



HORMIGÓN ARMADO I

Edificio

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Memoria de Cálculo de la Estructura

Descripción de la Estructura

La presente memoria tiene por objeto la descripción y justificación de los distintos elementos que configuran la estructura del proyecto para la construcción de un edificio compuesto por planta baja, planta alta y azotea accesible, destinado a departamentos habitacionales.

Estructura

La estructura del edificio es una construcción de hormigón armado a base de bases aisladas, columnas, vigas y losas.

Medios usados en el cálculo de la estructura

Para el cálculo de las solicitaciones de las losas cruzadas se utilizaron las tablas Ertürk.

Para la determinación de las solicitaciones de las losas derechas y vigas se utilizó el software Ftool.

Hipótesis de cálculo

Las hipótesis de cálculo consideradas se ajustan a los criterios del reglamento CIRSOC 201.

Para las cargas permanentes y variables se han seguido los pesos específicos y sobrecargas del CIRSOC 101.

No se han considerado las acciones sísmicas o de viento.

Materiales a emplear

El hormigón adoptado para todos los elementos es un H-25.

El acero utilizado será ADN 420 para las barras y mallas Acindar T-500 para las esquinas de las losas cruzadas.

Losas

Para la determinación de las solicitaciones de losas cruzadas se utilizaron las tablas de Ertürk.

Predimensionado

$$l_n = 5,20 \text{ m} = 5200 \text{ mm}$$

$$\beta = \frac{5,20 \text{ m}}{3,17 \text{ m}} = 1,64$$

$$h \geq \frac{l_n \left(0,8 + \frac{f_y}{1400} \right)}{36 + 9\beta} = \frac{5200 \text{ mm} \left(0,8 + \frac{420 \text{ MPa}}{1400} \right)}{36 + 9 * 1,64} = 112,69 \text{ mm}$$

Adopto $h = 12 \text{ cm}$

Losas L01-L02 IDEM L06-07 || L11-L12 || L16-L17

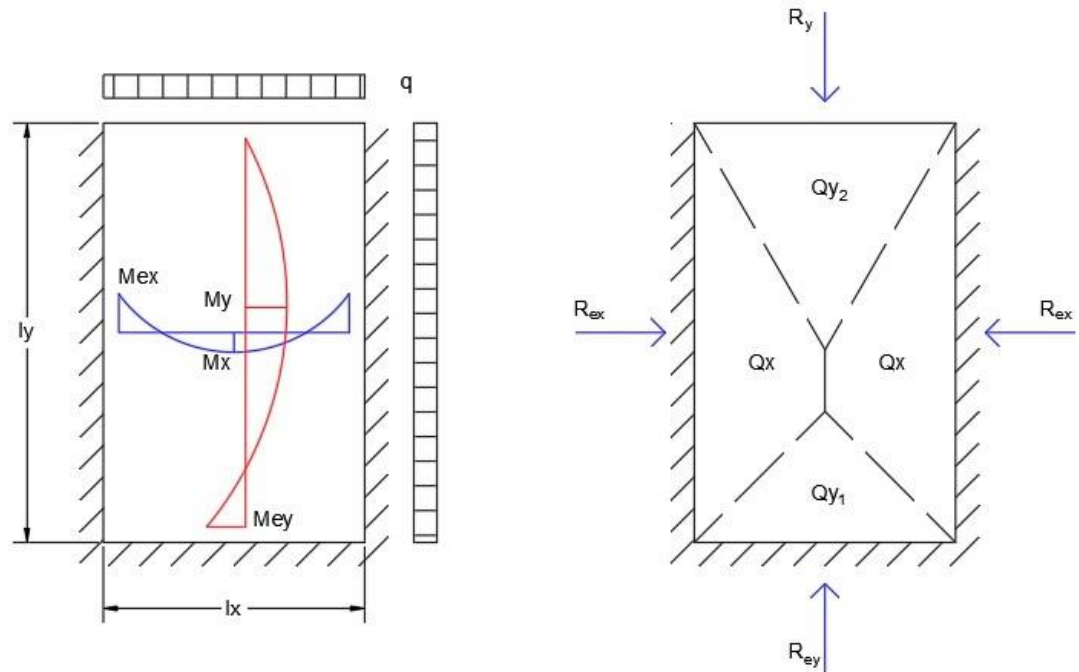
➤ **Análisis de Carga**

	Espesor (m)	Peso Específico (kN/m ³)	Peso (kN/m ²)
Piso	0,012	23	0,28
Carpeta	0,025	19	0,48
Contrapiso	0,07	18	1,26
Losa	0,12	25	3
Cielorraso	0,02	-	0,2

D=	5,22
L =	2

➤ Solicitaciones

De tabla 19:



$$\frac{l_y}{l_x} = \frac{5,40 \text{ m}}{3,37 \text{ m}} = 1,6$$

$$M_i = \eta_i * Q$$

$$Q_i = \gamma_i * Q$$

Carga Permanente

$$q = 5,22 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$Q = q * l_x * l_y = 5,22 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} * 3,37 \text{ m} * 5,40 \text{ m} = 95 \text{ kN}$$

η_{ex}	-0,051
η_{ey}	-0,0355
η_x	0,0238
η_y	0,0042
γ_x	0,377

M_{ex}	-4,84
M_{ey}	-3,37
M_x	2,26
M_y	0,40
Q_x	35,81

γ_{y1}	0,156
γ_{y2}	0,09

Q_{y1}	14,82
Q_{y2}	8,55

$$R_{ex} = \frac{Q_x}{l_y} = \frac{35,81 \text{ kN}}{5,40 \text{ m}} = 6,63 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$R_{ey} = \frac{Q_{y1}}{l_x} = \frac{14,82 \text{ kN}}{3,37 \text{ m}} = 4,39 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$R_y = \frac{Q_{y2}}{l_x} = \frac{8,55 \text{ kN}}{3,37 \text{ m}} = 2,53 \text{ kN/m}$$

Sobrecarga

$$q = 2 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$Q = q * l_x * l_y = 2 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} * 3,37 \text{ m} * 5,40 \text{ m} = 37 \text{ kN}$$

η_{ex}	-0,051
η_{ey}	-0,0355
η_x	0,0238
η_y	0,0042
γ_x	0,377
γ_{y1}	0,156
γ_{y2}	0,09

M_{ex}	-1,89
M_{ey}	-1,31
M_x	0,88
M_y	0,16
Q_x	13,95
Q_{y1}	5,77
Q_{y2}	3,33

$$R_{ex} = \frac{Q_x}{l_y} = \frac{13,95 \text{ kN}}{5,40 \text{ m}} = 2,58 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$R_{ey} = \frac{Q_{y1}}{l_x} = \frac{5,77 \text{ kN}}{3,37 \text{ m}} = 1,71 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$R_y = \frac{Q_{y2}}{l_x} = \frac{3,33 \text{ kN}}{3,37 \text{ m}} = 0,99 \text{ kN/m}$$

Cargas Últimas

$$U = 1,2 * D + 1,6 * L$$

Mu _{ex}	-8,83 kNm/m
Mu _{ey}	-6,15 kNm/m
Mu _x	4,12 kNm/m
Mu _y	0,73 kNm/m
Ru _{ex}	12,09 kN/m
Ru _{ey}	8,02 kN/m
Ru _y	4,63 kN/m

Losas L03-L04 IDEM L08-09 || L13-L14 || L18-L19

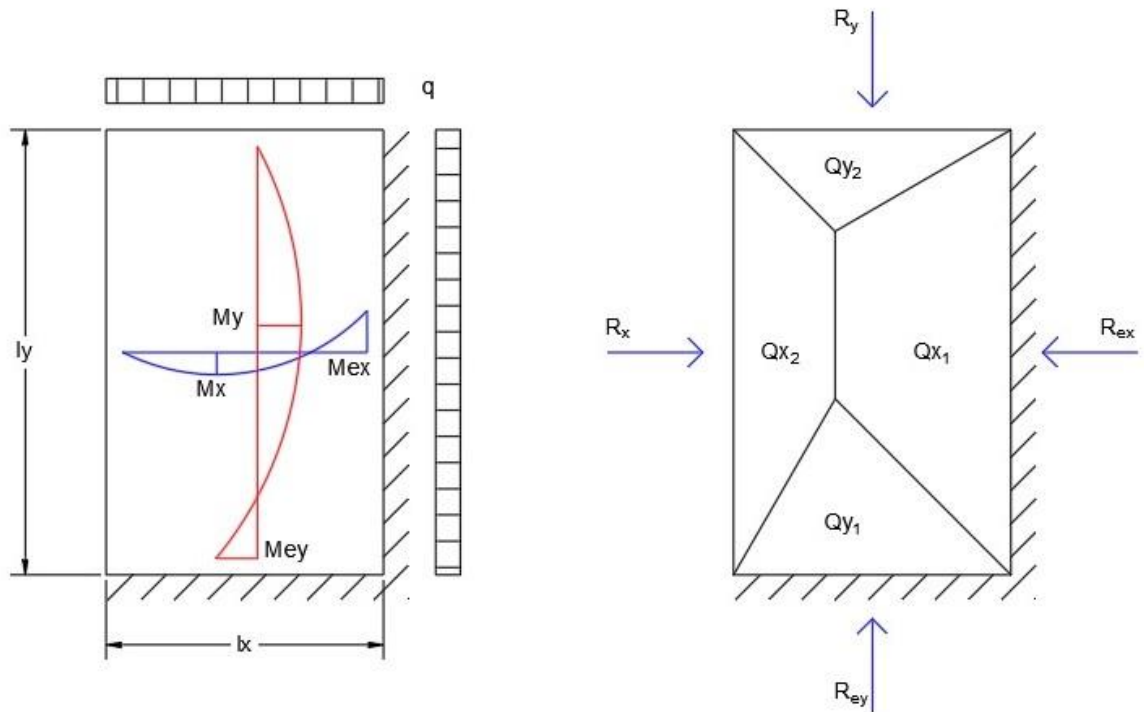
➤ Análisis de Carga

	Espesor (m)	Peso Específico (kN/m ³)	Peso (kN/m ²)
Piso	0,012	23	0,28
Carpeta	0,025	19	0,48
Contrapiso	0,07	18	1,26
Losa	0,12	25	3
Cielorraso	0,02	-	0,2

D=	5,22
L =	2

➤ Solicitaciones

De tabla 15



$$\frac{l_y}{l_x} = \frac{5,40 \text{ m}}{3,37 \text{ m}} = 1,6$$

$$M_i = \eta_i * Q$$

$$Q_i = \gamma_i * Q$$

Carga Permanente

$$q = 5,22 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$Q = q * l_x * l_y = 5,22 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} * 3,37 \text{ m} * 5,40 \text{ m} = 95 \text{ kN}$$

η_{ex}	-0,0685
η_{ey}	-0,0503
η_x	0,03
η_y	0,0088
γ_{x1}	0,436
γ_{x2}	0,252

M_{ex}	-6,51
M_{ey}	-4,78
M_x	2,85
M_y	0,84
Q_{x1}	41,42
Q_{x2}	23,94

γ_{y1}	0,198
γ_{y2}	0,114

Q_{y1}	18,81
Q_{y2}	10,83

$$R_{ex} = \frac{Q_{x1}}{l_y} = \frac{41,42 \text{ kN}}{5,40 \text{ m}} = 7,67 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$R_x = \frac{Q_{x2}}{l_y} = \frac{23,94 \text{ kN}}{5,40 \text{ m}} = 4,43 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$R_{ey} = \frac{Q_{y1}}{l_x} = \frac{18,81 \text{ kN}}{3,37 \text{ m}} = 5,58 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$R_y = \frac{Q_{y2}}{l_x} = \frac{10,83 \text{ kN}}{3,37 \text{ m}} = 3,21 \text{ kN/m}$$

Sobrecarga

$$q = 2 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$Q = q * l_x * l_y = 2 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} * 3,37 \text{ m} * 5,40 \text{ m} = 37 \text{ kN}$$

η_{ex}	-0,0685
η_{ey}	-0,0503
η_x	0,03
η_y	0,0088
γ_{x1}	0,436
γ_{x2}	0,252
γ_{y1}	0,198
γ_{y2}	0,114

M_{ex}	-2,49
M_{ey}	-1,83
M_x	1,09
M_y	0,32
Q_{x1}	15,87
Q_{x2}	9,17
Q_{y1}	7,21
Q_{y2}	4,15

$$R_{ex} = \frac{Q_{x1}}{l_y} = \frac{15,87 \text{ kN}}{5,40 \text{ m}} = 2,94 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$R_x = \frac{Q_{x2}}{l_y} = \frac{9,17 \text{ kN}}{5,40 \text{ m}} = 1,70 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$R_{ey} = \frac{Q_{y1}}{l_x} = \frac{7,21 \text{ kN}}{3,37 \text{ m}} = 2,14 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$R_y = \frac{Q_{y2}}{l_x} = \frac{4,15 \text{ kN}}{3,37 \text{ m}} = 1,23 \text{ kN/m}$$

Cargas Últimas

$$U = 1,2 * D + 1,6 * L$$

Mu _{ex}	-11,80 kNm/m
Mu _{ey}	-8,66 kNm/m
Mu _x	5,17 kNm/m
Mu _y	1,52 kNm/m
Ru _{ex}	13,90 kN/m
Ru _x	8,04 kN/m
Ru _{ey}	10,12 kN/m
Ru _y	5,83 kN/m

Losa L05 IDEM L010 || L15 || L110

➤ Predimensionado

Para losas macizas armadas en una dirección en voladizo:

$$h \geq \frac{l}{10} = \frac{130 \text{ cm}}{10} = 13 \text{ cm}$$

Para mantener el mismo espesor de losa adopto h = 12 cm.

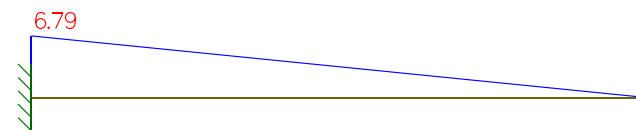
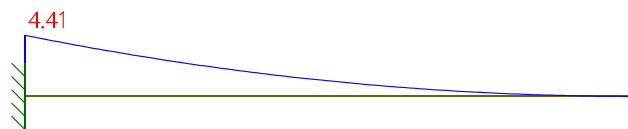
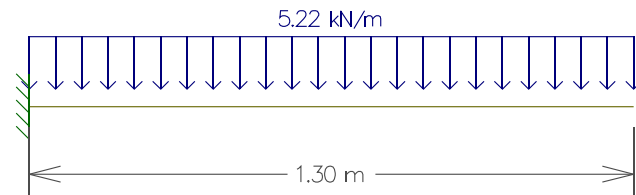
➤ Análisis de Cargas

	Espesor (m)	Peso Específico (kN/m ³)	Peso (kN/m ²)
Piso	0,012	23	0,28
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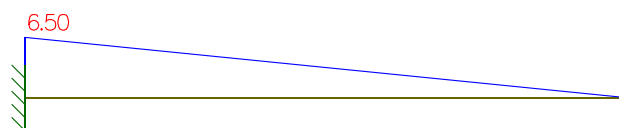
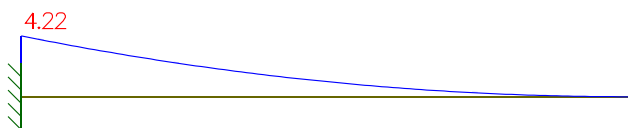
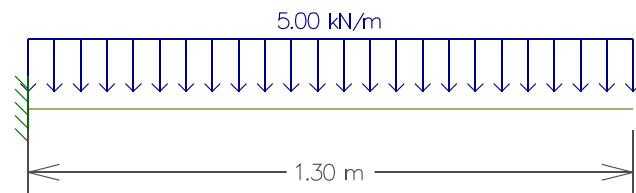
D=	5,22
L =	5

➤ Solicitaciones

Cargas Permanentes



Sobrecargas



Cargas Últimas

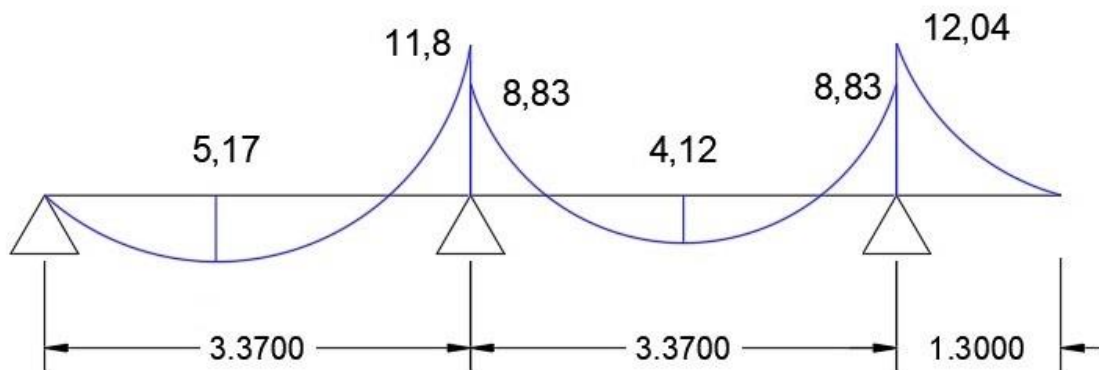
$$U = 1,2 * D + 1,6 * L$$

$$M_u = 1,2 * 4,41 + 1,6 * 4,22 = 12,04 \text{ kNm/m}$$

$$R_u = 1,2 * 6,79 + 1,6 * 6,5 = 18,55 \text{ kN/m}$$

➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

En dirección "x"



Consideraciones

Encuentro L01-L03

$$\frac{M_{\text{máx}} - M_{\text{mín}}}{M_{\text{máx}} + M_{\text{mín}}} = \frac{11,8 - 8,83}{11,8 + 8,83} = 0,14 < 0,2$$

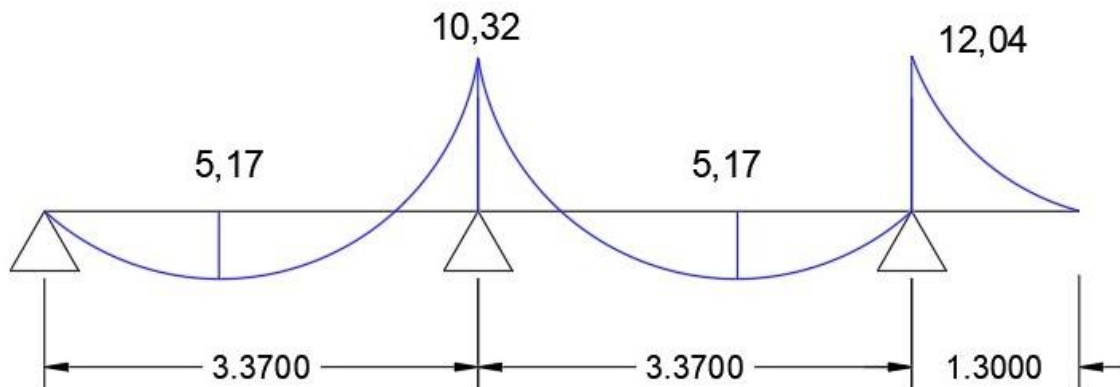
$$\therefore M_{\text{prom}} = \frac{M_{\text{máx}} + M_{\text{mín}}}{2} = \frac{(11,8 + 8,83) \text{ kNm/m}}{2} = 10,32 \text{ kNm/m}$$

Encuentro L01-L05

Se diseña con el momento del voladizo ya que no es posible la redistribución de esfuerzos.

Tramos

Se diseña el tramo de la losa L01 con el mayor momento de tramo ya que no siempre estará actuado la carga total del voladizo.



Tramo

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{5,17 \text{ kNm/m}}{0,9} = 5,74 \text{ kNm} = 0,00574 \text{ MNm/m}$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b = 12 \text{ cm} - 2,5 \text{ cm} - 0,5 \text{ cm} = 9 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,09 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,00574 \text{ MNm/m}}{1 \text{ m}}}} = 1,19$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,301 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,301 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,00574 \text{ MNm/m}}{0,09 \text{ m}} = 1,55 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$A_{s,\min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 12 \text{ cm} = 2,16 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

Adopto 1 Ø6 c/ 13 cm ($A_s = 2,17 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$)

Verificación de la separación de la armadura

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 120 \text{ mm} = 240 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 6 \text{ mm} = 150 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo L01-L03

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{10,32 \text{ kNm/m}}{0,9} = 11,47 \text{ kNm} = 0,01147 \text{ MNm/m}$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b = 12 \text{ cm} - 2,5 \text{ cm} - 0,5 \text{ cm} = 9 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,09 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,01147 \text{ MNm/m}}{1 \text{ m}}}} = 0,84$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,01147 \text{ MNm/m}}{0,09 \text{ m}} = 3,16 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$A_{s,min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 12 \text{ cm} = 2,16 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

Adopto 1 Ø8 c/ 15 cm ($A_s = 3,35 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$)

Verificación de la separación de la armadura

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 120 \text{ mm} = 240 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 8 \text{ mm} = 200 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo L01-L05

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{12,04 \text{ kNm/m}}{0,9} = 13,38 \text{ kNm} = 0,01338 \text{ MNm/m}$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b = 12 \text{ cm} - 2,5 \text{ cm} - 0,5 \text{ cm} = 9 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,09 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,01338 \text{ MNm/m}}{1 \text{ m}}}} = 0,78$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 25,207 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 25,207 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,01338 \text{ MNm}/\text{m}}{0,09 \text{ m}} = 3,75 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$A_{s,\min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 12 \text{ cm} = 2,16 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

Adopto 1 Ø8 c/ 13 cm ($A_s = 3,87 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$)

En el voladizo se colocará armadura de repartición igual a 1 Ø6 c/ 13 cm ($A_s = 2,17 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$)

Verificación de la separación de la armadura

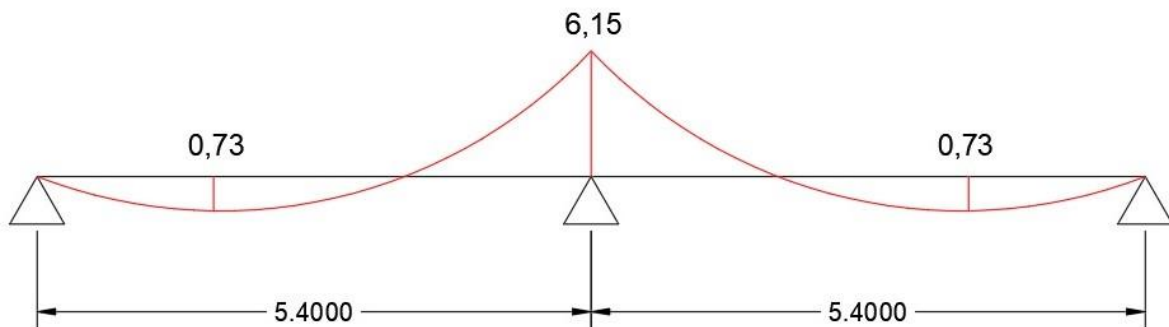
S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 120 \text{ mm} = 240 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 8 \text{ mm} = 200 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

En dirección "y"

Losas L01-L02



Tramo

Por ser muy bajo el momento se adopta armadura mínima por contracción y temperatura.

$$A_{s,\min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 12 \text{ cm} = 2,16 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

Adopto 1 Ø6 c/ 13 cm ($A_s = 2,17 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$)

Verificación de la separación de la armadura

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 120 \text{ mm} = 240 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 6 \text{ mm} = 150 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo L01-L02

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{6,15 \text{ kNm/m}}{0,9} = 6.83 \text{ kNm} = 0,00683 \text{ MNm/m}$$

$$d = h - c_c - 1,5d_b = 12 \text{ cm} - 2,5 \text{ cm} - 1,5 * 1 \text{ cm} = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,08 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,00683 \text{ MNm/m}}{1 \text{ m}}}} = 0,97$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,00683 \text{ MNm/m}}{0,08 \text{ m}} = 2,11 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$A_{s,min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 12 \text{ cm} = 2,16 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

Adopto 1 Ø6 c/ 13 cm ($A_s = 2,17 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$)

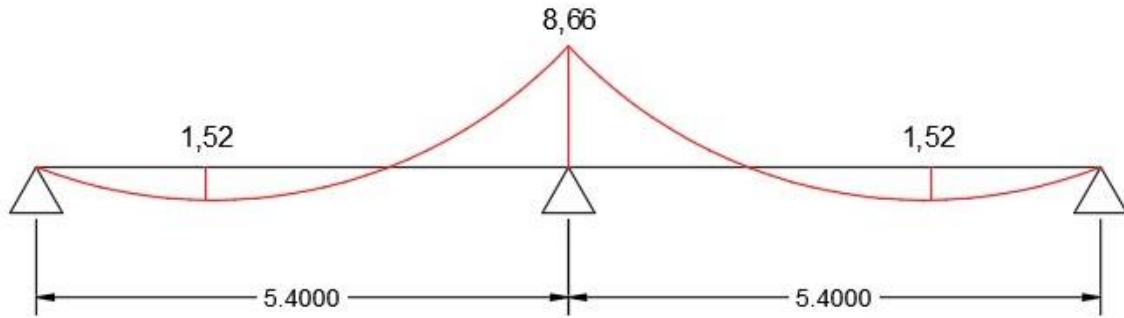
Verificación de la separación de la armadura

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 120 \text{ mm} = 240 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 6 \text{ mm} = 150 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Losas L03-L04



Tramo

Por ser muy bajo el momento se adopta armadura mínima por contracción y temperatura.

$$A_{s,min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 12 \text{ cm} = 2,16 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

Adopto 1 Ø6 c/ 13 cm ($A_s = 2,17 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$)

Verificación de la separación de la armadura

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 120 \text{ mm} = 240 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 6 \text{ mm} = 150 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo L03-L04

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{8,66 \text{ kNm/m}}{0,9} = 9,62 \text{ kNm} = 0,00962 \text{ MNm/m}$$

$$d = h - c_c - 1,5d_b = 12 \text{ cm} - 2,5 \text{ cm} - 1,5 * 1 \text{ cm} = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,08 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,00962 \text{ MNm/m}}{1 \text{ m}}}} = 0,81$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,00962 \text{ MNm/m}}{0,08 \text{ m}} = 2,98 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$A_{s,min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 12 \text{ cm} = 2,16 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

Adopto 1 Ø8 c/ 16,5 cm ($A_s = 3,05 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$)

Verificación de la separación de la armadura

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 120 \text{ mm} = 240 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 8 \text{ mm} = 200 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

El máximo corte último es:

$$V_u = 13,90 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{13,90 \text{ kN/m}}{0,75} = 18,53 \text{ kN/m} = 0,01853 \text{ MN/m}$$

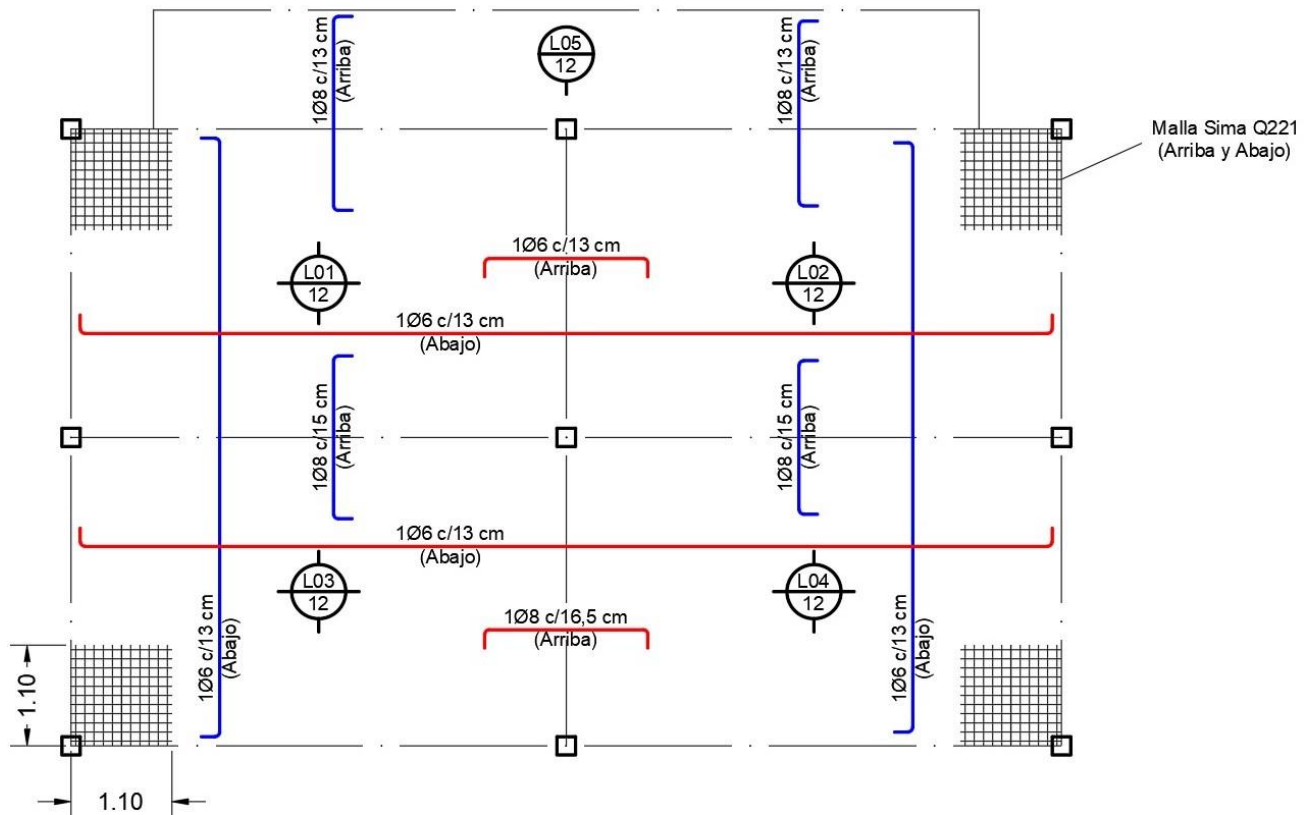
$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 1 \text{ m} * 0,12 \text{ m} = 0,10 \text{ MN} > V_n$$

No es necesaria armadura de corte.

➤ Detalle de Armado

Se coloca como armadura adicional en las esquinas una malla Sima Q221

($A_s = 2,21 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$) a una distancia, en cada dirección, igual a 1,10 m.



Losa L011 IDEM L111

➤ Predimensionado

Para losas macizas armadas en una dirección en voladizo:

$$h \geq \frac{l}{20} = \frac{178 \text{ cm}}{20} = 8,9 \text{ cm}$$

Adopto $h = 10 \text{ cm}$

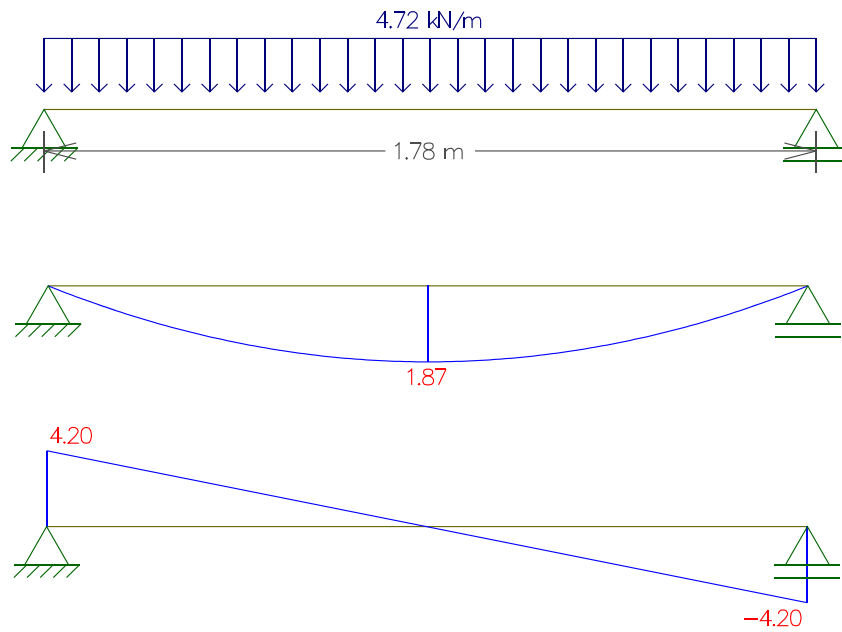
➤ Análisis de Cargas

	Espesor (m)	Peso Específico (kN/m ³)	Peso (kN/m ²)
Piso	0,012	23	0,28
Carpeta	0,025	19	0,48
Contrapiso	0,07	18	1,26
Losa	0,10	25	2,5
Cielorraso	0,02	-	0,2

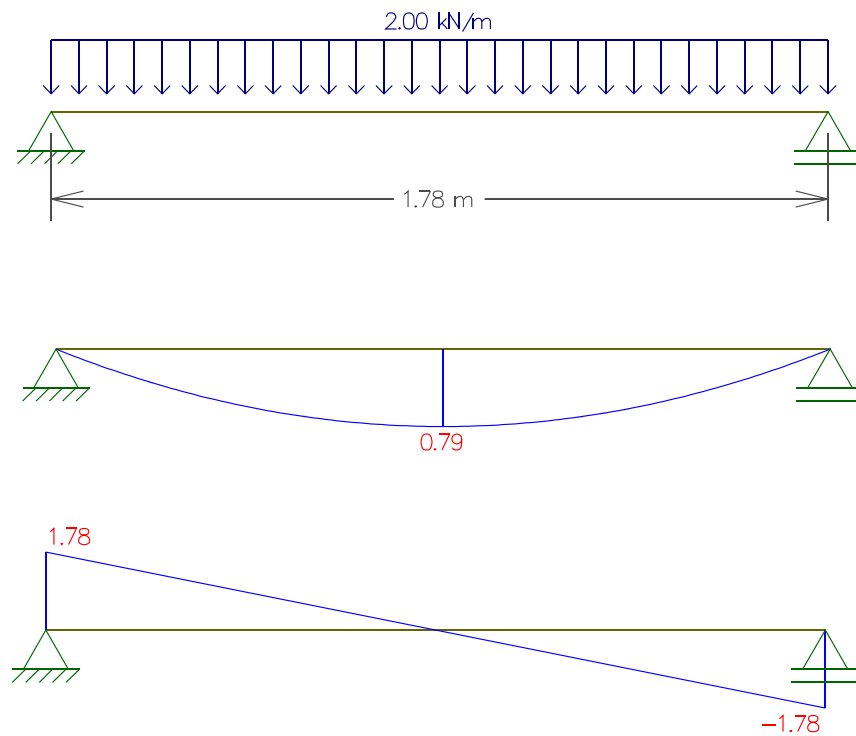
D=	4,72
L =	2

➤ Solicitaciones

Cargas Permanentes



Sobrecargas



Cargas Últimas

$$U = 1,2 * D + 1,6 * L$$

$$M_u = 1,2 * 1,87 + 1,6 * 0,79 = 3,51 \text{ kNm/m}$$

$$V_u = 1,2 * 4,20 + 1,6 * 1,78 = 7,89 \text{ kN/m}$$

➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

Por ser muy bajo el momento se adopta armadura mínima por contracción y temperatura.

$$A_{s,min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 10 \text{ cm} = 1,8 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\text{Adopto } 1 \text{ } \varnothing 6 \text{ c/ } 15 \text{ cm } (A_s = 1,89 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m})$$

Armadura de repartición

$$\text{Adopto } 1 \text{ } \varnothing 6 \text{ c/ } 15 \text{ cm } (A_s = 1,89 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m})$$

Verificación de la separación de la armadura

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 100 \text{ mm} = 200 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 6 \text{ mm} = 150 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

El máximo corte último es:

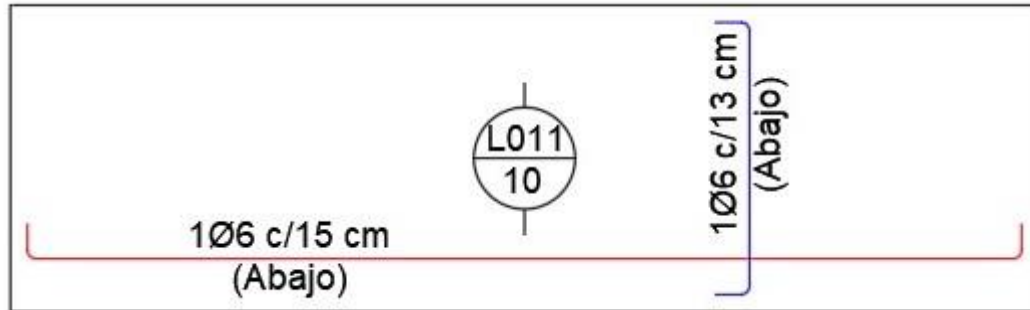
$$V_u = 7,89 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{7,89 \text{ kN/m}}{0,75} = 10,52 \text{ kN/m} = 0,01052 \text{ MN/m}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 1 \text{ m} * 0,10 \text{ m} = 0,083 \text{ MN} > V_n$$

No es necesaria armadura de corte.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Losas L012 IDEM L013 || L112 || L113

➤ Predimensionado

Para losas macizas armadas en una dirección en voladizo:

$$h \geq \frac{l}{20} = \frac{143 \text{ cm}}{20} = 7,15 \text{ cm}$$

Adopto $h = 10 \text{ cm}$

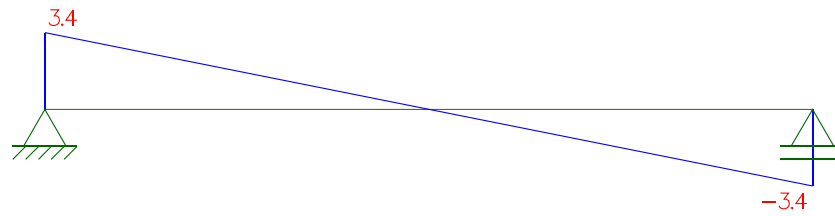
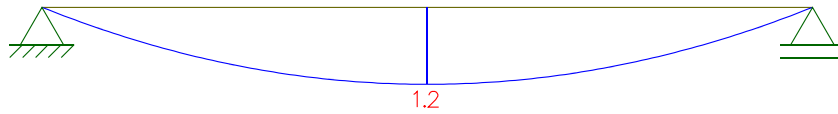
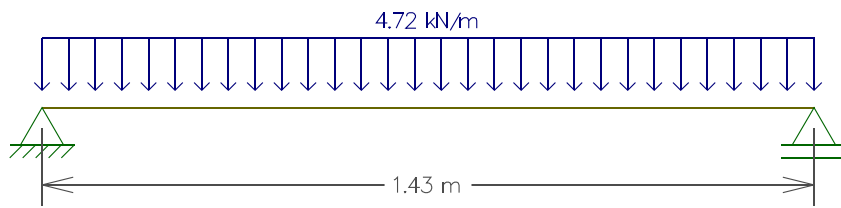
➤ Análisis de Cargas

	Espesor (m)	Peso Específico (kN/m³)	Peso (kN/m²)
Piso	0,012	23	0,28
Carpeta	0,025	19	0,48
Contrapiso	0,07	18	1,26
Losa	0,10	25	2,5
Cielorraso	0,02	-	0,2

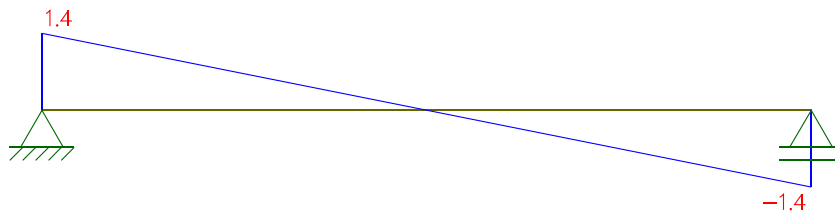
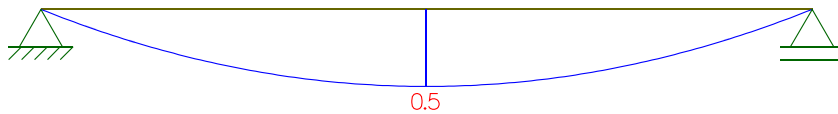
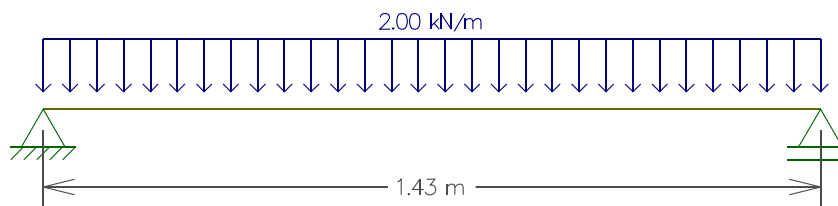
D=	4,72
L =	2

