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Лабораторная работа №4
**«Подготовка обучающей и тестовой выборки, кросс-
валидация и подбор гиперпараметров на примере
метода ближайших соседей»**

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Цель лабораторной работы: изучение сложных способов подготовки выборки и подбора гиперпараметров на примере метода ближайших соседей.

Задание:

1. Выберите набор данных (датасет) для решения задачи классификации или регрессии.
2. С использованием метода `train_test_split` разделите выборку на обучающую и тестовую.
3. Обучите модель ближайших соседей для произвольно заданного гиперпараметра `K`. Оцените качество модели с помощью подходящих для задачи метрик.
4. Постройте модель и оцените качество модели с использованием кросс-валидации.
5. Произведите подбор гиперпараметра `K` с использованием `GridSearchCV` и кросс-валидации.

Выполнение работы

```
In [74]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

from typing import Dict, Tuple
from scipy import stats
from sklearn.datasets import load_wine
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, cross_val_score, cross_validate, GridSearchCV
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor, KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import *
```

```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
sns.set(style="ticks")
```

```
In [75]: wine = load_wine()
```

```
In [76]: # Наименование признаков
wine.feature_names
```

```
Out[76]: ['alcohol',
'malic_acid',
'ash',
'alcalinity_of_ash',
'magnesium',
'total_phenols',
'flavanoids',
'nonflavanoid_phenols',
'proanthocyanins',
'color_intensity',
'hue',
'od280/od315_of_diluted_wines',
'proline']
```

```
In [77]: # Размер датасета
wine.data.shape
```

```
Out[77]: (178, 13)
```

Формирование DataFrame

```
In [78]: wine_df = pd.DataFrame(data=np.c_[wine['data'], wine['target']],
columns=list(wine['feature_names'] + ['target']))
```

```
In [79]: wine_df.describe()
```

	alcohol	malic_acid	ash	alcalinity_of_ash	magnesium	total_phenols	flavanoids	nonflavanoid_phenols	proanthocyanins	color_intensity	
count	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000
mean	13.000618	2.336348	2.368517	19.494944	99.741573	2.295112	2.029270	0.361854	1.590899	5.058090	
std	0.811827	1.117146	0.274344	3.339564	14.282484	0.625851	0.998859	0.124453	0.572359	2.318286	
min	11.030000	0.740000	1.360000	10.600000	70.000000	0.980000	0.340000	0.130000	0.410000	1.280000	
25%	12.362500	1.602500	2.210000	17.200000	88.000000	1.742500	1.205000	0.270000	1.250000	3.220000	
50%	13.050000	1.865000	2.360000	19.500000	98.000000	2.355000	2.135000	0.340000	1.555000	4.690000	
75%	13.677500	3.082500	2.557500	21.500000	107.000000	2.800000	2.875000	0.437500	1.950000	6.200000	
max	14.830000	5.800000	3.230000	30.000000	162.000000	3.880000	5.080000	0.660000	3.580000	13.000000	

Разделение на обучающую и тестовую выборки

```
In [80]: wine_X_train, wine_X_test, wine_Y_train, wine_Y_test = train_test_split(wine.data, wine.target,
                                                                              test_size=0.3, random_state=1)
```

```
In [81]: # Размер обучающей выборки
wine_X_train.shape, wine_Y_train.shape
```

```
Out[81]: ((124, 13), (124,))
```

```
In [82]: # Размер тестовой выборки
wine_X_test.shape, wine_Y_test.shape
```

```
Out[82]: ((54, 13), (54,))
```

```
In [83]: # 3 ближайших соседа
cl1_1 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)
cl1_1.fit(wine_X_train, wine_Y_train)

target1_1 = cl1_1.predict(wine_X_test)
len(target1_1), target1_1
```

```
Out[83]: (54,
array([0, 1, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 0, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
       2, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0,
       0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 2, 0]))
```

```
In [84]: # 5 ближайших соседей
cl1_2 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
cl1_2.fit(wine_X_train, wine_Y_train)

target1_2 = cl1_2.predict(wine_X_test)
len(target1_2), target1_2
```

```
Out[84]: (54,
array([1, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 2, 0, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
       2, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0,
       0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 2, 0]))
```

