

ADVANCED VUE JS WORKSHOP_III_

ABOUT ME

@Rafael_Casuso



- **CTO** [@StayApp](#)
- **CEO** [@SnowStormIO](#)
- **Organizer** [@VueJsMadrid](#),
[@BotDevMad](#)
- **Software Engineer** with +10 years
of experience leading teams and
developing.
- **Software Architect** looking for
revolutionary ways to change the
world.
- **Specialties:** JavaScript, NodeJS,
Conversational Intelligences.



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REFACTORING

COMPONENT REFACTORING_

- ▶ EXTRACTING SMALLER COMPONENTS IS THE BASE OF VUE REFACTORING
- ▶ LARGE COMPONENTS ARE A SMELL OF REFACTORING NEED



The screenshot shows a code editor window titled "HelloWorld.vue". The code is a Vue component with the following structure:

```
<template>
  <div class="hello">
    <div class="greeting">
      <p v-if="showGreeting">{{greeting}}</p>
      <button v-on:click="toggleGreeting">Click me!</button>
    </div>
  </div>
</template>

<script>
  export default {
    name: 'HelloWorld',
    data() {
      return {
        greeting: "Hello and Welcome!",
        showGreeting: false
      }
    },
    methods: {

```

A code editor interface is shown with the file "HelloWorld.vue" open. The code editor highlights the template section from line 2 to line 6. A context menu is displayed at the bottom right of the highlighted area, containing the option "Extract Vue Component ▶". The rest of the code (lines 7 to 20) is visible below.

REUSABLE COMPONENTS_

- ▶ REFACTOR INTO REUSABLE COMPONENTS ALLOW SUCINT CODE
- ▶ COMPONENT API INCLUDE PROPS, EVENTS & SLOTS
- ▶ ACCESSING CHILD COMPONENTS NEEDS REF DECLARATION

```
<my-component
  :foo="baz"
  :bar="qux"
  @event-a="doThis"
  @event-b="doThat"
>
  
  <p slot="main-text">Hello!</p>
</my-component>
```

```
<div id="parent">
  <user-profile ref="profile"></user-profile>
</div>

var parent = new Vue({ el: '#parent' })
// access child component instance
var child = parent.$refs.profile
```

MIXINS_

- ▶ OBJECT THAT CAN CONTAIN ANY COMPONENT FUNCTIONS SUCH AS COMPUTED PROPERTIES, METHODS, HOOKS OR DATA PROPERTIES
- ▶ OPTIONS MERGE:
- ▶ DATA PROPERTIES FOLLOW ONE-LEVEL DEEP MERGE, WITH COMPONENT PROPERTIES PRIORITY
- ▶ HOOK FUNCTIONS ARE MERGED INTO AN ARRAY AND MIXINS' EXECUTE FIRST
- ▶ OBJECTS LIKE METHODS, DIRECTIVES OR COMPONENTS HAVE COMPONENT PRIORITY

MIXINS_

```
// define a mixin object
var myMixin = {
  created: function () {
    this.hello()
  },
  methods: {
    hello: function () {
      console.log('hello from mixin!')
    }
  }
}

// define a component that uses this mixin
var Component = Vue.extend({
  mixins: [myMixin]
})

var component = new Component() // => "hello from mixin!"
```

```
var mixin = {
  methods: {
    foo: function () {
      console.log('foo')
    },
    conflicting: function () {
      console.log('from mixin')
    }
  }
}

var vm = new Vue({
  mixins: [mixin],
  methods: {
    bar: function () {
      console.log('bar')
    },
    conflicting: function () {
      console.log('from self')
    }
  }
))

vm.foo() // => "foo"
vm.bar() // => "bar"
vm.conflicting() // => "from self"
```

CUSTOM DIRECTIVES_

- ▶ PRIMARY WAY OF REUSABILITY IN VUE IS COMPONENTS
- ▶ WHEN YOU NEED LOW-LEVEL ACCESS ON ELEMENTS
- ▶ CUSTOM DIRECTIVES CAN BE GLOBAL OR COMPONENT-BASED
- ▶ HOOKS:
 - ▶ Bind (Only once, directive first bound to element)
 - ▶ Inserted (Bound element inserted into its parent node)
 - ▶ Update (After containing component VNode has been updated)
 - ▶ ComponentUpdated (After cont. component and children have been updated)
 - ▶ Unbind (Only once, when directive is unbound from element)

CUSTOM DIRECTIVES_

- ▶ **DIRECTIVE HOOK ARGUMENTS:**
 - ▶ **el: element the directive is bound to**
 - ▶ **binding:**
 - ▶ **name: name of the directive**
 - ▶ **value: value of the resolved javascript expression**
 - ▶ **oldValue: only in update or componentUpdate**
 - ▶ **expression: javascript expression as a string**
 - ▶ **arg: argument if passed**
 - ▶ **modifiers: as an object**