➤ Solicitaciones

Cargas Permanentes



Sobrecargas



Cargas Últimas

$$U = 1,2 * D + 1,6 * L$$

$$M_u = 1,2 * 1,2 + 1,6 * 0,5 = 2,24 \text{ kNm/m}$$

$$V_u = 1,2 * 3,40 + 1,6 * 1,4 = 6,32 \text{ kN/m}$$

➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

Por ser muy bajo el momento se adopta armadura mínima por contracción y temperatura.

$$A_{s,min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 10 \text{ cm} = 1,8 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\text{Adopto } 1 \text{ } \varnothing 6 \text{ c/ } 15 \text{ cm } (A_s = 1,89 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m})$$

Armadura de repartición

$$\text{Adopto } 1 \text{ } \varnothing 6 \text{ c/ } 15 \text{ cm } (A_s = 1,89 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m})$$

Verificación de la separación de la armadura

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 100 \text{ mm} = 200 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 6 \text{ mm} = 150 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

El máximo corte último es:

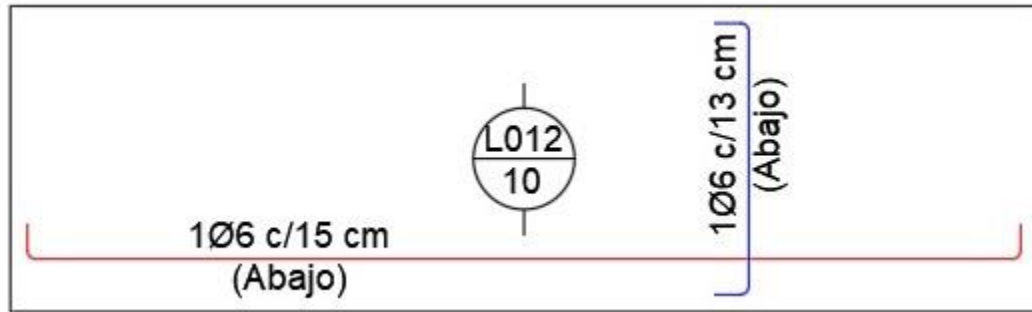
$$V_u = 6,32 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{6,32 \text{ kN/m}}{0,75} = 8,43 \text{ kN/m} = 0,00843 \text{ MN/m}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 1 \text{ m} * 0,10 \text{ m} = 0,083 \text{ MN} > V_n$$

No es necesaria armadura de corte.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Losa L214

➤ Predimensionado

Para losas macizas armadas en una dirección en voladizo:

$$h \geq \frac{l}{20} = \frac{178 \text{ cm}}{20} = 8,90 \text{ cm}$$

Adopto $h = 10 \text{ cm}$

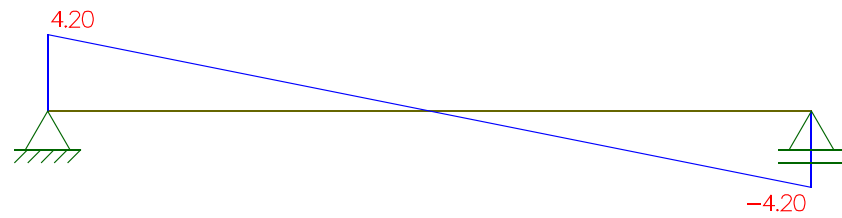
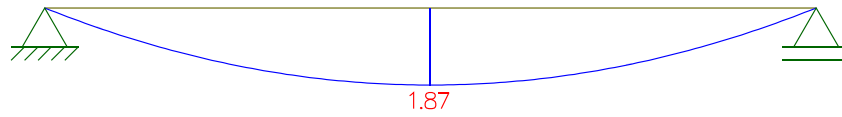
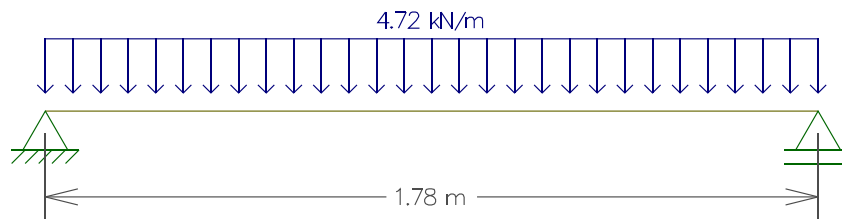
➤ Análisis de Cargas

	Espesor (m)	Peso Específico (kN/m ³)	Peso (kN/m ²)
Piso	0,012	23	0,28
Carpeta	0,025	19	0,48
Contrapiso	0,07	18	1,26
Losa	0,10	25	2,5
Cielorraso	0,02	-	0,2

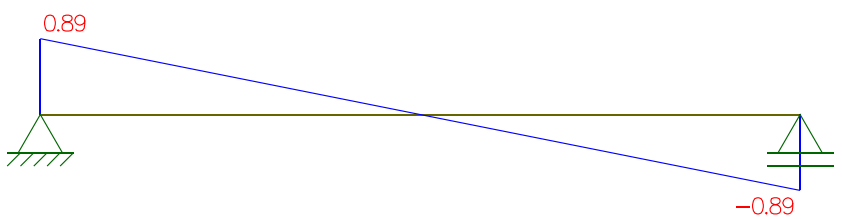
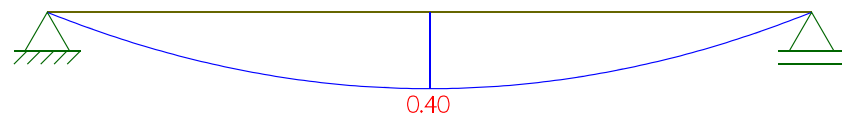
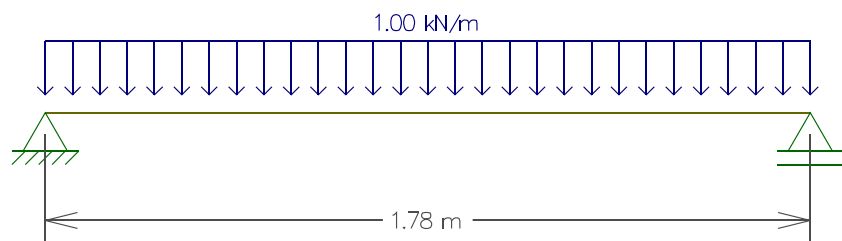
D=	4,72
L =	1

➤ Solicitaciones

Cargas Permanentes



Sobrecargas



Cargas Últimas

$$U = 1,2 * D + 1,6 * L$$

$$M_u = 1,2 * 1,87 + 1,6 * 0,4 = 2,88 \text{ kNm/m}$$

$$V_u = 1,2 * 4,20 + 1,6 * 0,89 = 6,46 \text{ kN/m}$$

➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

Por ser muy bajo el momento se adopta armadura mínima por contracción y temperatura.

$$A_{s,min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 10 \text{ cm} = 1,8 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

Adopto 1 Ø6 c/ 15 cm ($A_s = 1,89 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$)

Armadura de repartición

Adopto 1 Ø6 c/ 15 cm ($A_s = 1,89 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$)

Verificación de la separación de la armadura

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 100 \text{ mm} = 200 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 6 \text{ mm} = 150 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

El máximo corte último es:

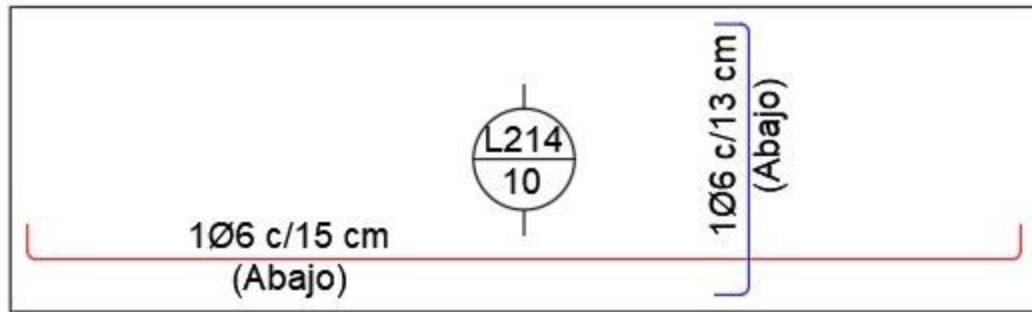
$$V_u = 6,46 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{6,46 \text{ kN/m}}{0,75} = 8,61 \text{ kN/m} = 0,00861 \text{ MN/m}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 1 \text{ m} * 0,10 \text{ m} = 0,083 \text{ MN} > V_n$$

No es necesaria armadura de corte.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Losa L215

➤ Predimensionado

Para losas macizas armadas en una dirección en voladizo:

$$h \geq \frac{l}{20} = \frac{190 \text{ cm}}{20} = 9,5 \text{ cm}$$

Adopto $h = 10 \text{ cm}$

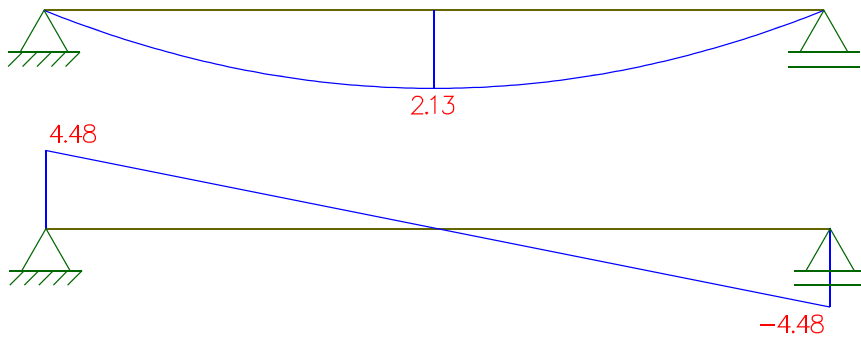
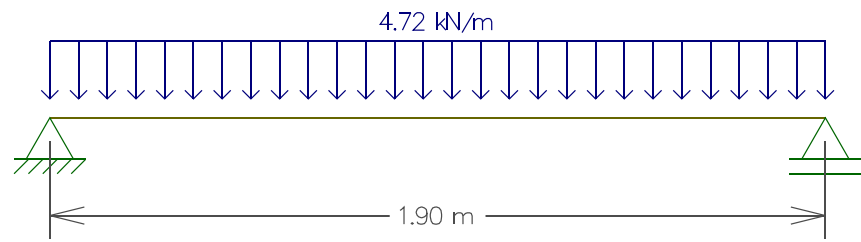
➤ Análisis de Cargas

	Espesor (m)	Peso Específico (kN/m ³)	Peso (kN/m ²)
Piso	0,012	23	0,28
Carpeta	0,025	19	0,48
Contrapiso	0,07	18	1,26
Losa	0,10	25	2,5
Cielorraso	0,02	-	0,2

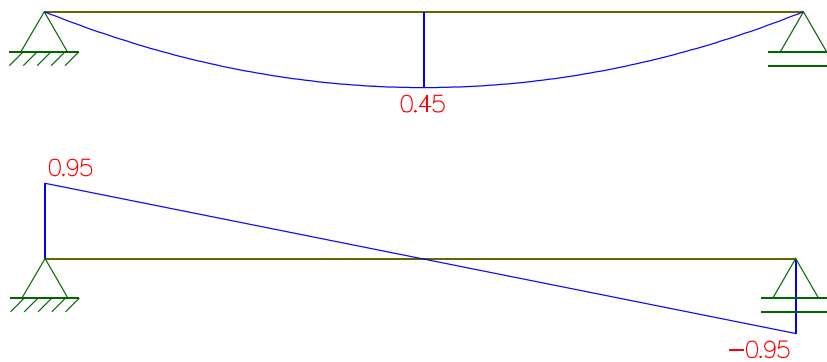
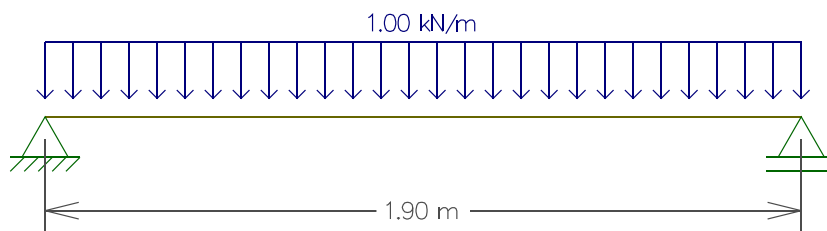
D=	4,72
L =	1

➤ Solicitaciones

Cargas Permanentes



Sobrecargas



Cargas Últimas

$$U = 1,2 * D + 1,6 * L$$

$$M_u = 1,2 * 2,13 + 1,6 * 0,45 = 3,28 \text{ kNm/m}$$

$$V_u = 1,2 * 4,48 + 1,6 * 0,95 = 6,90 \text{ kN/m}$$

➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

Por ser muy bajo el momento se adopta armadura mínima por contracción y temperatura.

$$A_{s,min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 10 \text{ cm} = 1,8 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\text{Adopto } 1 \text{ } \varnothing 6 \text{ c/ } 15 \text{ cm } (A_s = 1,89 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m})$$

Armadura de repartición

$$\text{Adopto } 1 \text{ } \varnothing 6 \text{ c/ } 15 \text{ cm } (A_s = 1,89 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m})$$

Verificación de la separación de la armadura

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 100 \text{ mm} = 200 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 6 \text{ mm} = 150 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

El máximo corte último es:

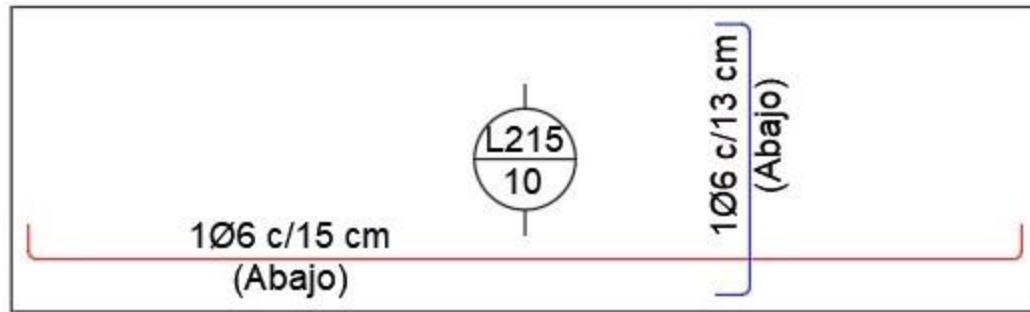
$$V_u = 6,90 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{6,90 \text{ kN/m}}{0,75} = 9,20 \text{ kN/m} = 0,00920 \text{ MN/m}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 1 \text{ m} * 0,10 \text{ m} = 0,083 \text{ MN} > V_n$$

No es necesaria armadura de corte.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Losa L216

➤ Predimensionado

Para losas macizas armadas en una dirección en voladizo:

$$h \geq \frac{l}{20} = \frac{150 \text{ cm}}{20} = 7,5 \text{ cm}$$

Adopto $h = 10 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Cargas

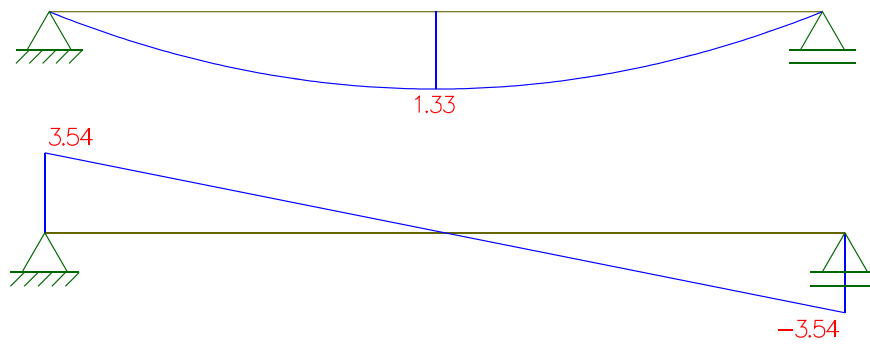
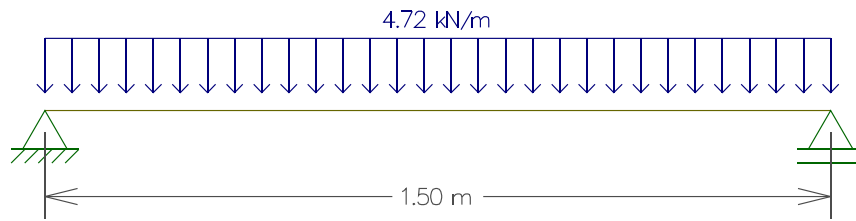
	Espesor (m)	Peso Específico (kN/m³)	Peso (kN/m²)
Piso	0,012	23	0,28
Carpeta	0,025	19	0,48
Contrapiso	0,07	18	1,26
Losa	0,10	25	2,5
Cielorraso	0,02	-	0,2

D=	4,72
L =	5

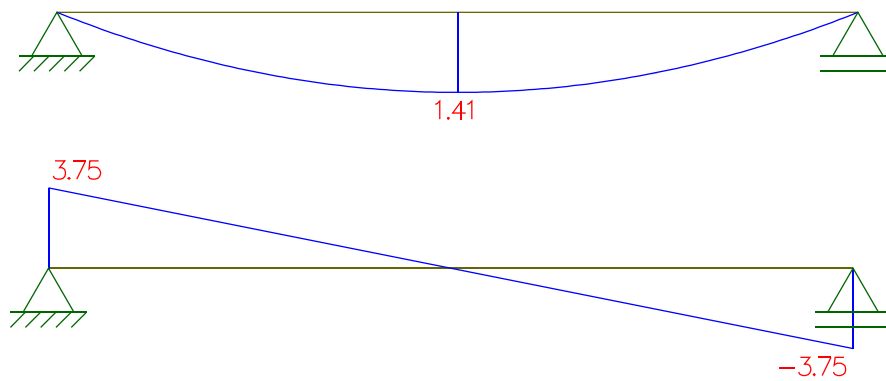
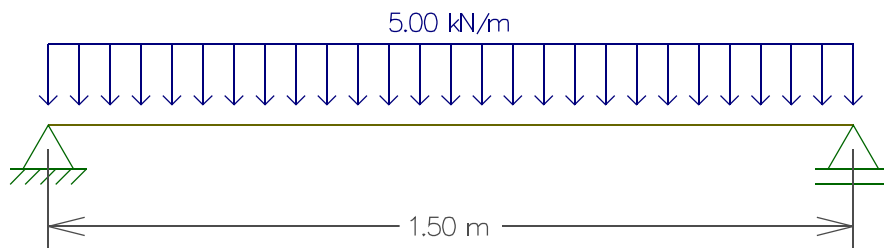
Consideramos la carga del tanque como una sobrecarga uniformemente repartida de 5 kN/m^2 .

➤ Solicitaciones

Cargas Permanentes



Sobrecargas



Cargas Últimas

$$U = 1,2 * D + 1,6 * L$$

$$M_u = 1,2 * 1,33 + 1,6 * 1,41 = 3,85 \text{ kNm/m}$$

$$V_u = 1,2 * 3,54 + 1,6 * 3,75 = 10,25 \text{ kN/m}$$

➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

Por ser muy bajo el momento se adopta armadura mínima por contracción y temperatura.

$$A_{s,min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 10 \text{ cm} = 1,8 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\text{Adopto } 1 \text{ } \varnothing 6 \text{ c/ } 15 \text{ cm } (A_s = 1,89 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m})$$

Armadura de repartición

$$\text{Adopto } 1 \text{ } \varnothing 6 \text{ c/ } 15 \text{ cm } (A_s = 1,89 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m})$$

Verificación de la separación de la armadura

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 100 \text{ mm} = 200 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 6 \text{ mm} = 150 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

El máximo corte último es:

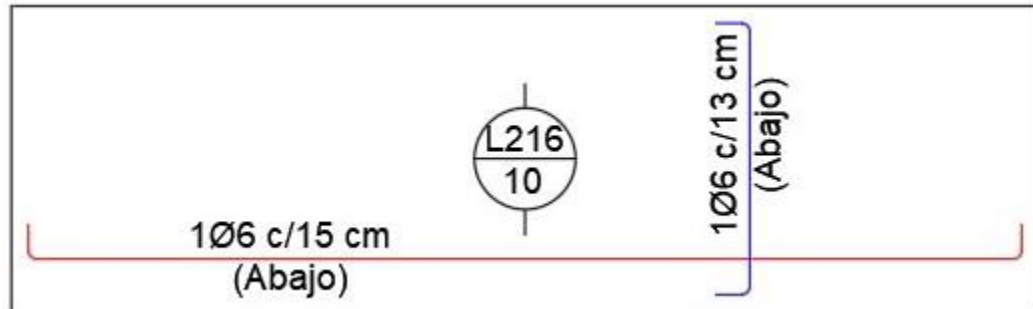
$$V_u = 10,25 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{10,25 \text{ kN/m}}{0,75} = 13,67 \text{ kN/m} = 0,01367 \text{ MN/m}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 1 \text{ m} * 0,10 \text{ m} = 0,083 \text{ MN} > V_n$$

No es necesaria armadura de corte.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Losa Escalera

➤ Predimensionado

Para losas macizas armadas en una dirección en voladizo:

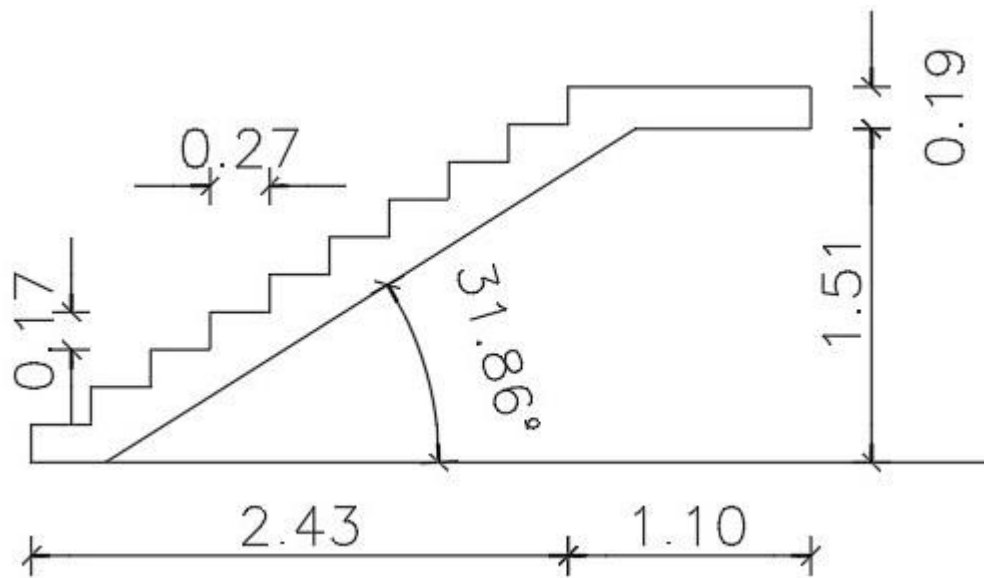
$$h \geq \frac{l}{20} = \frac{353 \text{ cm}}{20} = 17,65 \text{ cm}$$

Adopto $h = 18 \text{ cm}$

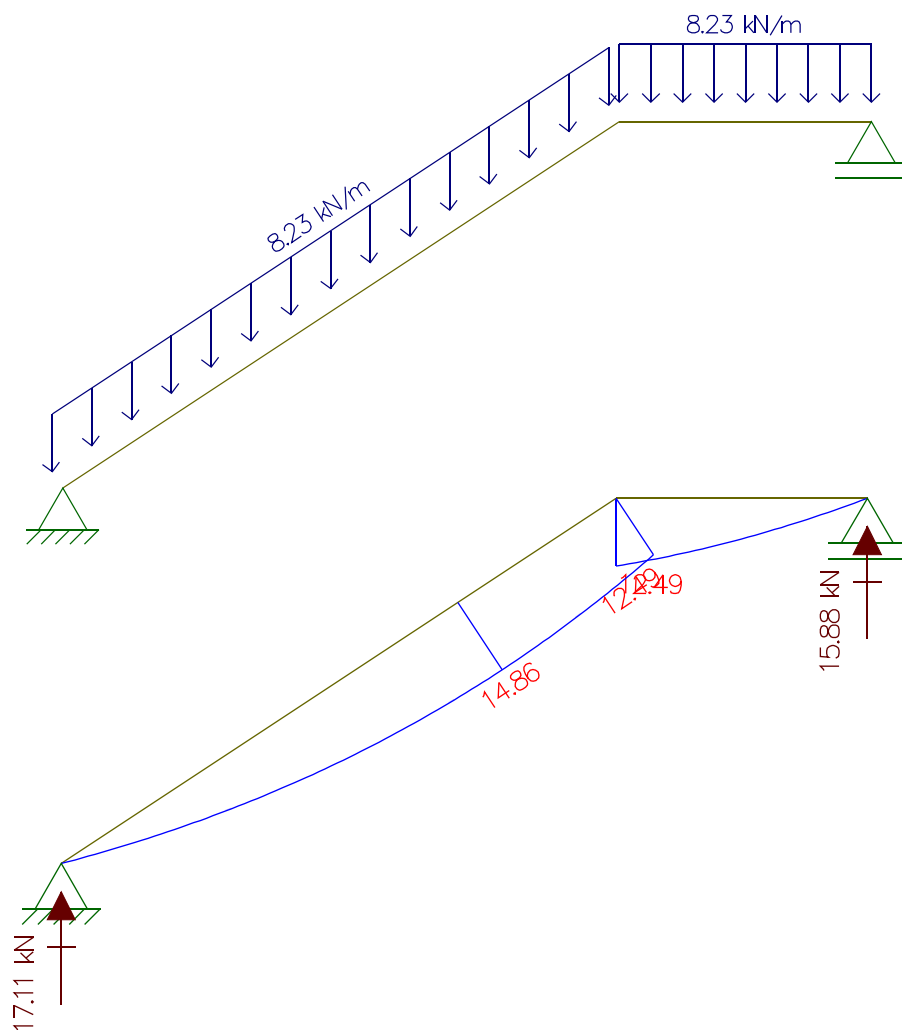
➤ Análisis de Cargas

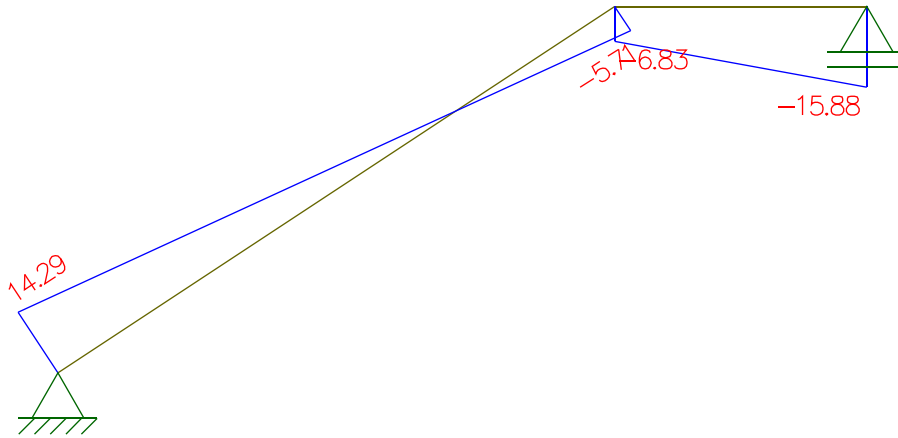
	Espesor (m)	Peso Específico (kN/m ³)	Peso (kN/m ²)
Piso	$(0,27+0,17)*0,012/0,27$	23	0,45
Carpeta	$(0,27+0,17)*0,015/0,27$	19	0,46
Escalones	$0,17/2$	18	1,53
Losa	$0,19/\cos 31,86^\circ$	25	5,59
Cielorraso	$0,02/\cos 31,86^\circ$	-	0,2

D=	8,23
L =	2

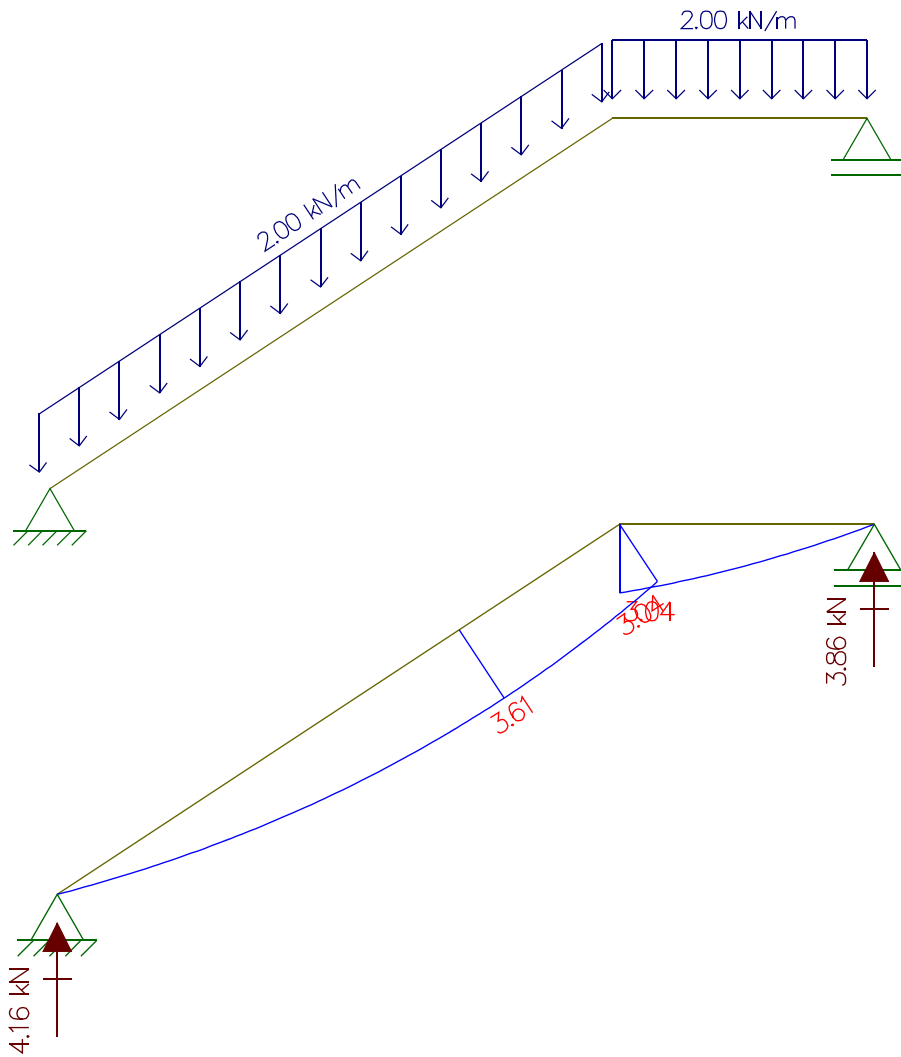


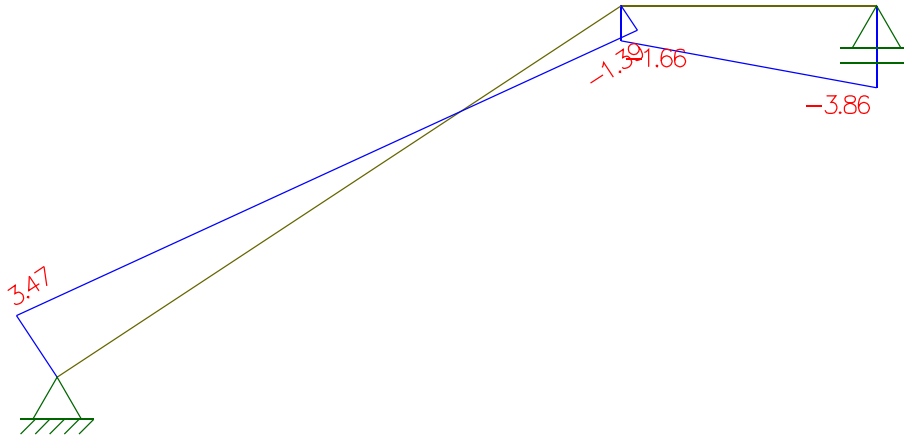
- Solicitaciones
Cargas Permanentes





Sobrecargas





Cargas Últimas

$$U = 1,2 * D + 1,6 * L$$

$$M_u = 1,2 * 14,86 + 1,6 * 3,61 = 23,61 \text{ kNm/m}$$

$$V_u = 1,2 * 15,88 + 1,6 * 3,86 = 25,23 \text{ kN/m}$$

➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{23,61 \text{ kNm/m}}{0,9} = 26,23 \text{ kNm} = 0,02623 \text{ MNm/m}$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b = 19 \text{ cm} - 2,5 \text{ cm} - 0,5 \text{ cm} = 16 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,16 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,02623 \text{ MNm/m}}{1 \text{ m}}}} = 0,99$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,301 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,301 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,02623 \text{ MNm/m}}{0,16 \text{ m}} = 3,98 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$A_{s,min} = 0,0018 * b_w * h = 0,0018 * 100 \text{ cm} * 19 \text{ cm} = 3,42 \text{ cm}^2/m$$

Adopto 1 Ø8 c/ 12,5 cm ($A_s = 4,02 \text{ cm}^2/m$)

Armadura de repartición

Adopto 1 Ø8 c/ 14 cm ($A_s = 3,59 \text{ cm}^2/m$)

Verificación de la separación de la armadura

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.5

$$s_l \begin{cases} \leq 2h = 2 * 190 \text{ mm} = 380 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 25d_b = 25 * 8 \text{ mm} = 2000 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

El máximo corte último es:

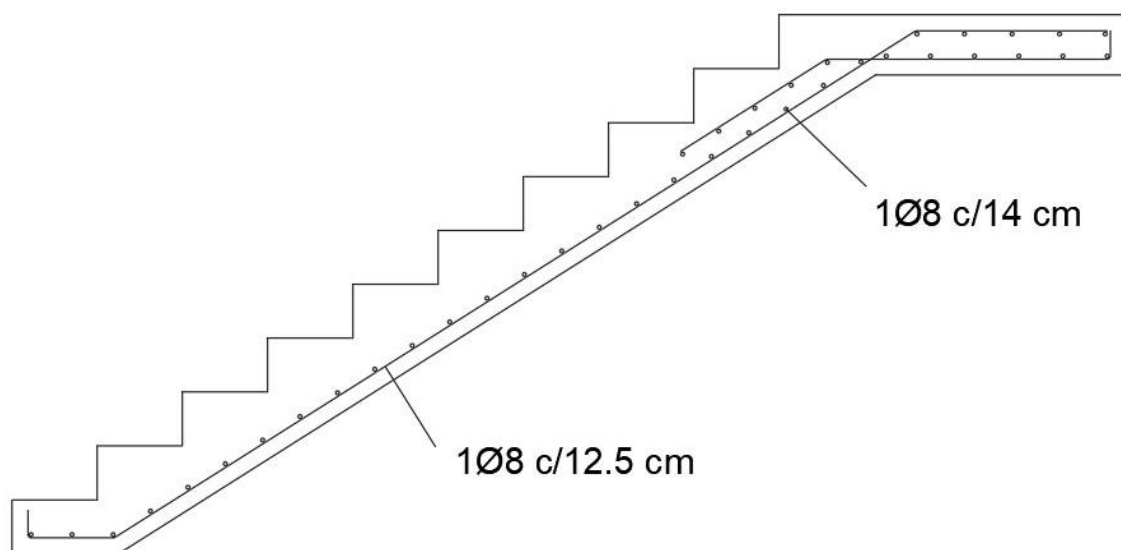
$$V_u = 25,23 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{25,23 \text{ kN/m}}{0,75} = 33,64 \text{ kN/m} = 0,03364 \text{ MN/m}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 1 \text{ m} * 0,16 \text{ m} = 0,13 \text{ MN} > V_n$$

No es necesaria armadura de corte.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Vigas

Vigas V01-V02 IDEM V011-V012

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{540 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,45 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 50 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,50 \text{ m} = 2,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

Peso de pared:

$$p_{par} = \gamma * e * h = 10,5 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 3 \text{ m} = 6,3 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D = R_{L01D} + R_{L05D} + p_p + p_{par} = (6,63 + 6,79 + 2,5 + 6,3) \text{ kN/m} =$$

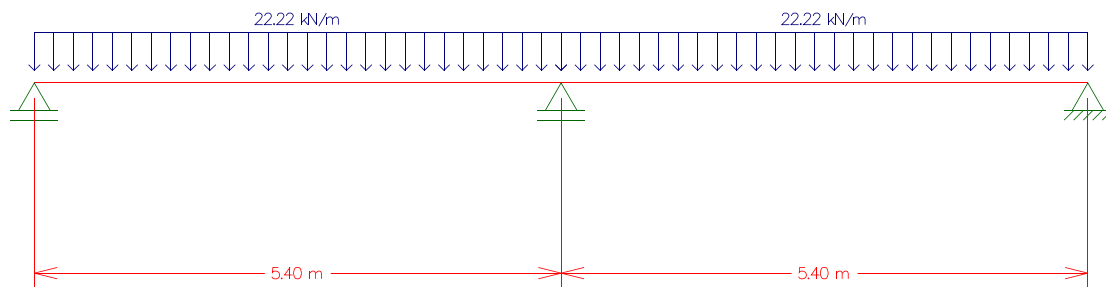
$$D = 22,22 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L = R_{L01L} + R_{L05L} = (2,58 + 6,5) \text{ kN/m} = 9,08 \text{ kN/m}$$

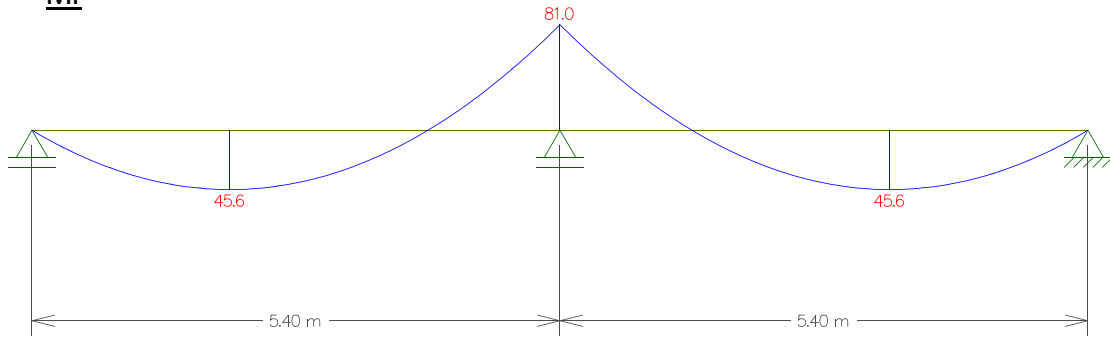
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