Метрики качества классификации

```
In [85]: # Accuracy
# wine_Y_test = эталон
# target = предсказанное значение классов

# 3 ближайших
accuracy_score(wine_Y_test, target1_1)
```

```
Out[85]: 0.7407407407407407
```

```
In [86]: # 5 ближайших
accuracy_score(wine_Y_test, target1_2)
```

```
Out[86]: 0.7037037037037037
```

```
In [87]: # Confusion Matrix
# Конвертация целевого признака в бинарный

def convert_target_to_binary(array: np.ndarray, target: int) -> np.ndarray:
    # Если целевой признак совпадает, то 1
    res = [1 if x==target else 0 for x in array]
    return res
bin_wine_Y_test = convert_target_to_binary(wine_Y_test, 2)
bin_target1_1 = convert_target_to_binary(target1_1, 2)
bin_target1_2 = convert_target_to_binary(target1_2, 2)

confusion_matrix(bin_wine_Y_test, bin_target1_1, labels=[0, 1])
```

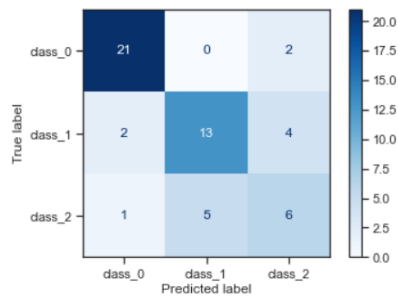
```
Out[87]: array([[36,  6],
               [ 6,  6]], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [88]: tn, fp, fn, tp = confusion_matrix(bin_wine_Y_test, bin_target1_1).ravel()
tn, fp, fn, tp
```

```
Out[88]: (36, 6, 6, 6)
```

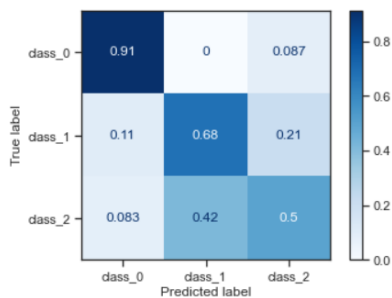
```
In [89]: plot_confusion_matrix(cl1_1, wine_X_test, wine_Y_test,
                             display_labels=wine.target_names, cmap=plt.cm.Blues)
```

```
Out[89]: <sklearn.metrics._plot.confusion_matrix.ConfusionMatrixDisplay at 0x1a31610>
```



```
In [90]: plot_confusion_matrix(cl1_1, wine_X_test, wine_Y_test,
                             display_labels=wine.target_names, cmap=plt.cm.Blues,
                             normalize='true')
```

```
Out[90]: <sklearn.metrics._plot.confusion_matrix.ConfusionMatrixDisplay at 0x1a59570>
```

