1-ARP, indicando qué relación IP-MAC se trata de establecer (nota: si no ves tráfico ARP, borra la tabla ARP de tu máquina: <a href="https://linux-audit.com/how-to-clear-the-arp-cache-on-linux/">https://linux-audit.com/how-to-clear-the-arp-cache-on-linux/</a>.

```
3 5.054936735
                                                                                      42 Who has 10.0.2.2? Te
                         PcsCompu_19:03:00
                                                 RealtekU_12:35:02
                                                                         ARP
       5 23.091300553
                         PcsCompu_19:03:00
                                                 Broadcast
                                                                         ARP
                                                                                     42 Who has 10.0.2.2( ) 60 10.0.2.2 is at 52:54 98 Echo (ping) request
                                                                                      42 Who has 10.0.2.2?
       6 23.091400917
7 23.091404567
                                                 PcsCompu_19:03:00
                                                                         ARP
                         RealtekU 12:35:02
                                                                         ICMP
                         10.0.2.15
                                                 8.8.8.8
       0 22 106117222 0 0 0 0
                                                 10 0 2 15
     Protocol type: IPv4 (0x0800)
     Hardware size: 6
     Protocol size: 4
     Opcode: reply (2)
     Sender MAC address: RealtekU_12:35:02 (52:54:00:12:35:02)
Sender IP address: 10.0.2.2
     Target MAC address: PcsCompu_19:03:00 (08:00:27:19:03:00)
     Target IP address: 10.0.2.15
                                                               ··'···RT ··5····
      08 00 27 19 03 00 52 54
                                  00 12 35 02 08 06 00 01
      08 00 06 04 00 02 52 54 00 12 35 02 0a 00 02 02
                                                               .....RT ..5.....
0010
      08 00 27 19 03 00 0a 00 02 0f 00 00 00 00 00 00
      00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

Aquí en la captura vemos la Sender MAC address Sender IP Address, Target MAC address Target IP address, aquí tenemos la relación entre la la MAC y la IP.

2-TCP, indicando los puertos origen y destino e identificando los 3 pasos del 3 way handshake.

Aquí el three way handshake

147 OF 2440	731 10.0.2.15	35.224.170.84	TCP	74 57540 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64	AC
217.980051	1649 35.224.170.84	10.0.2.15	TCP	60 80 → 57540 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 A	Ac_
217.980083	3725 10.0.2.15	35.224.170.84	TCP	54 57540 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1	V
217.980202	2961 10.0.2.15	35.224.170.84	HTTP	141 GET / HTTP/1.1	
217.980278	3752 35.224.170.84	10.0.2.15	TCP	60 80 → 57540 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=88	8
218.109223	3380 35.224.170.84	10.0.2.15	HTTP	202 HTTP/1.1 204 No Content	
218.109241	1008 10.0.2.15	35.224.170.84	TCP	54 57540 → 80 [ACK] Seq=88 Ack=:	14
140 400240	225 40 0 2 45	25 224 470 04	TCD	EA EZEAN ON FETN ACKI COM-00	

Aquí vemos que el puerto usado de origen es el 57540 y el de destino es el 80 (HTTP)

```
> INTERNET PROTOCOL VERSION 4, SEC: 10.0.2.15, DST: 35.224.170.84
> Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 57540, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 0, Len: 0
```

3-DNS, mostrando las "preguntas" IPv4 e IPv6, así como las respuestas.

Aquí tienes las "Preguntas"



