

Web accessibility scan results aparthotelriuebre.com

Jun 24, 2025

Web Accessibility Evaluation Report

General information

Domain:

aparthotelriuebre.com

Accessibility Provider: -

No Accessibility -

Scan date: Jun 24, 2025

Scan duration: 00:00:29

Standard: WCAG2AA

Scan mode: auto

Total site pages: 15

Scanned pages: 1

Scanned device: Desktop

Version: Unknown Mode: Unknown Overall score

No Accessibility **75.4**/100 **Assessments statistics**

Score without accessibility widget

75.41%

Lawsuit risk: MEDIUM

The monitor found **66** accessibility errors after scanning **1** pages. Your website is currently at **medium** risk of a non-discriminatory lawsuit.

Total Errors

66

Total accessibility errors found in conformance with the WCAG

33

Role attributes

26
ARIA attributes

Access keys

Headings

Fields without label

Altless images

1 Iframes











Guidelines for WCAG2AA



SC 1.1.1: Non-text Content (Level A)





F65,H37,H67: Images must have alternate text

Failure: 5

1 Technique info

F65,H37,H67: Images must have alternate text

Space Alt Applies To

Images must have alternate text.

Instructions

Ensures that every element has a valid alternative text it needs to be empty for decorative images and informative for meaningful images. Space is not a valid alt value

Image Svg Applies To

Elements containing role="img" have an alternative text.

Instructions

Ensure that all SVG or Image elements that are added as markup into the HTML, has a valid label that are used to provide an accessible name for the SVG or Image elements.

Links

- 1. F65
- 2. H37
- 3. H67

Context & Selector

Pages

(1)

<svg
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
viewBox="0 0 448 512"
height="18"><path d="M224 416c8.188 0-16.3...</svg>

#cmplz-cookiebanner-container >
div > div:nth-child(3) > div:nthchild(2) > details:nth-child(1) >

Standard info

SC 1.1.1: Non-text Content (Level A)

All non-text content that is presented to the user has a text alternative that serves the equivalent purpose, except for the situations listed below.

Description

- 1. Controls, Input: If nontext content is a control or accepts user input, then it has a name that describes its purpose. (Refer to Guideline 4.1 for additional requirements for controls and content that accepts user input.)
- 2. Time-Based Media: If non-text content is time-based media, then text alternatives at least provide descriptive identification of the non-text content. (Refer to Guideline 1.2 for additional requirements for media.)
- 3. Test: If non-text content is a test or exercise that would be invalid if presented in text, then text alternatives at least provide descriptive identification of the non-text content.
- 4. Sensory: If non-text content is primarily intended to create a specific sensory

Context & Selector **Pages** summary > span > span:nthchild(3) > svgEnsure that all SVG or Image elements that are added as markup into the HTML, has a valid label ! that are used to provide an accessible name for the SVG or Image elements. (1)<svq xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg" **</>** viewBox="0 0 448 512" height="18"><path d="M224 416c-8.188 0-16.3...</svg> #cmplz-cookiebanner-container > div > div:nth-child(3) > div:nth-\$ child(2) > details:nth-child(2) > summary > span > span:nthchild(3) > svgEnsure that all SVG or Image elements that are added as markup into the HTML, has a valid label that are used to provide an accessible name for the SVG or Image elements. (1)ָם, <sva xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg" **</>** viewBox="0 0 448 512" height="18"><path d="M224 416c-8.188 0-16.3...</svg> #cmplz-cookiebanner-container > div > div:nth-child(3) > div:nth-\$ child(2) > details:nth-child(3) > summary > span > span:nthchild(3) > svgEnsure that all SVG or Image elements that are added as markup into the HTML, has a valid label that are used to provide an accessible name for the SVG or Image elements. (1)xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"

viewBox="0 0 448 512"

</>

- experience, then text alternatives at least provide descriptive identification of the nontext content.
- 5. CAPTCHA: If the purpose of non-text content is to confirm that content is being accessed by a person rather than a computer, then text alternatives that identify and describe the purpose of the non-text content are provided, and alternative forms of CAPTCHA using output modes for different types of sensory perception are provided to accommodate different disabilities.
- 6. Decoration, Formatting, Invisible: If non-text content is pure decoration, is used only for visual formatting, or is not presented to users, then it is implemented in a way that it can be ignored by assistive technology.

```
Context & Selector
                                                    Pages
          height="18"><path d="M224 416c-
          8.188 0-16.3...</svg>
          #cmplz-cookiebanner-container >
          div > div:nth-child(3) > div:nth-
   $
          child(2) > details:nth-child(4) >
          summary > span > span:nth-
          child(3) > svg
          Ensure that all SVG or Image
          elements that are added as markup
          into the HTML, has a valid label
          that are used to provide an
          accessible name for the SVG or
          Image elements.
                                                    (1)
           <svg viewBox="0 0 36 36"
          xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
   </>
          class="wa__popup_icon-tooltip">
          <path d="M32.938 15.651C32.792 ...</pre>
          </svg>
          #wa > div:nth-child(2) >
          div:nth-child(2) > div:nth-
          child(3) > div > span > svg
          Ensure that all SVG or Image
          elements that are added as markup
```

 \otimes

H30: Providing link text that describes the purpose of a link for anchor elements

into the HTML, has a valid label

that are used to provide an accessible name for the SVG or

Image elements.