CUSTOM DIRECTIVES_

```
directives: {
  focus: {
    // directive definition
    inserted: function (el) {
      el.focus()
    }
  }
}
```

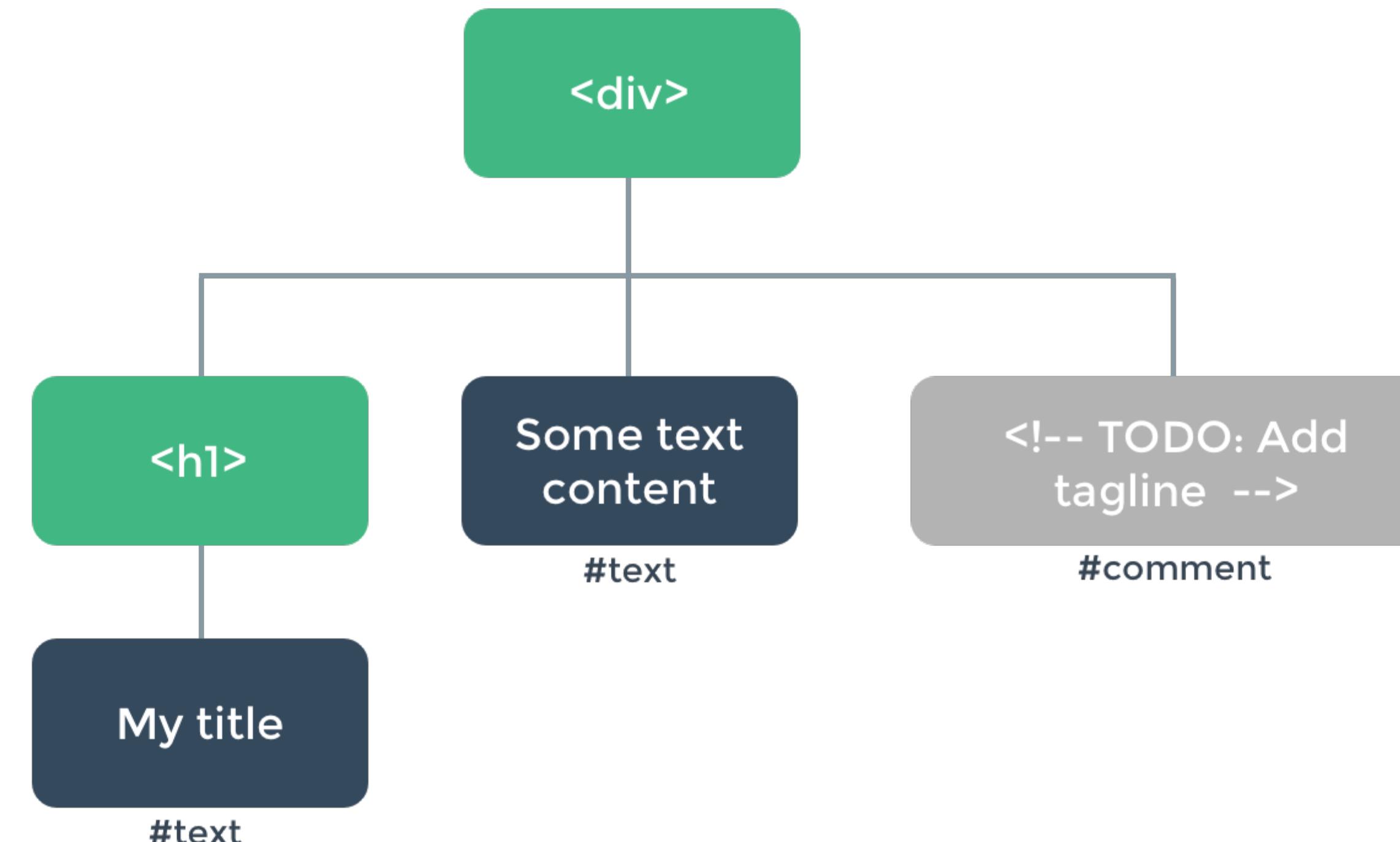
```
Vue.directive('color-swatch', function (el, binding) {
  el.style.backgroundColor = binding.value
})
```

```
Vue.directive('demo', {
  bind: function (el, binding, vnode) {
    var s = JSON.stringify
    el.innerHTML =
      'name: ' + s(binding.name) + '<br>' +
      'value: ' + s(binding.value) + '<br>' +
      'expression: ' + s(binding.expression) + '<br>' +
      'argument: ' + s(binding.arg) + '<br>' +
      'modifiers: ' + s(binding.modifiers) + '<br>' +
      'vnode keys: ' + Object.keys(vnode).join(', ')
  }
})

new Vue({
  el: '#hook-arguments-example',
  data: {
    message: 'hello!'
  }
})
```

