Realizacion de API

Dashboard de Teams Approvals para Usuario Específico

FASE 1: PREPARACIÓN Y PERMISOS (30 minutos)

Paso 1.1: Verificar permisos necesarios

- **Necesitas tener:**
- Administrador Global de Azure AD (o Application Administrator)
- Licencia Power Automate Premium (incluida en A5)
- Acceso a Power BI Pro/Premium (incluido en A5)
- Permisos de administrador en SharePoint
- - ★*NUEVO**: Administrador de Teams (para acceso a datos de Teams)

Paso 1.2: Crear estructura de carpetas en SharePoint

- 1. **Ir a SharePoint**:
 - Ve a https://[tuempresa].sharepoint.com
 - Clic en "Sites" → "Create site"
- 2. **Crear sitio nuevo**:
 - Tipo: "Team site"
 - Nombre: "Teams Approvals Dashboard"
 - Descripción: "Dashboard de aprobaciones de Teams por usuario"
 - Privacy: "Private"
 - Clic "Next" → "Finish"
- 3. **Crear biblioteca de documentos**:
 - En tu sitio, clic en "Documents"
 - Clic en "New" → "Folder"
 - Nombre: "UserApprovalData"
- 4. **Anotar la URL**:

GUARDA ESTE DATO:

SharePoint URL: https://tuempresa.sharepoint.com/sites/TeamsApprovalsUsers

FASE 2: REGISTRO DE APLICACIÓN EN AZURE AD (25 minutos)

Paso 2.1: Crear aplicación en Azure

```
1. **Ir a Azure Portal**:
 - Ve a https://portal.azure.com
 - Busca "Azure Active Directory"
 - Clic en "App registrations"
2. **Crear nueva aplicación**:
 - Clic "New registration"
 - **Name**: `TeamsApprovalsExtractor`
 - **Supported account types**: "Accounts in this organizational directory only"
 - **Redirect URI**: Déjalo vacío
 - Clic "Register"
3. **Guardar información**:
 GUARDA ESTOS DATOS:
 Application (client) ID: [cópialo aquí]
 Directory (tenant) ID: [cópialo aquí]
### Paso 2.2: Crear Client Secret
1. **En tu aplicación**:
 - Clic "Certificates & secrets"
 - Clic "New client secret"
 - **Description**: `Teams Dashboard Secret`
 - **Expires**: "12 months"
 - Clic "Add"
2. ** ! COPIAR VALUE INMEDIATAMENTE**:
 GUARDA ESTE DATO:
 Client Secret: [cópialo AHORA - no se mostrará de nuevo]
```

Paso 2.3: Asignar permisos específicos para Teams

```
1. **Ir a API permissions**:
 - Clic "Add a permission"
 - Selecciona "Microsoft Graph"
 - Clic "Application permissions"
2. **Agregar permisos para Teams Approvals**:
  **Permiso 1 - Para leer equipos**:
 - Busca "Team"
 - Marca Team.ReadBasic.All`
 - Clic "Add permissions"
  **Permiso 2 - Para leer usuarios**:
 - Clic "Add a permission" → "Microsoft Graph" → "Application permissions"
 - Busca "User"
 - Marca W `User.Read.All`
 - Clic "Add permissions"
  **Permiso 3 - Para leer instalaciones de apps**:
 - Clic "Add a permission" → "Microsoft Graph" → "Application permissions"
 - Busca "TeamworkAppInstallation"
 - Marca ✓ `TeamworkAppInstallation.Read.All`
 - Clic "Add permissions"
  **Permiso 4 - Para directorio**:
 - Clic "Add a permission" \rightarrow "Microsoft Graph" \rightarrow "Application permissions"
 - Busca "Directory"
 - Marca \( \sqrt{\text{Directory.Read.All}} \)
 - Clic "Add permissions"
3. ** CRÍTICO - Grant admin consent**:
 - Clic "Grant admin consent for [tu organización]"
 - Clic "Yes"
 - Verifica que todos tengan verde
## FASE 3: CREAR AZURE FUNCTION PARA PROCESAMIENTO (30 minutos)
```

