

Parcial 2 SYS

Punto 1:

El Sistema masa, resorte, y amortiguador se puede modelar a partir de la Conservación de Fuerzas

$$F_s(t) + F_f(t) + F_i(t) = F_E(t)$$

donde $F_s(t) = k y(t)$, $F_f(t) = c \frac{dy(t)}{dt}$, y $F_i(t) = m \frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2}$

Por Consiguiente

$$m \frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + c \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + k y(t) = F_E(t) = X(t)$$

Aplicamos la transformada de Laplace

$\mathcal{L} \left\{ \frac{d^n X(t)}{dt^n} \right\} = s^n X(s)$ tenemos que:

$$m s^2 Y(s) + c s Y(s) + k Y(s) = X(s)$$

y:

$$H(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)} = \frac{1}{m s^2 + c s + k}$$

Ahora, Para el circuito eléctrico

$$V_i(s) = Ls I_1(s) + (I_1(s) - I_2(s)) \frac{1}{Cs}$$

$$(I_2(s) - I_1(s)) \frac{1}{Cs} + I_2(s) R = 0$$

$$V_o(s) = R I_2(s)$$

Se despeja $I_1(s)$ respecto a $I_2(s)$:

$$\frac{1}{Cs} I_2(s) - \frac{1}{Cs} I_1(s) + I_2(s) R = 0$$

$$\{ I_1(s) = I_2(s) (1 + CRs) \}$$

Se reemplaza respecto a la 1ra ecuación:

$$V_i(s) = Ls I_2(s) (1 + CRs) + (I_2(s) (1 + CRs) - I_2(s)) \frac{1}{Cs}$$

$$V_i(s) = Ls I_2(s) + CR Ls^2 I_2(s) + I_2(s) \frac{1}{Cs} + I_2(s) R - I_2(s) \frac{1}{Cs}$$

$$V_i(s) = I_2(s) (CR Ls^2 + Ls + R)$$

$$\frac{I_2(s)}{V_i(s)} = \frac{1}{CR Ls^2 + Ls + R}$$

$$\frac{R I_2(s)}{V_i(s)} = \frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)} = \frac{R}{CR Ls^2 + Ls + R}$$

$$\{ H(s) \frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)} = \frac{1}{CLs^2 + \frac{1}{R}s + 1} \}$$