Failure: 5

Technique info

H30: Providing link text that describes the purpose of a link for anchor elements

• 2

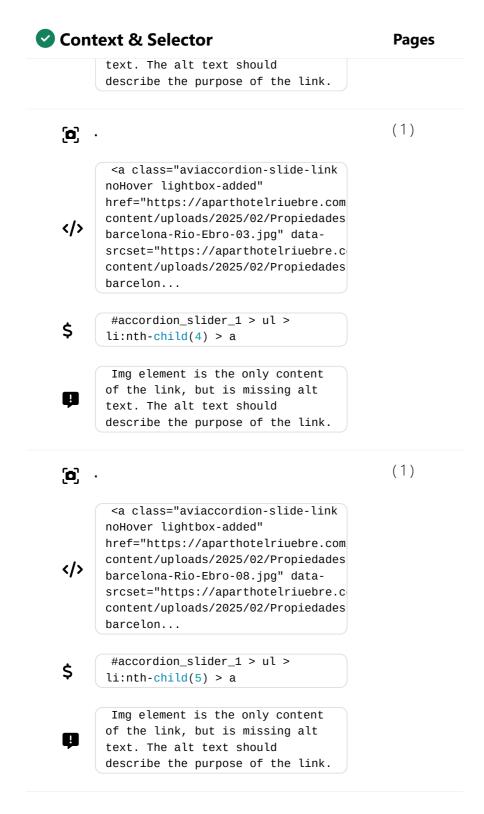
Applies To

Image elements with an absent or empty alt attribute, that is the only non-blank content of a link.

Instructions

Img element is the only content of the link, but is missing alt text. The alt text should describe the purpose of the link.

⊘ Context & Selector		Pages
[o]		(1)
>	<pre></pre>	



H37: Using alt attributes on img elements

Ø

H67: Using null alt text and no title attribute on img elements for images that AT should ignore

Failure: 9

H67: Using null alt text and no title attribute on img elements for images that AT should ignore

• 1

Applies To

Image element (outside of a link) that is marked with an empty alt attribute (intending it to be ignored), but has a non-empty title attribute.

Instructions

Img element with empty alt text must have absent or empty title attribute.

• 2

Applies To

Image element (outside of a link) that is marked with an empty alt attribute, and its title attribute is empty or absent.

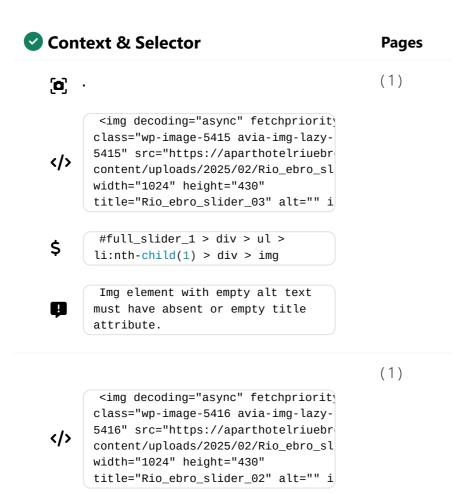
Instructions

Img element is marked so that it is ignored by Assistive Technology.

Links

1. H67

\$



#full_slider_1 > div > ul >

li:nth-child(2) > div > img



Img element with empty alt text
must have absent or empty title

attribute.

Context & Selector		Pages
>	<pre><img 02="" 2025="" 338"="" 370"="" <="" alt="" aparthotelriuebre.com="" async"="" barcelona-rio-ebro-01.jpg"="" barcelona-rio-ebro-08.jpg"="" class="wp-imag 5420 avia-img-lazy-loading-not-5420 avia_image" content="" decoding="async" fetchpriority="high" https:="" pre="" propiedades="" src="https://aparthotelriuebre.com/ content/uploads/2025/02/Logo-Apaisa Rio-Ebro-Blanco-300x85.png" title="Propiedades barcelona</pre></th><th>(1)</th></tr><tr><th>\$</th><th><pre>#av_section_1 > div > div > div > div > div:nth-child(5) > ul > li:nth-child(4) > div > img</pre> <pre>Img element with empty alt text must have absent or empty title attribute.</pre></th><th></th></tr><tr><th>[a]</th><th><pre>. </pre>	(1)
\$	<pre>#av_section_5 > div > main > div > div > div:nth-child(2) > div > div > div > img</pre> Img element with empty alt text must have absent or empty title attribute.	

