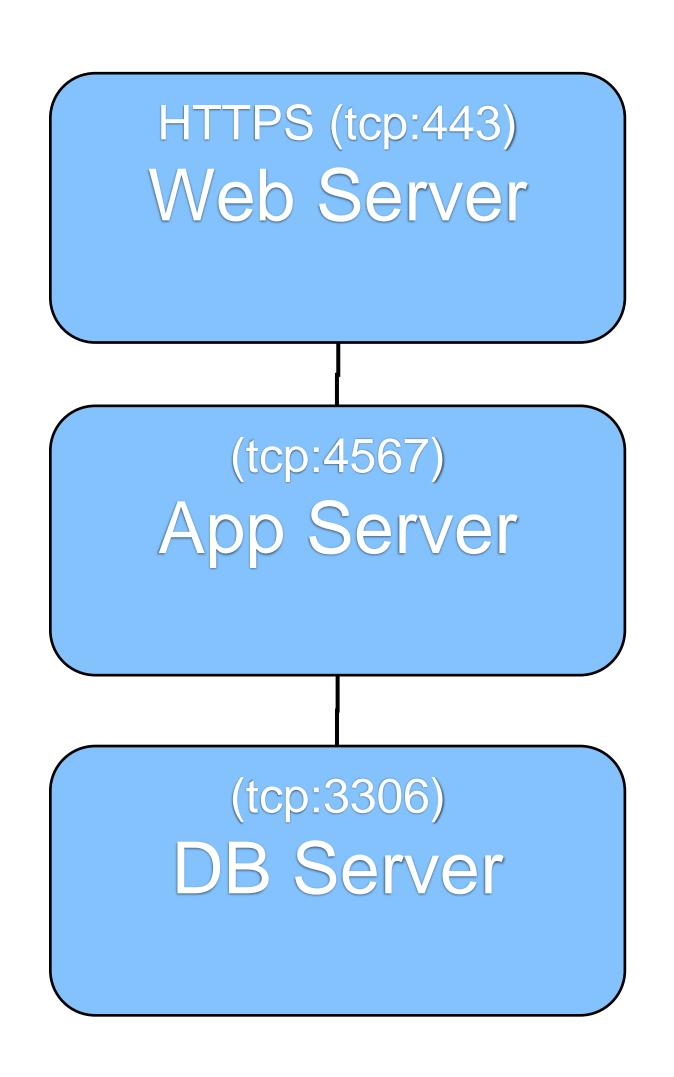
ip addr

#### Look at NAT rules

sudo iptables -t nat -L -n

# Multi container apps

# A typical 3 tier app



# Launch a 3 tier app with links

### Create the directory for persistent data

sudo mkdir -p /data/mysql

#### Start the database

```
sudo docker run -d -p 3306:3306 --name todomvc_db \
-v /data/mysql:/var/lib/mysql cpswan/todomvc.mysql
```

### Start the app server

```
sudo docker run -d -p 4567:4567 --name todomvc_app \
--link todomvc_db:db cpswan/todomvc.sinatra
```

#### Start the web server

```
sudo docker run -d -p 443:443 --name todomvc_ssl \
--link todomvc_app:app cpswan/todomvc.ssl
```

# Look at how the links work

### Get a shell in the app container

```
sudo docker exec -it $(sudo docker ps | \ grep sinatra | cut -c1-12) bash
```

### Take a look at the app using ENV variable

head /opt/sinatra-ToDoMVC-docker/app.rb exit

#### Source is at:

https://github.com/cpswan/sinatra-ToDoMVC/blob/docker/app.rb

# Look at how the links work pt.2

#### Get a shell in the ssl container

```
sudo docker exec -it $(sudo docker ps | \ grep ssl | cut -c1-12) bash
```

### ENV variable has been hard coded into config

tail /etc/nginx/nginx.conf

### The launch script uses a template to fetch ENV vars

cat /etc/nginx/upstream.template exit

#### Source is at:

https://github.com/cpswan/dockerToDoMVC/blob/master/NginxSSL/start\_nginx.sh

20

# Another quick look at iptables

### Look at NAT rules

sudo iptables -t nat -L -n

### Look at DOCKER chain

sudo iptables -L

# Docker Compose

### Install Docker Compose

```
sudo apt-get install -y python-pip
sudo pip install -U docker-compose
```

### Download and view example file

```
wget http://is.gd/onugdc -0 docker-compose.yml
cat docker-compose.yml
```

# Bring up the demo app again

Restart Docker to clear out containers

sudo service docker restart

Invoke Docker compose (in background)