Paso 3.1: Crear Function App

```
1. **En Azure Portal**:
 - Busca "Function App"
 - Clic "Create"
2. **Configuración**:
 - **Resource Group**: Crear nuevo → "TeamsApprovals-RG"
 - **Function App name**: `teams-approvals-processor-[tus-iniciales]`
 - **Runtime stack**: "Python"
 - **Version**: "3.9"
 - **Region**: La más cercana
 - Clic "Review + create" → "Create"
### Paso 3.2: Configurar Function
1. **Crear función**:
 - En tu Function App → "Functions" → "Create"
 - **Template**: "HTTP trigger"
 - **Function name**: `ProcessUserApprovals`
 - **Authorization level**: "Function"
 - Clic "Create"
2. **Agregar código Python**:
````python
import azure.functions as func
import pandas as pd
import json
import io
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
import logging
def main(req: func.HttpRequest) -> func.HttpResponse:
 logging.info(Procesando aprobaciones de Teams por usuario)
 try:
 # Obtener datos del request
 req_body = req.get_json()
 csv data = req body.get('csv data')
 target user = req body.get('target user', ")
```

```
if not csv data:
 return func.HttpResponse(
 json.dumps({"error": "No se proporcionaron datos CSV"}),
 status code=400
)
Convertir CSV a DataFrame
df = pd.read csv(io.StringlO(csv data))
Filtrar por usuario específico si se proporciona
if target user:
 # Filtrar donde el usuario es solicitante O aprobador
 df filtered = df[
 (df['RequestorEmail'].str.contains(target_user, case=False, na=False)) |
 (df['ApproverEmail'].str.contains(target_user, case=False, na=False)) |
 (df['RequestorName'].str.contains(target user, case=False, na=False)) |
 (df['ApproverName'].str.contains(target_user, case=False, na=False))
 1
else:
 df filtered = df
Procesar datos
df processed = process user approvals(df filtered, target user)
Generar análisis específico por usuario
user analysis = generate user analysis(df processed, target user)
Preparar archivos de salida
response data = {
 "processed data": df processed.to csv(index=False),
 "user as requestor": user analysis['as requestor'].to csv(index=False),
 "user as approver": user analysis['as approver'].to csv(index=False),
 "monthly trends": user analysis['monthly trends'].to csv(index=False),
 "response times": user analysis['response times'].to csv(index=False),
 "metadata": {
 "processing date": datetime.now().isoformat(),
 "target user": target user,
 "total records": len(df processed),
 "user requests": len(user analysis['as requestor']),
```

```
"user approvals": len(user analysis['as approver']),
 "status": "success"
 }
 }
 return func.HttpResponse(
 json.dumps(response data),
 status code=200,
 mimetype="application/json"
)
 except Exception as e:
 logging.error(f" Error en procesamiento: {str(e)}")
 return func.HttpResponse(
 json.dumps({"error": str(e), "status": "failed"}),
 status code=500,
 mimetype="application/json"
)
def process user approvals(df, target user):
 """Procesa los datos de aprobación específicos del usuario"""
 # Convertir fechas
 df['CreatedDateTime'] = pd.to datetime(df['CreatedDateTime'])
 df['CompletedDateTime'] = pd.to_datetime(df['CompletedDateTime'])
 # Calcular tiempo de procesamiento
 df['ProcessingTimeHours'] = (df['CompletedDateTime'] -
df['CreatedDateTime']).dt.total seconds() / 3600
 df['ProcessingTimeDays'] = df['ProcessingTimeHours'] / 24
 # Agregar campos temporales
 df['Year'] = df['CreatedDateTime'].dt.year
 df['Month'] = df['CreatedDateTime'].dt.month
 df['MonthName'] = df['CreatedDateTime'].dt.strftime('%B')
 df['Quarter'] = df['CreatedDateTime'].dt.quarter
 df['WeekOfYear'] = df['CreatedDateTime'].dt.isocalendar().week
 df['DayOfWeek'] = df['CreatedDateTime'].dt.day name()
 df['HourOfDay'] = df['CreatedDateTime'].dt.hour
```