[0] ·

(1)

Pages

<img decoding="async"
fetchpriority="high" class="wp-imag
5339 avia-img-lazy-loading-not-5339
avia_image "
src="https://aparthotelriuebre.com/content/uploads/2025/02/F00TERIMAGENES.jpg" alt="" title="F00TER
IMAGENES" height="140" width="1500"
it...</pre>

#after_section_5 > div > div >
div > div > div > div > img

Img element with empty alt text must have absent or empty title attribute.

G94: Providing short text alternative for non-text content that serves the same purpose and presents the same information as the non-text content

H36: Using alt attributes on images used as submit buttons

H24: Providing text alternatives for the area elements of image maps

G73: Providing a long description in another location with a link to it that is immediately adjacent to the non-text content

G74: Providing a long description in text near the non-text content, with a reference to the location of the long description in the short description

H2: Combining adjacent image and text links for the same resource

H53: Using the body of the object element

H53: Using the body of the object element ARIA6: Using aria-label to provide labels for objects

G94: Providing short text alternative for non-text content that serves the same purpose and presents the same information as the non-text content G92: Providing long description for non-text content that serves the same purpose and presents the same information

H35: Providing text alternatives on applet elements



SC 1.3.1: Info and Relationships (Level A)

Failure: 2

F92: Failure of Success Criterion 1.3.1 due to the use of role presentation on content which conveys semantic information
ARIA4: Using a WAI-ARIA role to expose the role of a user interface component

SC 1.3.1: Info and

Relationships (Level A)

Standard info

Information, structure, and relationships conveyed through presentation can be programmatically determined or are available in text.

Description

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H42: Using h1-h6 to identify headings

Failure: 1

1 Technique info

H42: Using h1-h6 to identify headings

Applies To

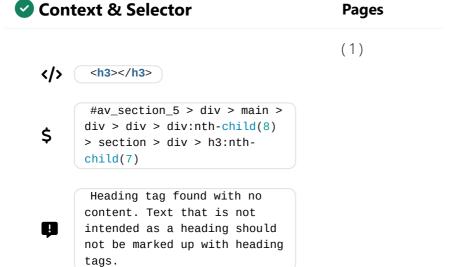
Paragraph of text that appears to have bold or italic content (whether through b/i or strong/em) as its only child.

Instructions

Heading markup should be used if this content is intended as a heading.

Links

1. <u>H42</u>



H93: Ensuring that id attributes are unique on a Web page

H44: Using label elements to associate text labels with form controls

H65: Using the title attribute to identify form controls when the label element cannot be used

H49: Using semantic markup to mark emphasized or special text

H63: Using the scope attribute to associate header cells and data cells in data tables

H43: Using id and headers attributes to associate data cells with header cells in data tables

H43: Using id and headers attributes to associate data cells with header cells in data tables
H63: Using the scope attribute to associate header cells and data cells in data tables

H39: Using caption elements to associate data table captions with data tables

H73: Using the summary attribute of the table element to give an overview of data tables

H73: Using the summary attribute of the table element to give an overview of data tables

H39: Using caption elements to associate data table captions with data tables



H71: Providing a description for groups of form controls using fieldset and legend elements

Failure: 1

i Technique info

H71: Providing a description for groups of form controls using fieldset and legend elements

• 2

Applies To

Radio or checkbox inputs with the same name attribute, signifying they are part of a group, but with no fieldset marking them up as such.

Instructions

Radio buttons or check boxes with the same name attribute must be contained within a fieldset element.

• 3

Applies To

Fieldset without legend element.

Instructions

Fieldset does not contain a legend element. All fieldsets should contain a legend element that describes a description of the field group.

Links

1. <u>H71</u>



H85: Using OPTGROUP to group OPTION elements inside a SELECT

H48: Using ol, ul and dl for lists or groups of links

G141: Organizing a page using headings



SC 1.3.5: Identify Input Purpose (Level AA)



Failure: 0



SC 1.4.3: Contrast (Minimum) (Level AA)



Failure: 29



G18: Ensuring that a contrast ratio of at least 4.5:1 exists between text (and images of text) and background behind the text

Failure: 29

Technique info

Standard info

SC 1.4.3: Contrast (Minimum) (Level AA)

The visual presentation of text and images of text has a contrast ratio of at least 4.5:1, except for the following:Editor's Note: Superseded by Success Criterion 1.4.6 at level AAA,