RENDER FUNCTION_

- ▶ TEMPLATES ARE THE RECOMMENDED DECLARATIVE WAY TO RENDER CONTENT IN VUE
- ▶ SOME CASES NEED RENDER FUNCTION POWER



RENDER FUNCTIONS: FUNDAMENTALS

- ▶ VUE AUTOMATICALLY KEEPS REACTIVE PROPERTIES UPDATED AS USUAL
- ▶ CREATE-ELEMENT IS AN HTML/COMPONENT DESCRIPTION THAT GENERATES A VIRTUAL NODE

```
Vue.component('anchored-heading', {
  render: function (createElement) {
    return createElement(
      'h' + this.level, // tag name
      this.$slots.default // array of children
    )
  },
  props: {
    level: {
      type: Number,
      required: true
    }
  }
})
```

RENDER FUNCTIONS: CREATE ELEMENT_

- ▶ VUE AUTOMATICALLY KEEPS REACTIVE PROPERTIES UPDATED AS USUAL
- ▶ CREATE-ELEMENT IS AN HTML/COMPONENT DESCRIPTION THAT GENERATES A VIRTUAL NODE
- ▶ DATA CAN BE CLASSES, DIRECTIVES, PROPS OR EVENT HANDLERS

```
// @returns {VNode}
createElement(
  // {String | Object | Function}
  // An HTML tag name, component options, or function
  // returning one of these. Required.
  'div',

  // {Object}
  // A data object corresponding to the attributes
  // you would use in a template. Optional.
  {

    // (see details in the next section below)
  },

  // {String | Array}
  // Children VNodes, built using `createElement()`,
  // or using strings to get 'text VNodes'. Optional.
  [
    'Some text comes first.',
    createElement('h1', 'A headline'),
    createElement(MyComponent, {
      props: {
        someProp: 'foobar'
      }
    })
  ]
)
```

FUNCTIONAL COMPONENTS_

- ▶ **FUNCTIONAL COMPONENTS ARE:**
- ▶ **STATELESS: THEY HAVE NO DATA**
- ▶ **INSTANCELESS: THEY HAVE NO 'THIS' CONTEXT**
- ▶ **EVERYTHING IS PASSED THROUGH CONTEXT (PROPS, DATA, PARENT, ETC)**

```
Vue.component('my-component', {
  functional: true,
  // To compensate for the lack of an instance,
  // we are now provided a 2nd context argument.
  render: function (createElement, context) {
    // ...
  },
  // Props are optional
  props: {
    // ...
  }
})
```

PLUGINS_

- ▶ **USUALLY ADD GLOBAL LEVEL FUNCTIONALITY**
- ▶ **THEY CAN ADD GLOBAL METHODS, PROPERTIES, DIRECTIVES, FILTERS, TRANSITIONS**
- ▶ **THEY CAN ADD COMPONENT OPTIONS THROUGH GLOBAL MIXINS**
- ▶ **EXTEND VUE.PROTOTYPE WITH NEW METHODS**
- ▶ **THEY HAVE TO EXPOSE THE INSTALL METHOD**
- ▶ **MULTIPLE USES OF A PLUGIN ARE CACHED**

PLUGINS_

```
MyPlugin.install = function (Vue, options) {
  // 1. add global method or property
  Vue.myGlobalMethod = function () {
    // something logic ...
  }

  // 2. add a global asset
  Vue.directive('my-directive', {
    bind (el, binding, vnode, oldVnode) {
      // something logic ...
    }
    ...
  })
}

// 3. inject some component options
Vue.mixin({
  created: function () {
    // something logic ...
  }
  ...
})

// 4. add an instance method
Vue.prototype.$myMethod = function (methodOptions) {
  // something logic ...
}
```

```
Vue.use(MyPlugin, { someOption: true })
```

REFACTORING DATA ACCESS_

- ▶ WHEN DATA HAS TO BE SHARED BETWEEN COMPONENTS IT CAN BECOME STATE PROPERTIES
- ▶ DERIVED COMPUTED PROPERTIES MUST BECOME THEN GETTERS
- ▶ CHANGES OVER THOSE PROPERTIES MUST BECOME MUTATIONS
- ▶ WHEN ASYNC DATA CALLS ARE NEEDED ACROSS THE APPLICATION THEY CAN BECOME ACTIONS