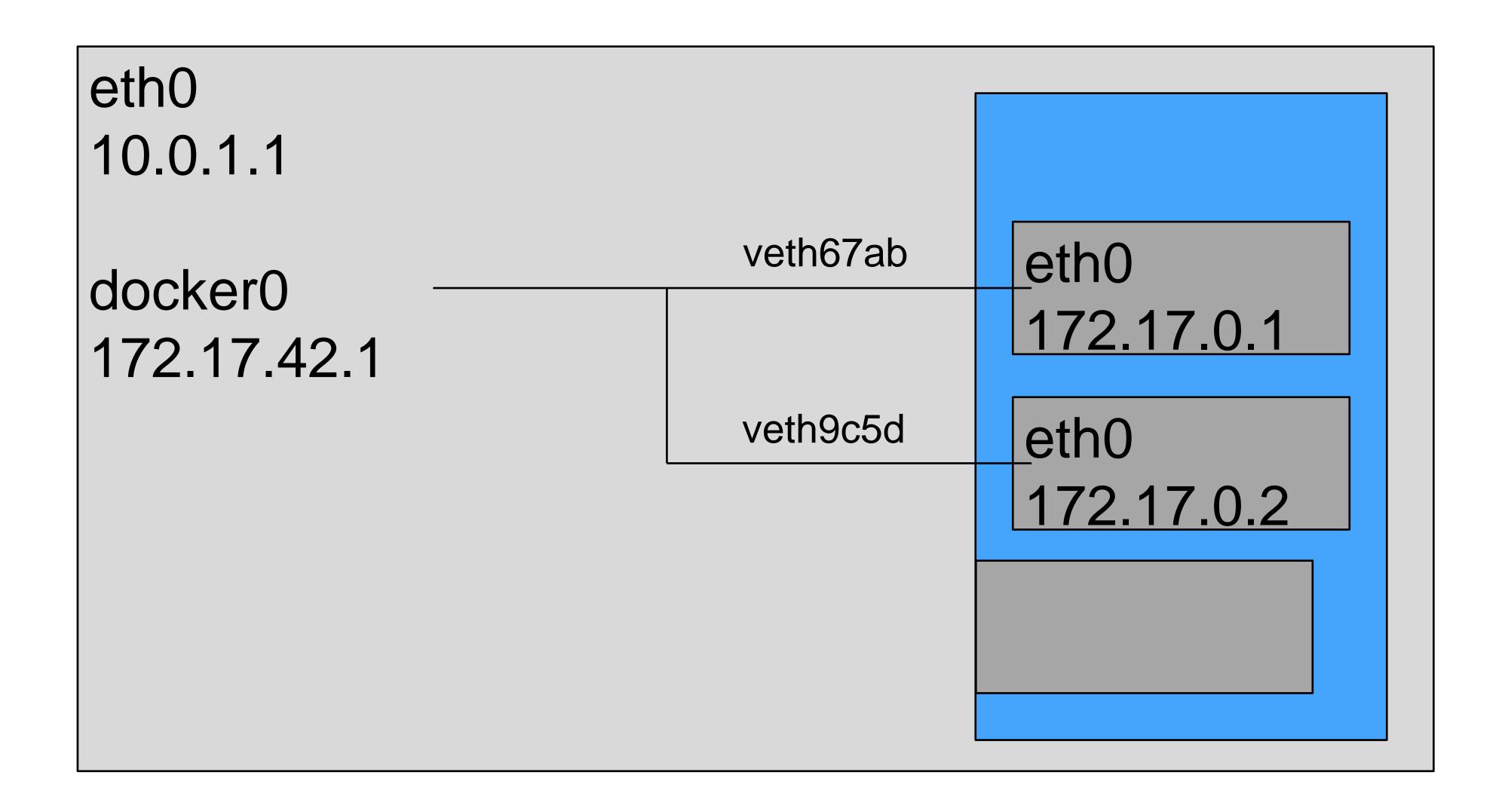
sudo docker-compose up &

List Docker processes

sudo docker ps

# Docker networking modes

# --net=host



# --net=host example

