



Ejercicio 1. ★ Calcular las siguientes expresiones, donde a, b son variables reales, i una variable entera y A es una secuencia de reales.

- a) $\text{def}(a + 1)$.
- b) $\text{def}(a/b)$.
- c) $\text{def}(\sqrt{a/b})$.
- d) $\text{def}(A[i] + 1)$.
- e) $\text{def}(A[i + 2])$.
- f) $\text{def}(0 \leq i \leq |A|)$.
- g) $\text{def}(0 \leq i \leq |A| \wedge_L A[i] \leq 0)$.

Respuestas

Supongo que $\text{def}(x) \equiv \text{True}$, para todas las variables por lo expuesto en la teorica, ya que de este modo se simplifica la notación.

- a) $\text{def}(a + 1) \equiv \text{def}(a) \wedge \text{def}(1) \equiv \text{True} \wedge \text{True} \equiv \text{True}$
- b) $\text{def}(a/b) \equiv \text{def}(a) \wedge \text{def}(b) \wedge b \neq 0 \equiv b \neq 0$.
- c) $\text{def}(\sqrt{a/b}) \equiv b \neq 0 \wedge (a/b) \geq 0$.
- d) $\text{def}(A[i] + 1) \equiv 0 \leq i < |A|$
- e) $\text{def}(A[i + 2]) \equiv 0 \leq i + 2 < |A|$
- f) $\text{def}(0 \leq i \leq |A|) \equiv \text{True}$
- g) $\text{def}(0 \leq i \leq |A| \wedge_L A[i] \leq 0) \equiv i < |A|$

Ejercicio 2. Calcular las siguientes precondiciones más débiles, donde a, b son variables reales, i una variable entera y A es una secuencia de reales.

- a) $wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{a} + 1, a \geq 0)$.
- b) $wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{a}/\mathbf{b}, a \geq 0)$.
- c) $wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}], a \geq 0)$.
- d) $wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{b} * \mathbf{b}, a \geq 0)$.
- e) $wp(\mathbf{b} := \mathbf{b} + 1, a \geq 0)$.

Respuestas

a)

$$\begin{aligned} wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{a}+1, a \geq 0) &\equiv \text{def}(a+1) \wedge_L (a \geq 0)_{a+1}^a \\ &\equiv \text{True} \wedge_L a+1 \geq 0 \\ &\equiv a \geq -1 \end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned} wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{a}/\mathbf{b}, a \geq 0) &\equiv \text{def}(a/b) \wedge_L \wedge_L (a \geq 0)_{a/b}^a \\ &\equiv \text{def}(a) \wedge_L \text{def}(b) \wedge_L b \neq 0 \wedge_L (a \geq 0)_{a/b}^a \\ &\equiv \text{True} \wedge_L \text{True} \wedge_L b \neq 0 \wedge_L a/b \geq 0 \\ &\equiv b \neq 0 \wedge_L a \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

c)

$$\begin{aligned} wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}], a \geq 0) &\equiv \text{def}(A[i]) \wedge_L (a \geq 0)_{A[i]}^a \\ &\equiv (\text{def}(A) \wedge_L \text{def}(i)) \wedge_L 0 \leq i < |A| \wedge_L A[i] \geq 0 \\ &\equiv 0 \leq i < |A| \wedge_L A[i] \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

d)

$$\begin{aligned} wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{b}*\mathbf{b}, a \geq 0) &\equiv \text{def}(b*b) \wedge_L (a \geq 0)_{b*b}^a \\ &\equiv \text{True} \wedge_L b*b \geq 0 \\ &\equiv b*b \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

e)

$$\begin{aligned} wp(\mathbf{b} := \mathbf{b}+1, a \geq 0) &\equiv \text{def}(b+1) \wedge_L (a \geq 0)_a^a \\ &\equiv \text{True} \wedge_L a \geq 0 \\ &\equiv a \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Ejercicio 3. ★ Calcular las siguientes precondiciones más débiles, donde a, b son variables reales, i una variable entera y A es una secuencia de reales.