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TESTING

SETUP_

- ▶ ANY TEST RUNNER WITH MODULE-TEST CAPABILITIES WILL WORK
- ▶ KARMA AND JEST ARE RECOMMENDED
- ▶ JEST IS CURRENTLY THE OFFICIAL TEST RUNNER
- ▶ NIGHTWATCHJS FOR E2E IF YOU WANT A SELENIUM SERVER
- ▶ CYPRESS IF YOU DON'T NEED SELENIUM SERVER
- ▶ TEST DIRECTORY STRUCTURE IS CLASSIC

ASSERTIONS_

- ▶ USUALLY YOU WANT TO EVALUATE COMPONENT MOUNTED ON V-DOM
- ▶ THEN YOU CAN USE COMPONENT INSTANCE API PROPERTIES AND METHODS

```
import Vue from 'vue'
import MyComponent from './MyComponent.vue'

// helper function that mounts and returns the rendered text
function getRenderedText (Component, propsData) {
  const Constructor = Vue.extend(Component)
  const vm = new Constructor({ propsData: propsData }).$mount()
  return vm.$el.textContent
}

describe('MyComponent', () => {
  it('renders correctly with different props', () => {
    expect(getRenderedText(MyComponent, {
      msg: 'Hello'
    })).toBe('Hello')

    expect(getRenderedText(MyComponent, {
      msg: 'Bye'
    })).toBe('Bye')
  })
})
```

ASSERTING ASYNCHRONOUS UPDATES

- ▶ ASSERTIONS ON DOM UPDATES RESULTING FROM STATE UPDATES
- ▶ NEXT TICK IS NEEDED TO ASSURE THE DOM UPDATE LOOP
- ▶ THAT'S BECAUSE DOM UPDATE IS ASYNCHRONOUS

```
// Inspect the generated HTML after a state update
it('updates the rendered message when vm.message updates', done => {
  const vm = new Vue(MyComponent).$mount()
  vm.message = 'foo'

  // wait a "tick" after state change before asserting DOM updates
  Vue.nextTick(() => {
    expect(vm.$el.textContent).toBe('foo')
    done()
  })
})
```

VUE TEST UTILS (BETA): SETUP_

- ▶ **COMMON HELPERS FOR UNIT TESTING EXPOSED THROUGH VUE-TEST-UTILS PACKAGE**
- ▶ **<https://github.com/vuejs/vue-test-utils>**
- ▶ **git clone https://github.com/vuejs/vue-test-utils-getting-started**
- ▶ **cd vue-test-utils-getting-started**
- ▶ **npm install**

VUE TEST UTILS (BETA): FUNDAMENTALS_

- ▶ COMPONENTS ARE MOUNTED IN ISOLATION
- ▶ INPUTS ARE MOCKED (PROPS, INJECTION, DATA)
- ▶ ASSERTIONS ON OUTPUTS (RENDERED RESULT, EMITTED EVENTS)
- ▶ MOUNTED COMPONENTS ARE RETURNED INSIDE A 'WRAPPER'
- ▶ WRAPPER OBJECT EXPOSES METHODS FOR MANIPULATING, TRAVERSING AND QUERYING THE UNDERLYING COMPONENT INSTANCE

VUE TEST UTILS (BETA)

- ▶ HTML OUTPUT CAN BE TRAVERSED
- ▶ USER INTERACTION CAN BE EMULATED

```
it('button click should increment the count', () => {
  expect(wrapper.vm.count).toBe(0)
  const button = wrapper.find('button')
  button.trigger('click')
  expect(wrapper.vm.count).toBe(1)
})
```

```
import { mount } from '@vue/test-utils'
import Counter from './counter'

describe('Counter', () => {
  // Now mount the component and you have the wrapper
  const wrapper = mount(Counter)

  it('renders the correct markup', () => {
    expect(wrapper.html()).toContain('<span class="count">0</span>')
  })

  // it's also easy to check for the existence of elements
  it('has a button', () => {
    expect(wrapper.contains('button')).toBe(true)
  })
})
```

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THIRD PARTY RESOURCES

COLLECTIONS OF COMPONENTS & PLUGINS_

- ▶ **VUETIFY**
- ▶ **MOST RECOMMENDED MATERIAL-DESIGN COMPONENT LIBRARY**
- ▶ **AWESOME VUE**
- ▶ **<https://github.com/vuejs/awesome-vue>**
- ▶ **PROJECTS, COMPONENTS AND LIBRARIES**
- ▶ **CURATED VUE**
- ▶ **<https://curated.vuejs.org>**
- ▶ **HIGH QUALITY PACKAGES INCLUDING VUEXFIRE OR VUE-METEOR**

FRAMEWORKS_

- ▶ **QUASAR**
- ▶ **WEB**
- ▶ **MOBILE WEBAPP**
- ▶ **WEEEX**
- ▶ **WEB**
- ▶ **NATIVE MOBILE APPS**
- ▶ **NATIVESCRIPT**
- ▶ **NATIVE MOBILE APPS**

THANK YOU