```
Clasificar velocidad de respuesta
 def classify response time(hours):
 if pd.isna(hours):
 return 'Pending'
 elif hours <= 1:
 return 'Immediate (≤1h)'
 elif hours <= 4:
 return 'Very Fast (1-4h)'
 elif hours <= 24:
 return 'Fast (4-24h)'
 elif hours <= 72:
 return 'Medium (1-3d)'
 elif hours <= 168:
 return 'Slow (3-7d)'
 else:
 return 'Very Slow (>7d)'
 df['ResponseTimeCategory'] =
df['ProcessingTimeHours'].apply(classify response time)
 # Identificar rol del usuario objetivo
 df['UserRole'] = 'Other'
 if target_user:
 mask requestor = (df['RequestorEmail'].str.contains(target user, case=False,
na=False)) | \
 (df['RequestorName'].str.contains(target user, case=False, na=False))
 mask approver = (df['ApproverEmail'].str.contains(target user, case=False,
na=False)) | \
 (df['ApproverName'].str.contains(target_user, case=False, na=False))
 df.loc[mask requestor, 'UserRole'] = 'Requestor'
 df.loc[mask approver, 'UserRole'] = 'Approver'
 df.loc[mask requestor & mask approver, 'UserRole'] = 'Both'
 # Clasificar urgencia por hora de solicitud
 def classify urgency(hour):
 if 9 <= hour <= 17:
 return 'Business Hours'
 elif 18 <= hour <= 22:
 return 'Evening'
```

```
elif 23 <= hour or hour <= 6:
 return 'Off Hours'
 else:
 return 'Early Morning'
 df['RequestUrgency'] = df['HourOfDay'].apply(classify urgency)
 return df
def generate_user_analysis(df, target_user):
 """Genera análisis específicos por usuario"""
 # Filtrar datos del usuario como solicitante
 user as requestor = df[df['UserRole'].isin(['Requestor', 'Both'])].copy()
 # Filtrar datos del usuario como aprobador
 user as approver = df[df['UserRole'].isin(['Approver', 'Both'])].copy()
 # Tendencias mensuales
 monthly trends = df.groupby(['Year', 'Month', 'MonthName', 'UserRole']).agg({
 'Approvalld': 'count',
 'ProcessingTimeHours': ['mean', 'median'],
 'Status': [
 lambda x: (x == 'approved').sum(),
 lambda x: (x == 'rejected').sum(),
 lambda x: (x == 'pending').sum()
 }).round(2)
 monthly trends.columns = [
 'TotalApprovals', 'AvgProcessingHours', 'MedianProcessingHours',
 'ApprovedCount', 'RejectedCount', 'PendingCount'
 monthly trends = monthly trends.reset index()
 monthly trends['ApprovalRate'] = (monthly trends['ApprovedCount'] /
monthly trends['TotalApprovals'] * 100).round(2)
 # Análisis de tiempos de respuesta por categoría
 response times = df.groupby(['UserRole', 'ResponseTimeCategory']).agg({
 'Approvalld': 'count',
```

```
'ProcessingTimeHours': 'mean'
 }).reset index()
 response times.columns = ['UserRole', 'ResponseCategory', 'Count', 'AvgHours']
 # Resúmenes por usuario como solicitante
 if len(user as requestor) > 0:
 requestor summary = user as requestor.groupby(['Category', 'Status']).agg({
 'Approvalld': 'count',
 'ProcessingTimeHours': 'mean'
 }).reset index()
 requestor summary.columns = ['Category', 'Status', 'Count',
'AvgProcessingHours']
 else:
 requestor summary = pd.DataFrame(columns=['Category', 'Status', 'Count',
'AvgProcessingHours'])
 # Resúmenes por usuario como aprobador
 if len(user as approver) > 0:
 approver summary = user as approver.groupby(['TeamName',
'ApproverResponse']).agg({
 'Approvalld': 'count',
 'ProcessingTimeHours': 'mean'
 }).reset_index()
 approver summary.columns = ['TeamName', 'Response', 'Count',
'AvgResponseTime']
 # Calcular eficiencia como aprobador
 approver summary['EfficiencyScore'] = (100 -
approver summary['AvgResponseTime']).clip(lower=0)
 else:
 approver summary = pd.DataFrame(columns=['TeamName', 'Response',
'Count', 'AvgResponseTime', 'EfficiencyScore'])
 return {
 'as requestor': requestor summary,
 'as approver': approver summary,
 'monthly trends': monthly trends,
 'response times': response times
```