a) $wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{a}+1; \mathbf{b} := \mathbf{a}/2, b \geq 0).$

b) $wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}] + 1; \mathbf{b} := \mathbf{a}*\mathbf{a}, b \neq 2).$

c) $wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}] + 1; \mathbf{a} := \mathbf{b}*\mathbf{b}, a \geq 0).$

d) $wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{a}-\mathbf{b}; \mathbf{b} := \mathbf{a}+\mathbf{b}, a \geq 0 \wedge b \geq 0).$

Respuestas

a)

$$\begin{aligned} \{wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{a}+1; \mathbf{b} := \mathbf{a}/2, b \geq 0)\} &\equiv \{(a+1)/2 \geq 0\} \\ &\quad a := a+1; \\ \{wp(\mathbf{b} := \mathbf{a}/2, Q)\} &\equiv \{a/2 \geq 0\} \\ &\quad \mathbf{b} := \mathbf{a}/2; \\ &\quad \{Q : b \geq 0\} \end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned} \{wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}] + 1; \mathbf{b} := \mathbf{a}*\mathbf{a}, b \neq 2)\} &\equiv \{0 \leq i < |A| \wedge_L (A[i] + 1) * (A[i] + 1) \neq 0\} \\ &\quad \mathbf{a} := \mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}] + 1; \\ \{wp(\mathbf{b} := \mathbf{a}*\mathbf{a}, Q)\} &\equiv \{a * a \neq 0\} \\ &\quad \mathbf{b} := \mathbf{a}*\mathbf{a}; \\ &\quad \{Q : b \neq 0\} \end{aligned}$$

c)

$$\begin{aligned}
\{wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}] + 1; \mathbf{a} := \mathbf{b} * \mathbf{b}, a \geq 0)\} &\equiv \{0 \leq i < |A| \wedge b \geq 0\} \\
&\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}] + 1; \\
\{wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{b} * \mathbf{b}, Q)\} &\equiv \{b \geq 0\} \\
&\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{b} * \mathbf{b}; \\
&\{Q : b \geq 0\}
\end{aligned}$$

d)

$$\begin{aligned}
\{wp(\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}; \mathbf{b} := \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}, a \geq 0 \wedge b \geq 0)\} &\equiv \{a - b \geq 0 \wedge a + b \geq 0\} \\
&\mathbf{a} := \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}; \\
\{wp(\mathbf{b} := \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}, Q)\} &\equiv \{a \geq 0 \wedge a + b \geq 0\} \\
&\mathbf{b} := \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}; \\
&\{Q : a \geq 0 \wedge b \geq 0\}
\end{aligned}$$

Ejercicio 4. ★ Sea $Q \equiv (\forall j : \mathbb{Z})(0 \leq j < |A| \rightarrow_L A[j] \geq 0)$. Calcular las siguientes precondiciones más débiles, donde i es una variable entera y A es una secuencia de reales.

- a) $wp(\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}] := 0, Q)$.
- b) $wp(\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}+2] := 0, Q)$.
- c) $wp(\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}+2] := -1, Q)$.
- d) $wp(\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}] := 2 * \mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}], Q)$.
- e) $wp(\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}] := \mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}-1], Q)$.

Respuestas

a)

$$\begin{aligned}
wp(\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}] := 0, Q) &\equiv wp(\mathbf{A} := \text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}, 0), Q) \\
&\equiv \text{def}(\mathbf{A} := \text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}, 0)) \wedge_L Q_{\text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}, 0)}^{\mathbf{A}} \\
&\equiv \left((\text{def}(\mathbf{A}) \wedge \text{def}(\mathbf{i})) \wedge_L 0 \leq i < |A| \right) \wedge_L Q_{\text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}, 0)}^{\mathbf{A}} \\
&\equiv 0 \leq i < |\text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}, 0)| \wedge_L (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \left(0 \leq j < |\text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}, 0)| \rightarrow_L \left(\text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}, 0) \geq 0 \right) \right) \\
&\equiv 0 \leq i < |A| \wedge_L (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \left(0 \leq j < |A| \rightarrow_L \left((i \neq j \wedge A[j] \geq 0) \vee (i = j \wedge 0 \geq 0) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned}
wp(\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{i}+2] := 0, Q) &\equiv wp(\mathbf{A} := \text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}+2, 0), Q) \\
&\equiv \text{def}(\mathbf{A} := \text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}+2, 0)) \wedge_L Q_{\text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}+2, 0)}^{\mathbf{A}} \\
&\equiv \left((\text{def}(\mathbf{A}) \wedge \text{def}(\mathbf{i})) \wedge_L 0 \leq i+2 < |A| \right) \wedge_L Q_{\text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}+2, 0)}^{\mathbf{A}} \\
&\equiv 0 \leq i+2 < |\text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}+2, 0)| \wedge_L (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \left(0 \leq j < |\text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}+2, 0)| \rightarrow_L \left(\text{setAt}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{i}+2, 0) \geq 0 \right) \right) \\
&\equiv 0 \leq i+2 < |A| \wedge_L (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \left(0 \leq j < |A| \rightarrow_L \left((i+2 \neq j \wedge A[j] \geq 0) \vee (i+2 = j \wedge 0 \geq 0) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