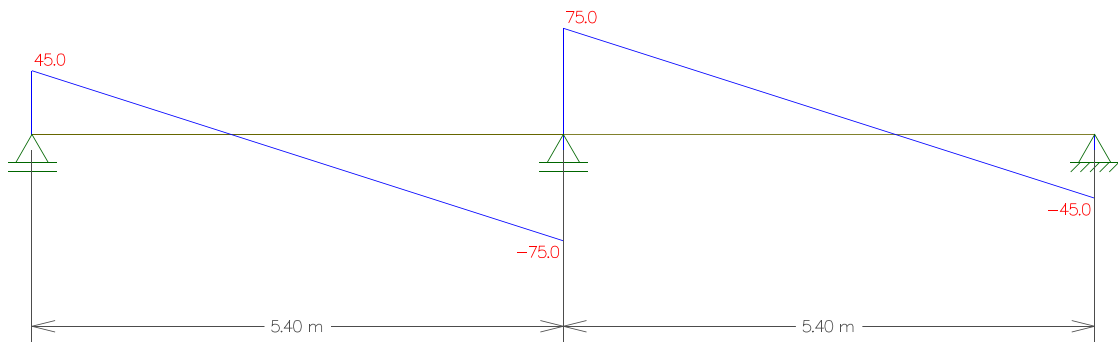
DCL



Mf

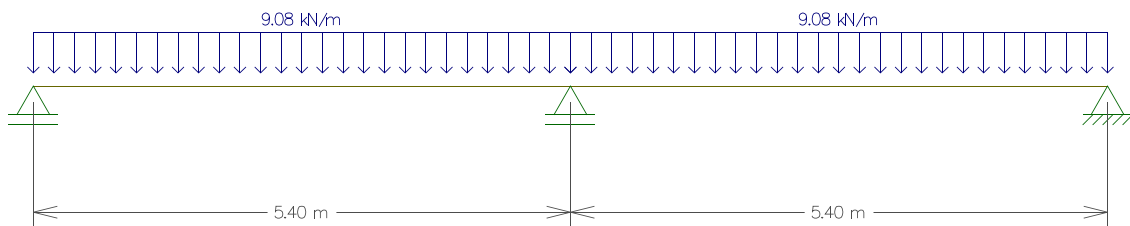


Q

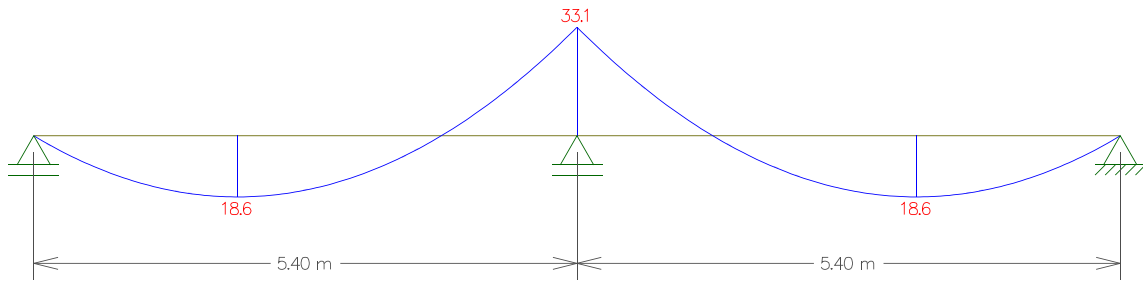


Sobrecarga

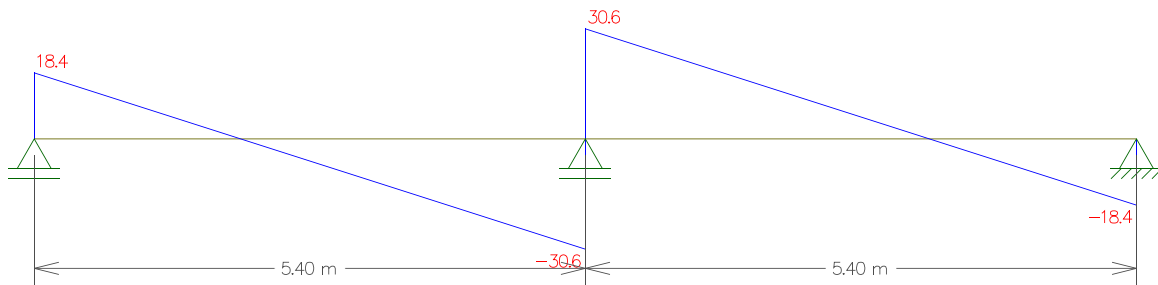
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 45,6 + 1,6 * 18,6) kNm = 84,48 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{84,48 kNm}{0,9} = 93,87 kNm = 0,09387 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 50 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 45,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,09387 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 0,66$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 25,625 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 25,625 cm^2 / MN * \frac{0,09387 MNm}{0,456 m} = 5,27 cm^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 45,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 3,04 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 5Ø12 abajo en dos capas. ($A_s = 5,65 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^{\circ}_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^{\circ}_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 46 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 \text{ T.M.N} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 81 + 1,6 * 33,1) \text{ kNm} = 150,16 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{150,16 \text{ kNm}}{0,9} = 166,84 \text{ kNm} = 0,16684 \text{ MNm}$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 50 \text{ cm} - 3 \text{ cm} - 0,8 \text{ cm} - 0,6 \text{ cm} = 45,6 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,16684 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m}}}} = 0,50$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 26,758 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 26,758 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{MN} * \frac{0,16684 \text{ MNm}}{0,456 \text{ m}} = 9,79 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,\min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 45,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 3,04 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 5Ø16 arriba ($A_s = 10,5 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^o_{db} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^o_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 16 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 40 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,\min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 16 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 45 + 1,6 * 18,4) \text{ kN} = 83,44 \text{ kN}$$

Tomamos el corte a una distancia "d" del filo del apoyo.

$$q_u = 1,2q_D + 1,6q_L = (1,2 * 22,22 + 1,6 * 9,08) \text{ kN/m} = 41,19 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_u = 83,44 \text{ kN} - 0,556 \text{ m} * 41,19 \text{ kN/m} = 60,54 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{60,54 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 80,72 \text{ kN} = 0,08072 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,076 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_c = 0,08072 \text{ MN} - 0,076 \text{ MN} = 0,00472 \text{ MN}$$

Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas.

$$s_{\text{máx}} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,228 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{A_v}{s} = \frac{V_s * 10^4}{f_y * d} = \frac{0,00472 \text{ MN} * 10^4}{420 \text{ MPa} * 0,456 \text{ m}} = 0,49 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$s = \frac{A_v}{0,49 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = \frac{2 * 0,28 \text{ cm}^2}{0,49 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 1,14 \text{ m} ; \text{ Adopto } s_{\text{max}}$$

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 22 cm.

Apoyo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 75 + 1,6 * 30,6) \text{ kN} = 138,96 \text{ kN}$$

Tomamos el corte a una distancia “d” del apoyo.

$$q_u = 1,2q_D + 1,6q_L = (1,2 * 22,22 + 1,6 * 9,08) \text{ kN}/\text{m} = 41,19 \text{ kN}/\text{m}$$

$$V_u = 138,96 \text{ kN} - 0,556 \text{ m} * 41,19 \text{ kN}/\text{m} = 116,06 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{116,06 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 154,75 \text{ kN} = 0,15475 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,076 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_c = 0,15475 \text{ MN} - 0,076 \text{ MN} = 0,079 \text{ MN}$$

Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas.

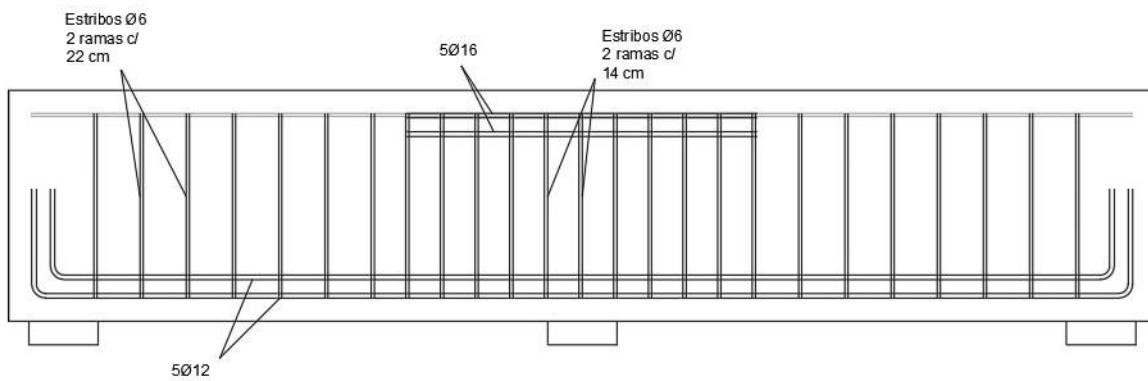
$$s_{\text{máx}} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,228 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{A_v}{s} = \frac{V_s * 10^4}{f_y * d} = \frac{0,079 \text{ MN} * 10^4}{420 \text{ MPa} * 0,456 \text{ m}} = 4,12 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

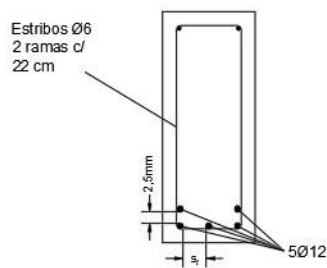
$$s = \frac{A_v}{4,12 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = \frac{2 * 0,28 \text{ cm}^2}{4,12 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0,14 \text{ m}$$

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 14 cm.

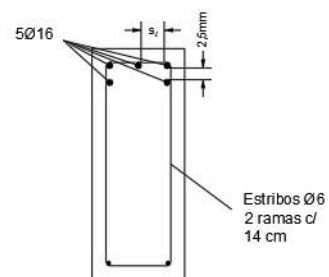
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Vigas V03-V04 IDEM V09-V010

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{540 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,45 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 50 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,50 \text{ m} = 2,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

Peso de pared:

$$p_{par} = \gamma * e * h = 10,5 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 3 \text{ m} = 6,3 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D = R_{L01D} + R_{L03D} + p_p + p_{par} = (6,63 + 7,66 + 2,5 + 6,3) \text{ kN/m} =$$

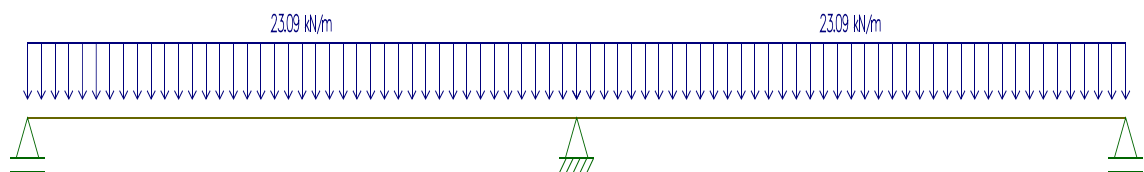
$$D = 23,09 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L = R_{L01L} + R_{L03L} = (2,58 + 2,94) \text{ kN/m} = 5,52 \text{ kN/m}$$

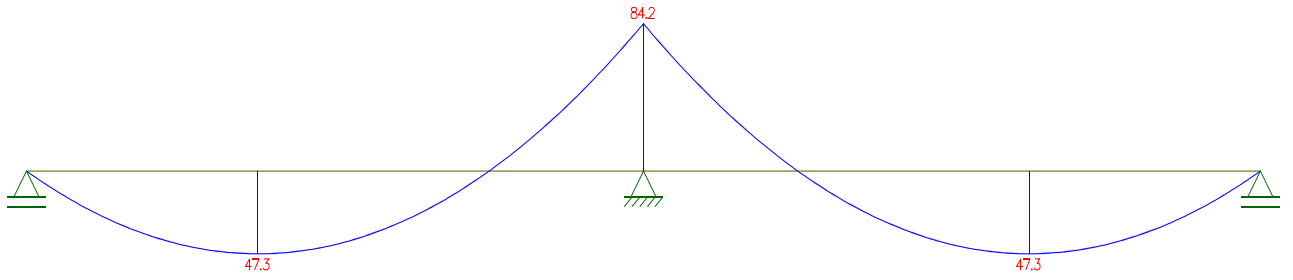
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

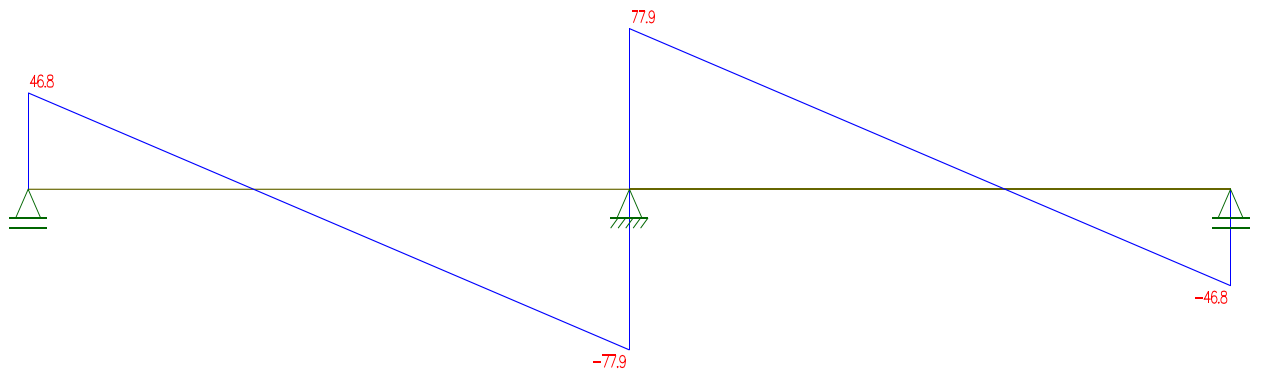
DCL



Mf

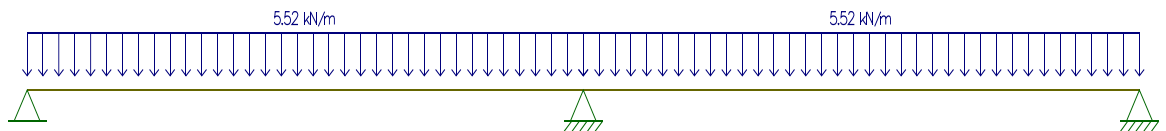


Q

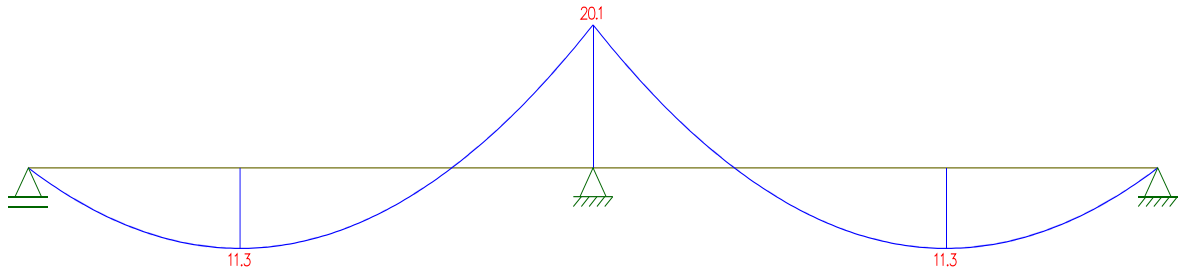


Sobrecarga

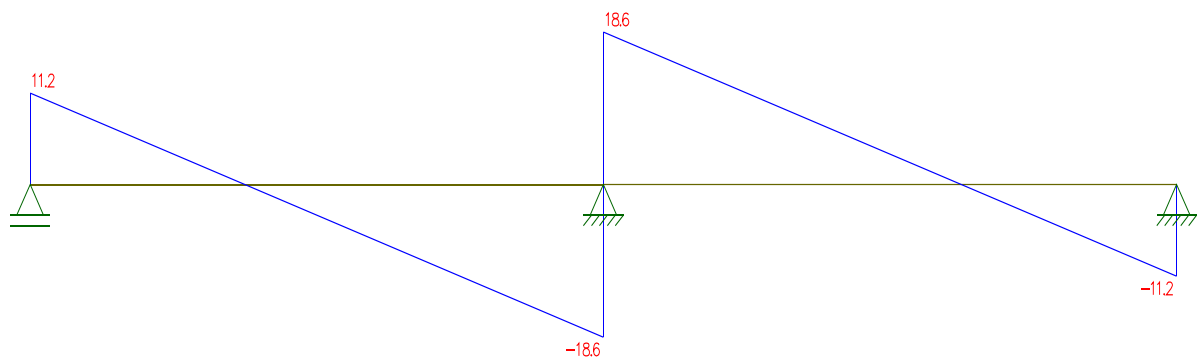
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 47,35 + 1,6 * 11,32) kNm = 74,93 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{74,93 kNm}{0,9} = 83,25 kNm = 0,08325 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 50 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 45,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,08325 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 0,706$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 25,207 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 25,207 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,08325 \text{ MNm}}{0,456 \text{ m}} = 4,6 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 45,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 3,04 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 3Ø16 abajo ($A_s = 6,03 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^{\circ}_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^{\circ}_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 16 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 40 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 16 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 84,16 + 1,6 * 20,12) \text{ kNm} = 133,184 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{133,184 \text{ kNm}}{0,9} = 147,98 \text{ kNm} = 0,14798 \text{ MNm}$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 50 \text{ cm} - 3 \text{ cm} - 0,8 \text{ cm} - 0,6 \text{ cm} = 45,6 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,14798 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m}}}} = 0,53$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 26,399 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 26,399 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,14798 \text{ MNm}}{0,456 \text{ m}} = 8,56 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 45,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 3,04 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 5Ø16 en dos capas arriba ($A_s = 10,5 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 16 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 40 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 16 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 46,75 + 1,6 * 11,17) \text{ kN} = 73,97 \text{ kN}$$

Tomamos el corte a una distancia “d” del filo del apoyo.

$$q_u = 1,2q_D + 1,6q_L = (1,2 * 23,09 + 1,6 * 5,52)kN/m = 36,05 kN/m$$

$$V_u = 73,97 kN - 0,556 m * 36,05 kN/m = 53,67 kN$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{53,67 kN}{0,75} = 71,56 kN = 0,07156 MN$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 MPa} * 0,2 m * 0,456 m = 0,076 MN$$

$$V_c > V_n; \text{ Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05: } A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16 f_y} = 0,33 cm^2$$

$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456 m}{2} = 0,228 m ; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}, \text{ Adoptando estribos } \varnothing 6 \text{ de 2 ramas.}$$

Adopto estribos $\varnothing 6$ de 2 ramas c/ 22 cm.

Apoyo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 77,92 + 1,6 * 18,63)kN = 123,31 kN$$

Tomamos el corte a una distancia “d” del apoyo.

$$V_u = 123,31 kN - 0,556 m * 36,05 kN/m = 103,01 kN$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{103,01 kN}{0,75} = 137,35 kN = 0,13735 MN$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 MPa} * 0,2 m * 0,456 m = 0,076 MN$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_c = 0,13735 MN - 0,076 MN = 0,06135 MN$$

Adoptando estribos $\varnothing 6$ de 2 ramas.

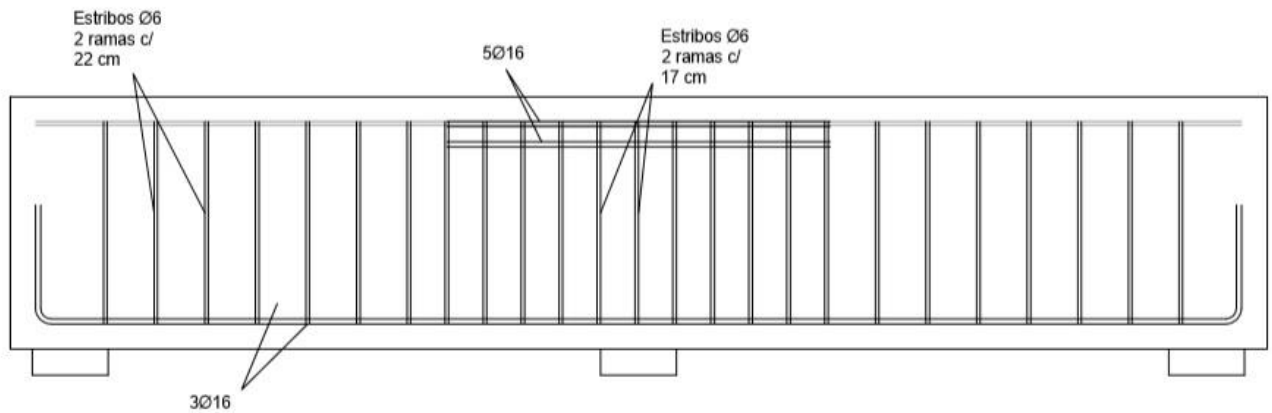
$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456 m}{2} = 0,228 m$$

$$\frac{A_v}{s} = \frac{V_s * 10^4}{f_y * d} = \frac{0,06135 MN * 10^4}{420 MPa * 0,456 m} = 3,2 cm^2/m$$

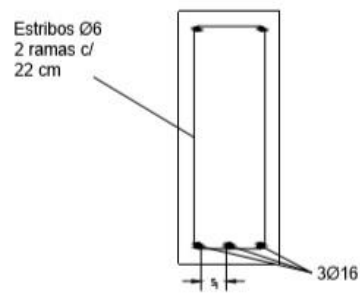
$$s = \frac{A_v}{3,2 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = \frac{2 * 0,28 \text{ cm}^2}{3,2 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0,17 \text{ m}$$

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 17 cm.

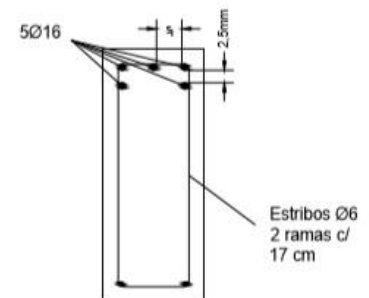
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Activar V

Vigas V05-V06 IDEM V07-V08

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{540 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,45 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 50 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,50 \text{ m} = 2,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

Peso de pared:

$$p_{par} = \gamma * e * h = 10,5 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 3 \text{ m} = 6,3 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$qD = R_{L03D} + p_p + p_{par} = (4,43 + 2,5 + 6,3) \text{ kN/m} =$$

$$qD = 13,23 \text{ kN/m} ; R_{V025D} = 18,12 \text{ KN} ; R_{V026D} = 8,8 \text{ KN} ;$$

$$R_{V029D} = 4,9 \text{ KN}$$

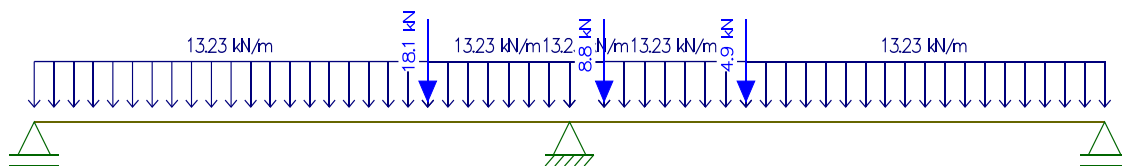
$$L = R_{L03L} = (1,7) \text{ kN/m} = 1,7 \text{ kN/m} ; R_{V025L} = 5,3 \text{ KN}$$

$$R_{V026L} = 3,1 \text{ KN} ; R_{V029L} = 1,4 \text{ KN}$$

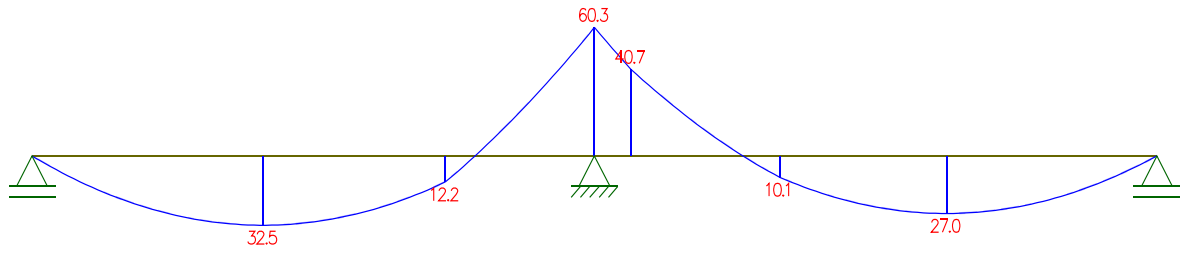
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

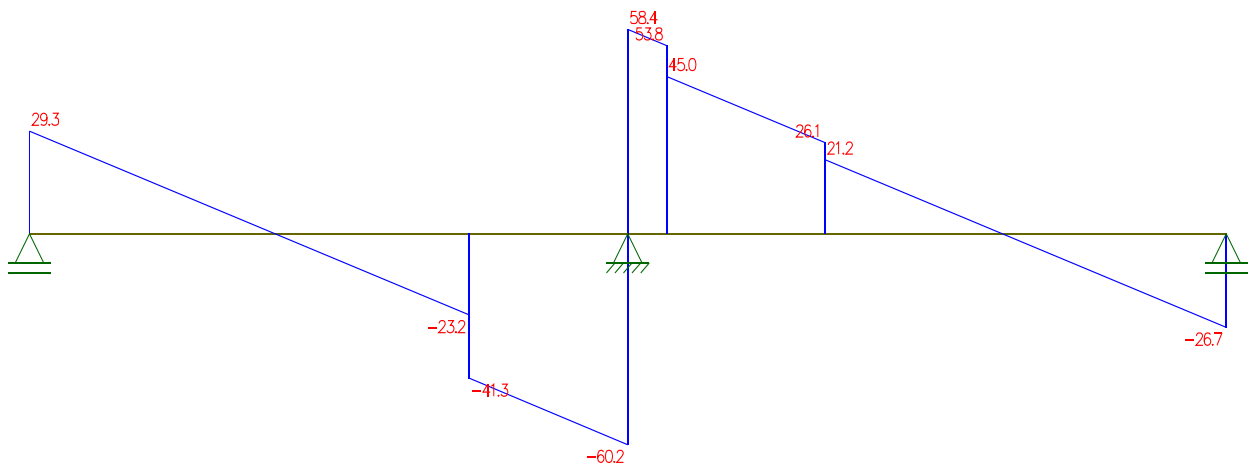
DCL



Mf

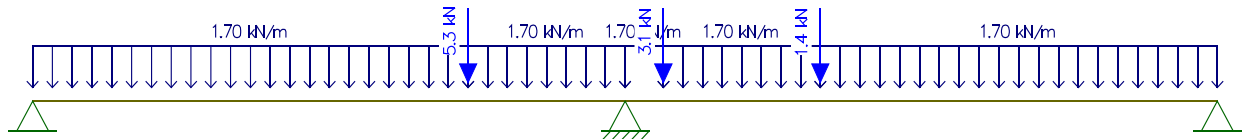


Q

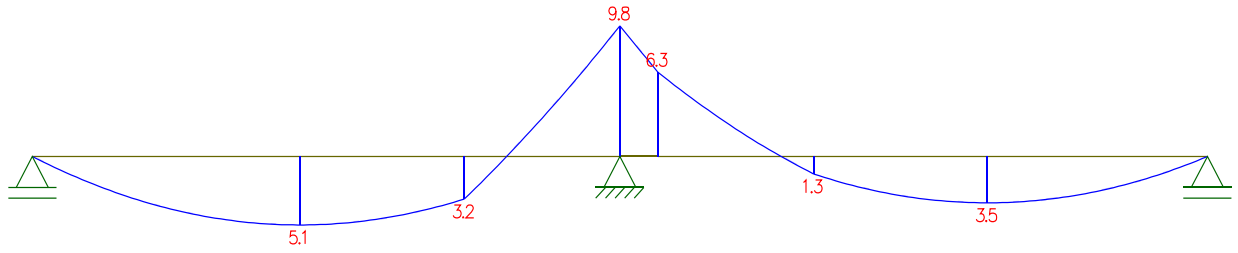


Sobrecarga

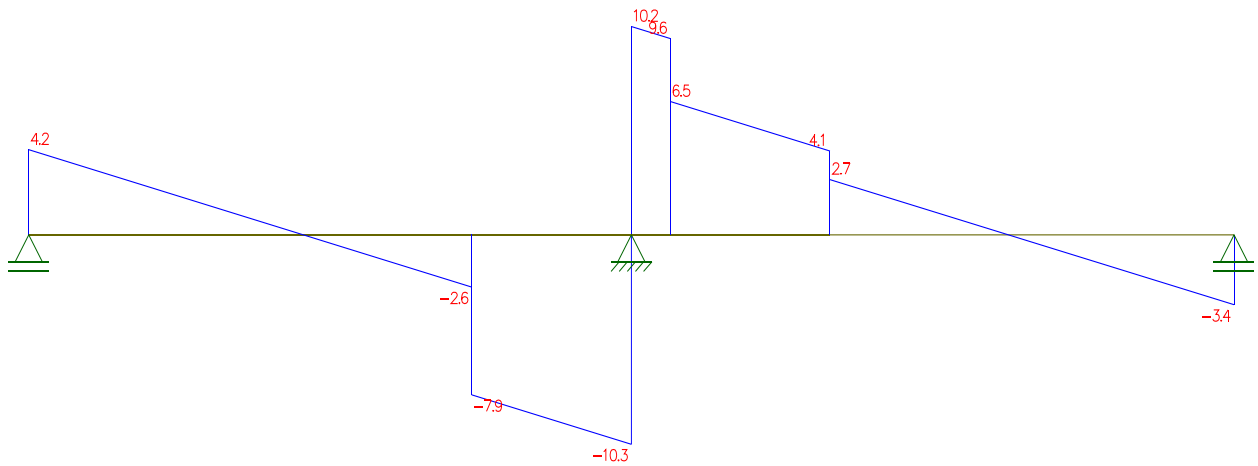
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 32,5 + 1,6 * 5,1)kNm = 47,16 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{47,16 kNm}{0,9} = 52,4kNm = 0,0524 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2}d_b - d_{est} = 50 \text{ cm} - 3 \text{ cm} - 0,8 \text{ cm} - 0,6 \text{ cm} = 45,6 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,0524 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m}}}} = 0,89$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,0524 \text{ MNm}}{0,456 \text{ m}} = 2,84 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 45,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 3,04 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 3Ø12 abajo ($A_s = 3,39 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^o_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^o_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 46 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 60,3 + 1,6 * 9,8) kNm = 88,04 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{88,04 kNm}{0,9} = 97,82 kNm = 0,09782 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 50 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 45,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,09782 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 0,65$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 25,625 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 25,625 cm^2 / MN * \frac{0,09782 MNm}{0,456 m} = 5,49 cm^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 cm * 45,6 cm}{420 MPa} = 3,04 cm^2$$

Adopto 3Ø16 arriba ($A_s = 6,03 cm^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^o_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^o_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 16 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 40 mm$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 16 mm \\ \geq 25 mm \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 mm = 305 mm \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 mm \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 29,3 + 1,6 * 4,2)kN = 41,88 kN$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\varphi} = \frac{41,88 kN}{0,75} = 55,84 kN = 0,05584 MN$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 MPa} * 0,2 m * 0,456 m = 0,076 MN$$

$$V_c > V_n; \text{ Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05: } A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16 f_y} = 0,33 cm^2$$

$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456 m}{2} = 0,228 m ; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}, \text{ Adoptando estribos } \varnothing 6 \text{ de 2 ramas.}$$

Adopto estribos $\varnothing 6$ de 2 ramas c/ 22 cm.

Apoyo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 60,2 + 1,6 * 10,3)kN = 88,72 kN$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\varphi} = \frac{88,72 kN}{0,75} = 118,29 kN = 0,11829 MN$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 MPa} * 0,2 m * 0,456 m = 0,076 MN$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_c = 0,11829 MN - 0,076 MN = 0,0423 MN$$

Adoptando estribos $\varnothing 6$ de 2 ramas.

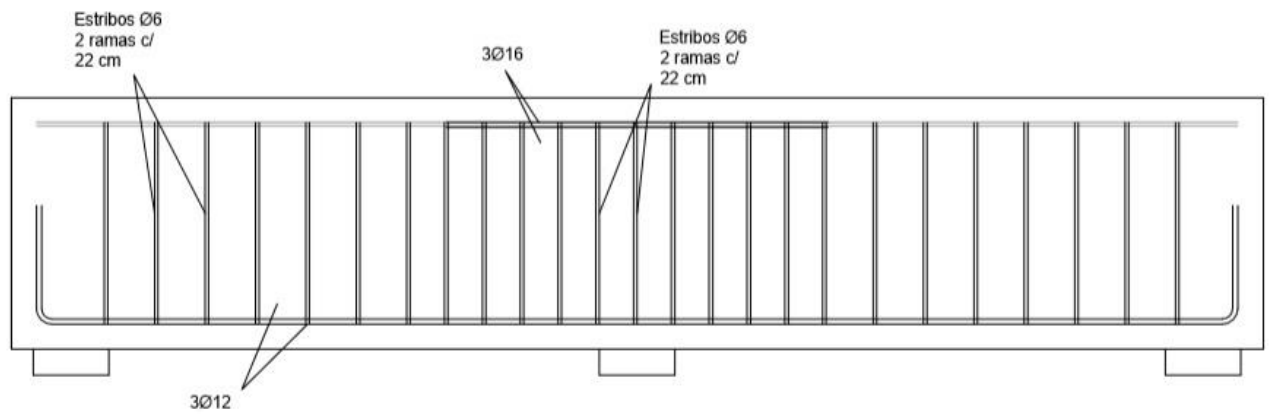
$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456 m}{2} = 0,228 m$$

$$\frac{A_v}{s} = \frac{V_s * 10^4}{f_y * d} = \frac{0,0423 MN * 10^4}{420 MPa * 0,456 m} = 2,2 cm^2/m$$

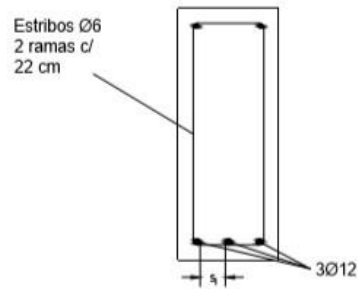
$$s = \frac{A_v}{2,2 cm^2/m} = \frac{2 * 0,28 cm^2}{2,2 cm^2/m} = 0,25 m; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}$$

Adopto estribos $\varnothing 6$ de 2 ramas c/ 22 cm.

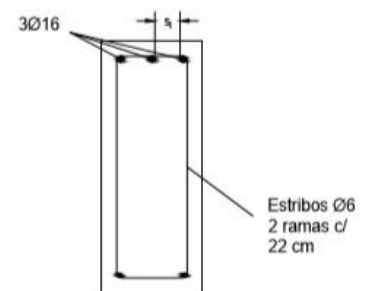
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Architecto

Vigas V013-V014 IDEM V015-V016 || V021-V022 || V023-V024

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{338 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,28 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 30 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,30 \text{ m} = 1,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

Peso de pared:

$$p_{par} = \gamma * e * h = 10,5 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 3 \text{ m} = 6,3 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D014 = R_{L03D} + p_p + p_{par} = (3,21 + 1,5 + 6,3) \text{ kN/m} = 11,01 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D013 = R_{L01D} + p_p + p_{par} = (2,53 + 1,5 + 6,3) \text{ kN/m} = 10,33 \text{ kN/m}$$

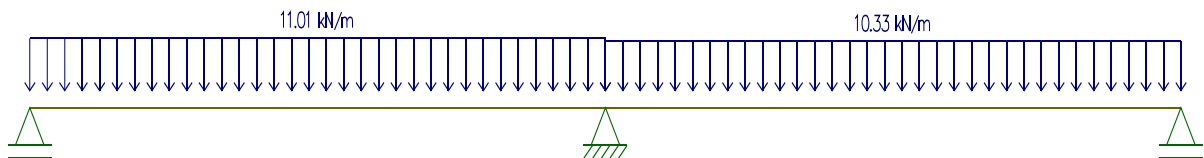
$$L014 = R_{L03L} = (1,23) \text{ kN/m} = 1,23 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L013 = R_{L01L} = (0,98) \text{ kN/m} = 0,98 \text{ kN/m}$$

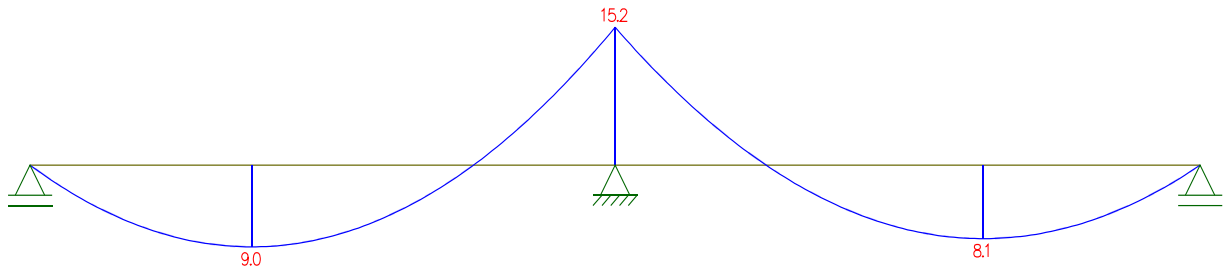
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

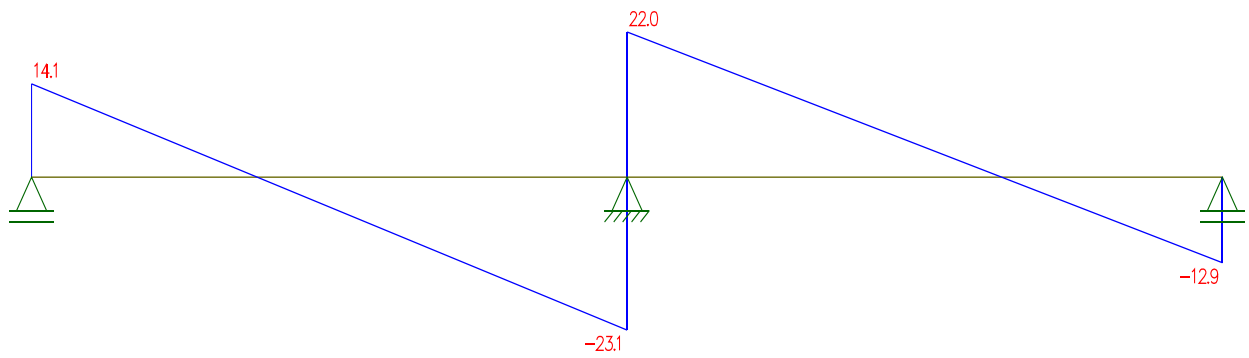
DCL



Mf

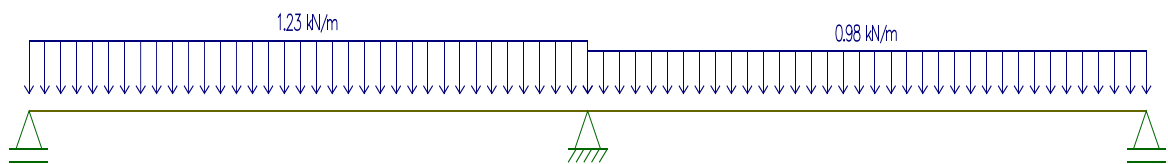


Q

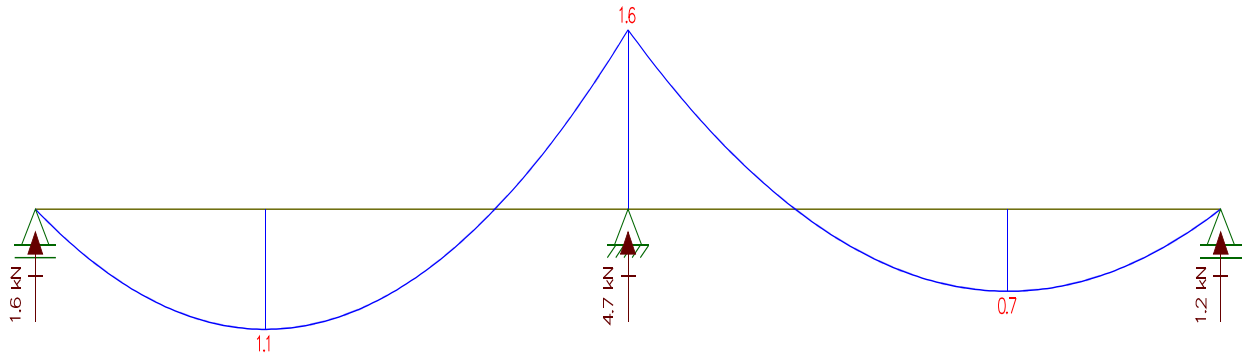


Sobrecarga

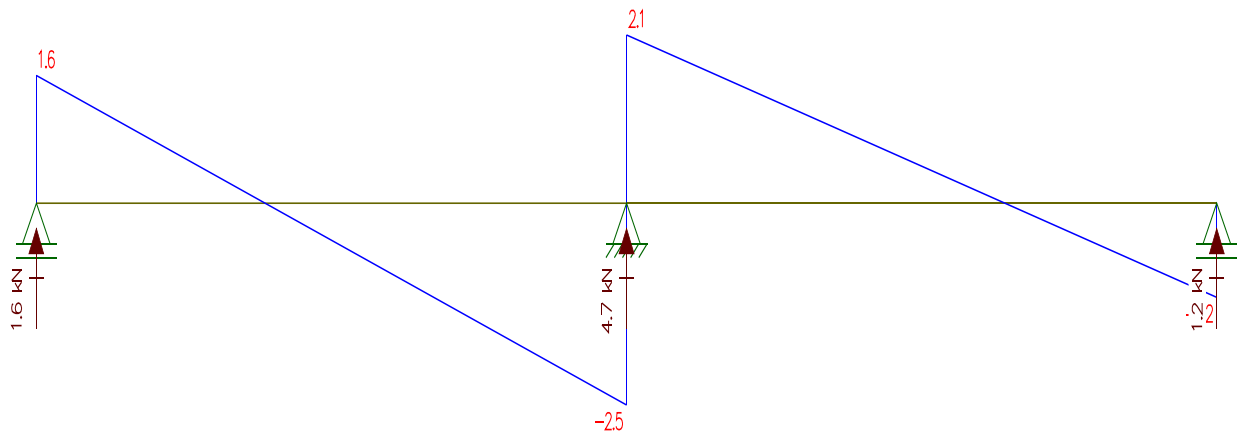
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 9 + 1,6 * 1,1) kNm = 12,56 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{12,56 kNm}{0,9} = 13,95 kNm = 0,01395 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2}d_b - d_{est} = 30 \text{ cm} - 3 \text{ cm} - 0,8 \text{ cm} - 0,6 \text{ cm} = 25,6 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,256 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,01395 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m}}}} = 0,97$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,01395 \text{ MNm}}{0,256 \text{ m}} = 1,35 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 45,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 3,04 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 3Ø12 abajo. ($A_s = 3,39 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^o_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^o_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 46 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 15,2 + 1,6 * 1,6) kNm = 20,8 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{20,8 kNm}{0,9} = 23,11 kNm = 0,02311 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 30 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 25,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,256 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,02311 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 0,75$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 25,207 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 25,207 cm^2 / MN * \frac{0,02311 MNm}{0,256 m} = 2,27 cm^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 cm * 45,6 cm}{420 MPa} = 3,04 cm^2$$

Adopto 3Ø12 arriba ($A_s = 3,39 cm^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^o_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^o_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 46 mm$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 mm \\ \geq 25 mm \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 mm = 305 mm \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 mm \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 14,1 + 1,6 * 1,6)kN = 19,48 kN$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{19,48 kN}{0,75} = 25,97 kN = 0,02597 MN$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 MPa} * 0,2 m * 0,256 m = 0,0426 MN$$

$$V_c > V_n; \text{ Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05: } A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16 f_y} = 0,18 cm^2$$

$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,256 m}{2} = 0,128 m ; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}, \text{ Adopto estribos } \varnothing 6 \text{ de 2 ramas}$$

c/ 12 cm.