```
3. **Obtener URL de la función**:
 GUARDA ESTE DATO:
 Function URL: [copiar la URL completa con el código]
FASE 4: CREAR POWER AUTOMATE DESKTOP FLOW (25 minutos)
Paso 4.1: Crear Desktop Flow para Teams
1. **En Power Automate Desktop**:
 - Crear nuevo flow: `Extract-Teams-User-Approvals`
2. **Variables de entrada**:
 - `TenantId` (Text)
 - 'ClientId' (Text)
 - `ClientSecret` (Text)
 - `TargetUserEmail` (Text) - **NUEVO**
 - `OutputPath` (Text)
3. **Script PowerShell para Teams Approvals**:
````powershell
param($TenantId, $ClientId, $ClientSecret, $TargetUserEmail, $OutputPath)
try {
  Write-Host " Iniciando extracción de Teams Approvals para:
$TargetUserEmail" -ForegroundColor Green
  # Instalar módulos necesarios
  $Modules = @('Microsoft.Graph.Authentication', 'Microsoft.Graph.Teams',
'Microsoft.Graph.Users')
  foreach ($Module in $Modules) {
    if (!(Get-Module -ListAvailable -Name $Module)) {
      Install-Module $Module -Force -AllowClobber -Scope CurrentUser
    }
    Import-Module $Module
```

```
}
  # Autenticación
  $SecureSecret = ConvertTo-SecureString $ClientSecret -AsPlainText -Force
  $Credential = New-Object
System.Management.Automation.PSCredential($ClientId, $SecureSecret)
  Connect-MgGraph -TenantId $TenantId -ClientSecretCredential $Credential
  Write-Host "✓ Conectado a Microsoft Graph" -ForegroundColor Green
  # Buscar el usuario objetivo
  $TargetUser = Get-MgUser -Filter "userPrincipalName eq '$TargetUserEmail'" -
ErrorAction SilentlyContinue
  if (-not $TargetUser) {
    $TargetUser = Get-MgUser -Filter "displayName eq '$TargetUserEmail'" -
ErrorAction SilentlyContinue
  }
  if (-not $TargetUser) {
    throw "No se encontró el usuario: $TargetUserEmail"
  }
  Write-Host "Lusuario encontrado: $($TargetUser.DisplayName)" -
ForegroundColor Cyan
  # Obtener equipos donde el usuario es miembro
  Write-Host " Buscando equipos del usuario..." -ForegroundColor Yellow
  $UserTeams = Get-MgUserJoinedTeam -UserId $TargetUser.Id
  $AllApprovals = @()
  $TeamsProcessed = 0
  foreach ($Team in $UserTeams) {
      Write-Host "Procesando equipo: $($Team.DisplayName)" -
ForegroundColor Cyan
      # Verificar si tiene la app Approvals instalada
      $Apps = Get-MgTeamInstalledApp -TeamId $Team.Id -ErrorAction
SilentlyContinue
```

```
$ApprovalsApp = $Apps | Where-Object {
        $ .TeamsAppDefinition.DisplayName -like "*Approval*" -or
        $ .TeamsAppDefinition.DisplayName -like "*Aprobación*"
      }
      if ($ApprovalsApp) {
        Write-Host " App Approvals encontrada" -ForegroundColor Green
        # Intentar obtener aprobaciones (API Beta)
        try {
          $Uri =
"https://graph.microsoft.com/beta/teams/$($Team.Id)/approvals"
          $ApprovalResponse = Invoke-MgGraphRequest -Uri $Uri -Method GET -
ErrorAction Stop
          foreach ($Approval in $ApprovalResponse.value) {
            # Verificar si el usuario está involucrado en esta aprobación
            $IsUserInvolved = $false
            $UserRole = "None"
            # Verificar como solicitante
            if ($Approval.requestor.user.userPrincipalName -eq
$TargetUser.UserPrincipalName -or
               $Approval.requestor.user.displayName -eq
$TargetUser.DisplayName) {
               $IsUserInvolved = $true
               $UserRole = "Requestor"
            }
            # Verificar como aprobador
            if ($Approval.responses) {
              foreach ($Response in $Approval.responses) {
                 if ($Response.approver.user.userPrincipalName -eq
$TargetUser.UserPrincipalName -or
                   $Response.approver.user.displayName -eq
$TargetUser.DisplayName) {
                   $IsUserInvolved = $true
                   if ($UserRole -eq "Requestor") {
                     $UserRole = "Both"
                   } else {
```

```
$UserRole = "Approver"
                   }
                }
              }
            }
            # Solo incluir si el usuario está involucrado
            if ($IsUserInvolved) {
               $ApprovalRecord = [PSCustomObject]@{
                 TeamId = $Team.Id
                 TeamName = $Team.DisplayName
                 ApprovalId = $Approval.id
                 DisplayName = $Approval.displayName
                 Status = $Approval.status
                 CreatedDateTime = $Approval.createdDateTime
                 CompletedDateTime = $Approval.completedDateTime
                 RequestorName = if ($Approval.requestor.user) {
$Approval.requestor.user.displayName } else { "N/A" }
                 RequestorEmail = if ($Approval.requestor.user) {
$Approval.requestor.user.userPrincipalName } else { "N/A" }
                 ApproverName = "Pending"