c)

$$\begin{aligned}
& wp(A[i+2] := -1, Q) \\
& \stackrel{Ax,1}{\equiv} wp(A := \text{setAt}(A, i+2, -1), Q) \\
& \equiv \text{def}(A := \text{setAt}(A, i+2, 0)) \wedge_L Q_{\text{setAt}(A, i+2, -1)}^A \\
& \equiv \left((\text{def}(A) \wedge \text{def}(i)) \wedge_L 0 \leq i+2 < |A| \right) \wedge_L Q_{\text{setAt}(A, i+2, 0)}^A \\
& \equiv 0 \leq i+2 < |\text{setAt}(A, i+2, -1)| \wedge_L (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \left(0 \leq j < |\text{setAt}(A, i+2, -1)| \right) \rightarrow_L \left(\text{setAt}(A, i+2, -1) \geq 0 \right) \\
& \equiv 0 \leq i+2 < |A| \wedge_L (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \left(0 \leq j < |A| \right) \rightarrow_L \left((i+2 \neq j \wedge A[j] \geq 0) \vee (i+2 = j \wedge -1 \geq 0) \right) \\
& \equiv \text{False}
\end{aligned}$$

d)

$$\begin{aligned}
& wp(A[i] := 2 * A[i], Q) \\
& \equiv wp(A := \text{setAt}(A, i, 2 * A[i]), Q) \\
& \equiv \text{def}(A := \text{setAt}(A, i, 2 * A[i])) \wedge_L Q_{\text{setAt}(A, i, 2 * A[i])}^A \\
& \equiv \left((\text{def}(A) \wedge \text{def}(i)) \wedge_L 0 \leq i < |A| \right) \wedge_L Q_{\text{setAt}(A, i, 2 * A[i])}^A \\
& \equiv 0 \leq i < |\text{setAt}(A, i, 2 * A[i])| \wedge_L (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \left(0 \leq j < |\text{setAt}(A, i, 2 * A[i])| \right) \rightarrow_L \left(\text{setAt}(A, i, 2 * A[i]) \geq 0 \right) \\
& \equiv 0 \leq i < |A| \wedge_L (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \left(0 \leq j < |A| \right) \rightarrow_L \left((i \neq j \wedge A[j] \geq 0) \vee (i = j \wedge 2 * A[i] \geq 0) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

e)

$$\begin{aligned}
& wp(A[i] := A[i-1], Q) \\
& \equiv wp(A := \text{setAt}(A, i, A[i-1]), Q) \\
& \equiv \text{def}(A := \text{setAt}(A, i, A[i-1])) \wedge_L Q_{\text{setAt}(A, i, A[i-1])}^A \\
& \equiv \left((\text{def}(A) \wedge \text{def}(i)) \wedge_L 0 \leq i-1 < |A| \right) \wedge_L Q_{\text{setAt}(A, i, A[i-1])}^A \\
& \equiv 0 \leq i-1 < |\text{setAt}(A, i, A[i-1])| \wedge_L (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \left(0 \leq j < |\text{setAt}(A, i, A[i-1])| \right) \rightarrow_L \left(\text{setAt}(A, i, 0) \geq 0 \right) \\
& \equiv 0 \leq i-1 < |A| \wedge_L (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \left(0 \leq j < |A| \right) \rightarrow_L \left((i-1 \neq j \wedge A[j] \geq 0) \vee (i-1 = j \wedge 0 \geq 0) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Ejercicio 5. Calcular $wp(S, Q)$, para los siguientes pares de programas S y postcondiciones Q .