Apoyo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 23,1 + 1,6 * 2,5)kN = 31,72 kN$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{31,72 kN}{0,75} = 42,29 kN = 0,0423 MN$$

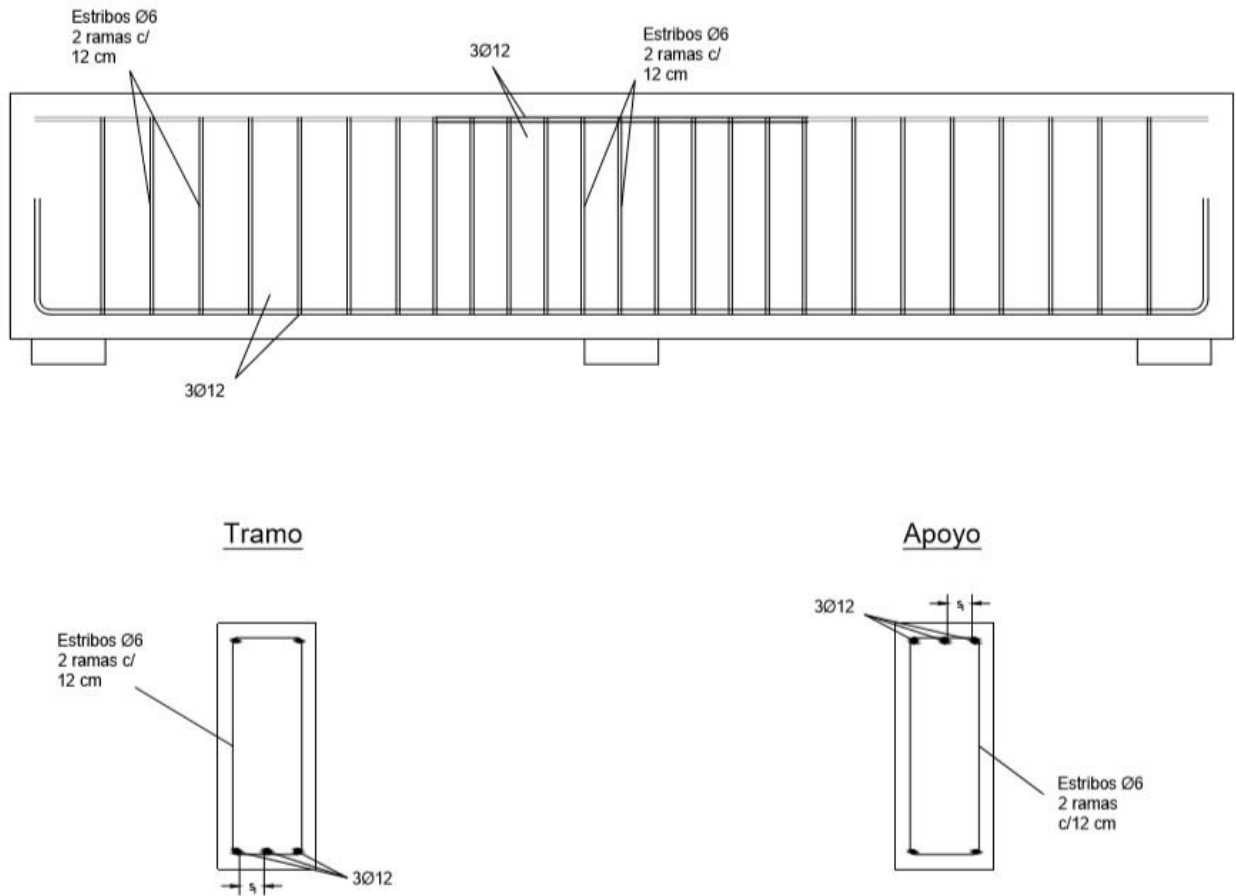
$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 MPa} * 0,2 m * 0,256 m = 0,0426 MN$$

$$V_c > V_n; \text{ Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05: } A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16 f_y} = 0,18 cm^2$$

$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,256 m}{2} = 0,128 m ; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}.$$

Adopto estribos $\varnothing 6$ de 2 ramas c/ 12 cm.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Vigas V017-V018 IDEM V019-V020

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{338 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,28 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 30 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,30 \text{ m} = 1,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

Peso de pared:

$$p_{par} = \gamma * e * h = 10,5 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 3 \text{ m} = 6,3 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D017 = R_{L01D} + R_{L02D} + p_p + p_{par} = (4,39 + 4,39 + 1,5 + 6,3) \text{ kN/m} =$$

$$D017 = 16,58 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D018 = R_{L03D} + R_{L04D} + p_p + p_{par} = (5,58 + 5,58 + 1,5 + 6,3) \text{ kN/m} =$$

$$D018 = 18,96 \text{ kN/m}$$

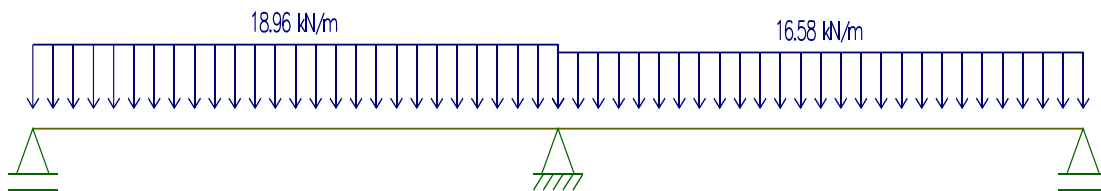
$$L017 = R_{L01L} + R_{L02L} = (1,71 + 1,71) \text{ kN/m} = 3,42 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L018 = R_{L03L} + R_{L04L} = (2,14 + 2,14) \text{ kN/m} = 4,28 \text{ kN/m}$$

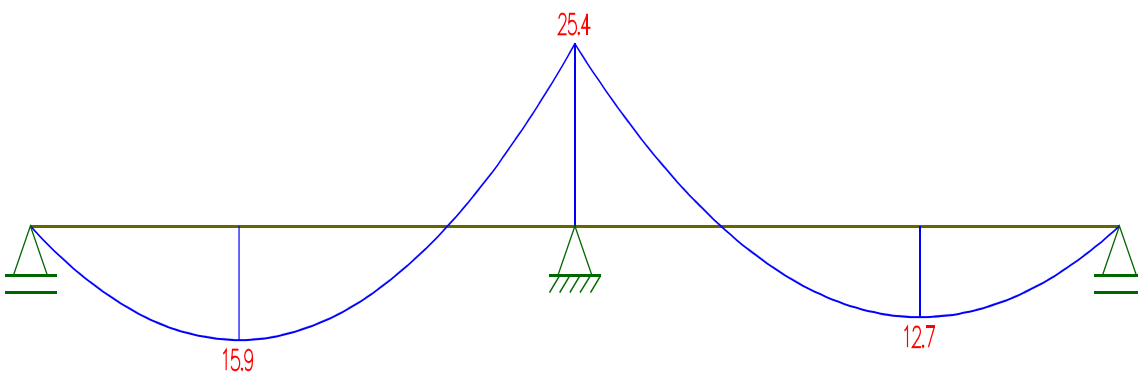
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

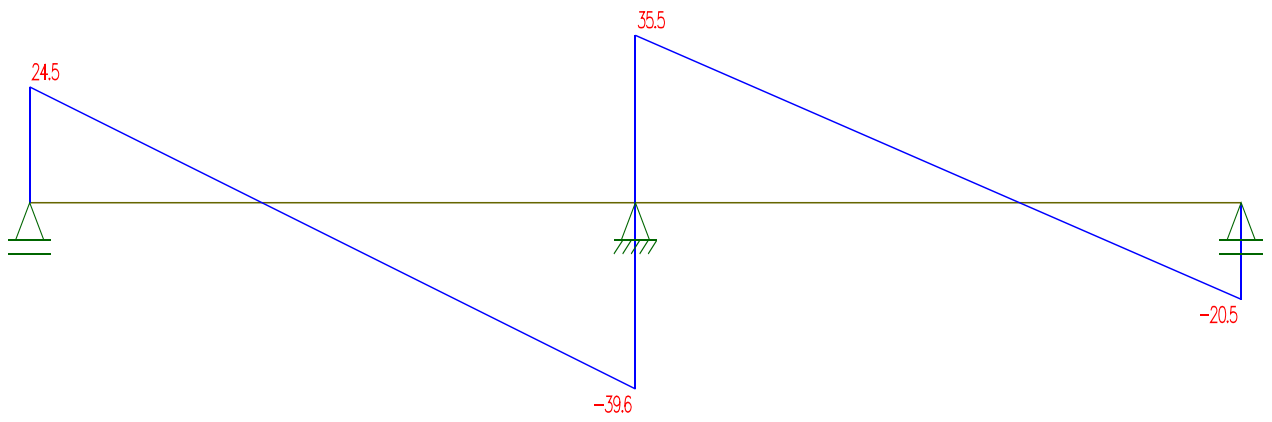
DCL



Mf

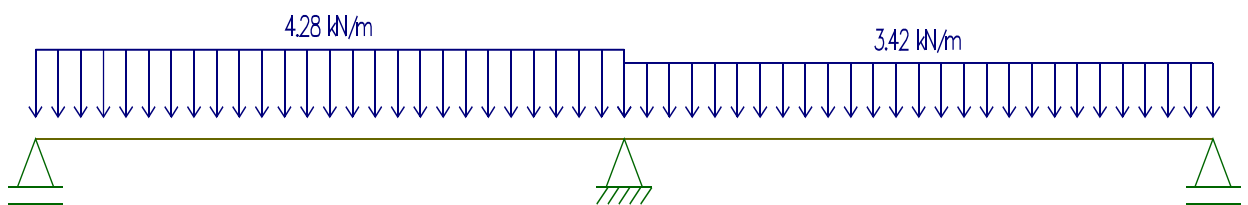


Q

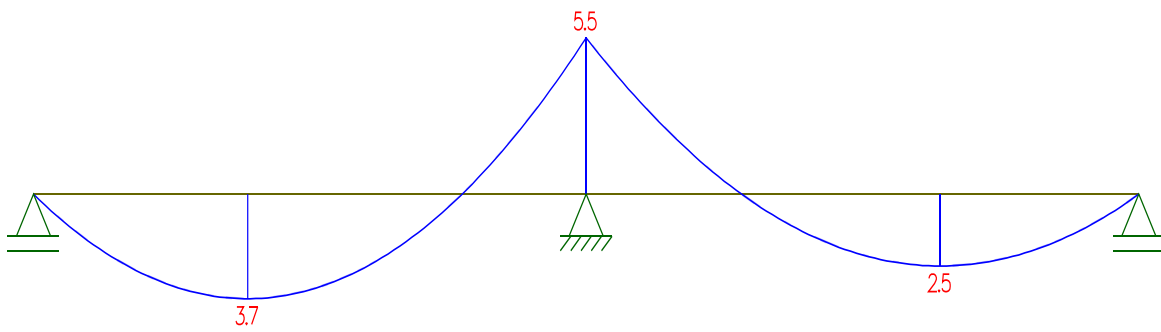


Sobrecarga

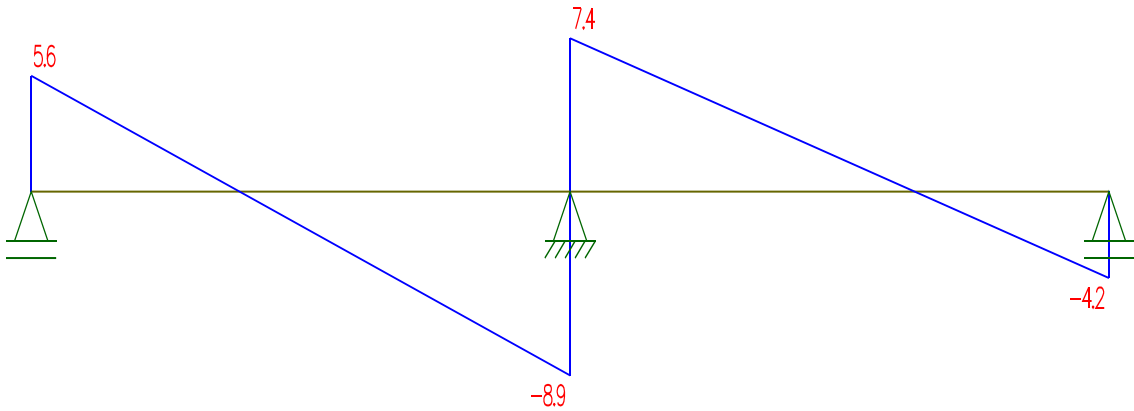
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 15,9 + 1,6 * 3,7) kNm = 25 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{25 kNm}{0,9} = 27,8 kNm = 0,0278 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 30 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 25,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,256 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,0278 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 0,68$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 25,207 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 25,207 cm^2 / MN * \frac{0,0278 MNm}{0,256 m} = 2,73 cm^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 cm * 25,6 cm}{420 MPa} = 1,70 cm^2$$

Adopto 3Ø12 abajo. ($A_s = 3,39 cm^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^{\circ}_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^{\circ}_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 46 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 25,4 + 1,6 * 5,5) \text{ kNm} = 39,28 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{39,28 \text{ kNm}}{0,9} = 43,65 \text{ kNm} = 0,04365 \text{ MNm}$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 30 \text{ cm} - 3 \text{ cm} - 0,8 \text{ cm} - 0,6 \text{ cm} = 25,6 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,256 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,04365 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m}}}} = 0,548$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 26,399 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 26,399 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{MN} * \frac{0,04365 \text{ MNm}}{0,256 \text{ m}} = 4,5 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 25,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 1,7 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 4Ø12 arriba ($A_s = 4,52 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n_{d_b}^{\circ} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n_{espacios}^{\circ}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 4 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{3} = 26,6 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,mín} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 24,5 + 1,6 * 5,6) \text{ kN} = 38,36 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{38,36 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 51,14 \text{ kN} = 0,05114 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,256 \text{ m} = 0,0426 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_c = 0,05114 \text{ MN} - 0,0426 \text{ MN} = 0,00854 \text{ MN}$$

Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas.

$$s_{máx} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,256 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,128 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{A_v}{s} = \frac{V_s * 10^4}{f_y * d} = \frac{0,00854 \text{ MN} * 10^4}{420 \text{ MPa} * 0,256 \text{ m}} = 0,794 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$s = \frac{A_v}{0,794 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = \frac{2*0,28 \text{ cm}^2}{0,794 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0,7 \text{ m} ; \text{ Adopto } s_{\text{max}}$$

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 12 cm.

Apoyo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 39,6 + 1,6 * 8,9) \text{ kN} = 61,76 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{61,76 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 82,34 \text{ kN} = 0,08234 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,256 \text{ m} = 0,0426 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_c = 0,08234 \text{ MN} - 0,0426 \text{ MN} = 0,03974 \text{ MN}$$

Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas.

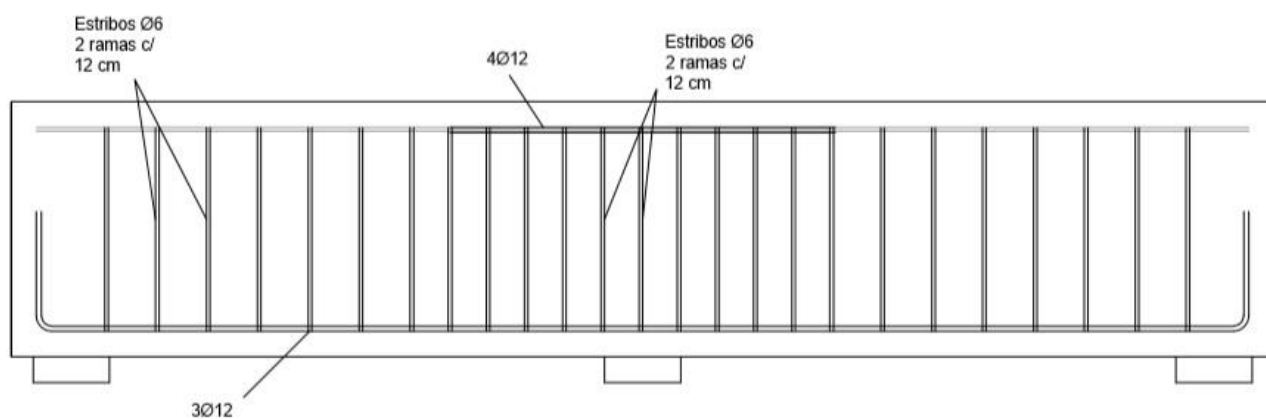
$$s_{\text{máx}} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,256 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,128 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{A_v}{s} = \frac{V_s * 10^4}{f_y * d} = \frac{0,03974 \text{ MN} * 10^4}{420 \text{ MPa} * 0,256 \text{ m}} = 3,69 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

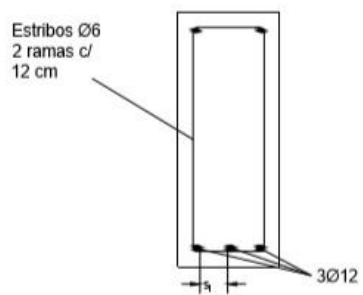
$$s = \frac{A_v}{3,69 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = \frac{2*0,28 \text{ cm}^2}{3,69 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0,15 \text{ m} ; \text{ Adopto } s_{\text{max}}$$

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 12 cm.

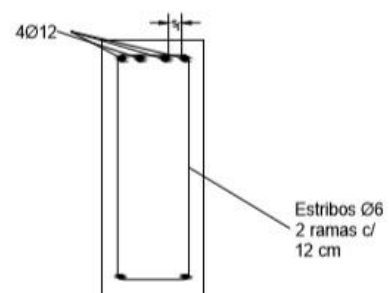
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Viga V025 IDEM V125

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{600 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,50 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 50 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,50 \text{ m} = 2,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D = R_{L011D} + p_p = (4,2 + 2,5) \text{ kN/m} =$$

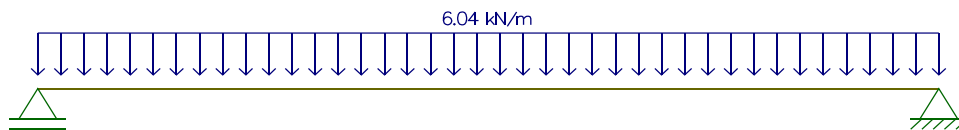
$$D = 6,04 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L = R_{L011L} = (1,78) \text{ kN/m} = 1,78 \text{ kN/m}$$

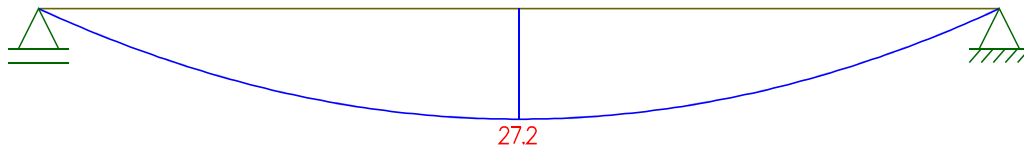
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

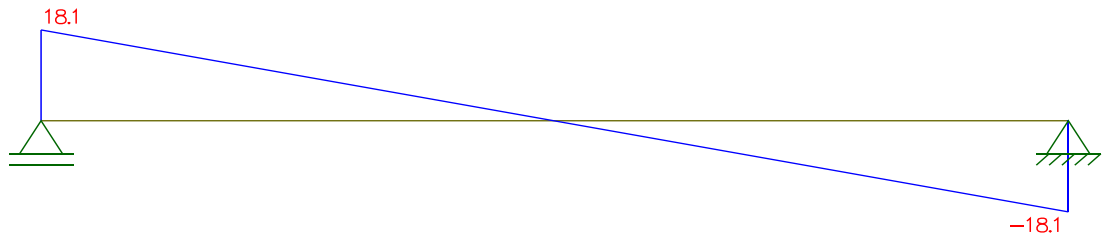
DCL



Mf

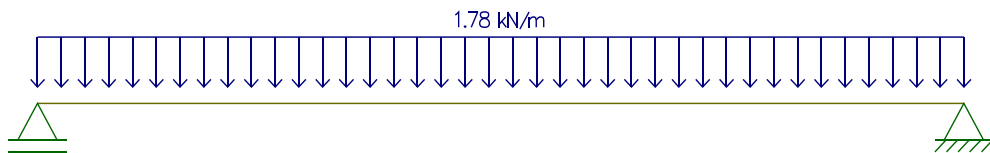


Q

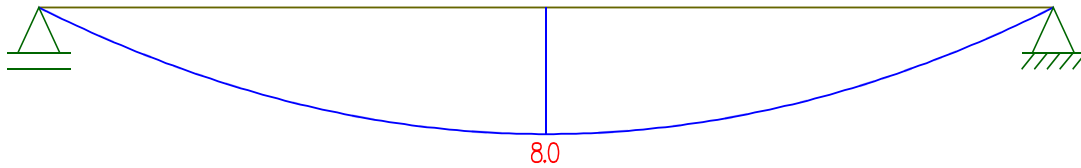


Sobrecarga

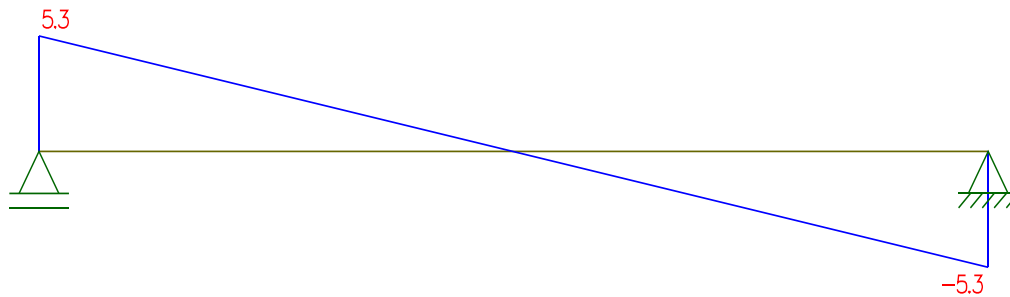
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 27,18 + 1,6 * 6,75) kNm = 43,41 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{43,41 kNm}{0,9} = 48,24 kNm = 0,04824 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 50 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 45,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,04824 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 0,93$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,766 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{MN} * \frac{0,04824 \text{ MNm}}{0,456 \text{ m}} = 2,62 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 25,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 1,7 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 3Ø12 abajo ($A_s = 3,39 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n_{db}^o * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n_{espacios}^o}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 46 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 18,12 + 1,6 * 4,5) \text{ kN} = 28,94 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{28,94 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 38,58 \text{ kN} = 0,03858 \text{ MN}$$

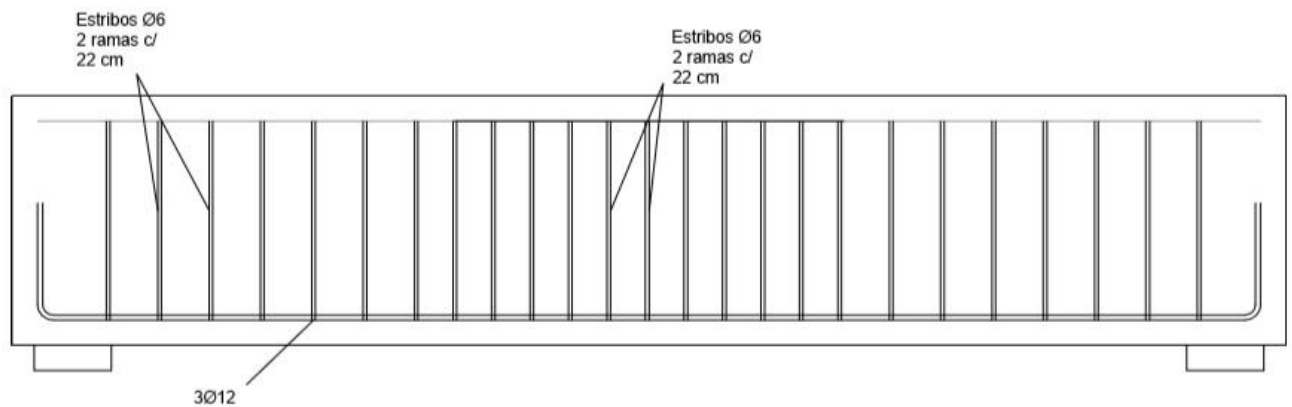
$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,076 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c > V_n; \text{ Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05: } A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16 f_y} = 0,33 \text{ cm}^2$$

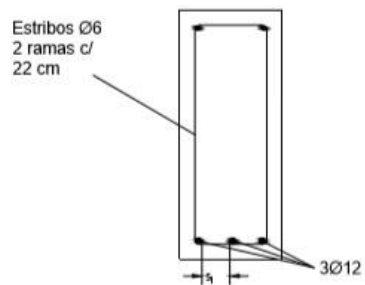
$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456\ m}{2} = 0,228\ m$; Adopto s_{max} , Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas.

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 22 cm.

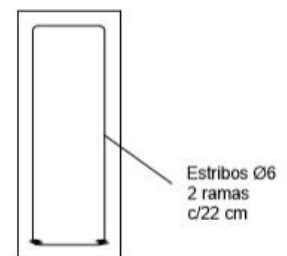
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Viga V026 IDEM V126 || V028 || V128

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{193 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,16 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 30 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,30 \text{ m} = 1,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D = R_{L011D} + R_{L012D} + p_p = (4,2 + 3,4 + 1,5) \text{ kN/m} =$$

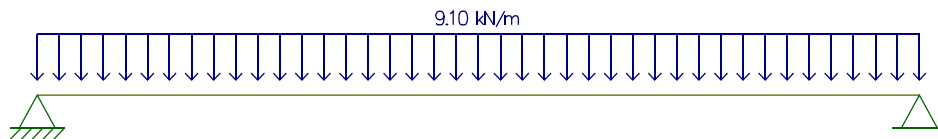
$$D = 9,1 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L = R_{L011L} + R_{L012L} = (1,78 + 1,4) \text{ kN/m} = 3,18 \text{ kN/m}$$

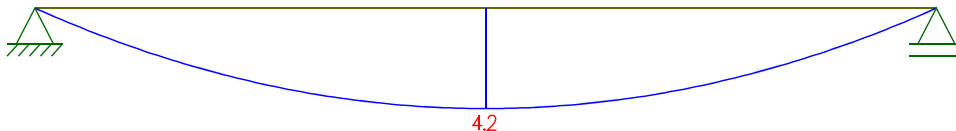
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

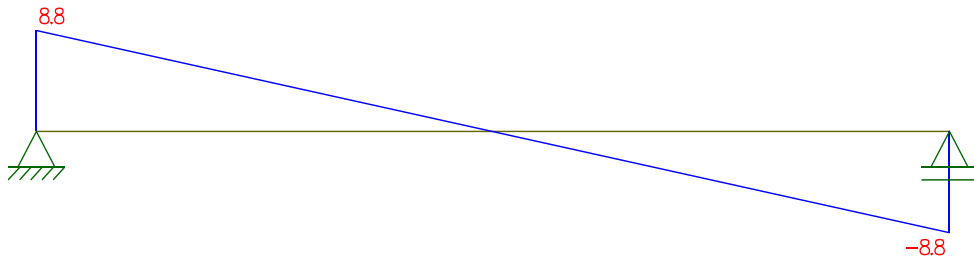
DCL



Mf

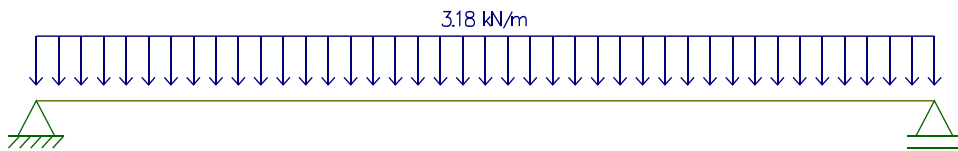


Q

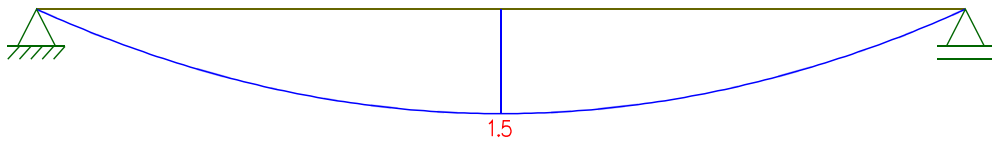


Sobrecarga

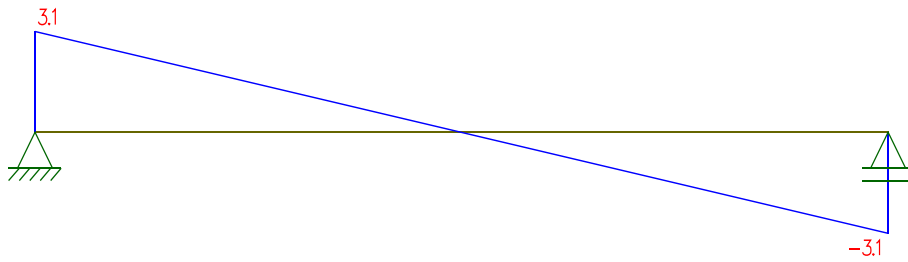
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 4,2 + 1,6 * 1,5) kNm = 7,44 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{7,44 kNm}{0,9} = 8,26 kNm = 0,00826 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 30 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 25,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,256 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,00826 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 1,26$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,301 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,301 cm^2 / MN * \frac{0,00826 MNm}{0,256 m} = 0,78 cm^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 cm * 25,6 cm}{420 MPa} = 1,7 cm^2$$

Adopto 2Ø12 abajo ($A_s = 2,26 cm^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n_{db} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 2 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{1} = 104 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5 c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 8,8 + 1,6 * 3,1) \text{ kN} = 15,52 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{15,52 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 20,69 \text{ kN} = 0,02069 \text{ MN}$$

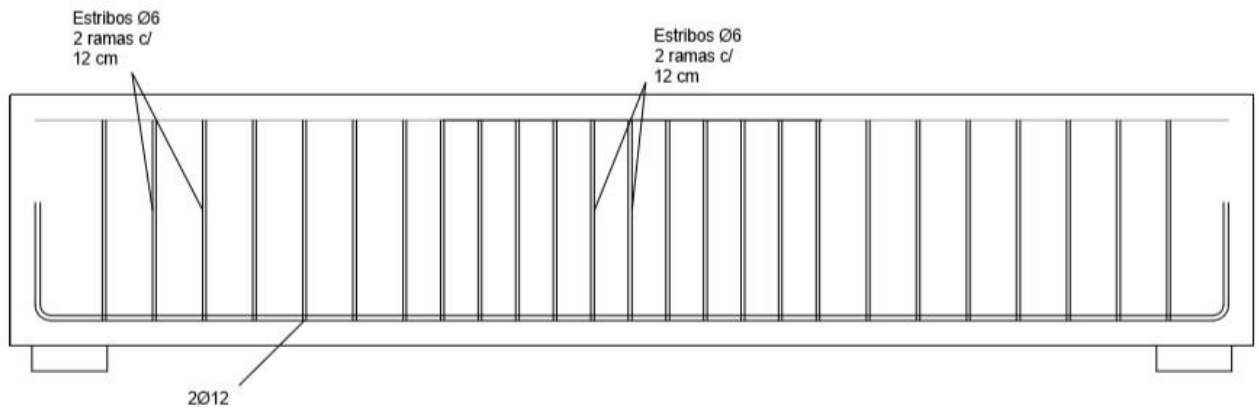
$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,256 \text{ m} = 0,0426 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c > V_n; \text{ Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05: } A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16 f_y} = 0,18 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ cm}^2$$

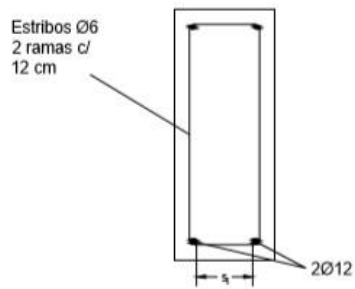
$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,256 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,128 \text{ m} ; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}, \text{ Adoptando estribos } \varnothing 6 \text{ de 2 ramas.}$$

Adopto estribos $\varnothing 6$ de 2 ramas c/ 12 cm.

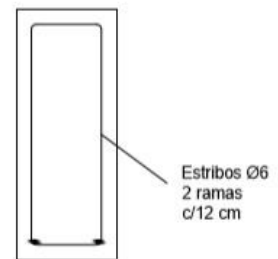
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Viga V027 IDEM V127

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{215 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,18 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 30 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,30 \text{ m} = 1,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D = R_{L011D} + R_{LescD} + p_p = (4,2 + 17,11 + 1,5) \text{ kN/m} =$$

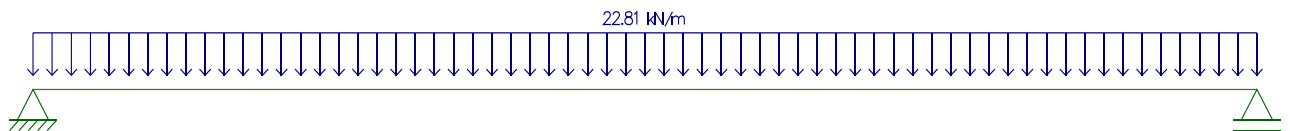
$$D = 22,81 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L = R_{L011L} + R_{LescL} = (1,78 + 4,16) \text{ kN/m} = 5,94 \text{ kN/m}$$

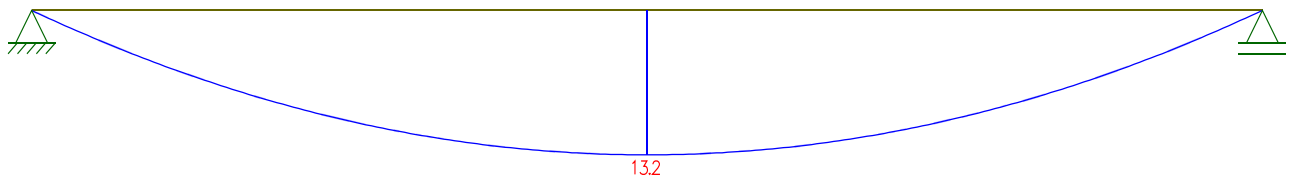
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

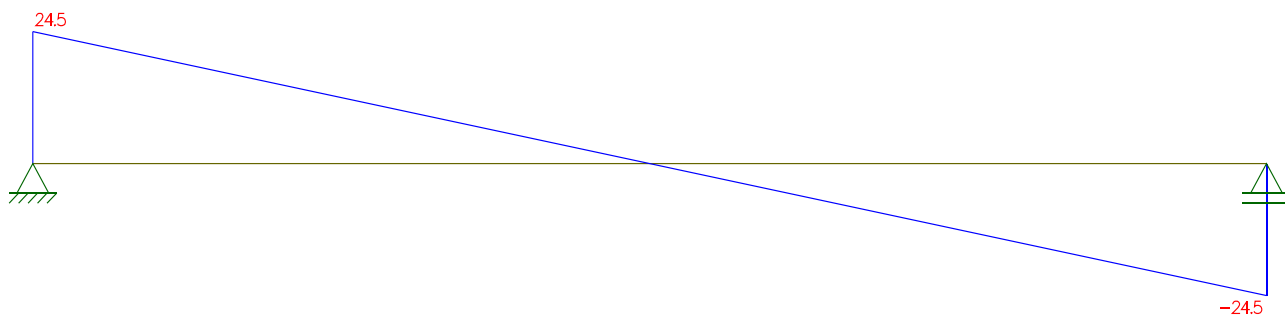
DCL



Mf

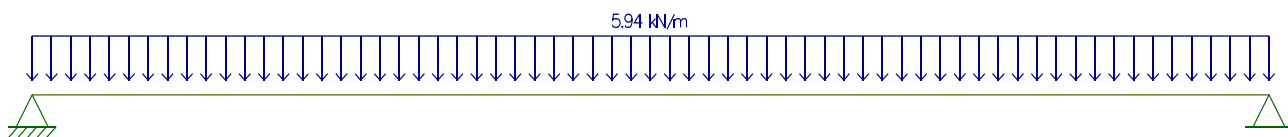


Q

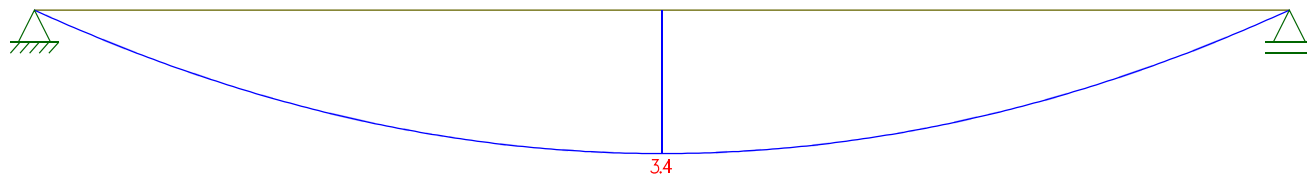


Sobrecarga

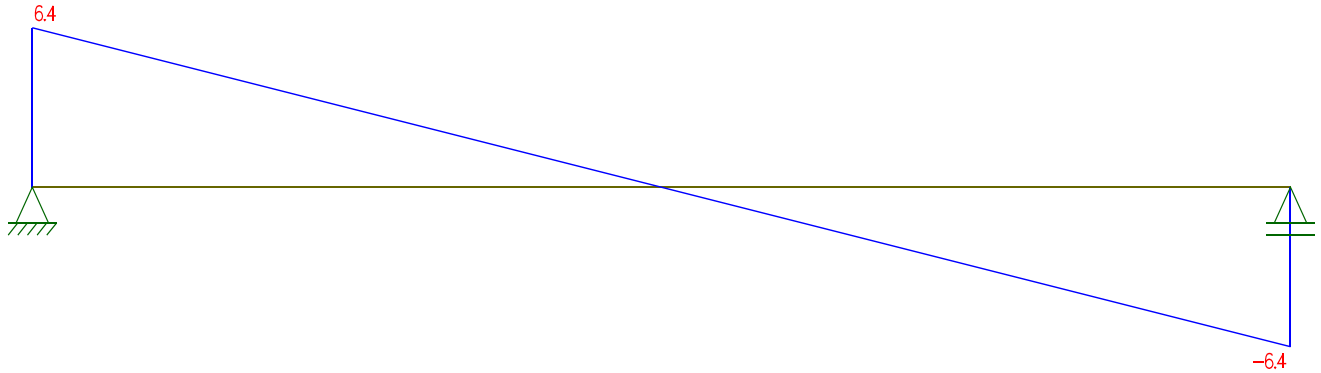
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 13,2 + 1,6 * 3,43) kNm = 21,33 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{21,33 kNm}{0,9} = 23,7 kNm = 0,0237 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 30 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 25,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,256 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,0237 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 0,74$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 25,207 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 25,207 cm^2 / MN * \frac{0,0237 MNm}{0,256 m} = 2,33 cm^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 cm * 45,6 cm}{420 MPa} = 3,04 cm^2$$

Adopto 3Ø12 abajo ($A_s = 3,39 cm^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^{\circ}_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^{\circ}_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 46 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 24,5 + 1,6 * 6,4) \text{ kN} = 39,64 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{39,64 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 52,85 \text{ kN} = 0,05285 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,256 \text{ m} = 0,0426 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_c = 0,05285 \text{ MN} - 0,0426 \text{ MN} = 0,01025 \text{ MN}$$

Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas.