G18: Ensuring that a contrast ratio of at least 4.5:1 exists between text (and images of text) and background behind the text

Applies To

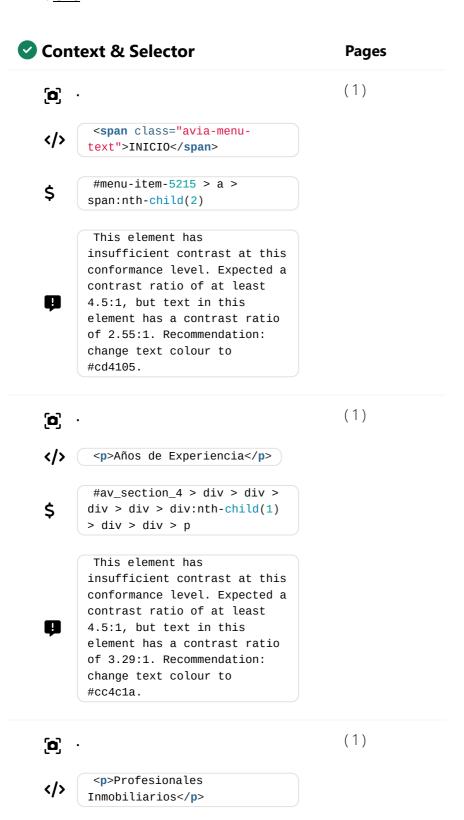
Text placed in front of a background image. Applies at Level AA to general text.

Instructions

This element's text is placed on a background image. Ensure the contrast ratio between the text and all covered parts of the image are at least 4.5:1.

Links

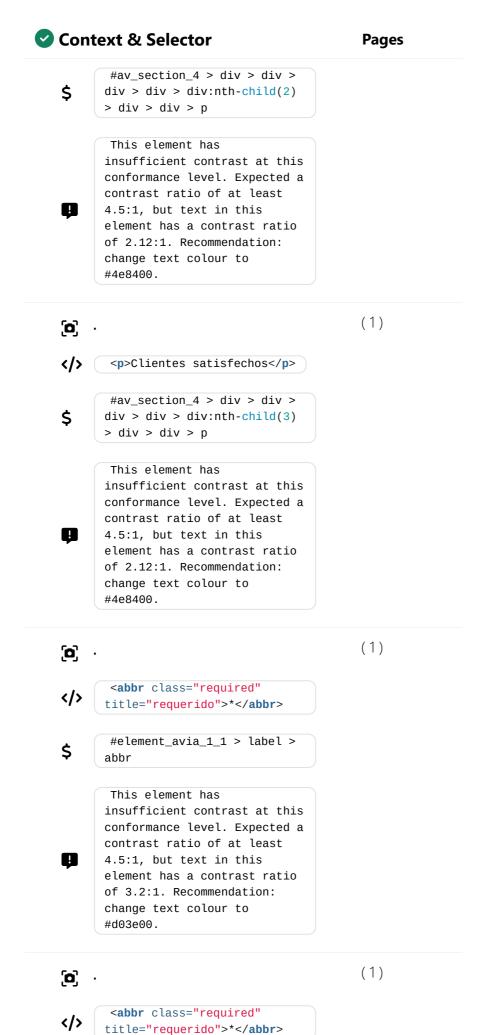
1. G18



which is a stricter application of the same concept.

Description

- 1. Large Text: Large-scale text and images of large-scale text have a contrast ratio of at least 3:1;
- 2. Incidental: Text or images of text that are part of an inactive user interface component, that are pure decoration, that are not visible to anyone, or that are part of a picture that contains significant other visual content, have no contrast requirement.
- 3. Logotypes: Text that is part of a logo or brand name has no minimum contrast requirement.



#element_avia_2_1 > label >

abbr



•

Pages

inselement has insufficient contrast at this conformance level. Expected a contrast ratio of at least 4.5:1, but text in this element has a contrast ratio of 3.2:1. Recommendation: change text colour to #d03e00.

(1)

</> <abbr class="required"
title="requerido">*</abbr>

#element_avia_3_1 > label >
abbr

This element has insufficient contrast at this conformance level. Expected a contrast ratio of at least 4.5:1, but text in this element has a contrast ratio of 3.2:1. Recommendation: change text colour to #d03e00.