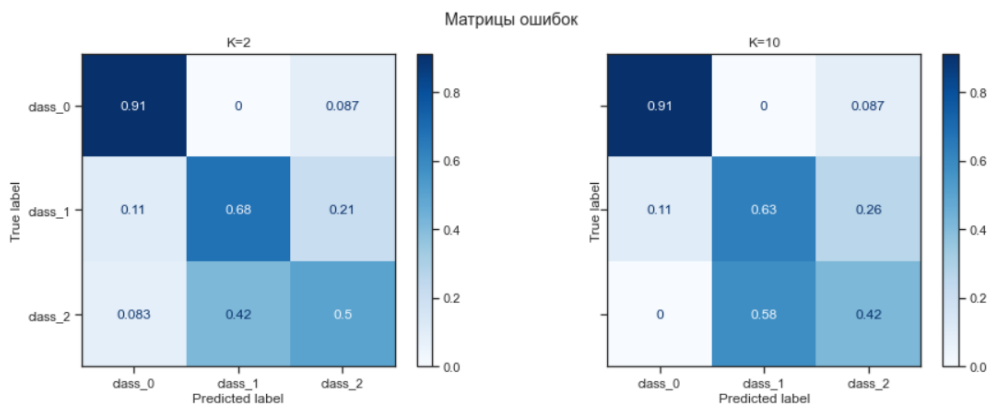


```
In [91]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2, sharex='col', sharey='row', figsize=(15,5))

plot_confusion_matrix(cl1_1, wine_X_test, wine_Y_test,
                     display_labels=wine.target_names,
                     cmap=plt.cm.Blues, normalize='true', ax=ax[0])

plot_confusion_matrix(cl1_2, wine_X_test, wine_Y_test,
                     display_labels=wine.target_names,
                     cmap=plt.cm.Blues, normalize='true', ax=ax[1])

fig.suptitle('Матрицы ошибок')
ax[0].title.set_text('K=2')
ax[1].title.set_text('K=10')
```



```
In [92]: # Precision, recall, F-мера
# 3 ближайших
precision_score(bin_wine_Y_test, bin_target1_1), recall_score(bin_wine_Y_test, bin_target1_1)
```

```
Out[92]: (0.5, 0.5)
```

```
In [93]: # 5 ближайших
precision_score(bin_wine_Y_test, bin_target1_2), recall_score(bin_wine_Y_test, bin_target1_2)
```

```
Out[93]: (0.4166666666666667, 0.4166666666666667)
```

```
In [94]: precision_score(wine_Y_test, target1_1, average='micro')
```

```
Out[94]: 0.7407407407407407
```

```
In [95]: # Без учета веса класса
precision_score(wine_Y_test, target1_1, average='macro')

Out[95]: 0.6990740740740741

In [96]: # С учетом веса классов
precision_score(wine_Y_test, target1_1, average='weighted')

Out[96]: 0.7379115226337448

In [97]: classification_report(wine_Y_test, target1_1,
                             target_names=wine.target_names, output_dict=True)

Out[97]: {'class_0': {'precision': 0.875,
                      'recall': 0.9130434782608695,
                      'f1-score': 0.8936170212765957,
                      'support': 23},
          'class_1': {'precision': 0.7222222222222222,
                      'recall': 0.6842105263157895,
                      'f1-score': 0.7027027027027027,
                      'support': 19},
          'class_2': {'precision': 0.5, 'recall': 0.5, 'f1-score': 0.5, 'support': 12},
          'accuracy': 0.7407407407407407,
          'macro avg': {'precision': 0.6990740740740741,
                        'recall': 0.6990846681922197,
                        'f1-score': 0.6987732413264328,
                        'support': 54},
          'weighted avg': {'precision': 0.7379115226337448,
                           'recall': 0.7407407407407407,
                           'f1-score': 0.7389730155687603,
                           'support': 54}}
```