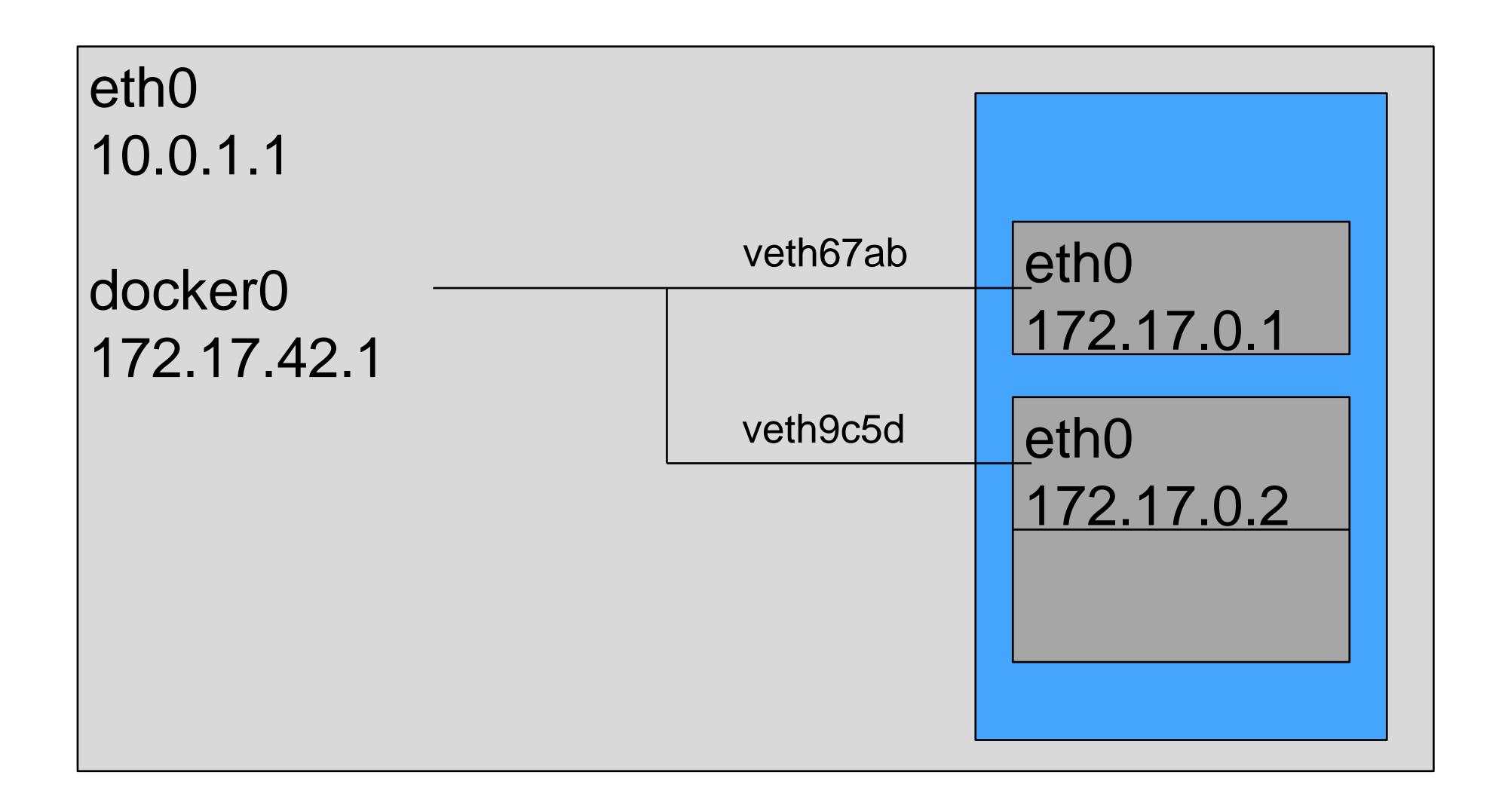
### Start a container

sudo docker run -d --net=host cpswan/hello\_onug

### Use it

curl localhost:8080

# --net=container



# --net=container example