(1)

</> <abbr class="required"
title="requerido">*</abbr>

\$ #element_avia_4_1 > label >
abbr

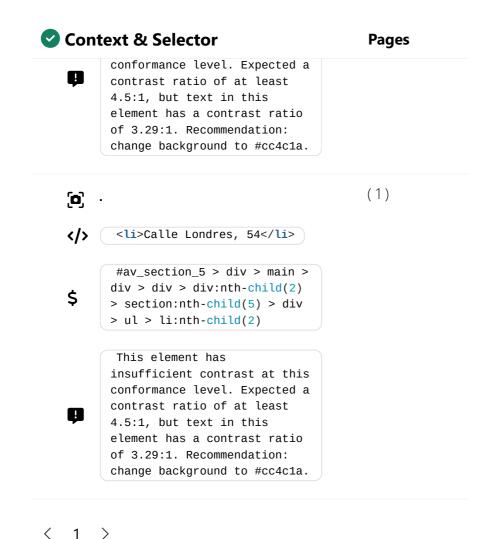
This element has insufficient contrast at this conformance level. Expected a contrast ratio of at least 4.5:1, but text in this element has a contrast ratio of 3.2:1. Recommendation: change text colour to #d03e00.

(1)

</>> UNIVERSAL ROM S SL

#av_section_5 > div > main >
div > div > div:nth-child(2)
> section:nth-child(5) > div
> ul > li:nth-child(1)

This element has insufficient contrast at this



G145: Ensuring that a contrast ratio of at least 3:1 exists between text (and images of text) and background behind the text

F24: Failure of Success Criterion 1.4.3, 1.4.6 and 1.4.8 due to specifying foreground colors without specifying background colors or vice versa



SC 1.4.4: Resize Text (Level AA)



Failure: 4

(x)

G142: Using a technology that has commonly-available user agents that support zoom

Failure: 4

i Technique info

Standard info

SC 1.4.4: Resize Text (Level AA)

Except for captions and images of text, text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200 percent without loss of

G142: Using a technology that has commonly-available user agents that support zoom

Applies To

Top element.

Instructions

Check that text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200 percent without loss of content or functionality.

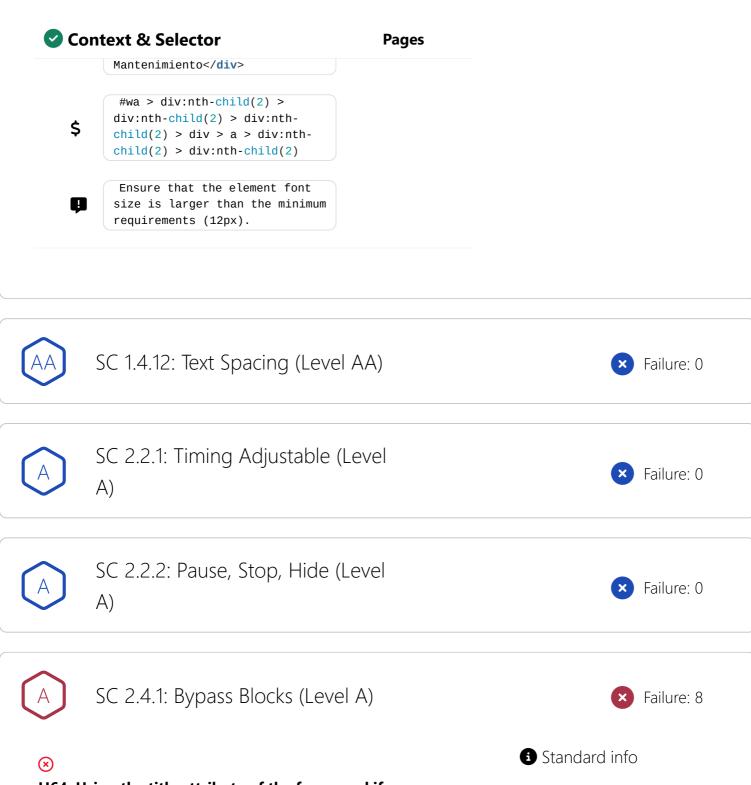
Links

1. G142



content or functionality. Editor's Note: Superseded by Success Criterion 1.4.8 at level AAA. That Success Criterion contains additional requirements when text is resized to 200%.

Description



H64: Using the title attribute of the frame and iframe elements

Failure: 1

SC 2.4.1: Bypass Blocks (Level A)

A mechanism is available to bypass blocks of content that are repeated on multiple Web pages.

H64: Using the title attribute of the frame and iframe elements

Description

• 1

Applies To

Technique info

Iframe elements that have missing or empty title attribute.

Instructions

Iframe element requires a non-empty title attribute that identifies the frame.

• 2

Applies To

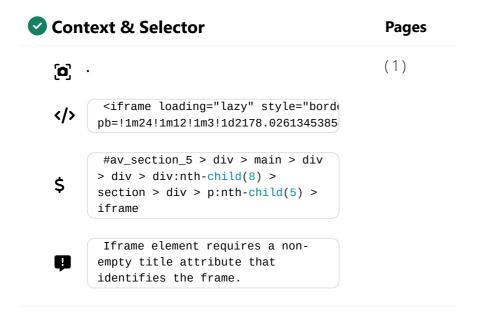
Top element.