- a) $S \equiv i := i + 1$
 $Q \equiv (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) (0 \leq j < |A| \rightarrow_L A[j] \neq 0)$
- b) $S \equiv A[0] := 4$
 $Q \equiv (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) (0 \leq j < |A| \rightarrow_L A[j] \neq 0)$
- c) $S \equiv A[2] := 4$
 $Q \equiv (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) (0 \leq j < |A| \rightarrow_L A[j] \neq 0)$
- d) $S \equiv A[i] := A[i+1] - 1$
 $Q \equiv (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) (0 < j < |A| \rightarrow_L A[j] \geq A[j-1])$
- e) $S \equiv A[i] := A[i+1] - 1$
 $Q \equiv (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) (0 < j < |A| \rightarrow_L A[j] \leq A[j-1])$

Respuestas

a)

$$\begin{aligned} \{wp(S, Q)\} &\equiv \{Q\} \\ S &\equiv i := i + 1 \\ \{Q &\equiv (\forall j : Z)(0 \leq j < |A| \rightarrow_L A[j] \neq 0)\} \end{aligned}$$

Y a mi que me contas, no hace nada esto.

b)

$$\begin{aligned} \{wp(S, Q)\} &\equiv \{0 \leq 4 < |A| \wedge_L Q\} \\ S &\equiv A[0] := 4 \\ \{Q &\equiv (\forall j : Z)(0 \leq j < |A| \rightarrow_L A[j] \neq 0)\} \end{aligned}$$

c)

$$\begin{aligned} \{wp(S, Q)\} &\equiv \{0 \leq 2 < |A| \wedge_L Q\} \\ S &\equiv A[2] := 4 \\ \{Q &\equiv (\forall j : Z)(0 \leq j < |A| \rightarrow_L A[j] \neq 0)\} \end{aligned}$$

d)

$$\begin{aligned} \{wp(S, Q)\} &\equiv \{0 \leq i \wedge i + 1 < |A| \wedge_L Q\} \\ S &\equiv A[i] := A[i + 1] - 1 \\ \{Q &\equiv (\forall j : Z)(0 < j < |A| \rightarrow_L A[j] \geq A[j - 1])\} \end{aligned}$$

e)

$$\begin{aligned} \{wp(S, Q)\} &\equiv \{0 \leq i \wedge i + 1 < |A| \wedge_L Q\} \\ S &\equiv A[i] := A[i + 1] - 1 \\ \{Q &\equiv (\forall j : Z)(0 < j < |A| \rightarrow_L A[j] \leq A[j - 1])\} \end{aligned}$$

Ejercicio 6. . Escribir programas para los siguientes problemas y demostrar formalmente su corrección usando la precondition más débil.

a) **proc problema1** (inout a: \mathbb{Z})

Pre $\{a = a_0 \wedge a \geq 0\}$

Post $\{a = a_0 + 2\}$

b) **proc problema2** (in a: \mathbb{Z} , out b: \mathbb{Z})

Pre $\{a \neq 0\}$

Post $\{b = a + 3\}$

c) **proc problema3** (in a: \mathbb{Z} , in b: \mathbb{Z} , out c: \mathbb{Z})

Pre $\{true\}$

Post $\{c = a + b\}$

d) **proc problema4** (in a: $seq\langle\mathbb{Z}\rangle$, in i: \mathbb{Z} , out result: \mathbb{Z})

Pre $\{0 \leq i < |a|\}$

Post $\{result = 2 * a[i]\}$

e) **proc problema5** (in a: $seq\langle\mathbb{Z}\rangle$, in i: \mathbb{Z} , out result: \mathbb{Z})