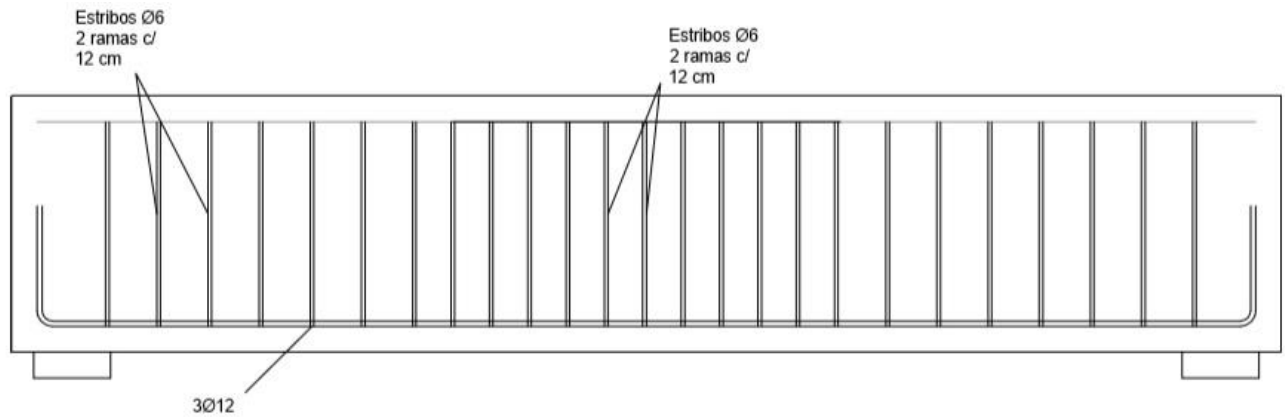
$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,256 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,128 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{A_v}{s} = \frac{V_s * 10^4}{f_y * d} = \frac{0,01025 \text{ MN} * 10^4}{420 \text{ MPa} * 0,256 \text{ m}} = 0,95 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

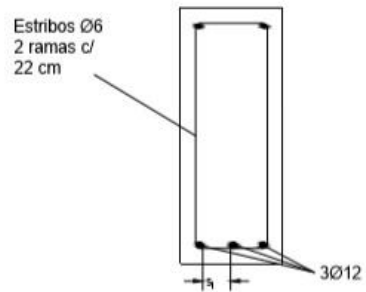
$$s = \frac{A_v}{0,95 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = \frac{2 * 0,28 \text{ cm}^2}{0,95 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0,58 \text{ m}; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}$$

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 12 cm.

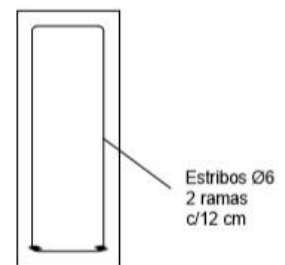
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Viga V029 IDEM V030 || V129 || V130

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{193 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,16 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 30 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,30 \text{ m} = 1,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D = R_{L012D} + p_p = (3,4 + 1,5) \text{ kN/m} =$$

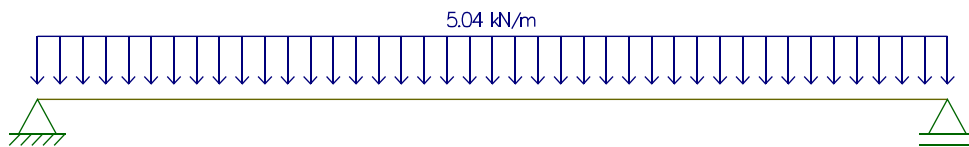
$$D = 5,04 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L = R_{L012L} = (1,4) \text{ kN/m} = 1,4 \text{ kN/m}$$

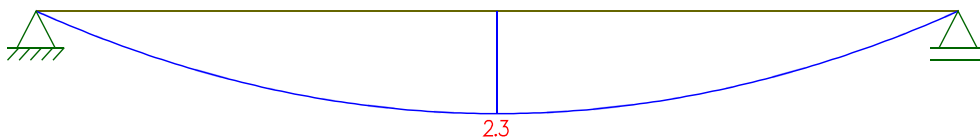
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

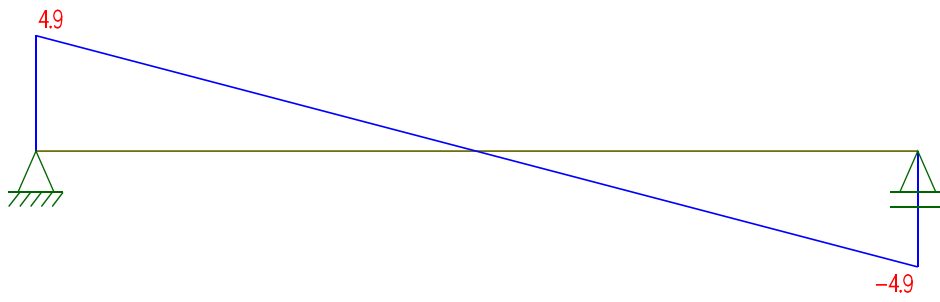
DCL



Mf

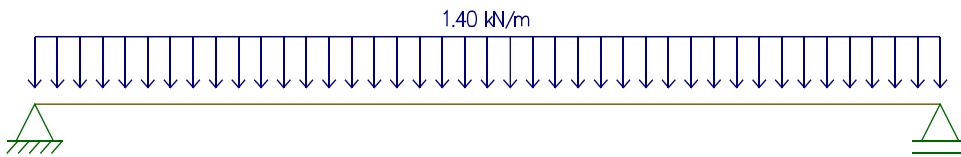


Q

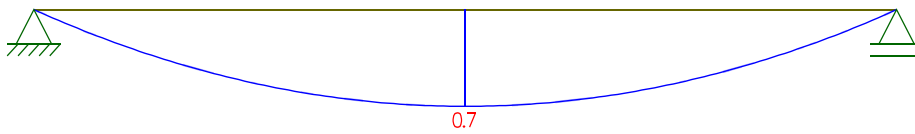


Sobrecarga

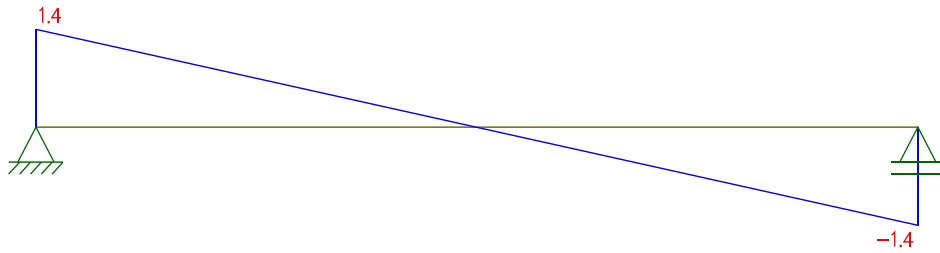
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 2,3 + 1,6 * 0,7) kNm = 3,88 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{3,88 kNm}{0,9} = 4,31 kNm = 0,00431 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 30 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 25,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,256 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,00431 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 1,74$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,301 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,301 cm^2 / MN * \frac{0,00431 MNm}{0,256 m} = 0,409 cm^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 cm * 25,6 cm}{420 MPa} = 1,7 cm^2$$

Adopto 2Ø12 abajo ($A_s = 2,26 cm^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^{\circ}_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^{\circ}_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 2 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{1} = 104 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5 c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 4,9 + 1,6 * 1,4) \text{ kN} = 8,12 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{8,12 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 10,82 \text{ kN} = 0,01082 \text{ MN}$$

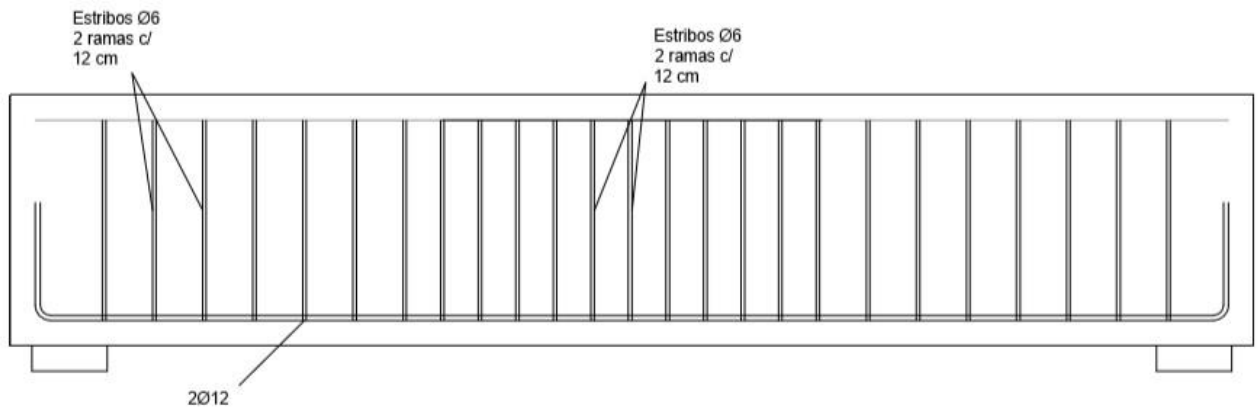
$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,256 \text{ m} = 0,0426 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c > V_n; \text{ Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05: } A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16 f_y} = 0,18 \text{ cm}^2$$

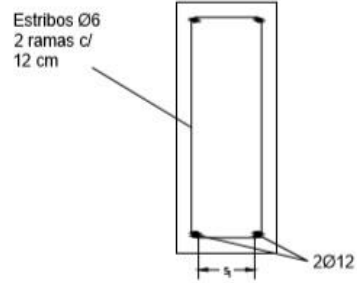
$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,256 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,128 \text{ m} ; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}, \text{ Adoptando estribos } \varnothing 6 \text{ de 2 ramas.}$$

Adopto estribos $\varnothing 6$ de 2 ramas c/ 12 cm.

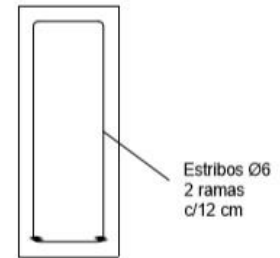
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Vigas V11-V12 IDEM V111-V112

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{540 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,45 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 50 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,50 \text{ m} = 2,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D = R_{L11D} + R_{L15D} + p_p = (6,63 + 6,79 + 2,5) \text{ kN/m} =$$

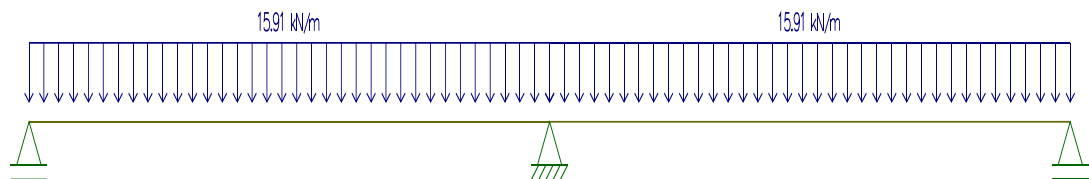
$$D = 15,91 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L = R_{L11L} + R_{L15L} = (2,58 + 6,5) \text{ kN/m} = 9,08 \text{ kN/m}$$

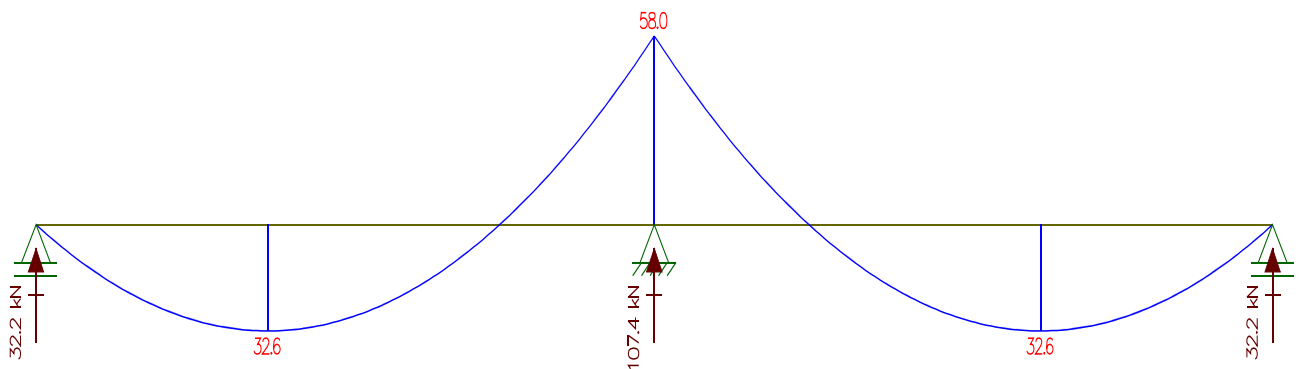
➤ Solicitaciones

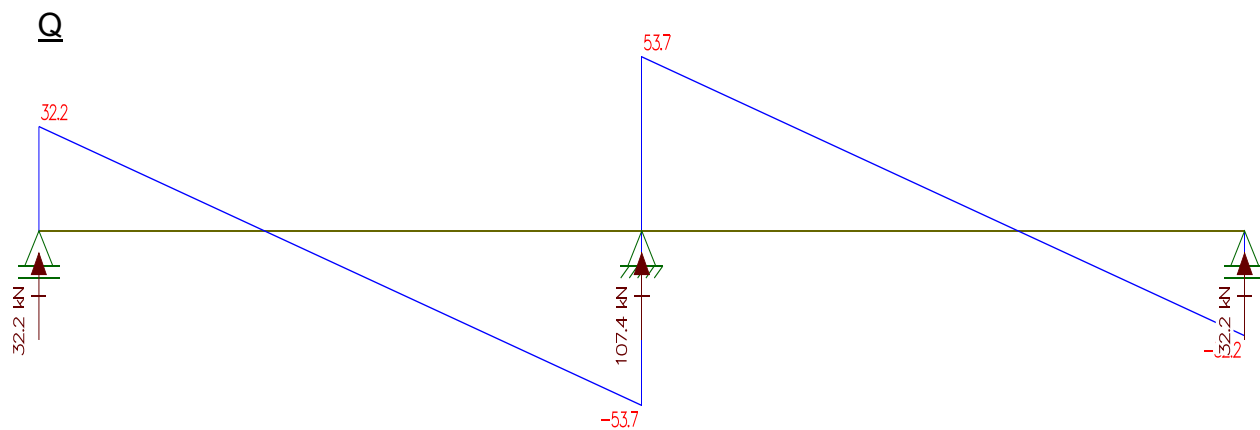
Carga Permanente

DCL



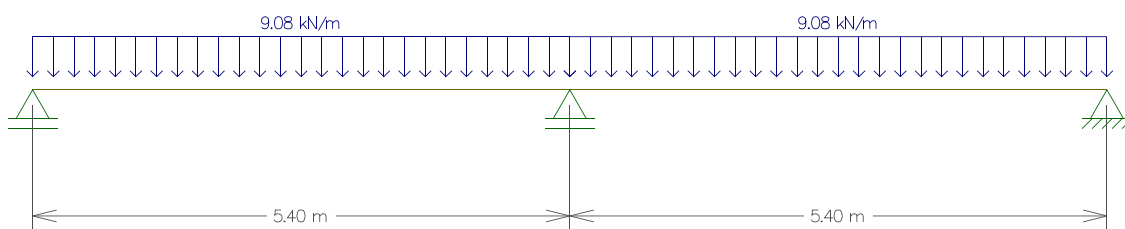
Mf



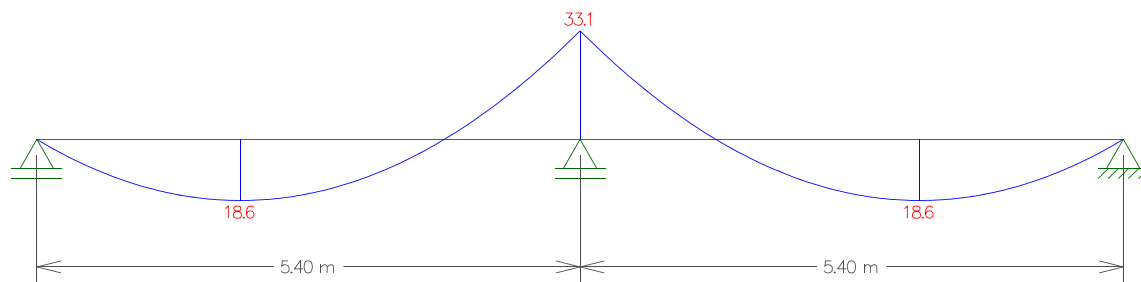


Sobrecarga

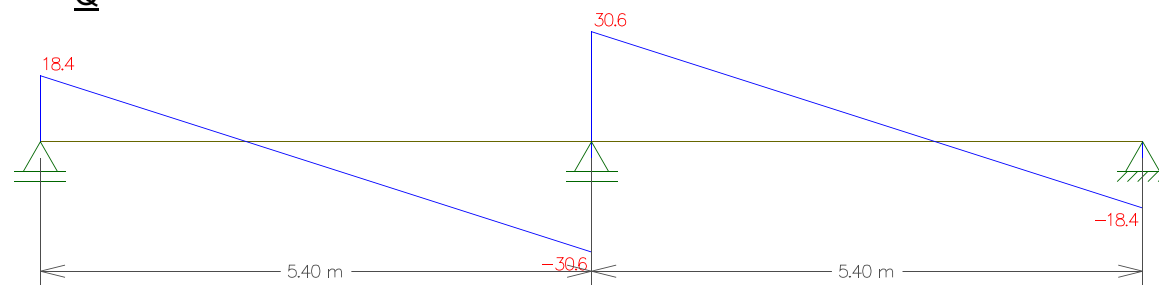
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 32,6 + 1,6 * 18,6) kNm = 68,9 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{68,9 kNm}{0,9} = 76,55 kNm = 0,07655 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 50 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 45,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,07655 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 0,737$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 25,207 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 25,207 cm^2 / MN * \frac{0,0766 MNm}{0,456 m} = 4,23 cm^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 cm * 45,6 cm}{420 MPa} = 3,04 cm^2$$

Adopto 4Ø12 abajo. ($A_s = 4,52 cm^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^{\circ}_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^{\circ}_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 4 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{3} = 26,6 mm$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 mm \\ \geq 25 mm \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 58 + 1,6 * 33,1) \text{ kNm} = 122,56 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{122,56 \text{ kNm}}{0,9} = 136,1 \text{ kNm} = 0,1361 \text{ MNm}$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 50 \text{ cm} - 3 \text{ cm} - 0,8 \text{ cm} - 0,6 \text{ cm} = 45,6 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,1361 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m}}}} = 0,55$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 26,021 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 26,021 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,1361 \text{ MNm}}{0,456 \text{ m}} = 7,76 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 45,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 3,04 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 4Ø16 arriba en dos capas ($A_s = 8,04 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 2 * 16 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{1} = 96 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 16 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5 c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 32,6 + 1,6 * 8,4) \text{ kN} = 52,08 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{52,08 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 69,44 \text{ kN} = 0,06944 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,076 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c > V_n; \text{ Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05: } A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16 f_y} = 0,33 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,228 \text{ m}; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}$$

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 22 cm.

Apoyo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 53,7 + 1,6 * 30,65) \text{ kN} = 113,5 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{113,5 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 151,3 \text{ kN} = 0,1513 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,076 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_c = 0,1513 \text{ MN} - 0,076 \text{ MN} = 0,0753 \text{ MN}$$

Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas.

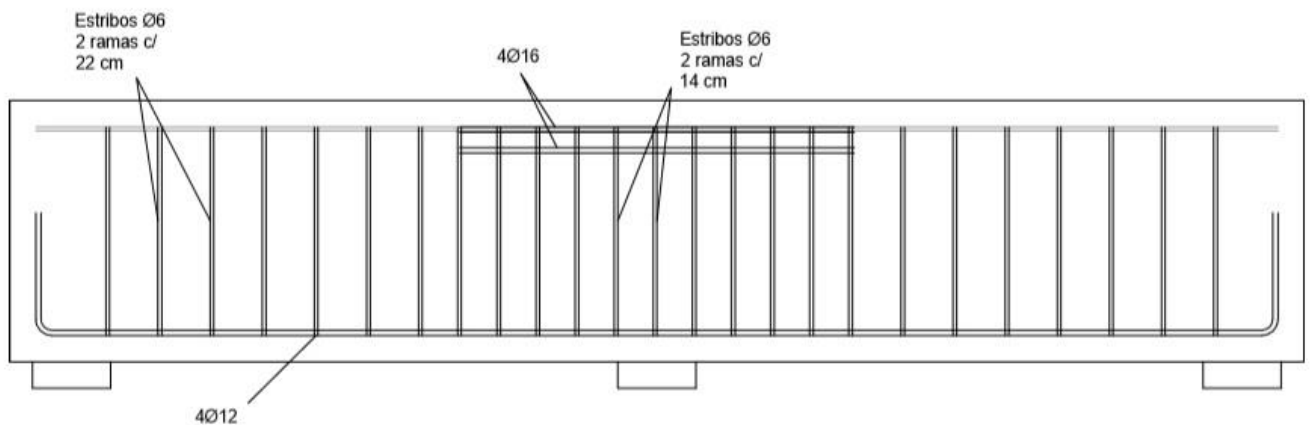
$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,228 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{A_v}{s} = \frac{V_s * 10^4}{f_y * d} = \frac{0,076 \text{ MN} * 10^4}{420 \text{ MPa} * 0,456 \text{ m}} = 3,96 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

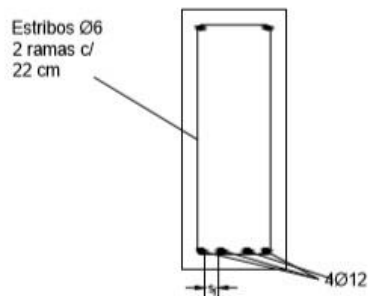
$$s = \frac{A_v}{3,96 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = \frac{2 * 0,28 \text{ cm}^2}{3,96 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0,14 \text{ m}$$

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 14 cm.

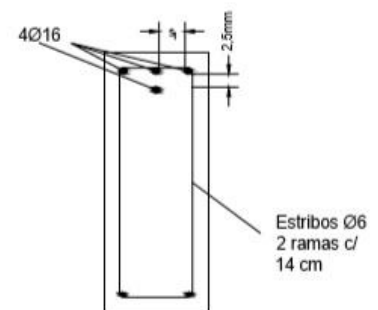
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Vigas V13-V14 IDEM V19-V110

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{540 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,45 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 50 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,50 \text{ m} = 2,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D = R_{L11D} + R_{L13D} + p_p = (6,63 + 7,66 + 2,5) \text{ kN/m} =$$

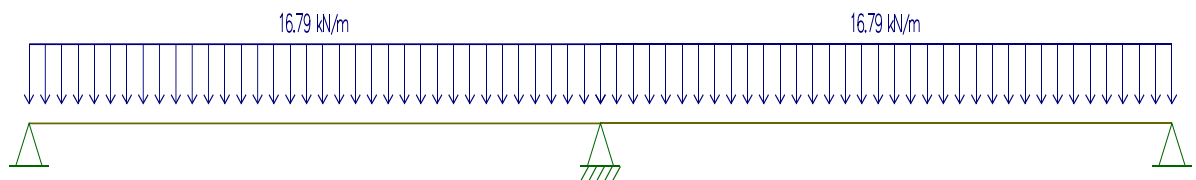
$$D = 16,79 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L = R_{L11L} + R_{L13L} = (2,58 + 2,94) \text{ kN/m} = 5,52 \text{ kN/m}$$

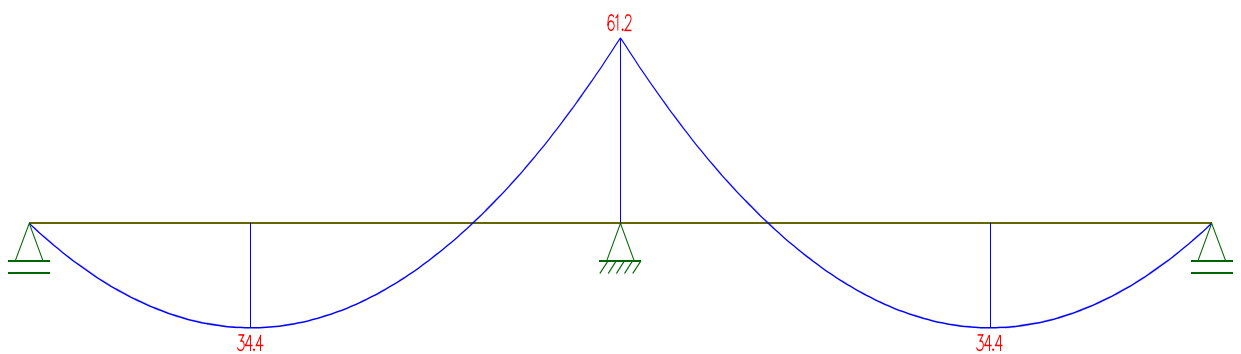
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

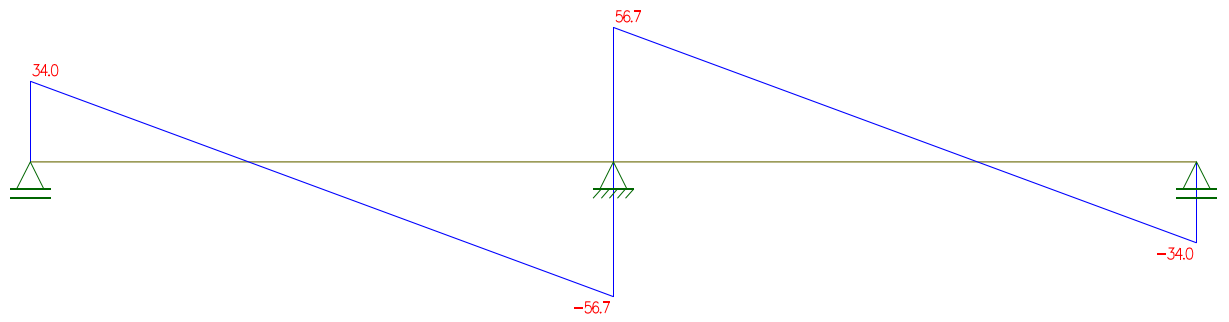
DCL



Mf

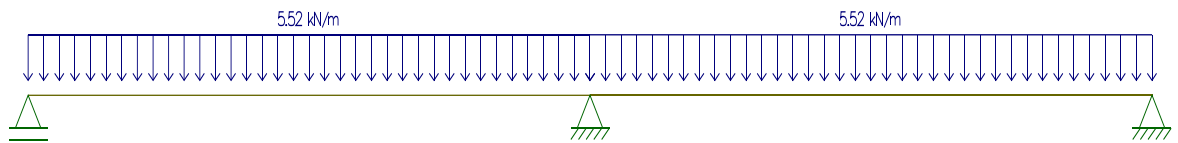


Q

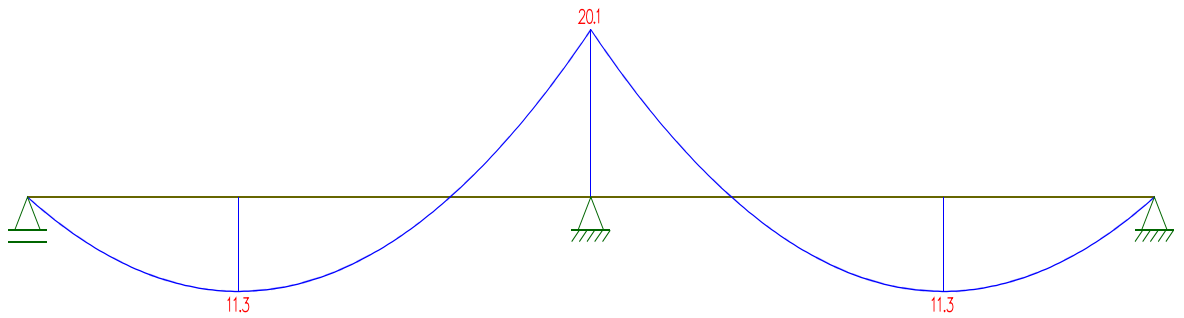


Sobrecarga

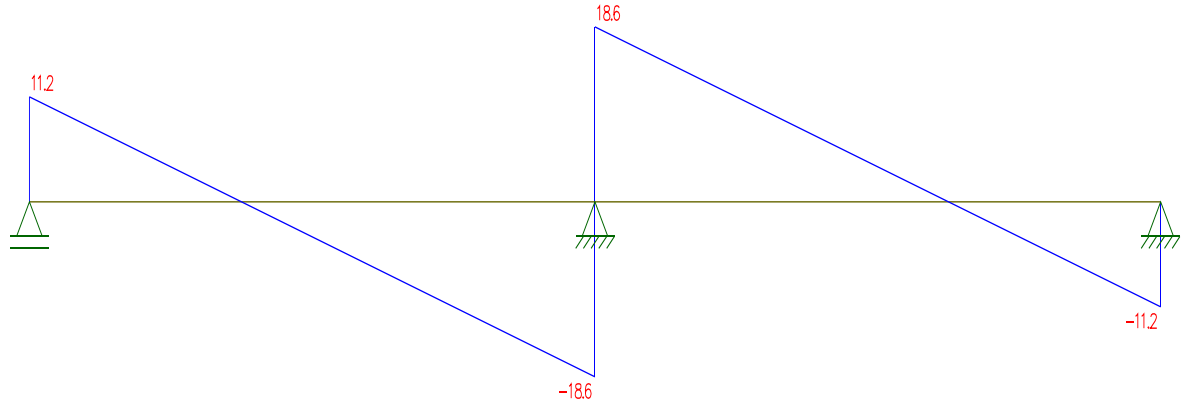
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 34,4 + 1,6 * 11,32) kNm = 59,4 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{59,4 kNm}{0,9} = 66 kNm = 0,066 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 50 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 45,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,066 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 0,793$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 25,207 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 25,207 cm^2 / MN * \frac{0,066 MNm}{0,456 m} = 3,65 cm^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 cm * 45,6 cm}{420 MPa} = 3,04 cm^2$$

Adopto 4Ø12 abajo. ($A_s = 4,52 cm^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^{\circ}_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^{\circ}_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 4 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{3} = 26,6 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 61,2 + 1,6 * 20,12) \text{ kNm} = 105,6 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{105,6 \text{ kNm}}{0,9} = 117,4 \text{ kNm} = 0,1174 \text{ MNm}$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 50 \text{ cm} - 3 \text{ cm} - 0,8 \text{ cm} - 0,6 \text{ cm} = 45,6 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,1174 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m}}}} = 0,595$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 26,201 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 26,201 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{MN} * \frac{0,1174 \text{ MNm}}{0,456 \text{ m}} = 6,74 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 45,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 3,04 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 4Ø16 arriba en dos capas ($A_s = 8,04 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^{\circ}_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^{\circ}_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 4 * 16 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{3} = 26,6 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 16 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 34 + 1,6 * 11,32) \text{ kN} = 58,67 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{58,67 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 78,23 \text{ kN} = 0,07823 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,076 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_c = 0,07823 \text{ MN} - 0,076 \text{ MN} = 0,00223 \text{ MN}$$

Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas.

$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,228 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{A_v}{s} = \frac{V_s * 10^4}{f_y * d} = \frac{0,00223 \text{ MN} * 10^4}{420 \text{ MPa} * 0,456 \text{ m}} = 0,116 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$s = \frac{A_v}{0,116 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = \frac{2 * 0,28 \text{ cm}^2}{0,116 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 4,8 \text{ m} ; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}$$

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 22 cm.

Apoyo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 56,7 + 1,6 * 18,63) \text{ kN} = 97,8 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{97,8 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 130,4 \text{ kN} = 0,1304 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,076 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_c = 0,1304 \text{ MN} - 0,076 \text{ MN} = 0,0544 \text{ MN}$$

Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas.

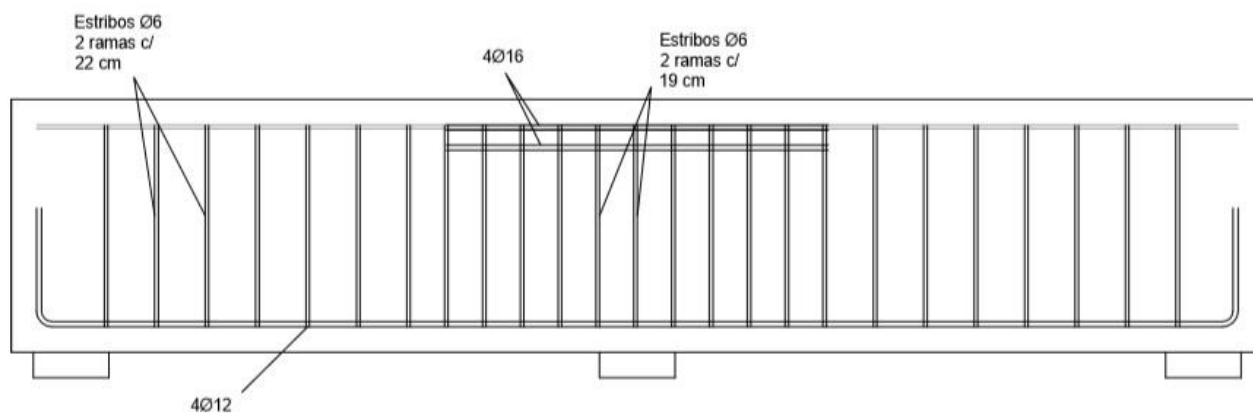
$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,228 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{A_v}{s} = \frac{V_s * 10^4}{f_y * d} = \frac{0,0544 \text{ MN} * 10^4}{420 \text{ MPa} * 0,456 \text{ m}} = 2,84 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

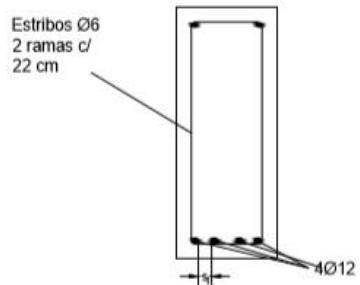
$$s = \frac{A_v}{2,84 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = \frac{2 * 0,28 \text{ cm}^2}{2,84 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0,197 \text{ m}$$

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 19 cm.