Instructions

Check that the title attribute of this element contains text that identifies the frame.

Links

1. <u>H64</u>



 \otimes

H69: Providing heading elements at the beginning of each section of content

Failure: 3



H69: Providing heading elements at the beginning of each section of content

Applies To

Landmarks (header, main, footer, section, aside, article)

Instructions

This technique promotes using section headings to organize content logically, aiding navigation and accessibility for users, especially those relying on assistive technology.

Links

1. H69

```
Context & Selector
                                                    Pages
                                                   (1)
   [a] ·
          <header id="header"
          class="all_colors header_color
          light_bg_color av_header_top
          av_logo_center
          av_bottom_nav_header
          av_menu_right av_slim
   </>
          av_header_sticky
          av_header_shrinking
          av_header_stretch
          av_mobile_menu_phone
          av_header_searchicon
          av_header_unsti...
   $
          #header
          Landmark found without a valid
          label or header inside(1-h6).
                                                   (1)
          <footer class="entry-footer">
   </>
          </footer>
          #av_section_5 > div > main > div
          > div > div:nth-child(6) > div >
   $
          article > div:nth-child(2) >
          footer
          Landmark found without a valid
   label or header inside(1-h6).
                                                   (1)
   [a] ·
          <footer class="container_wrap
          socket_color" id="socket"
          role="contentinfo"
   </>>
          itemscope="itemscope"
          itemtype="https://schema.org/WPFoot
                              <div class...
          </footer>
   $
          #socket
          Landmark found without a valid
```

label or header inside(1-h6).

G1: Adding a link at the top of each page that goes directly to the main content area

G123: Adding a link at the beginning of a block of repeated content to go to the end of the block

G124: Adding links at the top of the page to each area of the content

H69: Providing heading elements at the beginning of each section of content

(x)

G1: Adding a link at the top of each page that goes directly to the main content area G123: Adding a link at the beginning of a block of repeated content to go to the end of the block G124: Adding links at the top of the page to each area

Failure: 4

of the content

1 Technique info

G1: Adding a link at the top of each page that goes directly to the main content area

G123: Adding a link at the beginning of a block of repeated content to go to the end of the block

G124: Adding links at the top of the page to each area of the content

No Such Id Applies To

Anchor (a) or area element with a href element pointing to an anchor in the same document, such as "#content", but where that anchor - defined through an ID (anywhere), or a name attribute on an "a" attribute - does not exist. Applies to full documents.

Instructions

This link points to a named anchor "[link target]" within the document, but no anchor exists with that name.