                 ApproverEmail = "N/A"
                 ApproverResponse = "pending"
                 Comments = ""
                 Description = if ($Approval.details.description) {
$Approval.details.description } else { $Approval.displayName }
                 Category = if ($Approval.details.category) {
$Approval.details.category } else { "General" }
                 UserRole = $UserRole
                 TargetUser = $TargetUser.DisplayName
                 TargetUserEmail = $TargetUser.UserPrincipalName
                 ExtractedDate = Get-Date -Format "yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss"
               }
               # Agregar información del aprobador si existe respuesta
               if ($Approval.responses -and $Approval.responses.Count -gt 0) {
                 $LastResponse = $Approval.responses | Sort-Object
createdDateTime | Select-Object -Last 1
```

```
$ApprovalRecord.ApproverName = if
($LastResponse.approver.user) { $LastResponse.approver.user.displayName } else {
"N/A" }
               $ApprovalRecord.ApproverEmail = if
($LastResponse.approver.user) { $LastResponse.approver.user.userPrincipalName }
else { "N/A" }
                $ApprovalRecord.ApproverResponse = $LastResponse.response
               $ApprovalRecord.Comments = if ($LastResponse.comments) {
$LastResponse.comments } else { "" }
             $AllApprovals += $ApprovalRecord
           }
         }
         $TeamsProcessed++
        catch {
         $($ .Exception.Message)"
        }
      }
      else {
       Write-Host " Sin app Approvals" -ForegroundColor Gray
     }
    }
    catch {
      Write-Warning "X Error procesando equipo $($Team.DisplayName):
$($ .Exception.Message)"
    }
  }
  # Exportar datos
  $CsvPath = Join-Path $OutputPath "teams user approvals raw.csv"
  $AllApprovals | Export-Csv -Path $CsvPath -NoTypeInformation -Encoding UTF8
  # Crear resumen
  Summary = @{
    TargetUser = $TargetUser.DisplayName
    TargetUserEmail = $TargetUser.UserPrincipalName
```

```
TotalApprovals = $AllApprovals.Count
    TeamsProcessed = $TeamsProcessed
    TotalTeams = $UserTeams.Count
    AsReguestor = ($AllApprovals | Where-Object { $ .UserRole -in
@("Requestor", "Both") }).Count
    AsApprover = ($AllApprovals | Where-Object { $_.UserRole -in @("Approver",
"Both") }).Count
    PendingApprovals = ($AllApprovals | Where-Object { $ .Status -eq "pending"
}).Count
    ApprovedCount = ($AllApprovals | Where-Object { $ .Status -eq "approved"
}).Count
    RejectedCount = ($AllApprovals | Where-Object { $ .Status -eq "rejected"
}).Count
    ExtractionDate = Get-Date -Format "yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss"
    Status = "Success"
    OutputFile = $CsvPath
  }
  $SummaryPath = Join-Path $OutputPath "user extraction summary.json"
  $Summary | ConvertTo-Json | Out-File -FilePath $SummaryPath -Encoding UTF8
 Write-Host "✓ Extracción completada para $($TargetUser.DisplayName):" -
ForegroundColor Green
 Write-Host " Total aprobaciones: $($AllApprovals.Count)" -ForegroundColor
White
  Write-Host " L Como solicitante: $(($AllApprovals | Where-Object {
$ .UserRole -in @("Requestor", "Both") }).Count)" -ForegroundColor White
  Write-Host " Como aprobador: $(($AllApprovals | Where-Object {
$ .UserRole -in @("Approver", "Both") }).Count)" -ForegroundColor White
  Write-Host " Equipos procesados: $TeamsProcessed de
$($UserTeams.Count)" -ForegroundColor White
  Write-Host " Archivo: $CsvPath" -ForegroundColor White
  Disconnect-MgGraph
  # Retornar para Power Automate
  "Success:$($AllApprovals.Count):$CsvPath:$($TargetUser.DisplayName)"
} catch {
  $ErrorMessage = $ .Exception.Message
```

```
Write-Error "X Error durante la extracción: $ErrorMessage"
  $ErrorSummary = @{
    TargetUser = $TargetUserEmail
    TotalApprovals = 0
    ExtractionDate = Get-Date -Format "yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss"
    Status = "Error"
    ErrorMessage = $ErrorMessage
  }
  $ErrorPath = Join-Path $OutputPath "user extraction error.json"
  $ErrorSummary | ConvertTo-Json | Out-File -FilePath $ErrorPath -Encoding UTF8
  "Error:$ErrorMessage"
}
## FASE 5: CREAR FLUJO PRINCIPAL EN POWER AUTOMATE (35 minutos)
### Paso 5.1: Crear flujo automatizado
1. **En Power Automate**:
 - Crear "Scheduled cloud flow"
 - **Name**: `Teams-User-Approvals-Dashboard`
 - **Frequency**: Daily at 6:00 AM
### Paso 5.2: Configurar variables
````vaml
Variables a crear:
1. TenantId: [tu-tenant-id]
2. ClientId: [tu-client-id]
3. ClientSecret: [tu-client-secret]
4. SharePointSite: [tu-sharepoint-url]
5. TargetUserEmail: usuario@empresa.com # ← NUEVO
6. FunctionURL: [tu-azure-function-url]
```