Pre $\{0 \leq i \wedge i + 1 < |a|\}$

Post $\{result = a[i] + a[i + 1]\}$

Respuestas

Para probar la correctitud de la tripla $\{\mathbf{Pre}\} \mathbf{S} \{\mathbf{Post}\}$ alcanza probar que
 $\text{Pre} \rightarrow wp(\mathbf{S}, \text{Post})$

a)

$$\{wp(S, Post)\} \equiv \{a_0 + 2 = a_0 + 2\}$$

$$\mathbf{S}: a := a_0 + 2$$

$$\{\mathbf{Post}: a = a_0 + 2\}$$

$$Pre \rightarrow \{wp(S, Post)\}$$

$$\{a = a_0 \wedge a \geq 0\} \rightarrow \{a_0 + 2 = a_0 + 2\}$$

$$\{a = a_0 \wedge a \geq 0\} \rightarrow \{True\}$$

$$True$$

b) 1. Calculamos $\{wp(S, Post)\}$

$$\{wp(S, Post)\} \equiv \{a + 3 = a + 3\}$$

$$\equiv True$$

$$\mathbf{S}: b := a + 3$$

$$\{\mathbf{Post}: b = a + 3\}$$

2. Chequeamos $Pre \rightarrow \{wp(S, Post)\}$

$$Pre \rightarrow \{wp(S, Post)\}$$

$$\{a \neq 0\} \rightarrow \{True\}$$

$$True$$

c) 1. Calculamos $\{wp(S, Post)\}$

$$\{wp(S, Post)\} \equiv \{a + b = a + b\}$$

$$\equiv True$$

$$\mathbf{S}: c := a + b$$

$$\{\mathbf{Post}: c = a + b\}$$

2. Chequeamos $Pre \rightarrow \{wp(S, Post)\}$

$$Pre \rightarrow \{wp(S, Post)\}$$

$$\{True\} \rightarrow \{True\}$$

$$True$$

d) 1. Calculamos $\{wp(S, Post)\}$

$$\{wp(S, Post)\} \equiv \{\text{def}(2 * a[i]) \wedge_L 2 * a[i] = 2 * a[i]\}$$

$$\equiv \text{def}(a[i]) \wedge_L 0 \leq i < |a| \wedge True$$

$$\equiv True \wedge_L 0 \leq i < |a|$$

$$\equiv 0 \leq i < |a|$$

$$\mathbf{S}: result := 2 * a[i]$$

$$\{\mathbf{Post}: result = 2 * a[i]\}$$

2. Chequeamos $Pre \rightarrow \{wp(S, Post)\}$

$$\begin{aligned} & Pre \rightarrow \{wp(S, Post)\} \\ \{0 \leq i < |a|\} & \rightarrow \{0 \leq i < |a|\} \\ & True \end{aligned}$$

e) 1. Calculamos $\{wp(S, Post)\}$

$$\begin{aligned} \{wp(S, Post)\} & \equiv \{\text{def}(a[i] + a[i + 1]) \wedge_L a[i] + a[i + 1] = a[i] + a[i + 1]\} \\ & \equiv \text{def}(a[i]) \wedge_L \text{def}(a[i + 1]) \wedge_L 0 \leq i \wedge i + 1 < |a| \wedge a[i] + a[i + 1] = a[i] + a[i + 1] \\ & \equiv True \wedge_L True \wedge_L True \wedge_L 0 \leq i \wedge i + 1 < |a| \wedge True \\ & \equiv 0 \leq i \wedge i + 1 < |a| \\ & \mathbf{S: result} := a[i] + a[i + 1] \\ & \{\mathbf{Post: result} = a[i] + a[i + 1]\} \end{aligned}$$

2. Chequeamos $Pre \rightarrow \{wp(S, Post)\}$

$$\begin{aligned} & Pre \rightarrow \{wp(S, Post)\} \\ \{0 \leq i \wedge i + 1 < |a|\} & \rightarrow \{0 \leq i \wedge i + 1 < |a|\} \\ & True \end{aligned}$$

Ejercicio 7. ★ Calcular $wp(S, Q)$, para los siguientes pares de programas S y postcondiciones Q.