ROC-кривая и ROC AUC

```
In [98]: fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(bin_wine_Y_test, bin_target1_1,
                                         pos_label=1)
fpr, tpr, thresholds

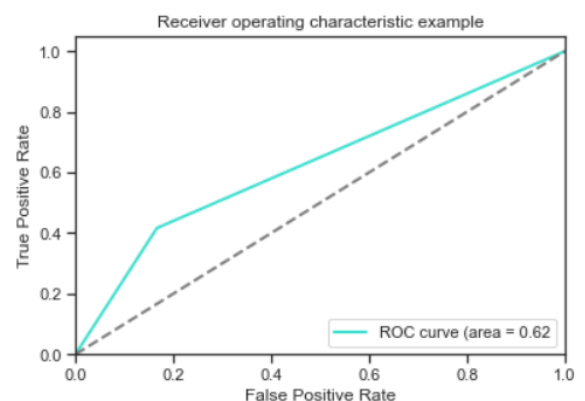
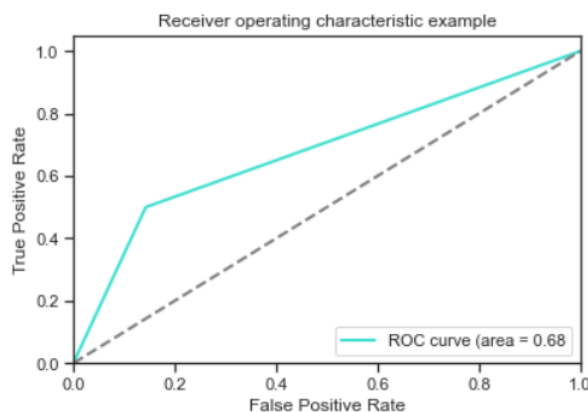
Out[98]: (array([0.          , 0.14285714, 1.          ]),
         array([0.          , 0.5, 1.          ]),
         array([2, 1, 0]))

In [125]: def draw_roc_curve(y_true, y_score, pos_label, average):
          fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_true, y_score,
                                         pos_label=pos_label)
          roc_auc_value = roc_auc_score(y_true, y_score, average=average)

          plt.figure()
          lw = 2
          plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='turquoise',
                   lw=lw, label='ROC curve (area = %0.2f' % roc_auc_value)
          plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='grey', lw=lw, linestyle='--')
          plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
          plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
          plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
          plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
          plt.title('Receiver operating characteristic example')
          plt.legend(loc='lower right')
          plt.show()

# 3 ближайших
draw_roc_curve(bin_wine_Y_test, bin_target1_1, pos_label=1, average='micro')

# 5 ближайших
draw_roc_curve(bin_wine_Y_test, bin_target1_2, pos_label=1, average='micro')
```



Исходя из полученных метрик качества классификации, можно судить о среднем качестве классификации.

Разбиение выборки на k частей с помощью кросс-валидации. Стратегия кросс-валидации определяется автоматически (cross_val_score).

```
In [100]: wine_cross = cross_val_score(KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=2),
                                     wine.data, wine.target, cv=11)
wine_cross
```

```
Out[100]: array([[0.58823529, 0.64705882, 0.6875      , 0.5625      , 0.5625      ,
                  0.625      , 0.8125      , 0.6875      , 0.8125      , 0.75      ,
                  0.75      ]])
```

```
In [101]: np.mean(wine_cross)
```

```
Out[101]: 0.68048128342246
```

```
In [102]: wining = {'precision': 'precision_weighted',
                   'recall': 'recall_weighted',
                   'f1': 'f1_weighted'}

wine_cross = cross_validate(KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=2),
                           wine.data, wine.target, scoring=wining,
                           cv=3, return_train_score=True)

wine_cross
```

```
Out[102]: {'fit_time': array([0.00100255, 0.00050139, 0.00050163]),
           'score_time': array([0.00651455, 0.00601339, 0.00601387]),
           'test_precision': array([0.48984127, 0.62317561, 0.70585516]),
           'train_precision': array([0.91000807, 0.8877454 , 0.85825075]),
           'test_recall': array([0.56666667, 0.6440678 , 0.72881356]),
           'train_recall': array([0.89830508, 0.87394958, 0.83193277]),
           'test_f1': array([0.51069094, 0.6198816 , 0.6798559 ]),
           'train_f1': array([0.89415947, 0.8703245 , 0.8181316 ])]
```

Нахождение наилучшего гиперпараметра K с использованием GridSearchCV и кросс-валидации

```
In [103]: n_range = np.array(range(5, 30, 1))
tuned_parameters = [{'n_neighbors': n_range}]
tuned_parameters
```

```
Out[103]: [{'n_neighbors': array([ 5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,
                                   22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29])}]
```

```
In [104]: %time
clf_gs = GridSearchCV(KNeighborsClassifier(), tuned_parameters,
                     cv=5, scoring='accuracy')
clf_gs.fit(wine_X_train, wine_Y_train)
```