```
1. **Initialize variables** (6 variables)
2. **Run Desktop Flow**: `Extract-Teams-User-Approvals`
 - Parameters:
 - TenantId: `@{variables('TenantId')}`
 - ClientId: `@{variables('ClientId')}`
 - ClientSecret: `@{variables('ClientSecret')}`
 - TargetUserEmail: `@{variables('TargetUserEmail')}`
 - OutputPath: `C:\temp`
3. **Get file content** (SharePoint):
 - File: 'teams user approvals raw.csv'
4. **HTTP Request** (Azure Function):
 - Method: POST
 - URI: `@{variables('FunctionURL')}`
 - Body:
  ```json
   "csv data": "@{base64ToString(body('Get file content'))}",
   "target user": "@{variables('TargetUserEmail')}"
  }
  ...
5. **Parse JSON** (resultado de función)
6. **Create files** (Parallel branches):
 - 'user approvals current.csv'
 - 'user as requestor current.csv'
 - 'user as approver current.csv'
 - `monthly trends current.csv`
 - `response times current.csv`
7. **Send notification email**:
 Subject: ✓ Dashboard Usuario @{variables('TargetUserEmail')} Actualizado
 Body:
 Dashboard actualizado para: @{variables('TargetUserEmail')}
```

```
Resumen:
 - Total aprobaciones: @{body('Parse JSON')?['metadata']?['total records']}
 - Como solicitante: @{body('Parse JSON')?['metadata']?['user requests']}
 - Como aprobador: @{body('Parse JSON')?['metadata']?['user approvals']}
 - Fecha: @{formatDateTime(utcNow(), 'dd/MM/yyyy HH:mm')}
## FASE 6: CREAR DASHBOARD EN POWER BI (30 minutos)
### Paso 6.1: Conectar a datos
1. **Power BI Desktop** → **Get Data** → **SharePoint Online List**
2. **Site URL**: Tu URL de SharePoint
3. **Seleccionar archivos**:
 - 'user approvals current.csv'
 - `user_as_requestor_current.csv`
 - `user_as_approver_current.csv`
 - `monthly trends current.csv`
### Paso 6.2: Crear medidas DAX
````dax
// Medidas para el dashboard por usuario
Total Approvals = COUNTROWS(user approvals current)
As Requestor =
CALCULATE(
 COUNTROWS(user approvals current),
 user approvals current[UserRole] IN {"Requestor", "Both"}
)
As Approver =
CALCULATE(
 COUNTROWS(user_approvals_current),
 user approvals current[UserRole] IN {"Approver", "Both"}
```

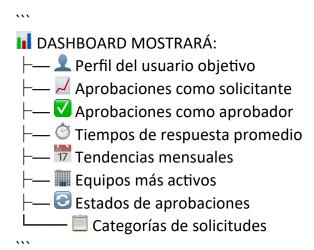
```
Avg Response Time (Hours) =
AVERAGE(user approvals current[ProcessingTimeHours])
Approval Rate =
DIVIDE(
 CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(user approvals current),
user approvals current[Status] = "approved"),
 COUNTROWS(user approvals current)
) * 100
Pending Count =
CALCULATE(
 COUNTROWS(user approvals current),
 user_approvals_current[Status] = "pending"
)
....
Paso 6.3: Crear visualizaciones
1. **Cards superiores**:
 - Total Approvals
 - As Requestor
 - As Approver
 - Avg Response Time
 - Approval Rate
2. **Gráfico de barras**: Status por UserRole
3. **Línea de tiempo**: Aprobaciones por mes (CreatedDateTime)
4. **Donut chart**: Distribución por ResponseTimeCategory
5. **Tabla detallada**:
 - Columns: TeamName, DisplayName, Status, CreatedDateTime,
ProcessingTimeHours, UserRole
6. **Gráfico de barras horizontal**: Top 5 equipos con más aprobaciones
Paso 6.4: Agregar filtros
```