a) $S \equiv$
if ($a < 0$)
 $b := a$
else
 $b := -a$
endif

$$Q \equiv (b = -|a|)$$

b) $S \equiv$
if ($a < 0$)
 $b := a$
else
 $b := -a$
endif

$$Q \equiv (b = |a|)$$

c) $S \equiv$
if ($i > 0$)
 $s[i] := 0$
else
 $s[0] := 0$
endif

$$Q \equiv (\forall j : Z)(0 \leq j < |s| \rightarrow_L s[j] \geq 0)$$

d) $S \equiv$
if ($i > 1$)
 $s[i] := s[i - 1]$

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else
    s[i] := 0
endif

```

$$Q \equiv (\forall j : Z)(1 \leq j < |s| \rightarrow_L s[j] = s[j-1])$$

e) $S \equiv$

```

if (s[i] < 0)
    s[i] := -s[i]
else
    skip
endif

```

$$Q \equiv 0 \leq i < |s| \wedge_L s[i] \geq 0$$

f) $S \equiv$

```

if (s[i] > 0)
    s[i] := -s[i]
else
    skip
endif

```

$$Q \equiv (\forall j : Z)(0 \leq j < |s| \rightarrow_L s[j] \geq 0)$$

Respuestas

Axioma 4. Si $S = \text{if } B \text{ then } S1 \text{ else } S2 \text{ endif}$, entonces

$$wp(S, Q) \equiv \text{def}(B) \wedge_L ((B \wedge wp(S1, Q)) \vee (\neg B \wedge wp(S2, Q)))$$

a) **S: if** ($a < 0$) **then** $b := a$ **else** $b := -a$ **endif**
 $Q \equiv (b = -|a|)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 wp(S, Q) &\equiv \text{def}(a < 0) \wedge_L \left(\left((a < 0) \wedge (a = -|a|) \right) \vee \left(\neg(a < 0) \wedge (-a = -|a|) \right) \right) \\
 &\equiv \text{True} \wedge_L \left(\left((a < 0) \wedge (a = a) \right) \vee \left((a \geq 0) \wedge (-a = -a) \right) \right) \\
 &\equiv \left(\left((a < 0) \wedge \text{True} \right) \vee \left((a \geq 0) \wedge \text{True} \right) \right) \\
 &\equiv (a < 0) \vee (a \geq 0) \\
 &\equiv \text{True}
 \end{aligned}$$

b) **S: if** ($a < 0$) **then** $b := a$ **else** $b := -a$ **endif**
 $Q \equiv (b = |a|)$

$$\begin{aligned}
wp(\mathbf{S}, Q) &\equiv \text{def}(a < 0) \wedge_L \left(\left((a < 0) \wedge (a = |a|) \right) \vee \left(\neg(a < 0) \wedge (-a = |a|) \right) \right) \\
&\equiv \text{True} \wedge_L \left(\left((a < 0) \wedge (a = -a) \right) \vee \left((a \geq 0) \wedge (a = -a) \right) \right) \\
&\equiv \left(\left((a < 0) \wedge \text{False} \right) \vee \left((a \geq 0) \wedge \text{False} \right) \right) \\
&\equiv \text{False} \vee \text{False} \\
&\equiv \text{False}
\end{aligned}$$

c) **S:** **if** $(i > 0)$ **then** $s[i] := 0$ **else** $s[0] := 0$ **endif**
 $Q \equiv (\forall j : Z)(0 \leq j < |s| \rightarrow_L s[j] \geq 0)$

$$\begin{aligned}
wp(\mathbf{S}, Q) &\equiv \text{def}(i > 0) \wedge_L \left(\left((i > 0) \wedge S1 \right) \vee \left(\neg(i > 0) \wedge S2 \right) \right) \\
&\equiv \text{True} \wedge_L \left(() \vee () \right) \\
&\equiv ()
\end{aligned}$$

d) **S:** **if** $(i > 1)$ **then** $s[i] := s[i - 1]$ **else** $s[i] := 0$ **endif**
 $Q \equiv (\forall j : Z)(1 \leq j < |s| \rightarrow_L s[j] = s[j - 1])$

$$\begin{aligned}
wp(\mathbf{S}, Q) &\equiv \text{def}(i > 1) \wedge_L \left(\left((i > 1) \wedge S1 \right) \vee \left(\neg(i > 1) \wedge S2 \right) \right) \\
&\equiv \text{True} \wedge_L \left(() \vee () \right) \\
&\equiv ()
\end{aligned}$$

e) **S:** **if** $(s[i] < 0)$ **then** $s[i] := -s[i]$ **else** *skip* **endif**