Wall time: 605 ms

```
Out[104]: GridSearchCV(cv=5, error_score=nan,
                      estimator=KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf_size=30,
                                                    metric='minkowski',
                                                    metric_params=None, n_jobs=None,
                                                    n_neighbors=5, p=2,
                                                    weights='uniform'),
                      iid='deprecated', n_jobs=None,
                      param_grid=[{'n_neighbors': array([ 5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,
                                                            22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29])}],
                      pre_dispatch='2*n_jobs', refit=True, return_train_score=False,
                      scoring='accuracy', verbose=0)
```

```
In [105]: clf_gs.cv_results_
```

```
Out[105]: {'mean_fit_time': array([0.00060105, 0.00070167, 0.00110264, 0.00100374, 0.00070162,
                                   0.00090179, 0.00100331, 0.00080175, 0.00060048, 0.00059934,
                                   0.00080385, 0.00050073, 0.00060158, 0.00050139, 0.00060096,
                                   0.0005003 , 0.00120263, 0.00360789, 0.00110283, 0.0019032 ,
                                   0.0006012 , 0.00060024, 0.00200419, 0.00050144, 0.00049877]),
           'std_fit_time': array([2.00510280e-04, 2.45477094e-04, 2.00057562e-04, 6.33204593e-04,
                                   2.45613048e-04, 5.84434964e-04, 6.35954867e-04, 2.45340545e-04,
                                   1.97347260e-04, 2.01643006e-04, 4.04373868e-04, 4.86280395e-07,
                                   2.00605477e-04, 3.37174788e-07, 1.99961740e-04, 1.73636832e-06,
                                   5.10856311e-04, 3.72841647e-03, 4.90582888e-04, 1.83205304e-03,
                                   2.00557822e-04, 2.01647077e-04, 2.76327783e-03, 3.50402318e-07,
                                   4.77551878e-06]),
           'mean_score_time': array([0.00200458, 0.00952134, 0.00440965, 0.00460882, 0.00220475,
                                   0.00240555, 0.00240407, 0.00260611, 0.00210381, 0.00200453,
                                   0.00200257, 0.00190687, 0.00200438, 0.00220475, 0.00200481,
                                   0.0030066 , 0.00440979, 0.0034102 , 0.00430913, 0.00320711,
                                   0.00260568, 0.00751648, 0.00320783, 0.00260663, 0.00220509]),
           'std_score_time': array([0.00031681, 0.01453806, 0.00260213, 0.00496464, 0.0004005 ,
                                   0.00058461, 0.0005853 , 0.00097204, 0.00020111, 0.00031741,
                                   0.0003172 , 0.000378 , 0.00063396, 0.00051116, 0.00063403,
                                   0.00100243, 0.00171867, 0.00111435, 0.00333295, 0.00136722,
```

```

0.00124381, 0.01027917, 0.00081394, 0.00124365, 0.00040045]],
'param_n_neighbors': masked_array(data=[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19,