### Start containers

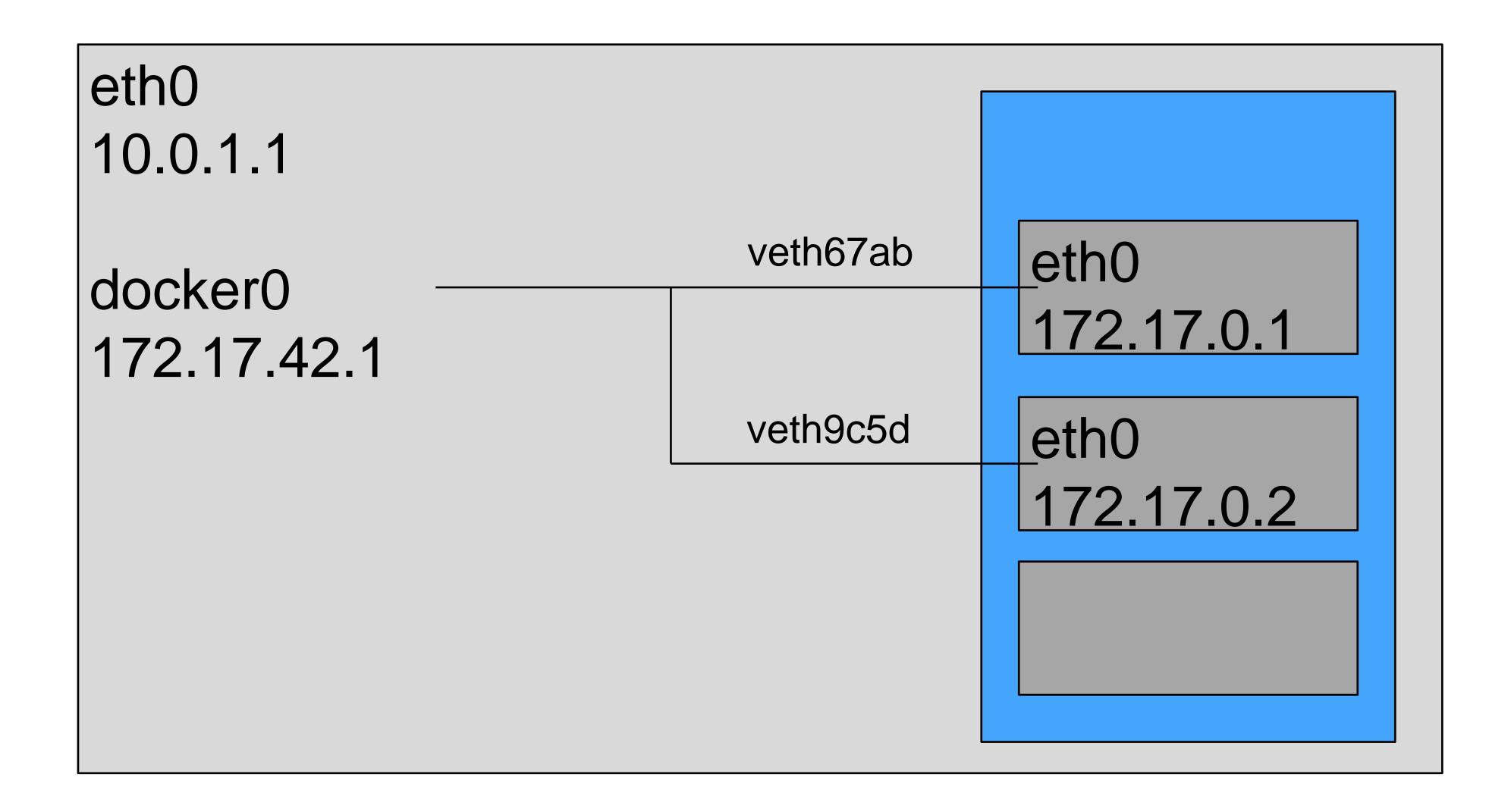
```
CON1=$(sudo docker run -d cpswan/todomvc.mysql) sudo docker run --net=container:$CON1 -d cpswan/hello_onug
```