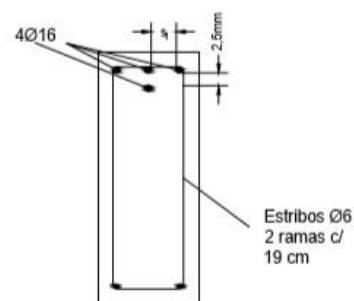
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Vigas V15-V16 IDEM V17-V18

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{540 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,45 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 50 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,50 \text{ m} = 2,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D = R_{L13D} + p_p = (4,43 + 2,5) \text{ kN/m} =$$

$$D = 6,93 \text{ kN/m} ; R_{V125D} = 18,12 \text{ KN} ; R_{V126D} = 8,8 \text{ KN} ; R_{V129D} = 4,9 \text{ KN}$$

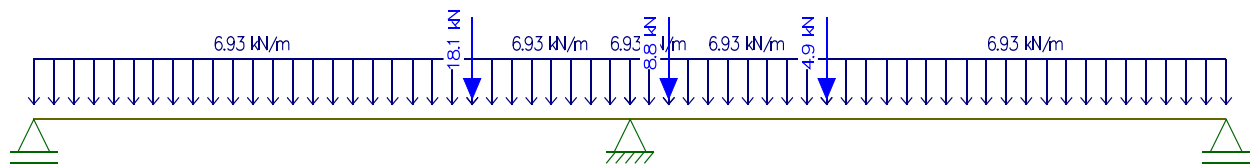
$$L = R_{L13L} = (1,7) \text{ kN/m} = 1,7 \text{ kN/m} ; R_{V125L} = 5,3 \text{ KN}$$

$$R_{V126L} = 3,1 \text{ KN} ; R_{V129L} = 1,4 \text{ KN}$$

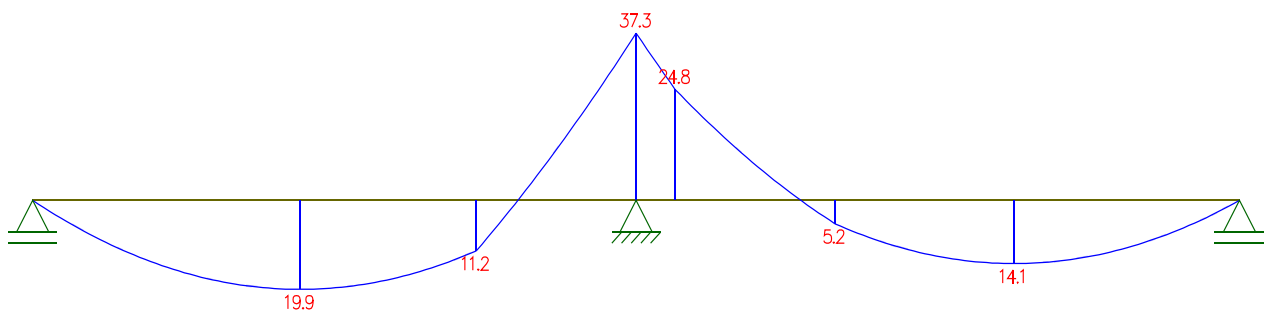
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

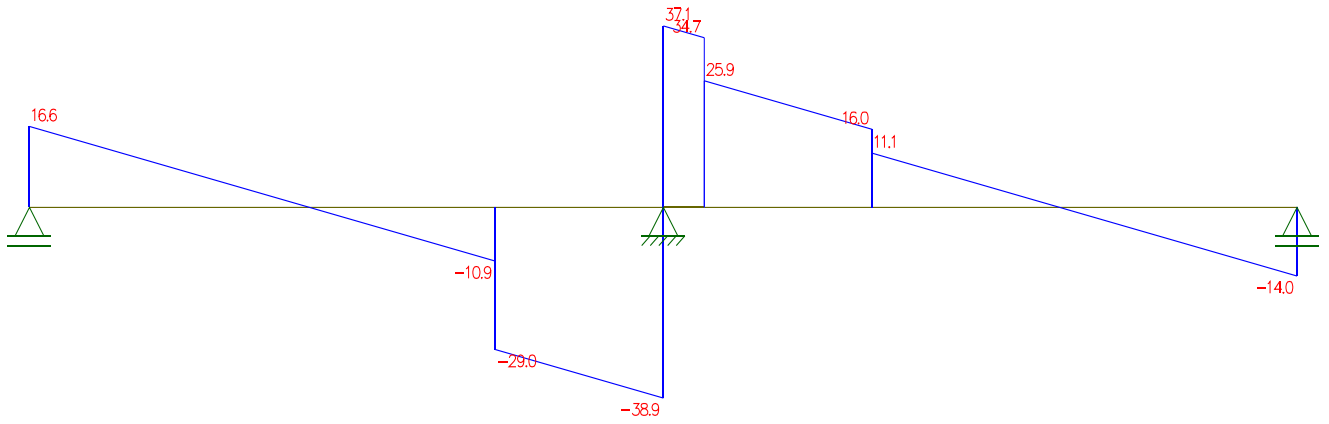
DCL



Mf

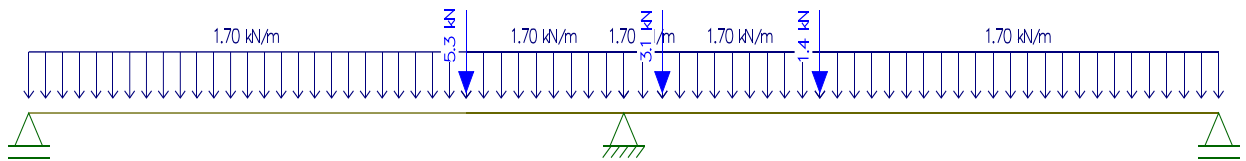


Q

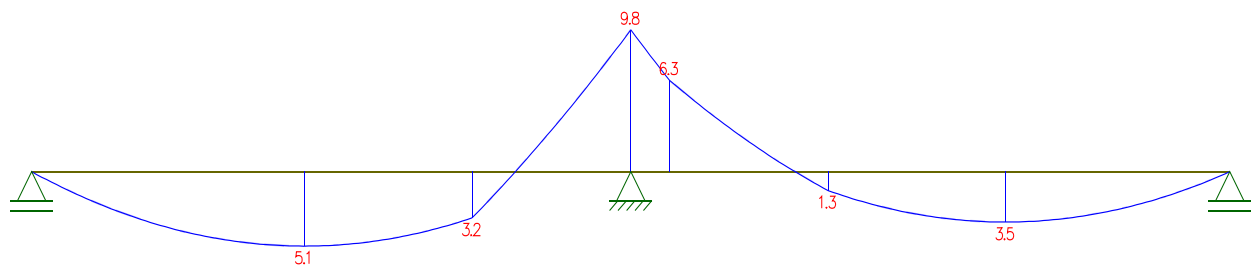


Sobrecarga

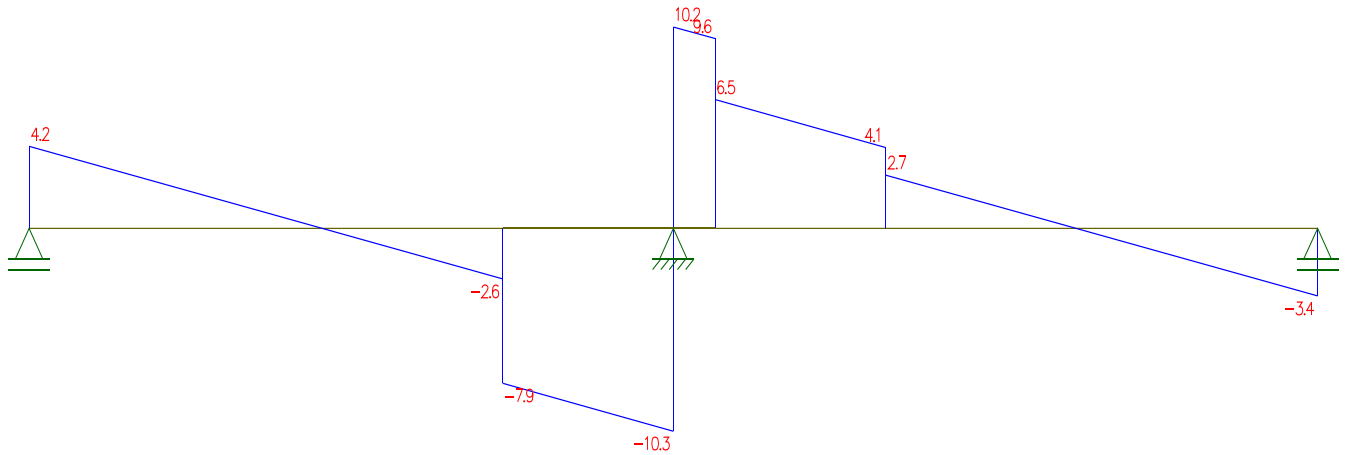
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 19,9 + 1,6 * 5,1) kNm = 32,04 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{32,04 kNm}{0,9} = 35,6 kNm = 0,0356 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 50 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 45,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,0356 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 1,08$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,301 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,301 cm^2 / MN * \frac{0,0356 MNm}{0,456 m} = 1,89 cm^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 cm * 45,6 cm}{420 MPa} = 3,04 cm^2$$

Adopto 3Ø12 abajo. ($A_s = 3,39 cm^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^{\circ}_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^{\circ}_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 46 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 37,3 + 1,6 * 9,8) \text{ kNm} = 60,44 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{60,44 \text{ kNm}}{0,9} = 67,15 \text{ kNm} = 0,06715 \text{ MNm}$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 50 \text{ cm} - 3 \text{ cm} - 0,8 \text{ cm} - 0,6 \text{ cm} = 45,6 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,06715 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m}}}} = 0,78$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 25,207 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 25,207 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,06715 \text{ MNm}}{0,456 \text{ m}} = 3,71 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 45,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 3,04 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 4Ø12 arriba ($A_s = 4,52 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 4 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{3} = 26,6 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 16,6 + 1,6 * 4,2) \text{ kN} = 26,64 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{26,64 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 35,52 \text{ kN} = 0,03552 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,076 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c > V_n; \text{ Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05: } A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16f_y} = 0,33 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,228 \text{ m} ; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}, \text{ Adopto estribos } \text{Ø}6 \text{ de 2 ramas}$$

c/ 22 cm.

Apoyo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 38,9 + 1,6 * 10,3) \text{ kN} = 63,16 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{63,16 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 84,21 \text{ kN} = 0,08421 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,076 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_c = 0,08421 \text{ MN} - 0,076 \text{ MN} = 0,00821 \text{ MN}$$

Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas.

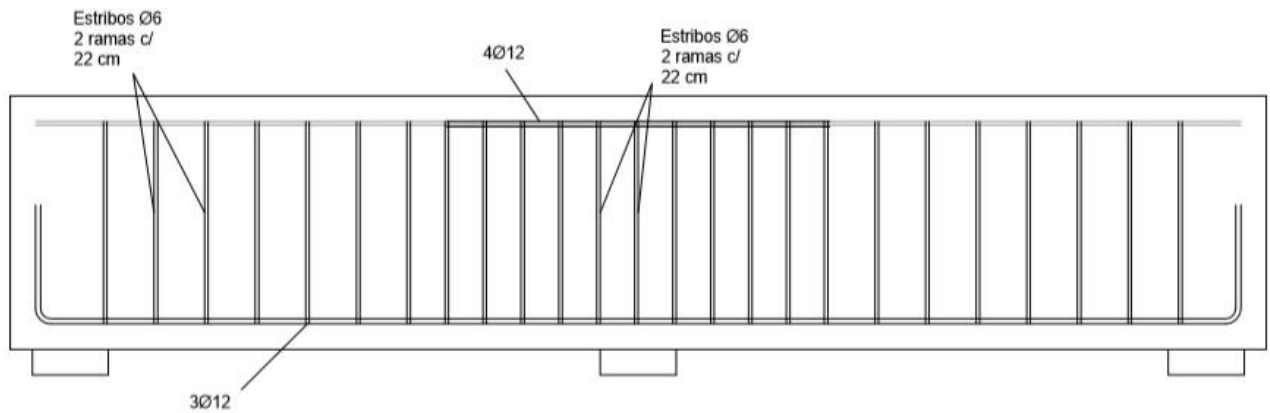
$$s_{\text{máx}} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,456 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,228 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{A_v}{s} = \frac{V_s * 10^4}{f_y * d} = \frac{0,00821 \text{ MN} * 10^4}{420 \text{ MPa} * 0,456 \text{ m}} = 0,428 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

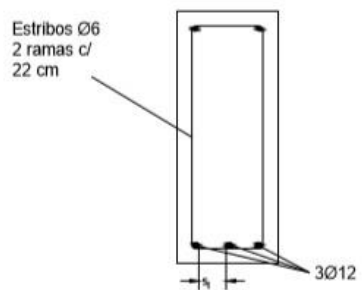
$$s = \frac{A_v}{0,428 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = \frac{2 * 0,28 \text{ cm}^2}{0,428 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 1,31 \text{ m} ; \text{ Adopta } s_{\text{máx}}$$

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 22 cm.

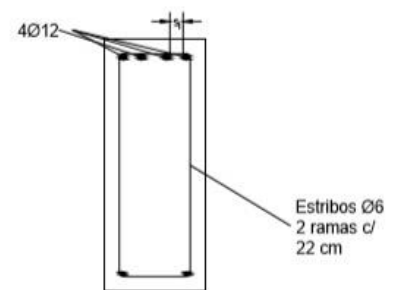
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Vigas V113-V114 IDEM V115-V116 || V121-V122 || V123-V124

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{338 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,28 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 30 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,30 \text{ m} = 1,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D_{114} = R_{L13D} + p_p = (3,21 + 1,5) \text{ kN/m} =$$

$$D_{114} = 4,71 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D_{113} = R_{L11D} + p_p = (2,53 + 1,5) \text{ kN/m} =$$

$$D_{113} = 4,03 \text{ kN/m}$$

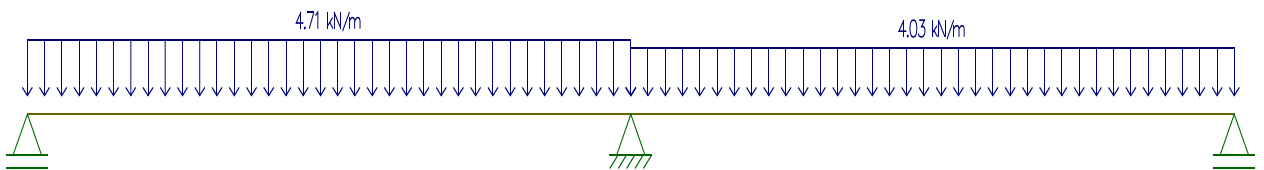
$$L_{114} = R_{L13L} = (1,23) \text{ kN/m} = 1,23 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L_{113} = R_{L11L} = (0,98) \text{ kN/m} = 0,98 \text{ kN/m}$$

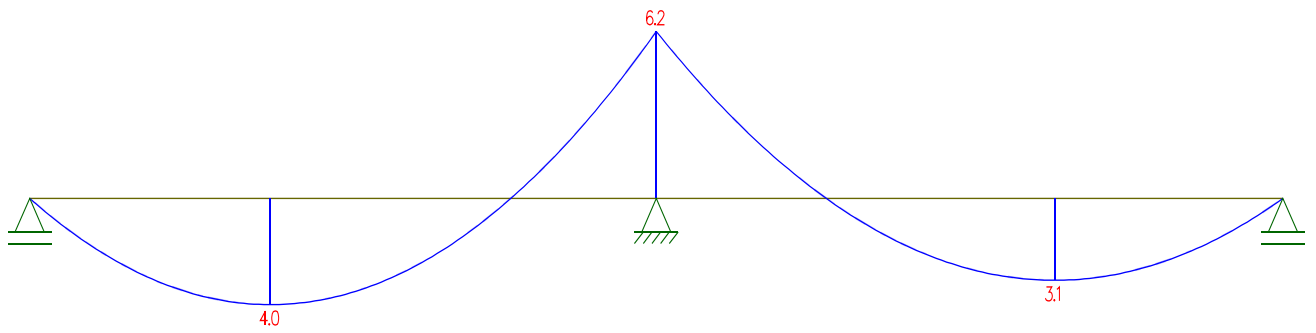
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

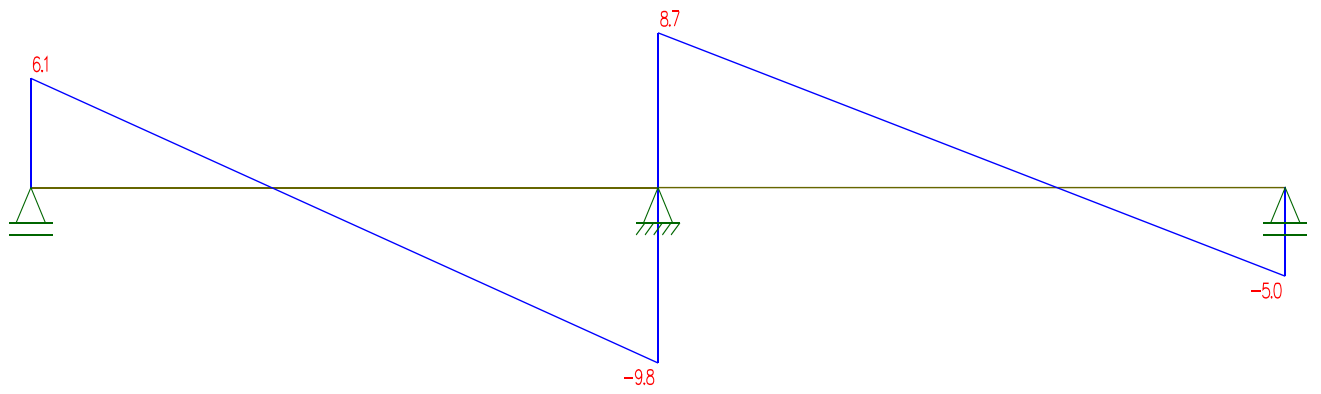
DCL



Mf

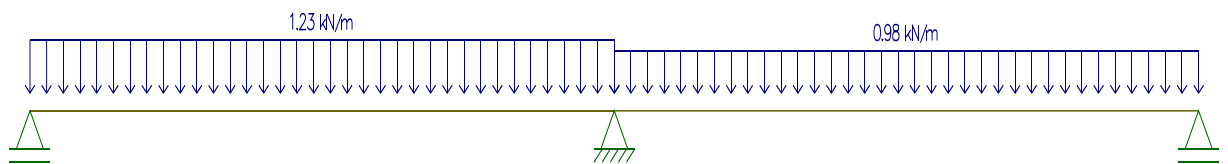


Q

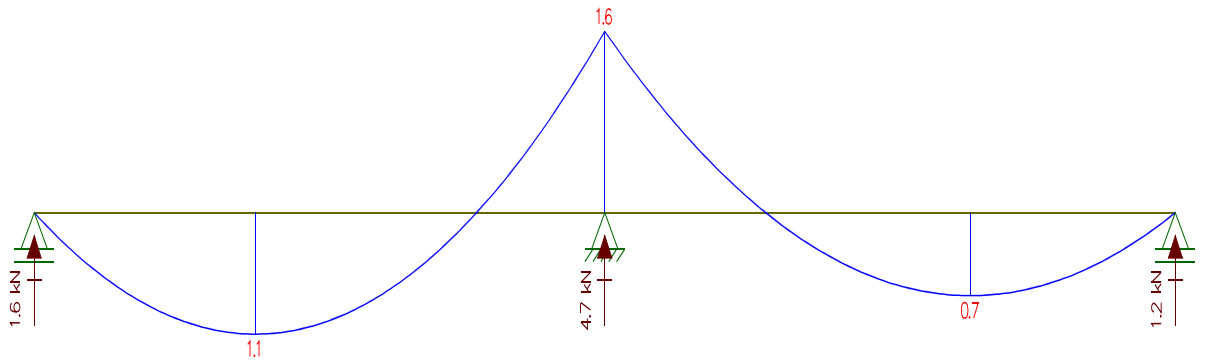


Sobrecarga

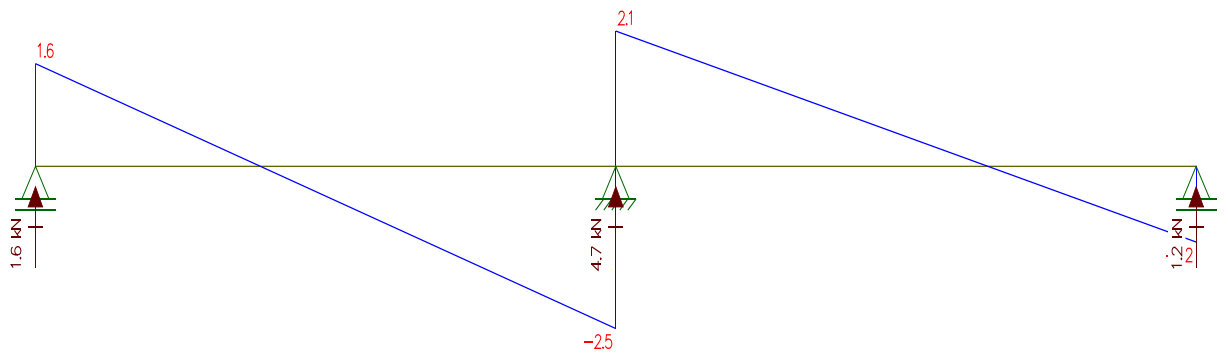
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 4 + 1,6 * 1,1) kNm = 6,56 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{6,56 kNm}{0,9} = 7,29 kNm = 0,00729 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 30 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 25,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,256 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,00729 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 1,34$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,301 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,301 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{MN} * \frac{0,00729 \text{ MNm}}{0,256 \text{ m}} = 0,69 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,\min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 25,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 1,7 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 2Ø12 abajo. ($A_s = 2,26 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^o_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^o_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 2 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{1} = 114,8 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,\min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 6,2 + 1,6 * 1,6) \text{ kNm} = 10 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{10 \text{ kNm}}{0,9} = 11,11 \text{ kNm} = 0,01111 \text{ MNm}$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 30 \text{ cm} - 3 \text{ cm} - 0,8 \text{ cm} - 0,6 \text{ cm} = 25,6 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,256 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,01111 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m}}}} = 1,08$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{MN} * \frac{0,01111 \text{ MNm}}{0,256 \text{ m}} = 1,07 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,\min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 25,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 1,7 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 2Ø12 arriba ($A_s = 2,26 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n_{db}^o * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n_{espacios}^o}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 2 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{1} = 114,8 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,\min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 6,1 + 1,6 * 1,6) \text{ kN} = 9,88 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{9,88 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 13,17 \text{ kN} = 0,01317 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,256 \text{ m} = 0,0426 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c > V_n; \text{ Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05: } A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16f_y} = 0,18 \text{ cm}^2$$

$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,256\text{ m}}{2} = 0,128\text{ m}$; Adopto s_{max} , Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 12 cm.

Apoyo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 9,8 + 1,6 * 2,5)kN = 15,76\text{ kN}$$

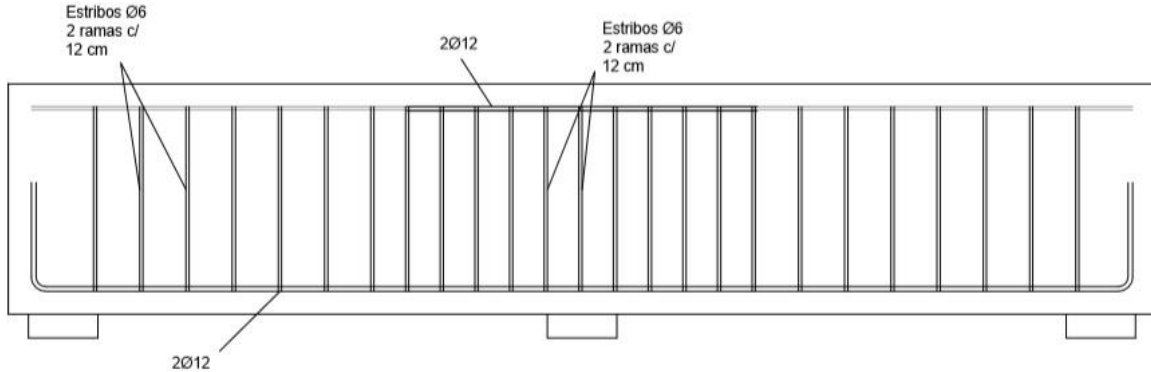
$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{15,76\text{ kN}}{0,75} = 21,01\text{ kN} = 0,02101\text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25\text{ MPa}} * 0,2\text{ m} * 0,256\text{ m} = 0,0426\text{ MN}$$

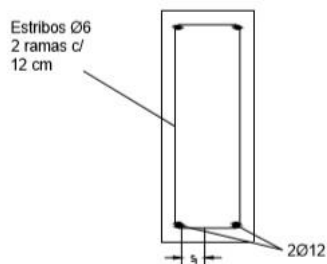
$$V_c > V_n; \text{ Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05: } A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f'_c} * b_w * s}{16 f_y} = 0,18\text{ cm}^2$$

$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,256\text{ m}}{2} = 0,128\text{ m}$; Adopto s_{max} , Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 12 cm.

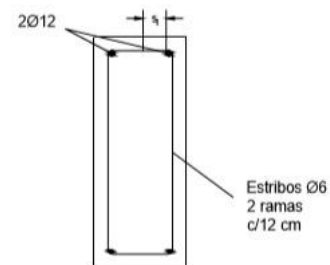
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Vigas V117-V118 IDEM V119-V120

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{338 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,28 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 30 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,30 \text{ m} = 1,5 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D_{117} = R_{L11D} + R_{L12D} + p_p = (4,39 + 4,39 + 1,5) \text{ kN/m} =$$

$$D_{117} = 10,28 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$D_{118} = R_{L13D} + R_{L14D} + p_p = (5,58 + 5,58 + 1,5) \text{ kN/m} =$$

$$D_{118} = 12,66 \text{ kN/m}$$

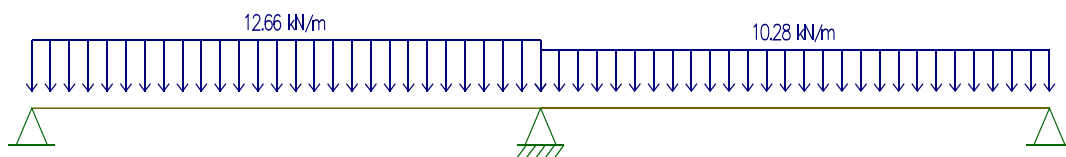
$$L_{117} = R_{L11L} + R_{L12L} = (1,71 + 1,71) \text{ kN/m} = 3,42 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L_{118} = R_{L13L} + R_{L14L} = (2,14 + 2,14) \text{ kN/m} = 4,28 \text{ kN/m}$$

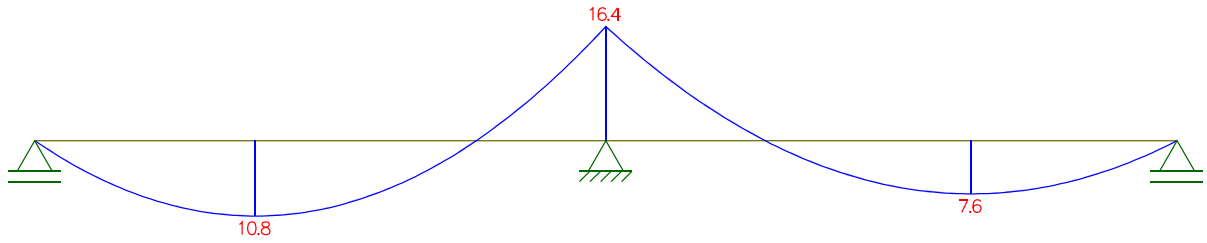
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

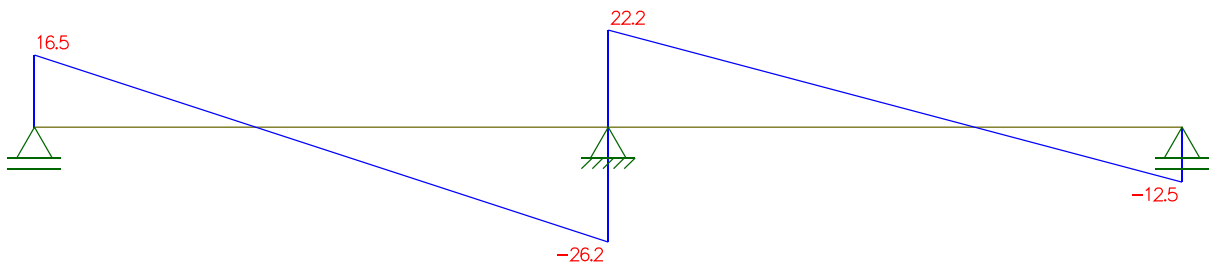
DCL



Mf

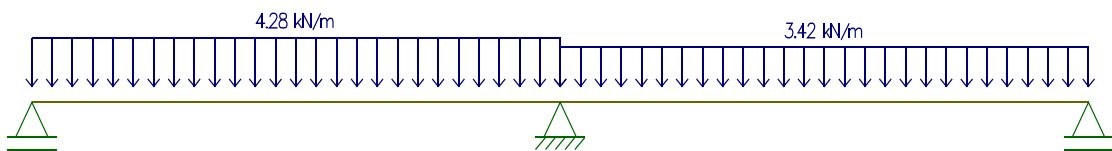


Q

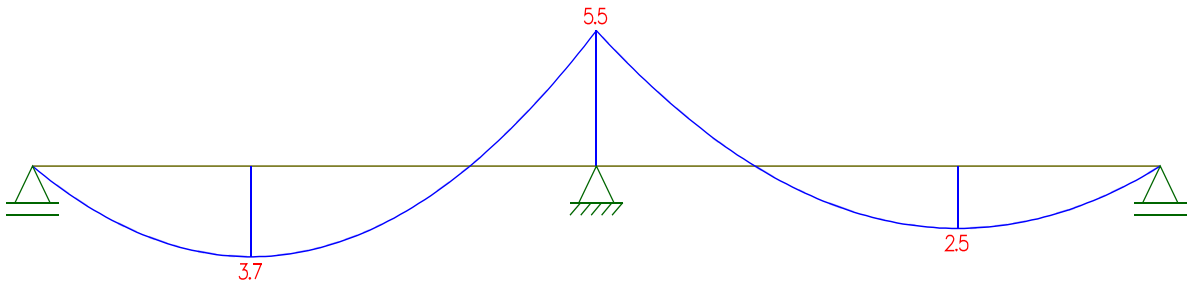


Sobrecarga

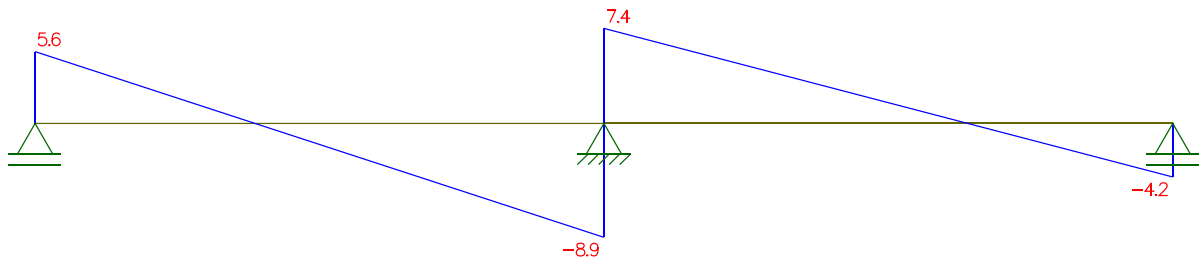
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 10,8 + 1,6 * 3,7)kNm = 18,88 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{18,88 kNm}{0,9} = 20,97kNm = 0,02097 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 30 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 25,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,256 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,02097 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m}}}} = 0,79$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 25,207 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 25,207 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,02097 \text{ MNm}}{0,256 \text{ m}} = 2,06 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 25,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 1,70 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 2Ø12 abajo. ($A_s = 2,26 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^{\circ} d_b * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^{\circ} \text{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 2 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{1} = 104 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

Apoyo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 16,4 + 1,6 * 5,5) kNm = 28,48 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{28,48 kNm}{0,9} = 31,64 kNm = 0,03164 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 30 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 25,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,256 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,03164 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 0,64$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 25,625 cm^2 / MN$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 25,625 cm^2 / MN * \frac{0,03164 MNm}{0,256 m} = 3,16 cm^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 cm * 25,6 cm}{420 MPa} = 1,7 cm^2$$

Adopto 3Ø12 arriba ($A_s = 3,39 cm^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^o_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^o_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 12 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{2} = 46 mm$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 12 mm \\ \geq 25 mm \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 mm = 305 mm \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 mm \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 16,5 + 1,6 * 5,6)kN = 28,76 kN$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{28,76 kN}{0,75} = 38,34 kN = 0,03834 MN$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 MPa} * 0,2 m * 0,256 m = 0,0426 MN$$

$$V_c > V_n; \text{ Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05: } A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16 f_y} = 0,18 cm^2$$

$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,256 m}{2} = 0,128 m ; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}, \text{ Adopto estribos } \varnothing 6 \text{ de 2 ramas}$$

c/ 12 cm.

Apoyo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 26,2 + 1,6 * 8,9)kN = 45,68 kN$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{45,68 kN}{0,75} = 60,9 kN = 0,0609 MN$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 MPa} * 0,2 m * 0,256 m = 0,0426 MN$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_c = 0,0609 MN - 0,0426 MN = 0,0183 MN$$

Adoptando estribos $\varnothing 6$ de 2 ramas.

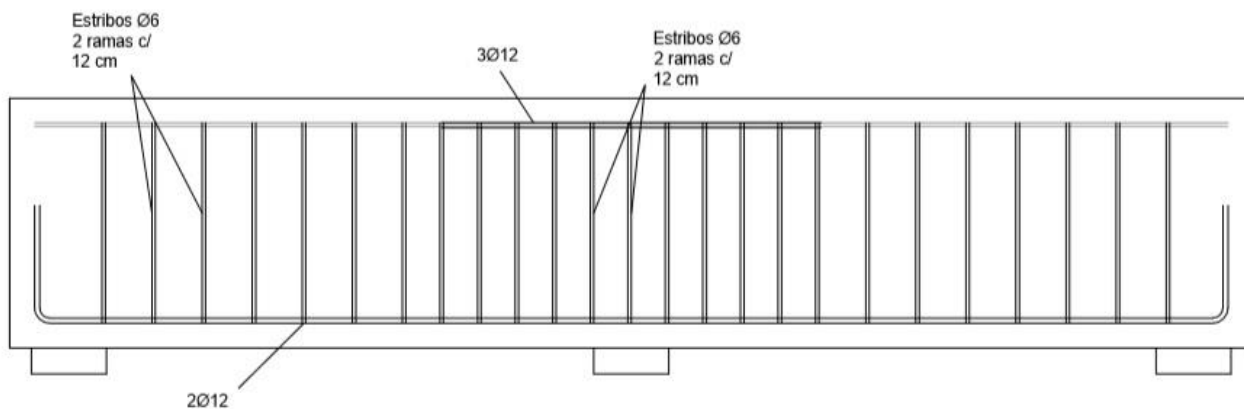
$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,256 m}{2} = 0,128 m$$

$$\frac{A_v}{s} = \frac{V_s * 10^4}{f_y * d} = \frac{0,0183 MN * 10^4}{420 MPa * 0,256 m} = 1,7 cm^2/m$$

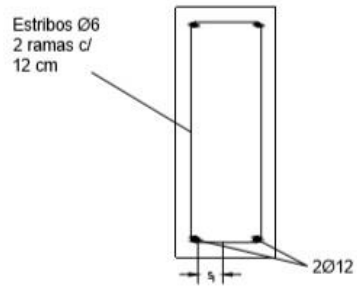
$$s = \frac{A_v}{1,7 cm^2/m} = \frac{2 * 0,28 cm^2}{1,7 cm^2/m} = 0,33 m ; \text{ Adopto } s_{max}$$

Adopto estribos $\varnothing 6$ de 2 ramas c/ 12 cm.

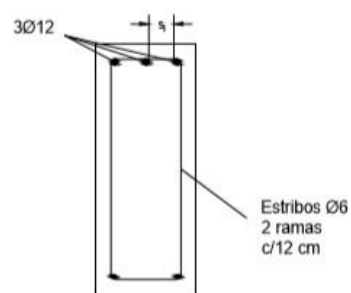
➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Apoyo



Viga V231

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{215 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,18 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 25 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,25 \text{ m} = 1,25 \text{ kN/m}$$

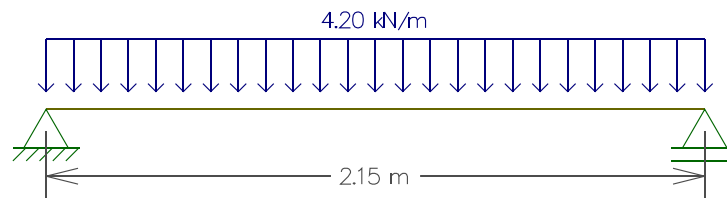
$$D = R_{L214D} = 4,2 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L = R_{L214L} = 0,89 \text{ kN/m}$$

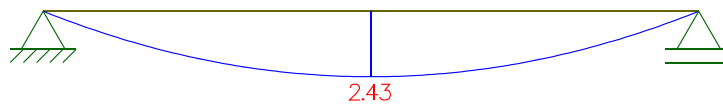
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

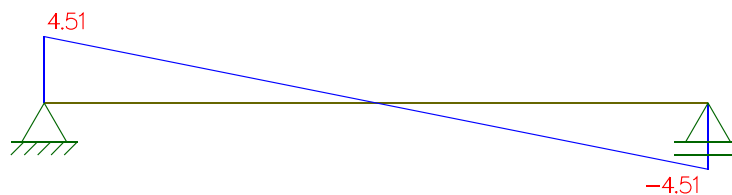
DCL



Mf

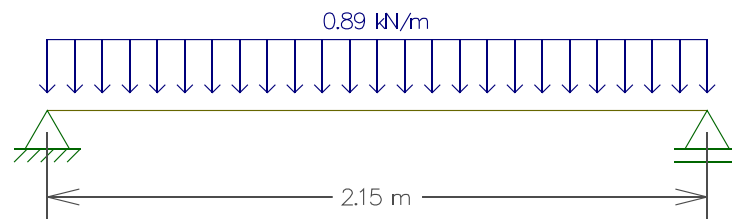


Q

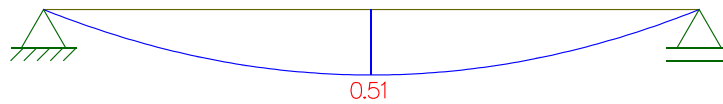


Sobrecarga

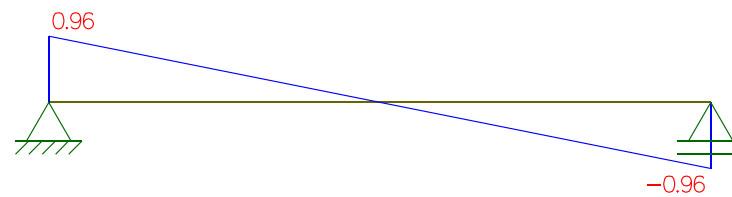
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 2,43 + 1,6 * 0,51) kNm = 3,73 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{3,73 kNm}{0,9} = 4,14 kNm = 0,00414 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 25 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 20,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,206 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,00414 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 1,43$$

$$\text{De tabla de Flexión 3: } k_e = 24,301 cm^2 / MN$$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,301 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{MN} * \frac{0,00414 \text{ MNm}}{0,206 \text{ m}} = 0,49 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,\min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 20,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 1,37 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 2Ø10 abajo ($A_s = 1,56 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n_{db} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n_{\text{espacios}}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 2 * 10 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{1} = 108 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,\min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 10 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 4,51 + 1,6 * 0,96) \text{ kN} = 6,95 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{6,95 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 9,27 \text{ kN} = 0,00927 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,206 \text{ m} = 0,0343 \text{ MN}$$

$V_c > V_n$; Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05:

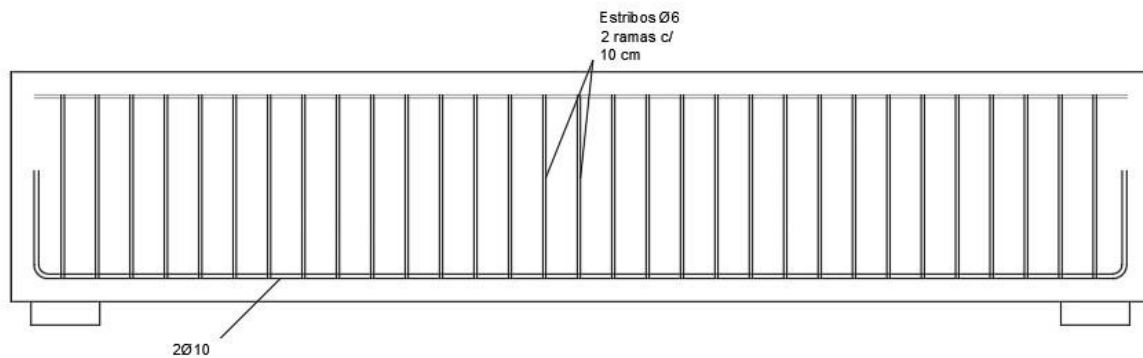
$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,206\text{ m}}{2} = 0,103\text{ m}$$

$$A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16f_y} = \frac{\sqrt{25MPa} * 20cm * 10cm}{16 * 420MPa} = 0,15cm^2$$

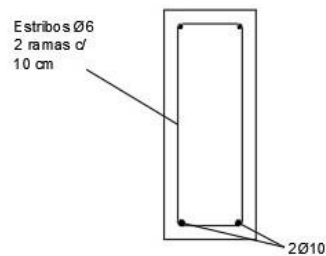
Adopto $s_{m\acute{a}x}$, Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas (A= 0,56 cm²)

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 10 cm.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Viga V232

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{215 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,18 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 25 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,25 \text{ m} = 1,25 \text{ kN/m}$$

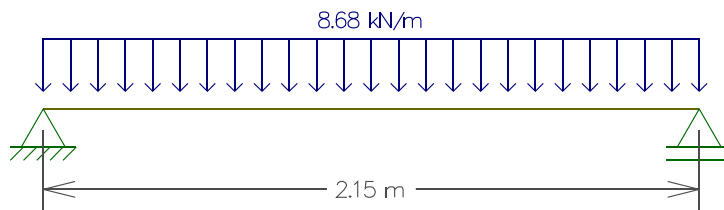
$$D = R_{L214D} + R_{L215D} = (4,2 + 4,48) \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}} = 8,68 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L = R_{L214L} + R_{L215L} = (0,89 + 0,95) \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}} = 1,84 \text{ kN/m}$$

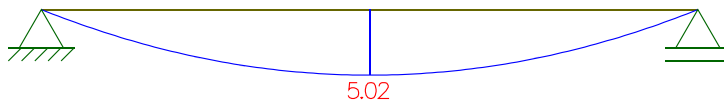
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