No Such Id Fragment2

Applies To

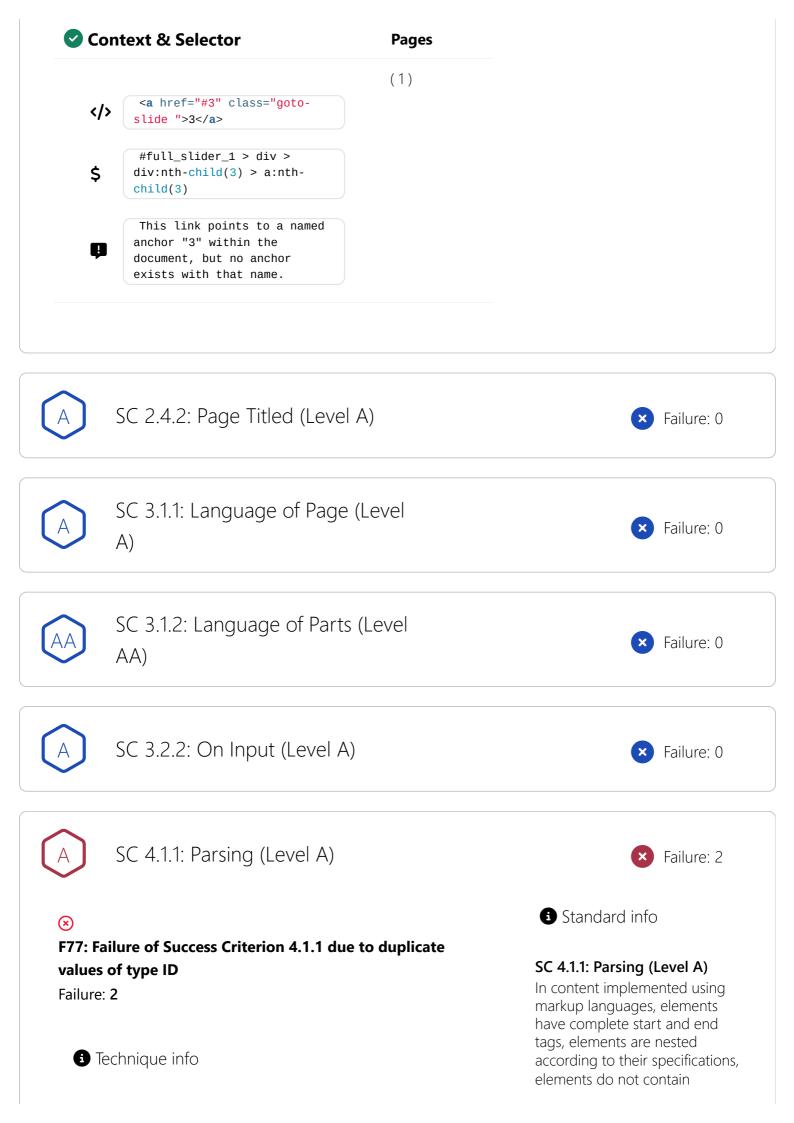
Instructions

Links

- 1. G1
- 2. <u>G123</u>
- 3. <u>G124</u>

```
Context & Selector
                                               Pages
                                              (1)
   [a] ·
          <a id="pojo-a11y-skip-
         content" class="pojo-skip-
         link pojo-skip-content"
   </>
         tabindex="1" accesskey="s"
         href="#content">Ir al
         contenido</a>
   $
          #pojo-a11y-skip-content
          This link points to a named
         anchor "content" within the
   document, but no anchor
         exists with that name.
                                              (1)
          <a href="#1" class="goto-
   </>
          slide active">1</a>
          #full_slider_1 > div >
   $
         div:nth-child(3) > a:nth-
         child(1)
          This link points to a named
          anchor "1" within the
   document, but no anchor
         exists with that name.
                                              (1)
          <a href="#2" class="goto-
   </>
          slide ">2</a>
          #full_slider_1 > div >
         div:nth-child(3) > a:nth-
         child(2)
          This link points to a named
         anchor "2" within the
   document, but no anchor
```

exists with that name.



F77: Failure of Success Criterion 4.1.1 due to duplicate values of type ID

Applies To

Second and subsequent sightings of an element ID.

Instructions

Duplicate id attribute value "[Element ID]" found on the web page.

Links

1. <u>F77</u>

</>

duplicate attributes, and any IDs are unique, except where the specifications allow these features. Note: Start and end tags that are missing a critical character in their formation, such as a closing angle bracket or a mismatched attribute value quotation mark are not complete.

Description

```
Context & Selector
```

<a
aria-label="Buscar" href="?s...</pre>

\$ #menu-item-search

Duplicate id attribute value "menu-item-search" found on the web page.

class="nta-whatsapp-default-avatar"
 version="1.1" id="Layer_1"
 xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
 xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999
 x="0px" y="0px" viewBox="0 0 512 51
 style="enable-background:new 0 0 51

<svg width="48px" height="48px"</pre>

\$ #Layer_1

Duplicate id attribute value "Layer_1" found on the web page.

(1)

Pages

(1)

A

SC 4.1.2: Name, Role, Value (Level

A)

Failure: 2

Ensures an element's role supports its ARIA attributes

Standard info

SC 4.1.2: Name, Role, Value (Level A)

Elements inside ARIA hidden element must not be focusable

ARIA hidden element must not be focusable

(x)

H91: Using HTML form controls and links

Failure: 2

1 Technique info

H91: Using HTML form controls and links

• A

Applies To

Link with a href attribute, but without link text. This means it does not have an accessibility API "name".

Instructions

Anchor element found with a valid href attribute, but no link content has been supplied.

• [Node Name]

Applies To

Form control which does not have a valid accessibility API "value". The message states how to add a valid value.

Instructions

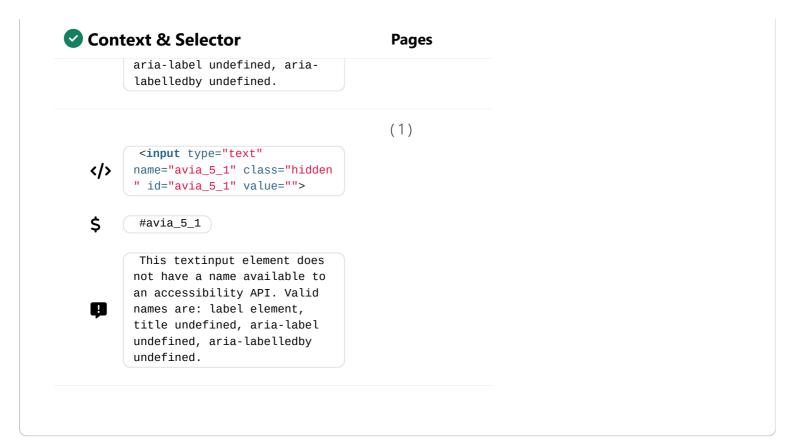
This [element type] does not have a value available to an accessibility API. Add one [using a element-specific method].