### Get IP, show IP and use it

```
CON1IP=$(sudo docker inspect \
--format='{{.NetworkSettings.IPAddress}}' $CON1)
echo $CON1IP && curl $CON1IP:8080
```

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### --net=none



# --net=none example

### Clear up

sudo service docker restart

### Start container

```
CON2=$(sudo docker run --net=none -d cpswan/hello onug)
```

### No IP!

```
sudo docker inspect \
--format='{{.NetworkSettings.IPAddress}}' $CON2
```

# Pipework

# Get Pipework

### Install Pipework

```
sudo wget http://is.gd/onugpw -0 /usr/bin/pipework
sudo chmod +x /usr/bin/pipework
```

# Connect together some containers

### Start another container

CON1=\$(sudo docker run --net=none -d cpswan/todomvc.mysql)

### Add first container to a bridge

sudo pipework br1 \$CON1 192.168.1.1/24

### Add second container to a bridge

sudo pipework br1 \$CON2 192.168.1.2/24

# Test connectivity

### Shell into first container

```
sudo docker exec -it $CON1 bash
```

### Show address

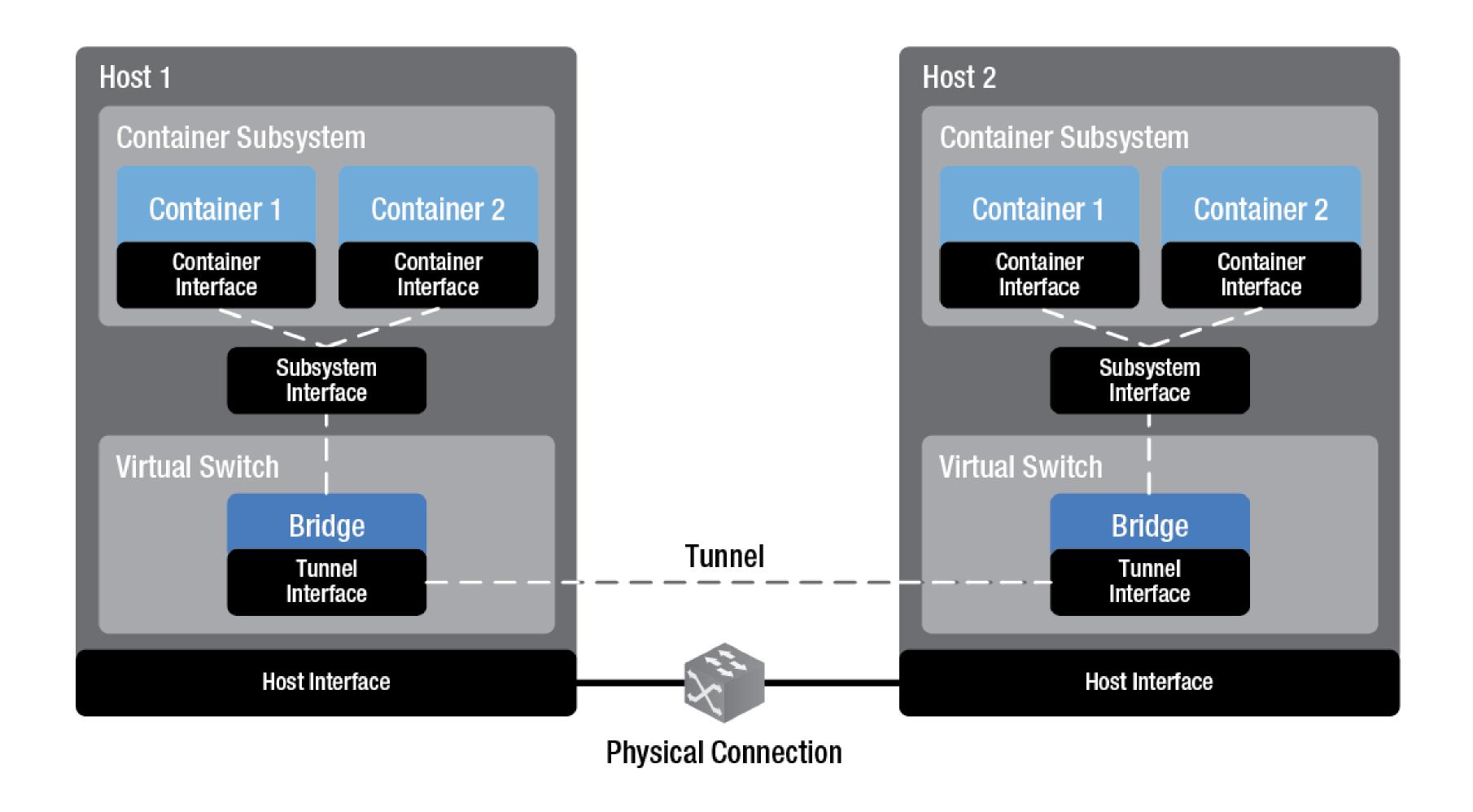
ip addr

### Connect to second container for Hello World

```
curl 192.168.1.2:8080 exit
```

# Connecting containers across VMs using Open vSwitch

# Implement ODCA SDN UM #4

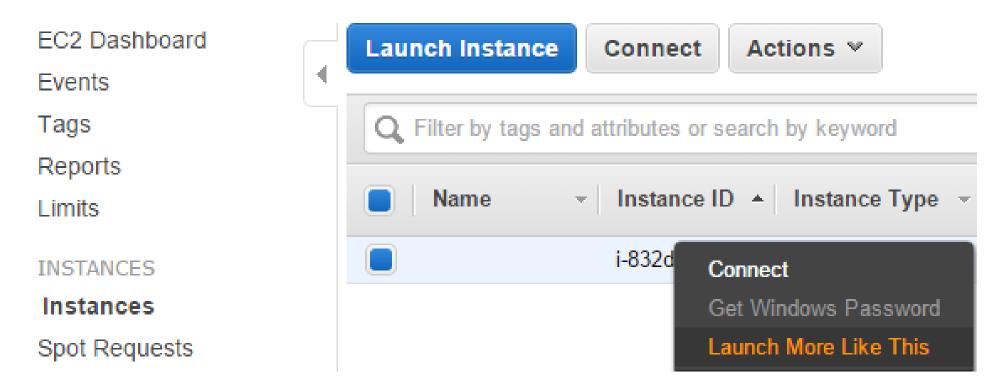


http://www.opendatacenteralliance.org/docs/software\_defined\_networking\_master\_usage\_model\_rev2.pdf

### Launch another instance

1) Return to console.aws.amazon.com