 $Q \equiv 0 \leq i < |s| \wedge_L s[i] \geq 0$

$$\begin{aligned}
wp(\mathbf{S}, Q) &\equiv \text{def}(s[i] < 0) \wedge_L \left(\left((s[i] < 0) \wedge S1 \right) \vee \left(\neg(s[i] < 0) \wedge \text{True} \right) \right) \\
&\equiv 0 \leq i < |s| \wedge_L \left(() \vee (s[i] \geq 0) \right) \\
&\equiv ()
\end{aligned}$$

f) **S:** **if** $(s[i] > 0)$ **then** $s[i] := -s[i]$ **else** *skip* **endif**
 $Q \equiv (\forall j : Z)(0 \leq j < |s| \rightarrow_L s[j] \geq 0)$

$$\begin{aligned}
wp(\mathbf{S}, Q) &\equiv \text{def}(s[i] > 0) \wedge_L \left(\left((s[i] > 0) \wedge S1 \right) \vee \left(\neg(s[i] > 0) \wedge \text{True} \right) \right) \\
&\equiv 0 \leq i < |s| \wedge_L \left(() \vee (s[i] \leq 0) \right) \\
&\equiv ()
\end{aligned}$$

Ejercicio 8. ★ Escribir programas para los siguientes problemas y demostrar formalmente su corrección usando la precondition más débil.

- a) **proc problema1** (in s: $\text{seq}\langle\mathbb{Z}\rangle$, in i: \mathbb{Z} , inout a: \mathbb{Z}) {
Pre $\{0 \leq i < |s| \wedge_L a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} s[j]\}$
Post $\{a = \sum_{j=0}^i s[j]\}$
}
- b) **proc problema2** (in s: $\text{seq}\langle\mathbb{Z}\rangle$, in i: \mathbb{Z} , inout a: \mathbb{Z}) {
Pre $\{0 \leq i < |s| \wedge_L a = \sum_{j=0}^i s[j]\}$
Post $\{a = \sum_{j=1}^i s[j]\}$
}
- c) **proc problema3** (in s: $\text{seq}\langle\mathbb{Z}\rangle$, in i: \mathbb{Z} , out res: **Bool**)
Pre $\{0 \leq i < |s| \wedge (\forall j : \mathbb{Z})(0 \leq j < i \rightarrow_L s[j] \geq 0)\}$
Post $\{res = \text{true} \leftrightarrow (\forall j : \mathbb{Z})(0 \leq j \leq i \rightarrow_L s[j] \geq 0)\}$
- d) **proc problema4** (in s: $\text{seq}\langle\mathbb{Z}\rangle$, in i: \mathbb{Z} , inout a: \mathbb{Z}) {
Pre $\{0 \leq i < |s| \wedge_L a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} (\text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ fi})\}$
Post $\{a = \sum_{j=0}^i (\text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ fi})\}$
}
- e) **proc problema5** (in s: $\text{seq}\langle\mathbb{Z}\rangle$, in i: \mathbb{Z} , inout a: \mathbb{Z}) {
Pre $\{0 \leq i < |s| \wedge_L a = \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} (\text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ fi})\}$
Post $\{a = \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} (\text{if } s[j] \neq 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 \text{ fi})\}$
}

Respuestas

- a)
- b)
- c)
- d)
- e)

FIN.

Violeta De Otoño

♩ = 66

The musical score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff in 3/4 time. It consists of three systems of music. The first system (measures 1-8) begins with a treble clef and a tempo marking of ♩ = 66. The melody is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing triplets. The second system (measures 9-17) continues the melody, featuring a repeat sign at the beginning of measure 9. The third system (measures 18-20) concludes the piece with a final cadence. The score includes various musical notations such as stems, beams, and rests.

8

9

18