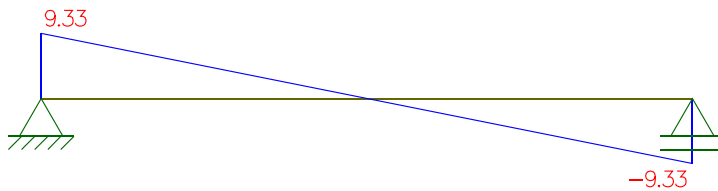
DCL



Mf

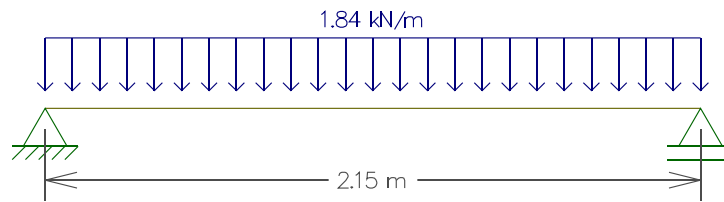


Q

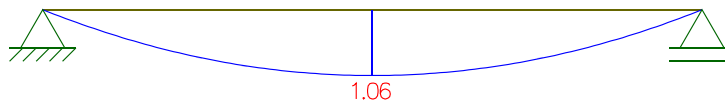


Sobrecarga

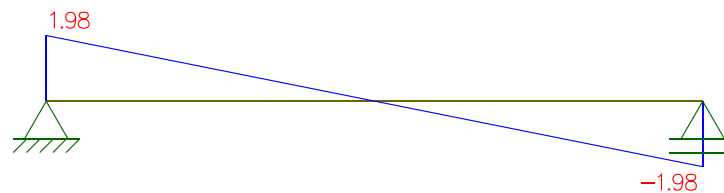
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 5,02 + 1,6 * 1,06) \text{ kNm} = 7,72 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{7,72 \text{ kNm}}{0,9} = 8,58 \text{ kNm} = 0,00858 \text{ MNm}$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 25 \text{ cm} - 3 \text{ cm} - 0,8 \text{ cm} - 0,6 \text{ cm} = 20,6 \text{ cm}$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,206 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{\frac{0,00858 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m}}}} = 0,99$$

De tabla de Flexión 3: $k_e = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN}$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,766 \text{ cm}^2/\text{MN} * \frac{0,00858 \text{ MNm}}{0,206 \text{ m}} = 1,03 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 20,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 1,37 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 2Ø10 abajo ($A_s = 1,56 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^{\circ} d_b * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^{\circ} espacios}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 10 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{1} = 108 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 10 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 9,33 + 1,6 * 1,98) \text{ kN} = 14,36 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{14,36 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 19,15 \text{ kN} = 0,01915 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,206 \text{ m} = 0,0343 \text{ MN}$$

$V_c > V_n$; Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05:

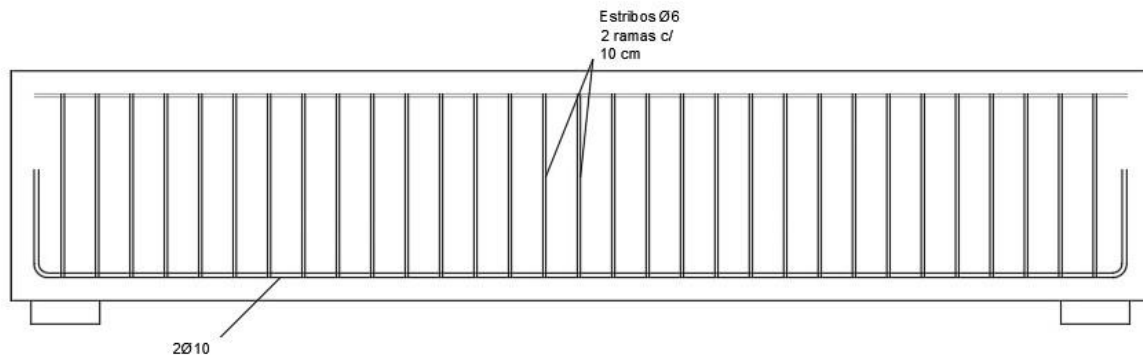
$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,206 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,103 \text{ m}$$

$$A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16 f_y} = \frac{\sqrt{25 MPa} * 20 cm * 10 cm}{16 * 420 MPa} = 0,15 cm^2$$

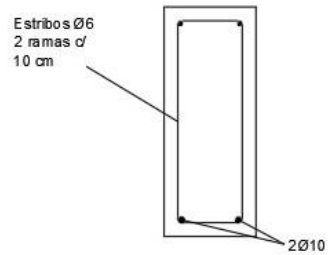
Adopto s_{max} , Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas (A= 0,56 cm²)

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 10 cm.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Viga V233

➤ Predimensionado

$$h = \frac{l}{12} = \frac{215 \text{ cm}}{12} = 0,18 \text{ m}$$

Adopto $h = 25 \text{ cm}$

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b * h = 25 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} * 0,20 \text{ m} * 0,25 \text{ m} = 1,25 \text{ kN/m}$$

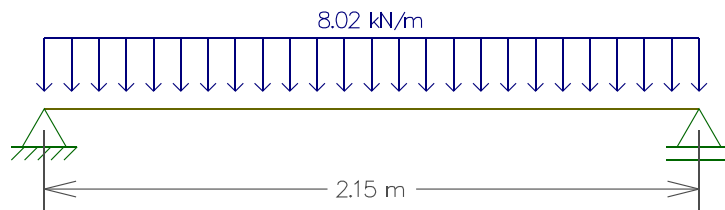
$$D = R_{L215D} + R_{L216D} = (4,48 + 3,54) \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}} = 8,02 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$L = R_{L215L} + R_{L216L} = (0,95 + 3,75) \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}} = 4,7 \text{ kN/m}$$

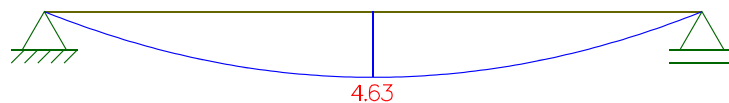
➤ Solicitaciones

Carga Permanente

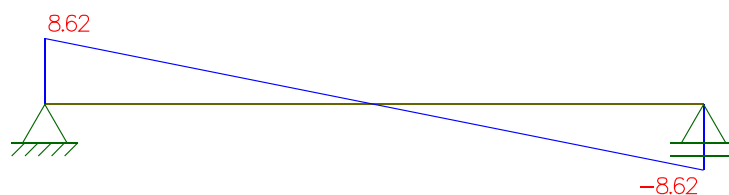
DCL



Mf

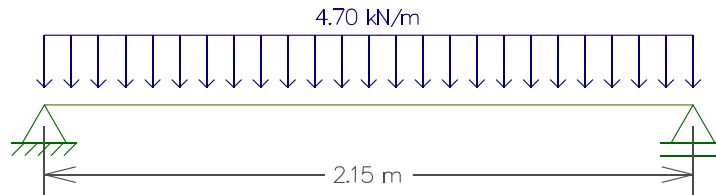


Q

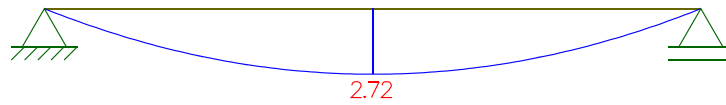


Sobrecarga

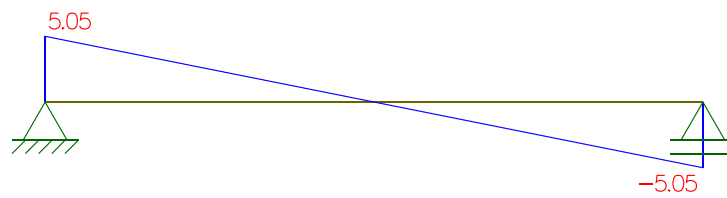
DCL



Mf



Q



➤ Dimensionamiento a Flexión

Tramo

$$M_u = 1,2 * M_D + 1,6 * M_L = (1,2 * 4,63 + 1,6 * 2,72) kNm = 9,91 kNm$$

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\varphi} = \frac{9,91 kNm}{0,9} = 11,01 kNm = 0,01101 MNm$$

$$d = h - c_c - \frac{1}{2} d_b - d_{est} = 25 cm - 3 cm - 0,8 cm - 0,6 cm = 20,6 cm$$

$$k_d = \frac{d}{\sqrt{\frac{M_n}{b}}} = \frac{0,206 m}{\sqrt{\frac{0,01101 MNm}{0,20 m}}} = 0,88$$

$$\text{De tabla de Flexión 3: } k_e = 24,766 cm^2 / MN$$

$$A_s = K_e * \frac{M_n}{d} = 24,766 cm^2 / MN * \frac{0,01101 MNm}{0,206 m} = 1,32 cm^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = \frac{1,4 * b_w * d}{f_y} = \frac{1,4 * 20 \text{ cm} * 20,6 \text{ cm}}{420 \text{ MPa}} = 1,37 \text{ cm}^2$$

Adopto 2Ø10 abajo ($A_s = 1,56 \text{ cm}^2$)

Verificación de la separación mínima de la armadura

$$s_l = \frac{b - n^{\circ}_{d_b} * d_b - 2c_c - 2d_{est}}{n^{\circ}_{espacios}}$$

$$s_l = \frac{(200 - 3 * 10 - 2 * 30 - 2 * 6)}{1} = 108 \text{ mm}$$

S/ CIRSOC 201-7.6.1

$$s_{l,min} \begin{cases} \geq d_b = 10 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 25 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 1,33 T.M.N \end{cases}$$

Verifica

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.6.4

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 380 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) - 2,5c_c = 380 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) - 2,5 * 30 \text{ mm} = 305 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 300 \left(\frac{280}{f_s} \right) = 300 \left(\frac{280}{280} \right) = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Verifica

➤ Dimensionamiento al Corte

Tramo

$$V_u = 1,2 * V_D + 1,6 * V_L = (1,2 * 8,02 + 1,6 * 5,05) \text{ kN} = 17,7 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi} = \frac{17,7 \text{ kN}}{0,75} = 23,6 \text{ kN} = 0,0236 \text{ MN}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f_c} * b_w * d = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{25 \text{ MPa}} * 0,2 \text{ m} * 0,206 \text{ m} = 0,0343 \text{ MN}$$

$V_c > V_n$; Del Reglamento CIROSC 201-05:

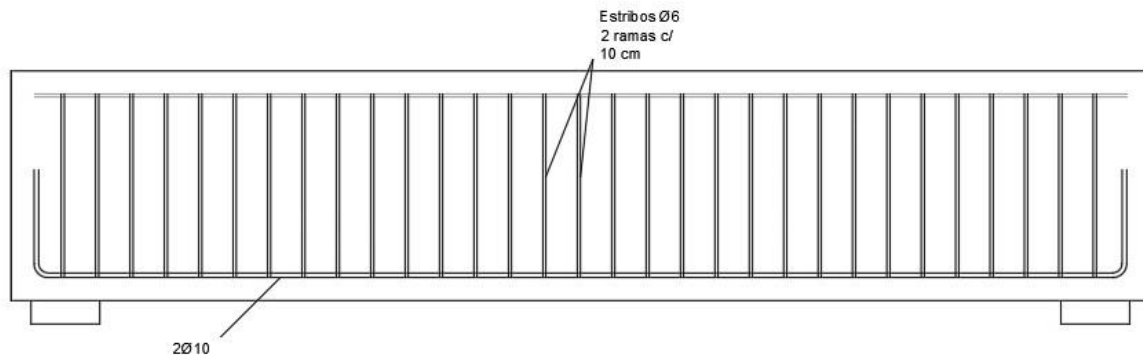
$$s_{m\acute{a}x} = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{0,206 \text{ m}}{2} = 0,103 \text{ m}$$

$$A_{vmin} = \frac{\sqrt{f_c} * b_w * s}{16 f_y} = \frac{\sqrt{25 MPa} * 20 cm * 10 cm}{16 * 420 MPa} = 0,15 cm^2$$

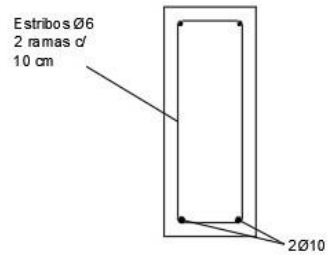
Adopto s_{max} , Adoptando estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas (A= 0,56 cm²)

Adopto estribos Ø6 de 2 ramas c/ 10 cm.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Tramo



Longitudes de anclaje de las vigas (ld)

Datos: $f_y = 420$ MPa; $f'_c = 25$ MPa; $\psi_e = 1$ (armadura sin revestir); $\lambda = 1$ (Hormigon de densidad normal); $\psi_t = 1$; $\psi_s = 0,8$ ($db \leq 16$ mm); adopto $(\frac{cb+kt_r}{db}) = 2,5$

S/ CIRSOC 201-12.2: ANCLAJE DE LAS BARRAS SOLICITADAS A TRACCION

Para apoyos intermedios:

$$ld = \frac{9 * f_y * \psi_t * \psi_e * \psi_s * \lambda}{10 * \sqrt{f'_c * (\frac{cb+kt_r}{db})}} * db = \frac{9 * 420 * 1 * 1 * 0,8 * 1}{10 * \sqrt{25 * 2,5}} * db = 24,19 * db$$

Para las vigas V013-V014 || V017-V018 || V113-V114 || V117-V118 || V15-V16 con $db = 12$ mm:

$$ld = 24,19 * db = 290,3 \text{ mm} = 29 \text{ cm}$$

Para las vigas V01-V02/V03-V04/V05-V06/V11-V12/V13-V14 con $db = 16$ mm:

$$ld = 24,19 * db = 387,04 \text{ mm} = 38,7 \text{ cm}$$

Verificación:

$ld \geq 300$ mm ; Para las barras con $db = 12$ mm no verifica, entonces, se adopta 30 cm de longitud de anclaje para estas barras.

S/ CIRSOC 201-12.5: ANCLAJE DE LAS BARRAS TRACCIONADAS CON GANCHOS NORMALES

Para apoyos extremos:

$$ld = \frac{0,24 * f_y * \psi_e * \lambda}{\sqrt{f'_c}} * db = \frac{0,24 * 420 * 1 * 1}{\sqrt{25}} * db = 20,16 * db$$

Para las vigas V01-V02 || V05-V06 || V013-V014 || V017-V018 || V11-V12 || V13-V14 || V113-V114 || V117-V118 || V15-V16 || V026 || V027 || V025 con $db = 12$ mm:

$$ld = 20,16 * db = 241,92 \text{ mm} = 24,19 \text{ cm}$$

Para las vigas V03-V04 con $d_b = 16 \text{ mm}$:

$$l_d = 20,16 * d_b = 322,56 \text{ mm} = 32,25 \text{ cm}$$

Verificación:

$$l_d \begin{cases} \geq 8 * d_b = 8 * 12 \text{ mm} = 96 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 150 \text{ mm} \end{cases} \quad \underline{\text{Verifica}}$$

$$l_d \begin{cases} \geq 8 * d_b = 8 * 16 \text{ mm} = 128 \text{ mm} \\ \geq 150 \text{ mm} \end{cases} \quad \underline{\text{Verifica}}$$

DECALAJE (v)

Para estribos: $\alpha = 90^\circ \rightarrow v = 0,75 * z ; z = k_z * d$

Vigas V01-V02

Tramo

$$k_z = 0,929; z = k_z * d = 0,929 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,423 \text{ m} ; v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,423 \text{ m} = 0,32 \text{ m}$$

Apoyo

$$k_z = 0,89; z = k_z * d = 0,89 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,405 \text{ m} ; v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,405 \text{ m} = 0,3 \text{ m}$$

Vigas V03-V04 IDEM PARA V017-V018

Tramo

$$k_z = 0,945; z = k_z * d = 0,945 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,43 \text{ m} ; v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,43 \text{ m} = 0,32 \text{ m}$$

Apoyo

$$k_z = 0,902; z = k_z * d = 0,902 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,41 \text{ m} ; v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,41 \text{ m} = 0,31 \text{ m}$$

Vigas V05-V06

Tramo

$$k_z = 0,961; z = k_z * d = 0,961 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,438 \text{ m} ; v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,438 \text{ m} = 0,33 \text{ m}$$

Apoyo

$$k_z = 0,929; z = k_z * d = 0,929 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,423 \text{ m} ; v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,423 \text{ m} = 0,32 \text{ m}$$

Vigas V013-V014

Tramo

$$k_z = 0,961; z = k_z * d = 0,961 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,438 \text{ m} ; v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,438 \text{ m} = 0,33 \text{ m}$$

Apoyo

$$k_z = 0,945; z = k_z * d = 0,945 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,43 \text{ m} ; v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,43 \text{ m} = 0,32 \text{ m}$$

Vigas V11-V12 IDEM PARA V13-V14

Tramo

$$k_z = 0,945; z = k_z * d = 0,945 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,43 \text{ m} ; v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,43 \text{ m} = 0,32 \text{ m}$$

Apoyo

$$k_z = 0,915; z = k_z * d = 0,915 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,41 \text{ m} ; v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,41 \text{ m} = 0,31 \text{ m}$$

Vigas V113-V114

Tramo

$$k_z = 0,98; \quad z = k_z * d = 0,98 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,44\text{m} \quad ; \quad v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,44\text{m} = 0,33\text{m}$$

Apoyo

$$k_z = 0,961; \quad z = k_z * d = 0,961 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,438\text{m} \quad ; \quad v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,438\text{m} = 0,33\text{m}$$

Vigas V117-V118

Tramo

$$k_z = 0,945; \quad z = k_z * d = 0,945 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,43\text{m} \quad ; \quad v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,43\text{m} = 0,32\text{m}$$

Apoyo

$$k_z = 0,929; \quad z = k_z * d = 0,929 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,423\text{m} \quad ; \quad v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,423\text{m} = 0,32\text{m}$$

Vigas V15-V16

Tramo

$$k_z = 0,98; \quad z = k_z * d = 0,98 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,44\text{m} \quad ; \quad v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,44\text{m} = 0,33\text{m}$$

Apoyo

$$k_z = 0,945; \quad z = k_z * d = 0,945 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,43\text{m} \quad ; \quad v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,43\text{m} = 0,32\text{m}$$

Viga V026 IDEM PARA V029

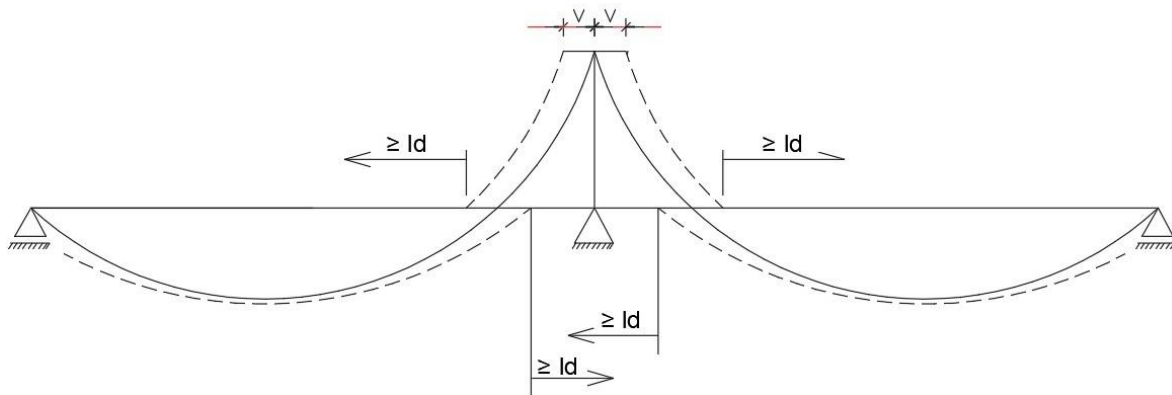
$$k_z = 0,98; \quad z = k_z * d = 0,98 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,44\text{m} \quad ; \quad v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,44\text{m} = 0,33\text{m}$$

Viga V027

$k_z = 0,945$; $z = k_z * d = 0,945 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,43 \text{ m}$; $v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,43 \text{ m} = 0,32 \text{ m}$

Viga V025

$k_z = 0,961$; $z = k_z * d = 0,961 * 0,456 \text{ m} = 0,438 \text{ m}$; $v = 0,75 * z = 0,75 * 0,438 \text{ m} = 0,33 \text{ m}$



Columnas

Columna C11 IDEM C13 || C116 || C118:

Longitud de columna: 3 m

Recubrimiento: 0,03 m

Dimensiones: 0,20 m x 0,20 m

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b^2 * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * (0,20 \text{ m})^2 * 3 \text{ m} = 3 \text{ kN}$$

$$D = R_{V11D} + R_{V113D} + p_p = (32,2 + 5 + 3) \text{ kN} = 40,5 \text{ kN}$$

$$L = R_{V11L} + R_{V113L} = (18,4 + 1,2) \text{ kN} = 19,6 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_u = 1,2 * P_D + 1,6 * P_L = (1,2 * 40,5 + 1,6 * 19,6) \text{ kN} = 79,96 \text{ kN}$$

En eje x:

Columna Superior

$$C_s = 0$$

$$C_i = \frac{L_v * I_{ci}}{L_{ci} * I_v} = \frac{5,4 \text{ m} * (20 \text{ cm})^4}{3 \text{ m} * 20 \text{ cm} * (50 \text{ cm})^3} = 0,12$$

$$q_u = 1,2 * q_{V11D} + 1,6 * q_{V11L} = (1,2 * 15,91 + 1,6 * 9,08) \text{ kN/m} =$$

$$q_u = 33,62 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$M_e = \frac{q * l^2}{12} = \frac{33,62 * 5,40^2}{12} = 81,70 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_3 = M_e * \frac{c_s + c_i}{1 + c_s + c_i} = 81,70 * \frac{0,12}{1,12} = 4,18 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_i = 0$$

$$M_s = M_3 * \frac{c_i}{c_s + c_i} = 4,18 \text{ kNm} * \frac{0,33}{0,33} = 8,75 \text{ kNm}$$

Columna Inferior

$$C_i = \frac{L_v * I_{ci}}{L_{ci} * I_v} = \frac{5,4m * (30cm)^4}{3,5m * 20cm * (50cm)^3} = 0,5$$

$$C_s = \frac{L_v * I_{cs}}{L_{cs} * I_v} = \frac{5,4m * (20cm)^4}{3m * 20cm * (50cm)^3} = 0,12$$

$$q_u = 1,2 * q_{V01D} + 1,6 * q_{V01L} = (1,2 * 22,22 + 1,6 * 9,08)kN/m =$$

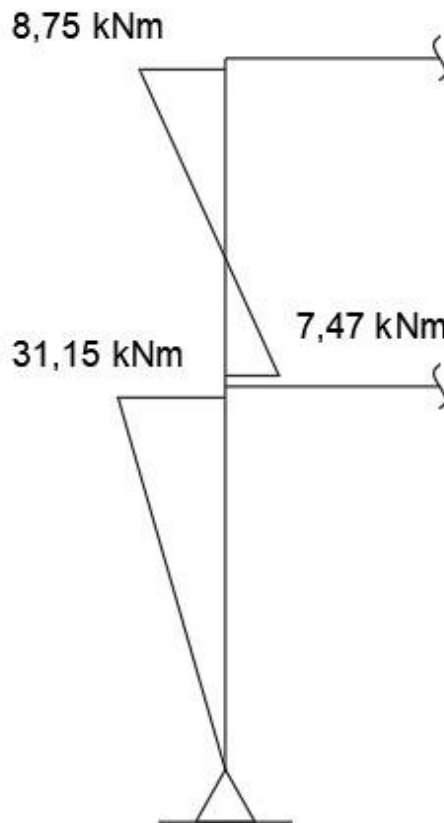
$$q_u = 41,19 kN/m$$

$$M_e = \frac{q * l^2}{12} = \frac{41,19 * 5,4^2}{12} = 100,09 kNm$$

$$M_3 = M_e * \frac{c_s + c_i}{1 + c_s + c_i} = 100,09 * \frac{0,12 + 0,5}{1 + 0,12 + 0,5} = 38,62 kNm$$

$$M_i = M_3 * \frac{c_s}{c_s + c_i} = 38,62 kNm * \frac{0,12}{0,12 + 0,5} = 7,47 kNm$$

$$M_s = M_3 * \frac{c_i}{c_s + c_i} = 38,62 kNm * \frac{0,5}{0,12 + 0,5} = 31,15 kNm$$



En eje y:

Columna Superior

$$C_s = 0$$

$$C_i = \frac{L_v * I_{ci}}{L_{ci} * I_v} = \frac{3,37m * (20cm)^4}{3 * 20cm * (30cm)^3} = 0,33$$

$$q_u = 1,2 * q_{V113D} + 1,6 * q_{V113L} = (1,2 * 4,03 + 1,6 * 0,98)kN/m =$$

$$q_u = 6,4 kN/m$$

$$M_e = \frac{q * l^2}{12} = \frac{17,81 * 3,37^2}{12} = 6,06 kNm$$

$$M_3 = M_e * \frac{c_s + c_i}{1 + c_s + c_i} = 6,06 * \frac{0,33}{1,33} = 1,5 kNM$$

$$M_i = 0$$

$$M_s = M_3 * \frac{c_i}{c_s + c_i} = 1,5kNm * \frac{0,33}{0,33} = 1,5 kNm$$

Columna Inferior

$$C_i = \frac{L_v * I_{ci}}{L_{ci} * I_v} = \frac{3,37m * (30cm)^4}{3,5 * 20cm * (30cm)^3} = 1,44$$

$$C_s = \frac{L_v * I_{cs}}{L_{cs} * I_v} = \frac{3,37m * (20cm)^4}{3 * 20cm * (30cm)^3} = 0,33$$

$$q_u = 1,2 * q_{V013D} + 1,6 * q_{V013L} = (1,2 * 10,33 + 1,6 * 0,98)kN/m =$$

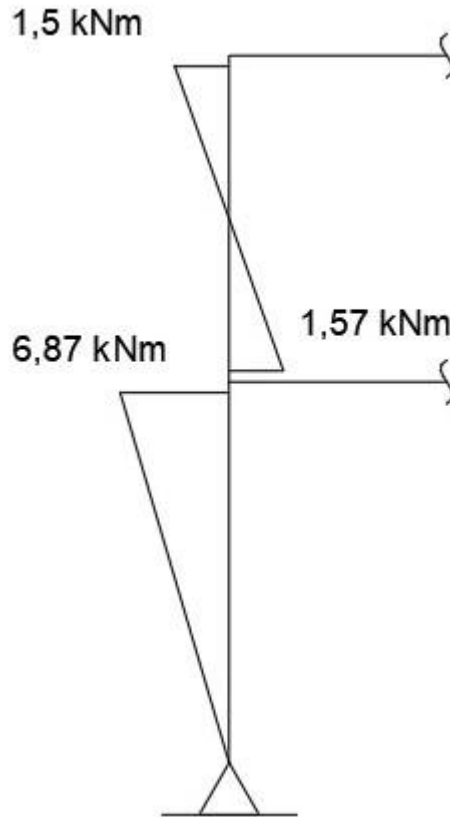
$$q_u = 13,96 kN/m$$

$$M_e = \frac{q * l^2}{12} = \frac{13,96 * 3,37^2}{12} = 13,21 kNm$$

$$M_3 = M_e * \frac{c_s + c_i}{1 + c_s + c_i} = 13,21 * \frac{0,33 + 1,44}{1 + 0,33 + 1,44} = 8,44 kNM$$

$$M_i = M_3 * \frac{c_s}{c_s + c_i} = 8,44 kNm * \frac{0,33}{0,33 + 1,44} = 1,57 kNm$$

$$M_s = M_3 * \frac{c_i}{c_s + c_i} = 8,44 kNm * \frac{1,44}{0,33 + 1,44} = 6,87 kNm$$



➤ Determinación del Grado de Esbeltez

$$\psi_A = \frac{\frac{0,7 * 20^4}{12 * 300}}{\frac{0,35 * 20 * 30^3}{12 * 337} + \frac{0,35 * 20 * 50^3}{12 * 540}} = 0,17$$

$$\psi_B = \frac{\frac{0,7 * 20^4}{12 * 300} + \frac{0,7 * 30^4}{12 * 350}}{\frac{0,35 * 20 * 30^3}{12 * 337} + \frac{0,35 * 20 * 50^3}{12 * 540}} = 0,91$$

S/ Nomograma $k = 0,74$

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.12.2:

$$\lambda = \frac{k * l_u}{r} \leq \lambda_{lim} = 34 - 12 * \frac{M_1}{M_2}$$

$$M_1 = 1,5 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_2 = 1,57 \text{ kNm}$$

$$r_x = r_y = \frac{b}{\sqrt{12}} = \frac{20 \text{ cm}}{\sqrt{12}} = 5,77 \text{ cm}$$

Para eje x:

$$l_u = 3m - 0,5 m = 2,5 m = 250 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,74 * 250}{5,77} = 32,06 \leq 40 \quad \therefore \quad \text{Columna Corta}$$

Para eje y:

$$l_u = 3m - 0,3 m = 2,7 m = 270 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,74 * 270}{5,77} = 34,63 \leq 40 \quad \therefore \quad \text{Columna Corta}$$

➤ Determinación de la Armadura Longitudinal

$$n = \frac{P_u}{b * h} = \frac{0,07996 \text{ MN}}{0,20 \text{ m} * 0,20 \text{ m}} = 2 \text{ MPa}$$

$$m = \frac{M_u}{b * h^2} = \frac{0,00157 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m} * (0,20 \text{ m})^2} = 0,2 \text{ MPa}$$

S/ Diagrama II.8: $\rho = 0,01$

$$A_s = 0,01 A_g = 0,01 * (20 \text{ cm})^2 = 4 \text{ cm}^2$$

Se adopta armadura mínima: 4 Ø12 ($A_s = 4,52 \text{ cm}^2$)

➤ Determinación de Estribos

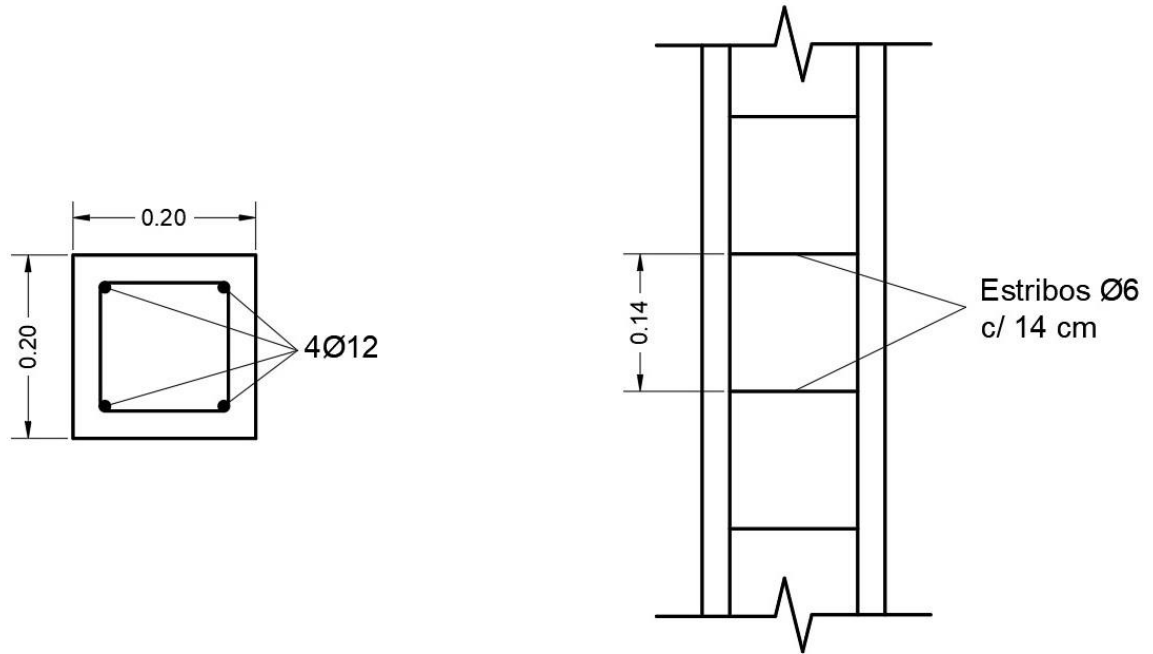
S/ CIRSOC 201-7.10.5.1:

$$\text{Para } d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \quad \rightarrow \quad d_{be} = 6 \text{ mm}$$

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 12d_b = 144 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 48d_{be} = 288 \text{ mm} \\ \leq b = 200 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Se adoptan estribos Ø6 c/ 14 cm.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Columna C01 IDEM C03 || C016 || C018:

Longitud de columna: 3,5 m

Recubrimiento: 0,03 m

Dimensiones: 0,30 m x 0,30 m

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b^2 * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * (0,30 \text{ m})^2 * 3,5 \text{ m} = 7,88 \text{ kN}$$

$$D = R_{C11D} + R_{V01D} + R_{V013} + p_p = (40,5 + 45 + 12,9 + 7,88) \text{ kN} =$$

$$D = 106,28 \text{ kN}$$

$$L = R_{C11L} + R_{V01L} + R_{V013L} = (19,6 + 18,4 + 1,2) \text{ kN} = 39,2 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_u = 1,2 * P_D + 1,6 * P_L = (1,2 * 106,28 + 1,6 * 39,2) \text{ kN} = 190,26 \text{ kN}$$

➤ Determinación del Grado de Esbeltez

$$\psi_A = \frac{\frac{0,7 * 20^4}{12 * 300} + \frac{0,7 * 30^4}{12 * 350}}{\frac{0,35 * 20 * 30^3}{12 * 337} + \frac{0,35 * 20 * 50^3}{12 * 540}} = 0,91$$

$$\psi_B = \infty$$

S/ Nomograma k= 0,97

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.12.2:

$$\lambda = \frac{k * l_u}{r} \leq \lambda_{lim} = 34 - 12 * \frac{M_1}{M_2}$$

$$M_1 = 0$$

$$M_2 = 31,15$$

$$r_x = r_y = \frac{b}{\sqrt{12}} = \frac{30 \text{ cm}}{\sqrt{12}} = 8,66 \text{ cm}$$

Para eje x:

$$l_u = 3,5m - \frac{0,5 \text{ m}}{2} = 3,25 \text{ m} = 325 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,97 * 325}{8,66} = 36,4 > 34 \quad \therefore \quad \text{Columna Esbelta}$$

Para eje y:

$$l_u = 3,5m - \frac{0,3 \text{ m}}{2} = 3,35 \text{ m} = 335 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,97 * 335}{8,66} = 37,52 > 34 \quad \therefore \quad \text{Columna Esbelta}$$

$$\lambda = 37,52 < 100$$

Es posible utilizar el método de los Momentos Amplificados

➤ Momento Amplificado

$$\beta_d = \frac{1,2P_D}{1,2P_D + 1,6P_L} = \frac{1,2 * 106,28 \text{ kN}}{190,26 \text{ kN}} = 0,67$$

$$EI = \frac{0,4E_c I_g}{1 + \beta_d} = \frac{0,4 * 23500 \text{ MPa} * 6,75 * 10^{-4} \text{ m}^4}{1 + 0,67} = 3,8 \text{ MNm}^2$$

$$P_c = \frac{\pi^2 EI}{(k * l_u)^2} = \frac{\pi^2 * 3,8 \text{ MNm}^2}{(0,97 * 3,35 \text{ m})^2} = 3,55 \text{ MN}$$

$$C_m = 0,6 + 0,4 * \frac{M_1}{M_2} = 0,6$$

$$\delta_{ns} = \frac{C_m}{1 - \frac{P_u}{0,75 P_c}} = \frac{0,6}{1 - \frac{0,19026 \text{ MN}}{0,75 * 3,55 \text{ MN}}} = 0,65$$

$$\delta_{ns} = 1$$

$$M_{2,min} = P_u(0,015 + 0,03h) = 190,26 * (0,015 + 0,03 * 0,30) = 4,57 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_c = \delta_{ns} * M_2 = 1 * 31,15 \text{ kNm} = 31,15 \text{ kNm}$$

➤ Determinación de la Armadura Longitudinal

$$n = \frac{P_u}{b * h} = \frac{0,19026 \text{ MN}}{0,30 \text{ m} * 0,30 \text{ m}} = 2,11 \text{ MPa}$$

$$m = \frac{M_u}{b * h^2} = \frac{0,03115 \text{ MNm}}{0,30 \text{ m} * (0,30 \text{ m})^2} = 1,15$$

S/ Diagrama II.8: $\rho = 0,01$

$$A_s = 0,01 A_g = 0,01 * (30 \text{ cm})^2 = 9 \text{ cm}^2$$

Se adopta armadura: 8 Ø12 ($A_s = 9,05 \text{ cm}^2$)

➤ Determinación de Estribos

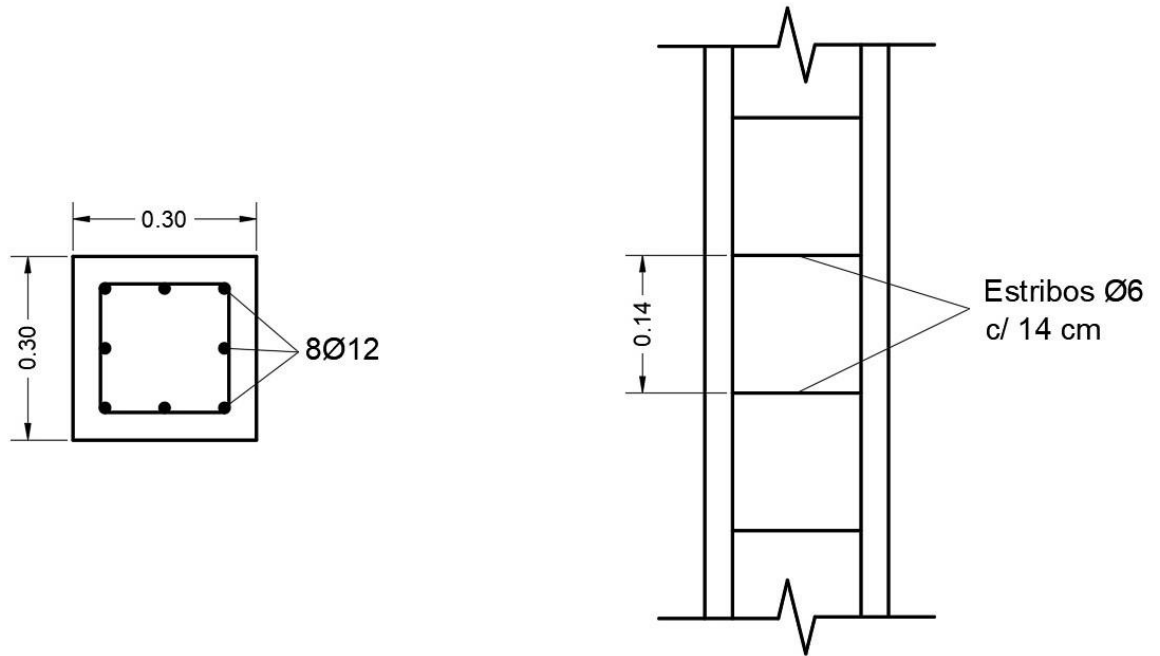
S/ CIRSOC 201-7.10.5.1:

$$\text{Para } d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \quad \rightarrow \quad d_{be} = 6 \text{ mm}$$

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 12d_b = 144 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 48d_{be} = 288 \text{ mm} \\ \leq b = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Se adoptan estribos Ø6 c/ 14 cm.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Columna C12 IDEM C117:

Longitud de columna: 3 m

Recubrimiento: 0,03 m

Dimensiones: 0,20 m x 0,20 m

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b^2 * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * (0,20 \text{ m})^2 * 3 \text{ m} = 3 \text{ kN}$$

$$D = R_{V11-V12D} + R_{V117D} + p_p = (107,4 + 12,5 + 3) \text{ kN} = 122,9 \text{ kN}$$

$$L = R_{V11-V12L} + R_{V117L} = (61,2 + 4,2) \text{ kN} = 65,4 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_u = 1,2 * P_D + 1,6 * P_L = (1,2 * 122,9 + 1,6 * 65,4) \text{ kN} = 252,12 \text{ kN}$$