2) Right click on existing instance and Launch More Like This



- 3) Launch
  - 4) View Instances and get IP addresses

# Install Docker and Pipework on 2<sup>nd</sup> instance

#### Connect:

```
ssh -i my_key.pem ubuntu@public_ip
```

#### Install Docker

```
wget -q0- https://get.docker.com/ | sh
```

#### Install Pipework

```
sudo wget http://is.gd/onugpw -0 /usr/bin/pipework
sudo chmod +x /usr/bin/pipework
```

## Install OVS on both instances

#### Install OVS

sudo apt-get install -y openvswitch-switch

# Connect instances together via OVS

#### On first instance

```
sudo ovs-vsctl add-br ovsbr0
sudo ovs-vsctl add-port ovsbr0 gre1 -- set interface \
gre1 type=gre options:remote_ip=private_IP_instance2
```

#### On second instance

```
sudo ovs-vsctl add-br ovsbr0
sudo ovs-vsctl add-port ovsbr0 gre2 -- set interface \
gre2 type=gre options:remote_ip=private_IP_instance1
```

# Test connectivity between VMs

#### On second instance

```
sudo pipework ovsbr0 $(sudo docker run --net=none \
-d cpswan/hello_onug) 192.168.2.2/24
```

#### On first instance

```
CON1=$(sudo docker run --net=none -d cpswan/todomvc.mysql) sudo pipework ovsbr0 $CON1 192.168.2.1/24 sudo docker exec -it $CON1 bash curl 192.168.2.2:8080 exit
```

# Containerised network application services

# Run Network App Svcs

#### Run container with HAProxy and Nginx:

```
NAS=$(sudo docker run -d -p 80:80 -p 443:443 \ -p 4433:4433 cpswan/net-app-svcs)
```