20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29],
mask=[False, False, False, False, False, False, False, False, False,
False, False, False, False, False, False, False, False, False,
False, False, False, False, False, False, False, False, False,
False],
fill_value='?',
dtype=object),
'params': [{'n_neighbors': 5},
{'n_neighbors': 6},
{'n_neighbors': 7},
{'n_neighbors': 8},
{'n_neighbors': 9},
{'n_neighbors': 10},
{'n_neighbors': 11},
{'n_neighbors': 12},
{'n_neighbors': 13},
{'n_neighbors': 14},
{'n_neighbors': 15},
{'n_neighbors': 16},
{'n_neighbors': 17},
{'n_neighbors': 18},
{'n_neighbors': 19},
{'n_neighbors': 20},
{'n_neighbors': 21},
{'n_neighbors': 22},
{'n_neighbors': 23},
{'n_neighbors': 24},
{'n_neighbors': 25},
{'n_neighbors': 26},
{'n_neighbors': 27},
{'n_neighbors': 28},
{'n_neighbors': 29}],
'split0_test_score': array([0.64, 0.64, 0.6 , 0.6 , 0.64, 0.64, 0.64, 0.64, 0.64, 0.6 , 0.6 ,
0.76, 0.76, 0.72, 0.68, 0.76, 0.76, 0.76, 0.72, 0.72, 0.76, 0.76,
0.76, 0.76, 0.76]),
'split1_test_score': array([0.72, 0.8 , 0.72, 0.8 , 0.76, 0.64, 0.68, 0.76, 0.72, 0.72, 0.76,
0.8 , 0.8 , 0.8 , 0.8 , 0.8 , 0.84, 0.8 , 0.76, 0.8 , 0.84,
0.8 , 0.76, 0.8 ]),
'split2_test_score': array([0.76, 0.8 , 0.76, 0.72, 0.76, 0.76, 0.76, 0.84, 0.8 , 0.84, 0.8 ,
0.68, 0.68, 0.68, 0.76, 0.72, 0.72, 0.72, 0.72, 0.72, 0.72, 0.72, 0.72,
0.72, 0.72, 0.72]),
'split3_test_score': array([0.68, 0.76, 0.72, 0.76, 0.72, 0.76, 0.72, 0.72, 0.72, 0.64, 0.64,
0.64, 0.64, 0.64, 0.64, 0.68, 0.64, 0.64, 0.64, 0.64, 0.64,
0.64, 0.64, 0.64]),
'split4_test_score': array([0.58333333, 0.625 , 0.54166667, 0.5 , 0.58333333,
0.58333333, 0.58333333, 0.54166667, 0.66666667, 0.625 ,
0.66666667, 0.70833333, 0.75 , 0.79166667, 0.75 ,
0.75 , 0.75 , 0.75 , 0.75 , 0.75 ,
0.66666667, 0.70833333, 0.625 , 0.70833333, 0.625 ]),
'mean_test_score': array([0.67666667, 0.725 , 0.66833333, 0.676 , 0.69266667,
0.67666667, 0.67666667, 0.70033333, 0.70933333, 0.685 ,
0.69333333, 0.71766667, 0.726 , 0.72633333, 0.726 ,
0.734 , 0.734 , 0.75 , 0.726 , 0.718 ,
0.71733333, 0.73366667, 0.709 , 0.71766667, 0.709 ]),
'std_test_score': array([0.06146363, 0.0770714 , 0.08301272, 0.1105622 , 0.07006029,
0.07111806, 0.06146363, 0.10224372, 0.05491003, 0.08729261,
0.07495184, 0.05676071, 0.05782733, 0.0621861 , 0.05782733,
0.05351635, 0.05351635, 0.05291503, 0.052 , 0.04214262,
0.05866667, 0.06573009, 0.06755738, 0.04406561, 0.06755738]),
'rank_test_score': array([21, 9, 25, 24, 19, 22, 22, 17, 14, 20, 18, 11, 6, 5, 6, 2, 2,
1, 6, 10, 13, 4, 15, 11, 15], dtype=int32)}

```

```

In [106]: # Лучшая модель
clf_gs.best_estimator_

```

```

Out[106]: KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf_size=30, metric='minkowski',
metric_params=None, n_jobs=None, n_neighbors=22, p=2,
weights='uniform')

```

```

In [107]: # Лучшее значение метрики
clf_gs.best_score_

```

```

Out[107]: 0.7500000000000001

```

```

In [108]: # Лучшее значение параметров
clf_gs.best_params_

```

```

Out[108]: {'n_neighbors': 22}

```

Как видно, лучшее найденное значение гиперпараметра $K = 22$. При этом K наилучшее значение метрики = 0,75.