Links

1. H91

For all user interface components (including but not limited to: form elements, links and components generated by scripts), the name and role can be programmatically determined; states, properties, and values that can be set by the user can be programmatically set; and notification of changes to these items is available to user agents, including assistive technologies. Note: This success criterion is primarily for Web authors who develop or script their own user interface components. For example, standard HTML controls already meet this success criterion when used according to specification.

Description





SC 1.2.1: Audio-only and Video-only (Prerecorded) (Level A)



SC 1.2.2: Captions (Prerecorded) (Level A)



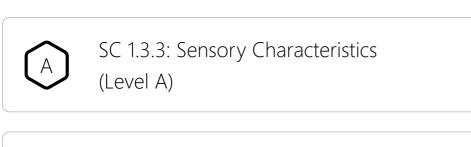
SC 1.2.4: Captions (Live) (Level AA)



SC 1.2.5: Audio Description (Prerecorded) (Level AA)



SC 1.3.2: Meaningful Sequence (Level A)





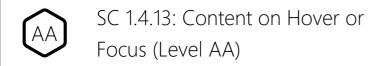




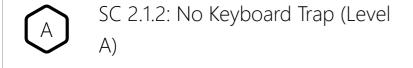


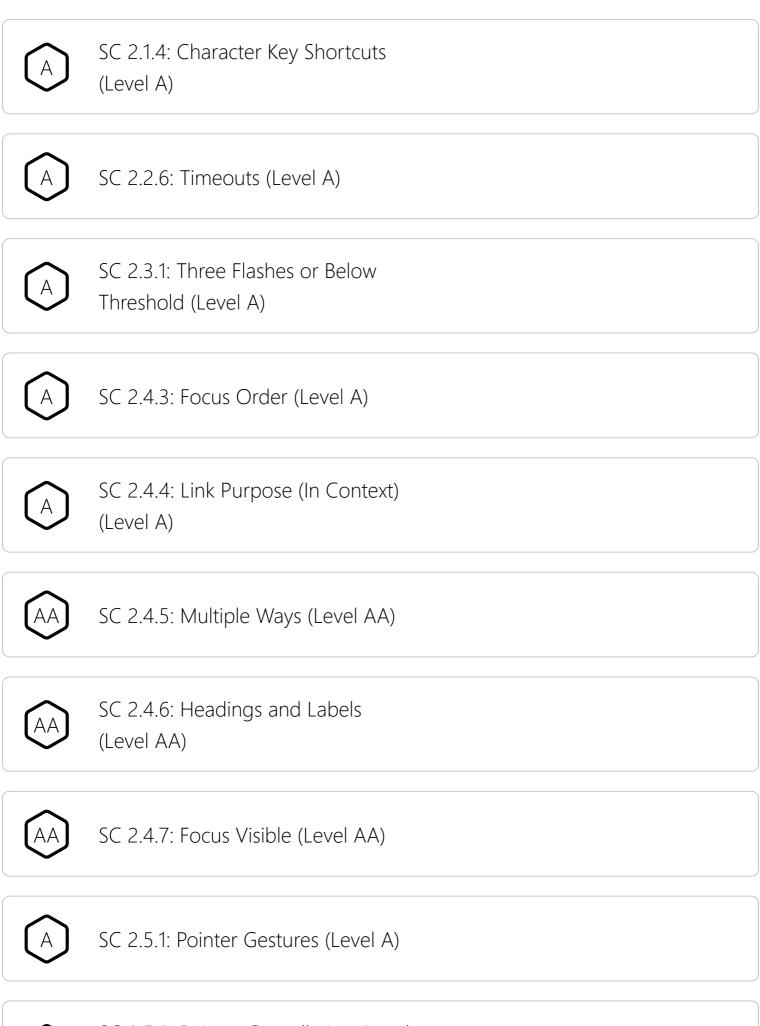












SC 2.5.2: Pointer Cancellation (Level
A)



SC 2.5.3: Label in Name (Level A)



SC 2.5.4: Motion Actuation (Level A)



SC 3.2.1: On Focus (Level A)



SC 3.2.3: Consistent Navigation (Level AA)



SC 3.2.4: Consistent Identification (Level AA)



SC 3.3.1: Error Identification (Level A)



SC 3.3.2: Labels or Instructions (Level A)



SC 3.3.3: Error Suggestion (Level AA)



SC 3.3.4: Error Prevention (Legal, Financial, Data) (Level AA)



SC 4.1.3: Status Messages (Level

AA)

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