#### Add another HelloWorld for it to load balance over

```
sudo pipework ovsbr0 $(sudo docker run --net=none \
-d cpswan/hello_onug) 192.168.2.3/24
```

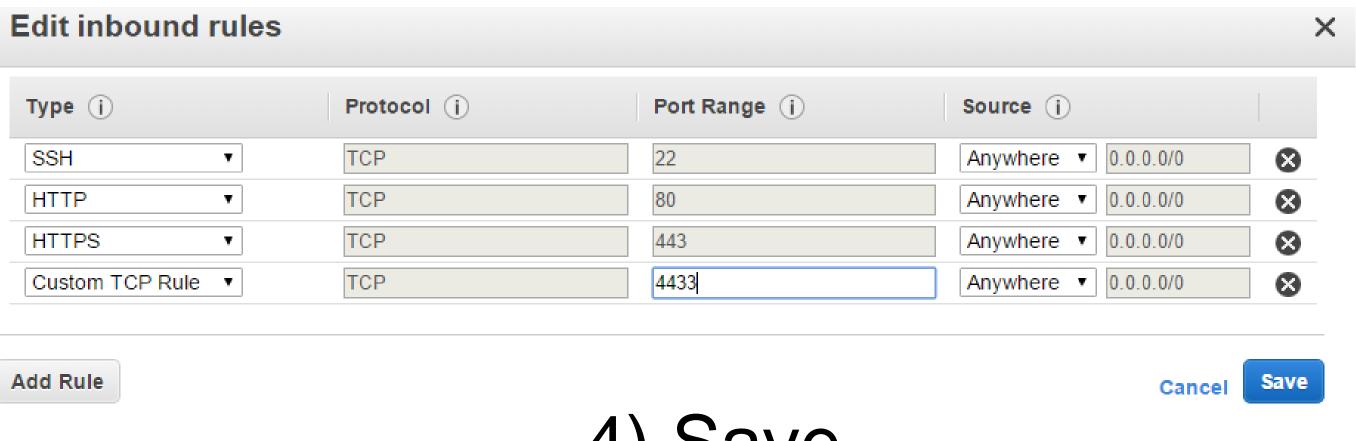
#### Add the NAS container to the OVS bridge

sudo pipework ovsbr0 \$NAS 192.168.2.4/24

# Open up AWS Security Groups

1) Return to console.aws.amazon.com

- 2) Click on Security Groups, launch-wizard-1, inbound, Edit
  - 3) Add HTTP, HTTPS and Custom TCP Rule for 4433



4) Save

### Load balancer in action

Browse to <a href="http://public\_ip">http://public\_ip</a>

Browse to <a href="http://public\_ip/haproxy?stats">http://public\_ip/haproxy?stats</a> and sign in with:

Username: us3r

Password: pa55Word

## TLS termination in action

Browse to <a href="https://public\_ip">https://public\_ip</a>

Accept browser security warnings

Bring up certificate information



Certificate Information

This CA Root certificate is not trusted. To enable trust, install this certificate in the Trusted Root Certification Authorities store.

Issued to: Acme Certificates

Issued by: Acme Certificates

Valid from 10/01/2014 to 08/01/2024

### WAF in action

Browse to <a href="https://public\_ip:4433">https://public\_ip:4433</a>

Accept browser security warnings

Browse to <a href="https://public\_dns\_address:4433">https://public\_dns\_address:4433</a>

# Take a look at config

#### Get a shell on the NAS container

sudo docker exec -it \$NAS bash

#### Inspect HAProxy config

more /etc/haproxy/haproxy.cfg

#### Inspect Nginx config

more /etc/nginx/nginx.conf

Source code is at <a href="http://is.gd/onugnas">http://is.gd/onugnas</a>

# Review

### Review

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# Further reading

### Take a look at

- Docker Network Configuration https://docs.docker.com/articles/networking/
- Weave https://github.com/weaveworks/weave
- Flocker https://github.com/ClusterHQ/flocker
- Socketplane https://github.com/socketplane/socketplane
- Tenus
   https://github.com/milosgajdos83/tenus
- Project Calico https://github.com/Metaswitch/calico

# Don't forget to shut down AWS instances!