

$$1) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^n + \sqrt{n}}{2^{n-1} + n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^n \left(2 + \frac{\sqrt{n}}{2^{n-1}} \right)}{2^{n-1} \left(1 + \frac{n}{2^{n-1}} \right)} = 2$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^{(2^n + \sqrt{n})}}{2^{(2^{n-1} + n)}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2^{(2^n + \sqrt{n} - n)} = \infty$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (2^{n-1} + \sqrt{n} - n) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2^{n-1} \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{n}}{2^{n-1}} - \frac{n}{2^{n-1}} \right) = \infty$$

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$$2) X_n = \frac{1}{2} X_{n-1} + n 2^n \quad X_0 = 0$$

$$X_n = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^n y_n \quad 0 = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^0 y_0 \quad y_0 = 0$$

$$y_n = y_{n-1} + \frac{n 2^n}{\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^n} = y_{n-1} + n \cdot 2^{2n} = y_{n-1} + n \cdot 4^n$$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^n i \cdot 4^i = \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right) \left(\frac{x^{n+1} - 1}{x - 1} \right) \Big|_{x=4} =$$

$$= \left[x^n \left(\frac{x}{x-1} - \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} \right) + \frac{x}{(x-1)^2} \right]_{x=4} = 4^n \left(\frac{4}{3} - \frac{1}{9} \right) + \frac{4}{9}$$

$$X_n = \frac{1}{2^n} \left[2^{2n} \left(\frac{4}{3} - \frac{1}{9} \right) + \frac{4}{9} \right] = \frac{1}{2^n} \left(2^{2n+2} \left(\frac{n}{3} - \frac{1}{9} \right) + \frac{2^2}{9} \right)$$

$$= 2^{n+2} \left(\frac{n}{3} - \frac{1}{9} \right) + \frac{1}{9} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n-2} = \frac{1}{9} \left[2^{n+2} (3n-1) + \frac{1}{2^{n-2}} \right]$$

$$3) j = i^2, 2i^2, 3i^2, \dots, k i^2 \quad \text{kde } k = \left\lfloor \frac{n}{i^2} \right\rfloor$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\lfloor \sqrt{n} \rfloor} \left\lfloor \frac{n}{i^2} \right\rfloor \geq \sum_{i=1}^{\lfloor \sqrt{n} \rfloor} \left(\frac{n}{i^2} - 1 \right) \geq n \left(\sum_{i=1}^{\lfloor \sqrt{n} \rfloor} \frac{1}{i^2} \right) - \sqrt{n} \geq n \int_1^{\lfloor \sqrt{n} \rfloor + 1} x^{-2} dx - \sqrt{n}$$

$$= n \left[-\frac{1}{x} \right]_1^{\lfloor \sqrt{n} \rfloor + 1} - \sqrt{n} = n \left(1 - \frac{1}{\lfloor \sqrt{n} \rfloor + 1} \right) - \sqrt{n} \geq n - 2\sqrt{n} = \Theta(n)$$

$$4) \quad X_n = (n+1) X_{n-1} + 3(n+1) \quad X_0 = 0$$

$$X_n = (n+1)! y_n \quad y_0 = 0$$

$$y_n = y_{n-1} + \frac{3(n+1)}{(n+1)!} = y_{n-1} + \frac{3}{n!} = 3 \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{i!} =$$

$$= 3 \sum_{i=0}^n \frac{1}{i!} - 3 \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} y_n = 3(e-1)$$

$$X_n = (n+1)! \cdot 3(e-1)$$

$$5) \quad X_n = 2X_{n-1} + 2^4 X_{n-2} \quad X_0 = X_1 = 1$$

$$a^2 - 2a - 24 = 0$$

$$(a+4)(a-6) = 0$$

$$X_n = C_1 (-4)^n + C_2 6^n$$

$$1 = C_1 + C_2$$

$$1 = -4C_1 + 6C_2$$

$$5 = 10C_2 \quad C_2 = \frac{1}{2} \quad C_1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$X_n = \frac{1}{2} ((-4)^n + 6^n)$$

$$6) \quad a) \quad T(n) = 3T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + n^{\frac{4}{5}} / \log n$$

$$n^{\log_4 3} = n^{0.792} < n^{0.8}$$

$$n^{\frac{4}{5}} / \log n = \Omega(n^{\log_4 3 + \epsilon}) \quad \text{for } \epsilon = 0.001$$

$$3 \left(\frac{n}{4}\right)^{\frac{4}{5}} / \log \frac{n}{4} \leq C n^{\frac{4}{5}} / \log n$$

$$\frac{3}{4^{\frac{4}{5}}} \cdot \left(\frac{\log n}{\log n - \log 4} \right) \leq C$$

$\rightarrow 1$

$$\frac{3}{4^{\frac{4}{5}}} = \frac{3}{3.03} = 0.990$$

$$C = 0.999$$

\Rightarrow MT3 $T(n) = \Theta(n^{\frac{4}{5}} / \log n)$

$$b) T(n) = 4T\left(\frac{n}{5}\right) + n^{\frac{4}{5}}$$

$$n^{\log_5 4} = n^{0.86} > n^{\frac{4}{5}}$$

$$n^{\frac{4}{5}} = O(n^{\log_5 4 - \epsilon}) \quad \text{pre } \epsilon = 0.01$$

$$\Rightarrow_{\text{MT1}} T(n) = \Theta(n^{\log_5 4})$$

$$c) T(n) = 16T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + n^2 \log n$$

$$n^{\log_4 16} = n^2$$

$$n^2 \log n = \Theta(n^{\log_4 16} \cdot \log n) \quad \Rightarrow_{\text{MT2}}$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n^2 \log^2 n)$$