

3 Puntos) $x_1(t), x_2(t) \in \mathbb{R} \subset \mathbb{C}$

$$d(x_1, x_2) = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{T} \int_T |x_1(t) - x_2(t)|^2 dt$$

Sean $x_1(t)$ y $x_2(t)$

$$x_1(t) = A \cos(\omega_0 t), \quad \omega_0 = 2\pi/T, \quad T, A \in \mathbb{R}^+$$

$$x_2(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{si } 0 \leq t < T/4 \\ -1 & \text{si } T/4 \leq t < 3T/4 \\ 1 & \text{si } 3T/4 \leq t < T \end{cases}$$

Señal 1:

$$x_1(t) = A \cos(\omega_0 t), \quad \omega_0 = 2\pi/T$$

Señal 2:

$$x_2(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{si } 0 \leq t < T/4 \\ -1 & \text{si } T/4 \leq t < 3T/4 \\ 1 & \text{si } 3T/4 \leq t < T \end{cases}$$

División por tramos: Porque la señal 2 no es continua.

• Tramo 1: $0 \leq t < T/4$ $x_2(t) = 1$

$$|x_1(t) - x_2(t)|^2 = |A \cos(\omega_0 t) - 1|^2 = (A \cos(\omega_0 t) - 1)^2$$

• Tramo 2: $T/4 \leq t < 3T/4$ $x_2(t) = -1$

$$|x_1(t) - x_2(t)|^2 = |A \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1|^2 = (A \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1)^2$$

Tramo 3: $3T/4 \leq t < T$ $x_2(t) = 1$

$$|x_1(t) - x_2(t)|^2 = |A \cos(\omega_0 t) - 1|^2 = (A \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1)^2$$

$$\int_0^T |x_1(t) - x_2(t)|^2 dt = \int_0^{T/4} (A \cos(\omega_0 t) - 1)^2 dt + \int_{T/4}^{3T/4} (A \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1)^2 dt + \int_{3T/4}^T (A \cos(\omega_0 t) - 1)^2 dt$$

Expandir los cuadrados:

1 y 3 Tramo (son iguales):

$$(A \cos(\omega_0 t) - 1)^2 = A^2 \cos^2(\omega_0 t) - 2A \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1$$

2 Tramo

$$(A \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1)^2 = A^2 \cos^2(\omega_0 t) + 2A \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1$$

Identidad trigonométrica

$$\text{Se sabe que: } \cos^2(\omega_0 t) = \frac{1 + \cos(2\omega_0 t)}{2}$$

$$\text{Entonces: } A^2 \cos^2(\omega_0 t) = \frac{A^2}{2} + \frac{A^2}{2} \cos(2\omega_0 t)$$

Se Integra cada tramo:

$$1 \text{ tramo } \int_0^{T/4} (A^2 \cos^2(\omega_0 t) - 2A \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1) dt$$

$$= \int_0^{T/4} \left(\frac{A^2}{2} + \frac{A^2}{2} \cos(2\omega_0 t) - 2A \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1 \right) dt$$

Se Parando

$$= \frac{A^2}{2} \int_0^{T/4} dt + \frac{A^2}{2} \int_0^{T/4} \cos(2\omega_0 t) dt - 2A \int_0^{T/4} \cos(\omega_0 t) dt + \int_0^{T/4} dt$$

$$A/2 \cdot T/4 + A/2 \int_0^{T/4} \cos(2\omega_0 t) dt - 2A \int_0^{T/4} \cos(\omega_0 t) dt + T/4$$

Ahora usamos $\int \cos(kt) dt = \sin(kt)/k$

Entonces:

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{T/4} \cos(2\omega_0 t) dt &= \left[\frac{\sin(2\omega_0 t)}{2\omega_0} \right]_0^{T/4} = \frac{\sin(\pi) - \sin(0)}{2\omega_0} \\ &= \frac{0 - 0}{2\omega_0} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{T/4} \cos(\omega_0 t) dt &= \left[\frac{\sin(\omega_0 t)}{\omega_0} \right]_0^{T/4} = \frac{\sin(\pi/2) - \sin(0)}{\omega_0} \\ &= \frac{1 - 0}{\omega_0} = 1/\omega_0 \end{aligned}$$

El primera tramo da:

$$A^2 T/8 + 0 - 2A/\omega_0 + T/4 = \boxed{A^2 T/8 + T/4 - 2A/\omega_0}$$

2 tramo)

$$\int_{T/4}^{3T/4} (A^2 \cos^2(\omega_0 t) + 2A \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1) dt$$

recordemos:

$$\begin{aligned} \cos^2(\omega_0 t) &= \frac{1 + \cos(2\omega_0 t)}{2} \Rightarrow A^2 \cos^2(\omega_0 t) \\ &= A^2/2 + A^2/2 \cos(2\omega_0 t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_{T/4}^{3T/4} \left(\frac{A^2}{2} + \frac{A^2}{2} \cos(2\omega_0 t) + 2A \cos(\omega_0 t) + 1 \right) dt$$

Separar la integral:

$$= \underbrace{\int_{T/4}^{3T/4} \frac{A^2}{2} dt}_1 + \underbrace{\int_{T/4}^{3T/4} \frac{A^2}{2} \cos(2\omega_0 t) dt}_2 + \underbrace{\int_{T/4}^{3T/4} 2A \cos(\omega_0 t) dt}_3 + \underbrace{\int_{T/4}^{3T/4} 1 dt}_4$$

Evaluar Cada Integral:

$$1) \int_{T/4}^{3T/4} \frac{A^2}{2} dt = \frac{A^2}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{3T}{4} - \frac{T}{4} \right) = \frac{A^2}{2} \cdot \frac{T}{2} = \frac{A^2 T}{4}$$

$$2) \int_{T/4}^{3T/4} \frac{A^2}{2} \cos(2\omega_0 t) dt = \left[\frac{\sin(2\omega_0 t)}{2\omega_0} \right]_{T/4}^{3T/4}$$

Recordemos: $\omega_0 = 2\pi/T \Rightarrow 2\omega_0 = 4\pi/T$

$$2\omega_0 \cdot T/4 = \pi \quad \text{y} \quad 2\omega_0 \cdot 3T/4 = 3\pi$$

$$\int_{T/4}^{3T/4} \cos(2\omega_0 t) dt = \frac{\sin(3\pi) - \sin(\pi)}{2\omega_0} = \frac{0 - 0}{2\omega_0} = 0$$

multiplicado por $\frac{A^2}{2} \cdot 0 = 0$

$$3) \int_{T/4}^{3T/4} \cos(\omega_0 t) dt = \left[\frac{\sin(\omega_0 t)}{\omega_0} \right]_{T/4}^{3T/4}$$

$$\omega_0 \cdot T/4 = \pi/2,$$

$$\omega_0 \cdot 3T/4 = 3\pi/2$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin(3\pi/2) - \sin(\pi/2) = \frac{-1-1}{\omega_0} = -2/\omega_0$$

$$= 2A(-2/\omega_0) = -4A/\omega_0$$

$$4) \int_{T/4}^{3T/4} 1 dt = 3T/4 - T/4 = T/2$$

Resultado: $\left[A^2 T/4 - 4A/\omega_0 + T/2 \right]$

$$E = A^2 - \frac{8A + T\omega_0(A^2 + 2)}{2\omega_0}$$