```
1. **Slicer por fechas**: CreatedDateTime
2. **Slicer por equipo**: TeamName
3. **Slicer por categoría**: Category
4. **Slicer por rol**: UserRole
FASE 7: CONFIGURAR PARÁMETRO DE USUARIO DINÁMICO (15 minutos)
Paso 7.1: Crear flujo para cambiar usuario
1. **Nuevo flujo**: `Change-Target-User`
2. **Trigger**: "When an HTTP request is received"
3. **Actions**:
 - Get target user from request body
 - Update environment variable
 - Trigger main flow
Paso 7.2: Crear interfaz simple
````html
<!-- Simple HTML form para cambiar usuario -->
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Dashboard Usuario - Teams Approvals</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h2>Seleccionar Usuario para Dashboard</h2>
  <form action="[URL-del-flujo-HTTP]" method="POST">
    <label for="userEmail">Email del Usuario:</label>
    <input type="email" id="userEmail" name="userEmail" required>
    <button type="submit">Actualizar Dashboard</button>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

CHECKLIST ESPECÍFICO PARA USUARIO

- Azure AD App con permisos Teams específicos
- Azure Function para procesamiento por usuario
- Desktop Flow que filtra por usuario específico
- V Flujo principal con parámetro de usuario
- V Dashboard Power BI personalizado por usuario
- ✓ Archivos CSV con prefijo "user_" para claridad
- Notificaciones con información del usuario objetivo

© DATOS QUE OBTENDRÁS



💅 PARA EJECUTAR

- 1. **Manual**: Cambiar `TargetUserEmail` en variables del flujo
- 2. **Automático**: Usar el flujo HTTP para cambiar usuario dinámicamente
- 3. **Programado**: Ejecutará diariamente para el usuario configurado

¿En qué paso específico necesitas ayuda o dónde te encuentras actualmente en la implementación?