En eje y:

Columna Superior

$$C_s = 0$$

$$C_i = \frac{L_v * I_{ci}}{L_{ci} * I_v} = \frac{3,37m * (20cm)^4}{3 * 20cm * (30cm)^3} = 0,33$$

$$q_u = 1,2 * q_{V117D} + 1,6 * q_{V117L} = (1,2 * 10,28 + 1,6 * 3,42)kN/m =$$

$$q_u = 17,81 kN/m$$

$$M_e = \frac{q * l^2}{12} = \frac{17,81 * 3,37^2}{12} = 16,85 kNm$$

$$M_3 = M_e * \frac{c_s + c_i}{1 + c_s + c_i} = 16,85 * \frac{0,33}{1,33} = 4,18 kNM$$

$$M_i = 0$$

$$M_s = M_3 * \frac{c_i}{c_s + c_i} = 4,18kNm * \frac{0,33}{0,33} = 4,18 kNm$$

Columna Inferior

$$C_i = \frac{L_v * I_{ci}}{L_{ci} * I_v} = \frac{3,37m * (30cm)^4}{3,5 * 20cm * (30cm)^3} = 1,44$$

$$C_s = \frac{L_v * I_{cs}}{L_{cs} * I_v} = \frac{3,37m * (20cm)^4}{3 * 20cm * (30cm)^3} = 0,33$$

$$q_u = 1,2 * q_{V017D} + 1,6 * q_{V017L} = (1,2 * 16,58 + 1,6 * 3,42)kN/m =$$

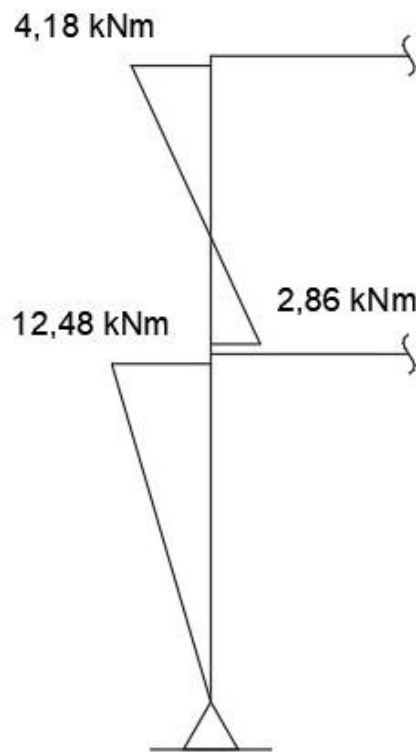
$$q_u = 25,37 kN/m$$

$$M_e = \frac{q * l^2}{12} = \frac{25,37 * 3,37^2}{12} = 24,01 kNm$$

$$M_3 = M_e * \frac{c_s + c_i}{1 + c_s + c_i} = 24,01 * \frac{0,33 + 1,44}{1 + 0,33 + 1,44} = 15,34 kNM$$

$$M_i = M_3 * \frac{c_s}{c_s + c_i} = 15,34 kNm * \frac{0,33}{0,33 + 1,44} = 2,86 kNm$$

$$M_s = M_3 * \frac{c_i}{c_s + c_i} = 15,34 kNm * \frac{1,44}{0,33 + 1,44} = 12,48 kNm$$



➤ Determinación del Grado de Esbeltez

$$\psi_A = \frac{\frac{0,7 * 20^4}{12 * 300}}{\frac{0,35 * 20 * 30^3}{12 * 337} + \frac{2 * 0,35 * 20 * 50^3}{12 * 540}} = 0,01$$

$$\psi_B = \frac{\frac{0,7 * 20^4}{12 * 300} + \frac{0,7 * 30^4}{12 * 350}}{\frac{0,35 * 20 * 30^3}{12 * 337} + \frac{2 * 0,35 * 20 * 50^3}{12 * 540}} = 0,52$$

S/ Nomograma $k = 0,59$

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.12.2:

$$\lambda = \frac{k * l_u}{r} \leq \lambda_{lim} = 34 - 12 * \frac{M_1}{M_2}$$

$$M_1 = 2,86$$

$$M_2 = 4,18 \text{ kNm}$$

$$r_x = r_y = \frac{b}{\sqrt{12}} = \frac{20 \text{ cm}}{\sqrt{12}} = 5,77 \text{ cm}$$

Para eje x:

$$l_u = 3 \text{ m} - 0,5 \text{ m} = 2,5 \text{ m} = 250 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,59 * 250}{5,77} = 25,56 \leq 40 \quad \therefore \quad \text{Columna Corta}$$

Para eje y:

$$l_u = 3 \text{ m} - 0,3 \text{ m} = 2,7 \text{ m} = 270 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,59 * 270}{5,77} = 27,61 \leq 40 \quad \therefore \quad \text{Columna Corta}$$

➤ Determinación de la Armadura Longitudinal

$$n = \frac{P_u}{b * h} = \frac{0,25212 \text{ MN}}{0,20 \text{ m} * 0,20 \text{ m}} = 6,3 \text{ MPa}$$

$$m = \frac{M_u}{b * h^2} = \frac{0,00418 \text{ MNm}}{0,20 \text{ m} * (0,20 \text{ m})^2} = 0,52 \text{ MPa}$$

S/ Diagrama II.8: $\rho = 0,01$

$$A_s = 0,01 A_g = 0,01 * (20 \text{ cm})^2 = 4 \text{ cm}^2$$

Se adopta armadura mínima: 4 Ø12 ($A_s = 4,52 \text{ cm}^2$)

➤ Determinación de Estribos

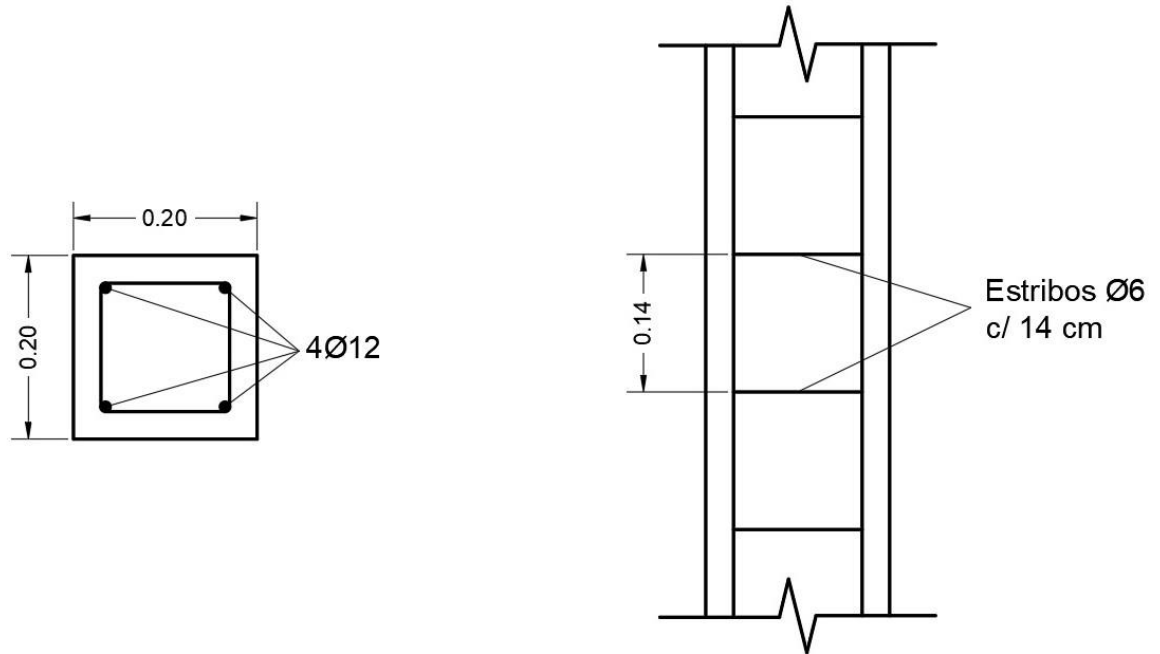
S/ CIRSOC 201-7.10.5.1:

$$\text{Para } d_b = 12 \text{ mm} \quad \rightarrow \quad d_{be} = 6 \text{ mm}$$

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 12d_b = 144 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 48d_{be} = 288 \text{ mm} \\ \leq b = 200 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Se adoptan estribos Ø6 c/ 14 cm.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Columna C02 IDEM C017:

Longitud de columna: 3,5 m

Recubrimiento: 0,03 m

Dimensiones: 0,30 m x 0,30 m

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b^2 * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * (0,30 \text{ m})^2 * 3,5 \text{ m} = 7,88 \text{ kN}$$

$$D = R_{C12D} + R_{V01-V02D} + R_{V017} + p_p = (122,9 + 150 + 20,5 + 7,88) \text{ kN} =$$

$$D = 301,28 \text{ kN}$$

$$L = R_{C12L} + R_{V01-V02L} + R_{V017L} = (65,4 + 61,2 + 4,2) \text{ kN} = 130,8 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_u = 1,2 * P_D + 1,6 * P_L = (1,2 * 301,28 + 1,6 * 130,8) \text{ kN} = 570,82 \text{ kN}$$

➤ Determinación del Grado de Esbeltez

$$\psi_A = \frac{\frac{0,7 * 20^4}{12 * 300} + \frac{0,7 * 30^4}{12 * 350}}{\frac{0,35 * 20 * 30^3}{12 * 337} + \frac{2 * 0,35 * 20 * 50^3}{12 * 540}} = 0,52$$

$$\psi_B = \infty$$

S/ Nomograma k= 0,82

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.12.2:

$$\lambda = \frac{k * l_u}{r} \leq \lambda_{lim} = 34 - 12 * \frac{M_1}{M_2}$$

$$M_1 = 0$$

$$M_2 = 12,48$$

$$r_x = r_y = \frac{b}{\sqrt{12}} = \frac{30 \text{ cm}}{\sqrt{12}} = 8,66 \text{ cm}$$

Para eje x:

$$l_u = 3,5m - \frac{0,5 \text{ m}}{2} = 3,25 \text{ m} = 325 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,82 * 325}{8,66} = 30,77 < 34 \quad \therefore \quad \text{Columna Corta}$$

Para eje y:

$$l_u = 3,5m - \frac{0,3 \text{ m}}{2} = 3,35 \text{ m} = 335 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,82 * 335}{8,66} = 31,72 < 34 \quad \therefore \quad \text{Columna Corta}$$

➤ Determinación de la Armadura Longitudinal

$$n = \frac{P_u}{b * h} = \frac{0,57082 \text{ MN}}{0,30 \text{ m} * 0,30 \text{ m}} = 6,34 \text{ MPa}$$

$$m = \frac{M_u}{b * h^2} = \frac{0,01248 \text{ MNm}}{0,30 \text{ m} * (0,30 \text{ m})^2} = 0,46$$

S/ Diagrama II.8: $\rho = 0,01$

$$A_s = 0,01 A_g = 0,01 * (30 \text{ cm})^2 = 9 \text{ cm}^2$$

Se adopta armadura: 8 Ø12 ($A_s = 9,05 \text{ cm}^2$)

➤ Determinación de Estribos

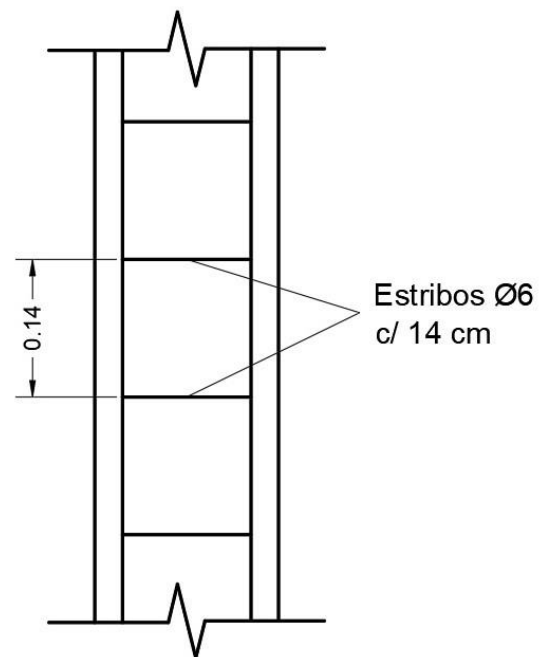
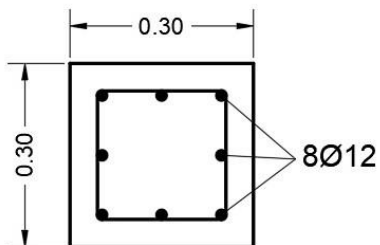
S/ CIRSOC 201-7.10.5.1:

Para $d_b = 12 \text{ mm}$ → $d_{be} = 6 \text{ mm}$

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 12d_b = 144 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 48d_{be} = 288 \text{ mm} \\ \leq b = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Se adoptan estribos Ø6 c/ 14 cm.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Columna C15 IDEM C114:

Longitud de columna: 3 m

Recubrimiento: 0,03 m

Dimensiones: 0,20 m x 0,20 m

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b^2 * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * (0,20 \text{ m})^2 * 3 \text{ m} = 3 \text{ kN}$$

$$D = R_{V13-V14D} + R_{V117-V118D} + p_p = (113,4 + 48,4 + 3) \text{ kN} = 164,8 \text{ kN}$$

$$L = R_{V13-V14L} + R_{V117-V118L} = (37,26 + 16,3) \text{ kN} = 53,56 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_u = 1,2 * P_D + 1,6 * P_L = (1,2 * 164,8 + 1,6 * 53,56) \text{ kN} = 283,46 \text{ kN}$$

➤ Determinación del Grado de Esbeltez

$$\psi_A = \frac{\frac{0,7 * 20^4}{12 * 300}}{\frac{2 * 0,35 * 20 * 30^3}{12 * 337} + \frac{2 * 0,35 * 20 * 50^3}{12 * 540}} = 0,0856$$

$$\psi_B = \frac{\frac{0,7 * 20^4}{12 * 300} + \frac{0,7 * 30^4}{12 * 350}}{\frac{2 * 0,35 * 20 * 30^3}{12 * 337} + \frac{2 * 0,35 * 20 * 50^3}{12 * 540}} = 0,46$$

S/ Nomograma k= 0,6

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.12.2:

$$\lambda = \frac{k * l_u}{r} \leq \lambda_{lim} = 34 - 12 * \frac{M_1}{M_2}$$

$$M_1 = M_2 = 0$$

$$r_x = r_y = \frac{b}{\sqrt{12}} = \frac{20 \text{ cm}}{\sqrt{12}} = 5,77 \text{ cm}$$

Para eje x:

$$l_u = 3m - 0,5 m = 2,5 m = 250 cm$$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,6 * 250}{5,77} = 26 \leq 34 \quad \therefore \quad \text{Columna Corta}$$

Para eje y:

$$l_u = 3m - 0,3 m = 2,7 m = 270 cm$$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,6 * 270}{5,77} = 28,08 \leq 34 \quad \therefore \quad \text{Columna Corta}$$

➤ Determinación de la Armadura Longitudinal

$$n = \frac{P_u}{b * h} = \frac{0,28346 MN}{0,20 m * 0,20 m} = 7,09 MPa$$

$$m = 0$$

S/ Diagrama II.8: $\rho = 0,01$

$$A_s = 0,01 A_g = 0,01 * (20cm)^2 = 4 cm^2$$

Se adopta armadura mínima: 4 Ø12 ($A_s = 4,52 cm^2$)

➤ Determinación de Estribos

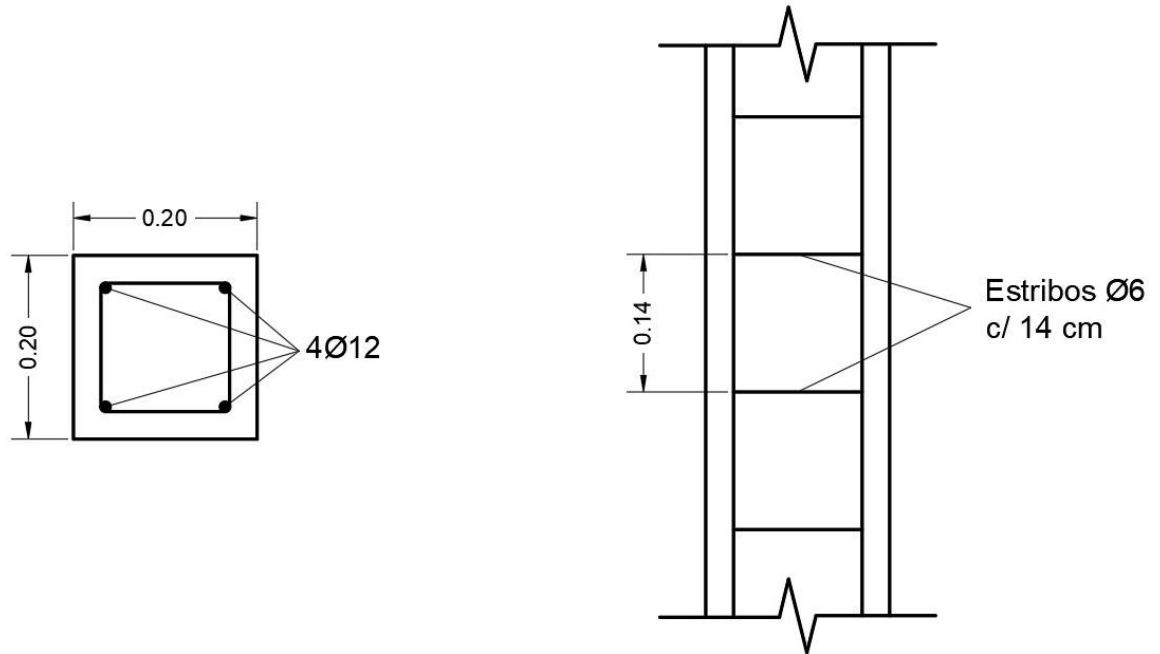
S/ CIRSOC 201-7.10.5.1:

$$\text{Para } d_b = 12 mm \quad \rightarrow \quad d_{be} = 6 mm$$

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 12d_b = 144 mm \\ \leq 48d_{be} = 288 mm \\ \leq b = 200 mm \end{cases}$$

Se adoptan estribos Ø6 c/ 14 cm.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Columna C05 IDEM C014:

Longitud de columna: 3,5 m

Recubrimiento: 0,03 m

Dimensiones: 0,30 m x 0,30 m

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b^2 * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * (0,30 \text{ m})^2 * 3,5 \text{ m} = 7,88 \text{ kN}$$

$$D = R_{C15D} + R_{V03-V04D} + R_{V017-V018D} + p_p =$$

$$D = (164,8 + 155,84 + 75,1 + 7,88) \text{ kN} =$$

$$D = 403,62 \text{ kN}$$

$$L = R_{C15L} + R_{V13-V14L} + R_{V117-V118L} = (53,56 + 37,26 + 16,3) \text{ kN} = 107,12 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_u = 1,2 * P_D + 1,6 * P_L = (1,2 * 403,62 + 1,6 * 107,12) \text{ kN} = 655,74 \text{ kN}$$

➤ Determinación del Grado de Esbeltez

$$\Psi_A = \frac{\frac{0,7 * 20^4}{12 * 300} + \frac{0,7 * 30^4}{12 * 350}}{\frac{2 * 0,35 * 20 * 30^3}{12 * 337} + \frac{2 * 0,35 * 20 * 50^3}{12 * 540}} = 0,46$$

$$\Psi_B = \infty$$

S/ Nomograma k= 0,81

S/ CIRSOC 201-10.12.2:

$$\lambda = \frac{k * l_u}{r} \leq \lambda_{lim} = 34 - 12 * \frac{M_1}{M_2}$$

$$M_1 = M_2 = 0$$

$$r_x = r_y = \frac{b}{\sqrt{12}} = \frac{30 \text{ cm}}{\sqrt{12}} = 8,66 \text{ cm}$$

Para eje x:

$$l_u = 3,5m - \frac{0,5 \text{ m}}{2} = 3,25 \text{ m} = 325 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,81 * 325}{8,66} = 30,40 < 34 \quad \therefore \quad \text{Columna Corta}$$

Para eje y:

$$l_u = 3,5m - \frac{0,3 \text{ m}}{2} = 3,35 \text{ m} = 335 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,81 * 335}{8,66} = 31,33 < 34 \quad \therefore \quad \text{Columna Corta}$$

➤ Determinación de la Armadura Longitudinal

$$n = \frac{P_u}{b * h} = \frac{0,65574 \text{ MN}}{0,30 \text{ m} * 0,30 \text{ m}} = 7,3 \text{ MPa}$$

$$m = \frac{M_u}{b * h^2} = 0$$

S/ Diagrama II.8: $\rho = 0,01$

$$A_s = 0,01 A_g = 0,01 * (30 \text{ cm})^2 = 9 \text{ cm}^2$$

Se adopta armadura mínima: 8Ø12 ($A_s = 9,05 \text{ cm}^2$)

➤ Determinación de Estribos

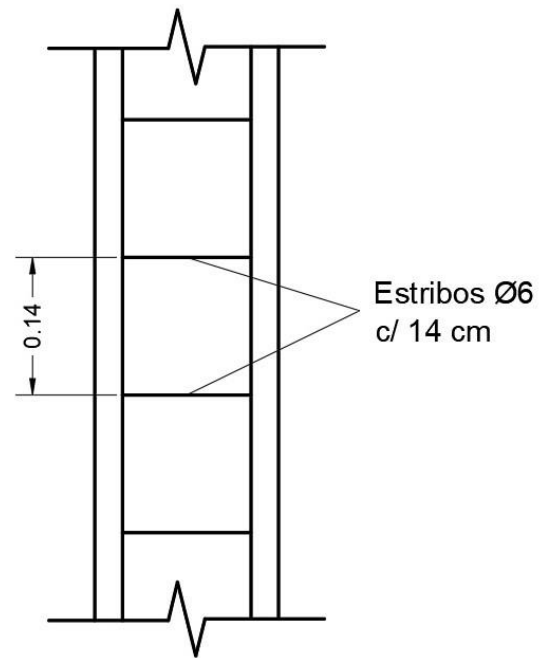
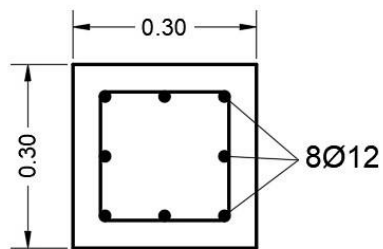
S/ CIRSOC 201-7.10.5.1:

Para $d_b = 12 \text{ mm}$ → $d_{be} = 6 \text{ mm}$

$$s \begin{cases} \leq 12d_b = 144 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 48d_{be} = 288 \text{ mm} \\ \leq b = 300 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

Se adoptan estribos Ø6 c/ 14 cm.

➤ Detalle de Armado



Columna C14 IDEM C16 || C113 || C115:

Longitud de columna: 3 m

Recubrimiento: 0,03 m

Dimensiones: 0,20 m x 0,20 m

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b^2 * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * (0,20 \text{ m})^2 * 3 \text{ m} = 3 \text{ kN}$$

$$D = R_{V13D} + R_{V113-V114D} + p_p = (34 + 18,5 + 3) \text{ kN} = 55,5 \text{ kN}$$

$$L = R_{V13L} + R_{V113-V114L} = (4,7 + 11,2) \text{ kN} = 15,9 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_u = 1,2 * P_D + 1,6 * P_L = (1,2 * 55,5 + 1,6 * 15,9) \text{ kN} = 92,04 \text{ kN}$$

Columna C04 IDEM C06 || C013 || C015:

Longitud de columna: 3,5 m

Recubrimiento: 0,03 m

Dimensiones: 0,30 m x 0,30 m

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b^2 * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * (0,30 \text{ m})^2 * 3,5 \text{ m} = 7,88 \text{ kN}$$

$$D = R_{C14D} + R_{V03D} + R_{V013-V014D} + p_p = (55,5 + 46,8 + 45,1 + 7,88) \text{ kN} =$$

$$D = 155,28 \text{ kN}$$

$$L = R_{C14L} + R_{V03L} + R_{V013-V014L} = (15,9 + 11,2 + 4,7) \text{ kN} = 31,8 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_u = 1,2 * P_D + 1,6 * P_L = (1,2 * 155,28 + 1,6 * 31,8) \text{ kN} = 237,22 \text{ kN}$$

Columna C17 IDEM C19 || C110 || C112:

Longitud de columna: 3 m

Recubrimiento: 0,03 m

Dimensiones: 0,20 m x 0,20 m

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b^2 * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * (0,20 \text{ m})^2 * 3 \text{ m} = 3 \text{ kN}$$

$$D = R_{V15D} + R_{V114D} + p_p = (16,6 + 6,1 + 3) \text{ kN} = 25,7 \text{ kN}$$

$$L = R_{V15L} + R_{V114L} = (4,2 + 1,6) \text{ kN} = 5,8 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_u = 1,2 * P_D + 1,6 * P_L = (1,2 * 25,7 + 1,6 * 5,8) \text{ kN} = 40,12 \text{ kN}$$

Columna C07 IDEM C09 || C010 || C012:

Longitud de columna: 3,5 m

Recubrimiento: 0,03 m

Dimensiones: 0,30 m x 0,30 m

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b^2 * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * (0,30 \text{ m})^2 * 3,5 \text{ m} = 7,88 \text{ kN}$$

$$D = R_{C17D} + R_{V05D} + R_{V014D} + p_p = (25,7 + 29,3 + 14,1 + 7,88) \text{ kN} =$$

$$D = 76,98 \text{ kN}$$

$$L = R_{C17L} + R_{V05L} + R_{V014L} = (5,8 + 4,2 + 1,6) \text{ kN} = 11,6 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_u = 1,2 * P_D + 1,6 * P_L = (1,2 * 76,98 + 1,6 * 11,6) \text{ kN} = 110,94 \text{ kN}$$

Columna C18 IDEM C111:

Longitud de columna: 3 m

Recubrimiento: 0,03 m

Dimensiones: 0,20 m x 0,20 m

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b^2 * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * (0,20 \text{ m})^2 * 3 \text{ m} = 3 \text{ kN}$$

$$D = R_{V15-V16D} + R_{V118D} + p_p = (76 + 16,5 + 3) \text{ kN} = 95,5 \text{ kN}$$

$$L = R_{V15-V16L} + R_{V118L} = (20,5 + 5,6) \text{ kN} = 26,1 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_u = 1,2 * P_D + 1,6 * P_L = (1,2 * 95,5 + 1,6 * 26,1) \text{ kN} = 156,36 \text{ kN}$$

Columna C08 IDEM C011:

Longitud de columna: 3,5 m

Recubrimiento: 0,03 m

Dimensiones: 0,30 m x 0,30 m

➤ Análisis de Carga

Peso propio:

$$p_p = \gamma * b^2 * h = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3 * (0,30 \text{ m})^2 * 3,5 \text{ m} = 7,88 \text{ kN}$$

$$D = R_{C18D} + R_{V05-V06D} + R_{V018D} + p_p = (95,5 + 118,6 + 24,5 + 7,88) \text{ kN} =$$

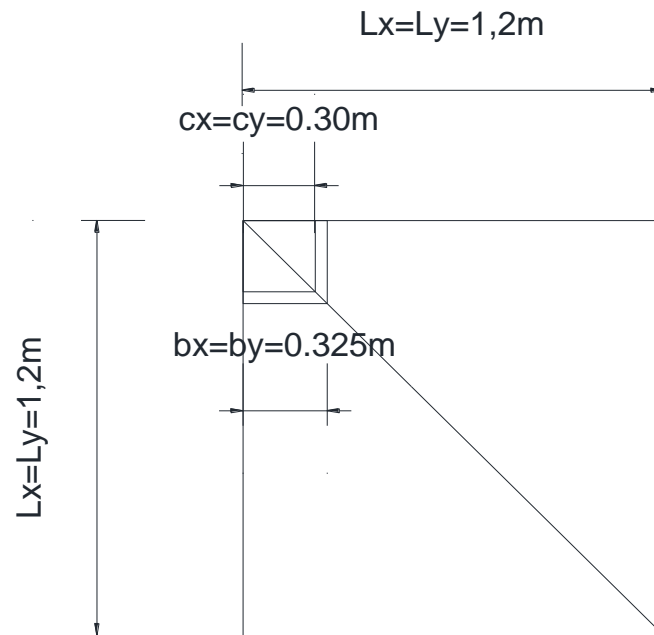
$$D = 246,48 \text{ kN}$$

$$L = R_{C18L} + R_{V05-V06L} + R_{V018L} = (26,1 + 20,5 + 5,6) \text{ kN} = 52,2 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_u = 1,2 * P_D + 1,6 * P_L = (1,2 * 246,48 + 1,6 * 52,2) \text{ kN} = 379,3 \text{ kN}$$

Zapatas

Zapata de esquina (C01)



➤ Datos:

$C_x = C_y = 30\text{cm} = 0.3\text{m}$ $P_c = 145.5\text{ KN}$ $P_u = 190.3\text{KN}$ $\alpha_s = 20$

$Y = 0.5$ $\sigma_{adm} = 1.05\text{kg/cm}^2 = 105\text{KN/m}^2$

$R_t = P_c$ $R_{tu}(\text{mayorada}) = P_u$

➤ Resolución

Propongo $L_x = L_y$

$$\sigma_{adm} = R_t / (L_x L_y) = R_t / L_x^2 \rightarrow L_x = \sqrt{\frac{R_t}{\sigma_{adm}}} = 1.17\text{m} \quad \text{Adopto } L_x = L_y = 1.2\text{m}$$

$$q_u = R_{tu} / (L_x L_y) = 132.15\text{ KN/m}^2$$

$$b_x = b_y = c_x + 0.025\text{m} = 0.325\text{m}$$

$$k_x = L_x - c_x = 0.9\text{m} = k_y$$

➤ Verificaciones

a) Verificación al Punzonado:

$$Pu - qu.Ao \leq 0.75 Y F_{\min} \text{ bo } d \sqrt{f'c} / 12 \quad \beta = \frac{C_x}{C_y} = 1 \leq 2 \quad F1=4$$

$$F2 = \alpha_s.d/bo+2$$

$$Mux = qu.Lx.ky^2/2 = 64.2 \text{ KNm}$$

$$d = dy = dx = \sqrt{\frac{6.5 M_{nx}}{b_y f'c}} = 0.24 \text{ m}$$

$$M_{nx} = Mux / \phi = 71.3 \text{ KNm}$$

$$Ao = (Cx + d/2) \cdot (Cy + d/2) = 0.17 \text{ m}^2$$

$$bo = (Cx + d/2) + (Cy + d/2) = 0.84 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore Pu - qu.Ao = 167.8 \text{ KN}$$

$$F2 = \alpha_s.d/bo+2 = 7.39 \quad F_{\min} = F1 = 4$$

$$0.75 Y F \text{ bo } d \sqrt{f'c} / 12 = 133.5 \text{ KN} \quad \rightarrow \quad \textbf{NO VERIFICA}$$

$$\text{Aumento } d \rightarrow d = 0.35 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore Ao = 0.23 \text{ m}^2 \quad bo = 0.95 \text{ m}$$

$$Pu - qu.Ao = 159.9 \text{ KN}$$

$$0.75 Y F \text{ bo } d \sqrt{f'c} / 12 = 207.8 \text{ KN} \quad \rightarrow \quad \textbf{VERIFICA}$$

b) Verificación al Corte

$$V_{ux} \leq \phi \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'c} b_{wy}.dx$$

$$V_{ux} = V_{uy}$$

$$b_{wy} = b_{wx} = (5b_{\min}(b_y) + 3b_{\max}(L_y)) / 8 = 0.65 \text{ m}$$

$$V_{ux} = qu.L_y. (k_x - dx) = 87.2 \text{ KN}$$

$$\phi \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'c} b_{wy}.dx = 142.2 \text{ KN} \quad \rightarrow \quad \textbf{VERIFICA}$$

➤ Dimensionado a Flexión

$$K_{dx} = d_x / \sqrt{\frac{M_{nx}}{b_y}} = 0.75 \quad \rightarrow \quad k_e = 25,207$$

$$h = d + d_b + c_c = 0,41\text{m} = 41\text{cm}$$

$$A_{sx} = k_e M_{nx} / d_x = 5.13\text{cm}^2 \quad \rightarrow \quad A_{sx} = A_{sy}$$

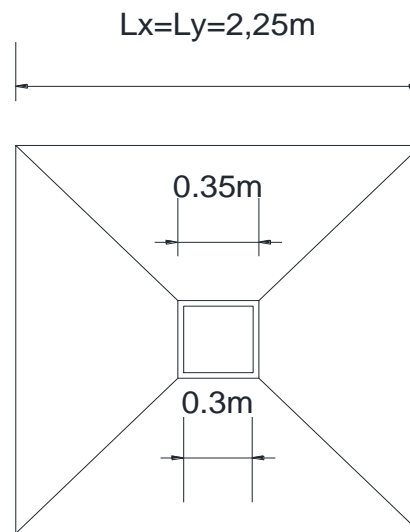
$$A_{s\text{mín}} = \frac{2,8 b_x d_y}{f_y} = 7.58 \text{ cm}^2 \quad \rightarrow \quad 7 \phi 12 (7.92\text{cm}^2) \text{ en ambas direcciones}$$

$$\text{Sep} = \frac{L - 2c_c - 6d_b}{5\text{espacios}} = 17 \text{ cm} \quad \rightarrow \quad 1 \phi 12 \text{ c/16cm}$$

➤ Altura de talon (ht)

$$h_t = c_c + d_b + d_b + 0.15\text{m} = 0.22\text{m}$$

Zapata centrada (C05)



➤ Datos:

$$C_x = C_y = 30\text{cm} = 0.3\text{m} \quad P_c = (403.62 + 107.12)\text{KN} = 510.74\text{KN} \quad P_u = 655.74\text{KN}$$

$$\alpha_s = 40$$

$$Y = 1 \quad \sigma_{adm} = 1.05\text{kg/cm}^2 = 105\text{KN/m}^2$$

$$R_t = P_c \quad R_{tu}(\text{mayorada}) = P_u$$

➤ Resolución

Propongo $L_x = L_y$

$$\sigma_{adm} = R_t / (L_x L_y) = R_t / L_x^2 \rightarrow L_x = L_y = \sqrt{\frac{R_t}{\sigma_{adm}}} = 2.21\text{ m} \cong 2.25\text{m}$$

$$q_u = R_{tu} / (L_x L_y) = 129.53\text{ KN/m}^2$$

$$b_x = b_y = c_x + 0.05\text{m} = 0.35\text{m}$$

$$k_x = k_y = (L_x - c_x) / 2 = 0.975 \text{ m}$$

➤ Verificaciones

a) Verificación al Punzonado :

$$P_u - q_u \cdot A_o \leq 0.75 \text{ Y } F_{\min} \leq \beta \leq 2 \quad \beta = \frac{C_x}{C_y} = 1 \leq 2 \quad F_1 = 4$$

$$M_{ux} = q_u \cdot L_y \cdot k_x^2 / 2 = 138.5 \text{ KNm}$$

$$d = d_y = d_x = \sqrt{\frac{6.5 M_{nx}}{b_y f'_c}} = 0.32 \text{ m} \cong \rightarrow \text{ adopto } d = 0.40 \text{ m}$$

$$n_y = M_{nx} = M_{ux} / \phi = 153.9 \text{ KNm}$$

$$A_o = (C_x + d) \cdot (C_y + d) = 0.49 \text{ m}^2 \quad b_o = (C_x + d) + (C_y + d) = 1.4 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore P_u - q_u \cdot A_o = 592.2 \text{ KN} \quad F_2 = \alpha_s \cdot d / b_o + 2 = 12.7 \quad F_{\min} = F_1 = 4$$

$$0.75 \text{ Y } F \leq \beta \leq 2 \quad \beta = \frac{C_x}{C_y} = 1 \leq 2 \quad F_1 = 4 \quad \rightarrow \quad \textbf{VERIFICA}$$

b) Verificación al Corte

$$V_{ux} \leq \phi \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} b_w y \cdot d_x \quad V_{ux} = V_{uy}$$

$$b_w y = b_{wx} = (5b_{\min}(b_y) + 3b_{\max}(L_y)) / 8 = 1.06 \text{ m}$$

$$V_{ux} = q_u \cdot L_y \cdot (k_x - d_x) = 167.6 \text{ KN}$$

$$\phi \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'_c} b_w y \cdot d_x = 265 \text{ KN} \quad \rightarrow \quad \textbf{VERIFICA}$$

➤ Dimensionado a Flexión

$$Kdx = dx / \sqrt{\frac{Mnx}{by}} = 0.60 \quad \rightarrow \quad ke = 25,625$$

$$h = d + db + cc = 0,46m = 46cm$$

$$Asx = ke Mnx/dx = 9.85cm^2$$

$$Asmín = \frac{2,8 bx dy}{fy} = 9.33 cm^2 \quad \rightarrow \quad 9 \phi 12 (10,18cm^2) \quad \text{en ambas direcciones}$$

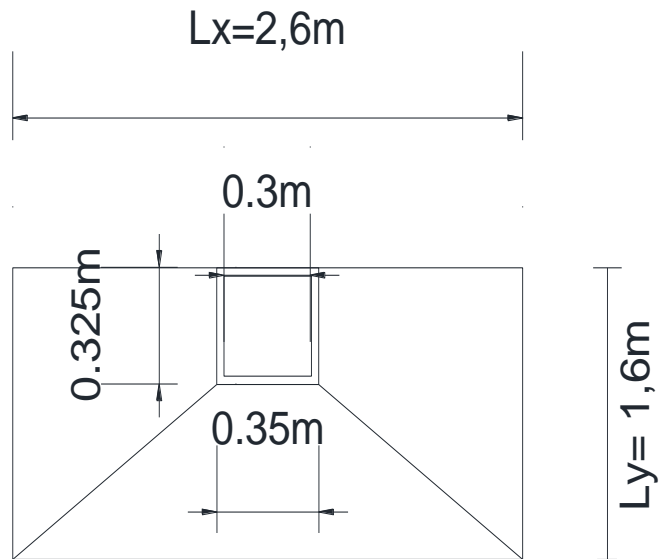
$$Asx = Asy$$

$$Sep = \frac{L - 2cc - 9db}{8espacios} = 25.5 cm \quad \rightarrow \quad 1 \phi 12 c/20cm$$

➤ Altura de talon (ht)

$$ht = cc + db + db + 0.15m = 0.22m$$

Zapata excéntrica Medianera (C02)



➤ Datos:

$Cx=Cy= 20cm=0.2m$ $Pc= 432.1KN$ $Pu= 570.82KN$

$\alpha_s=30$

$Y=0,75$ $\sigma_{adm}= 1.05kg/cm^2=105KN/m^2$

$Rt=Pc$ $Rtu(mayorada)=Pu$

➤ Resolución

Propongo $Ly= 1,6m$

$\sigma_{adm}= Rt/ (Lx.Ly) \rightarrow Lx= Rt/ (\sigma_{adm}.Ly) = 2,57m$ Adopto $Lx= 2,6m$

$$q_u = R_{tu} / (L_x \cdot L_y) = 137,2 \text{ KN/m}^2$$

$$b_x = c_x + 0,05\text{m} = 0,35\text{m}$$

$$k_x = (L_x - c_x) / 2 = 1,15\text{m}$$

$$b_y = c_y + 0,025\text{m} = 0,325\text{m}$$

$$k_y = (L_y - c_y) = 0,65\text{m}$$

$$M_{ux} = q_u \cdot L_y \cdot k_x^2 / 2 = 145,2 \text{ KNm}$$

$$M_{uy} = q_u \cdot L_x \cdot k_y^2 / 2 = 75,35 \text{ KNm}$$

$$M_{nx} = M_{ux} / \phi = 161,33 \text{ KNm}$$

$$M_{ny} = M_{uy} / \phi = 83,73 \text{ KNm}$$

$$dx = \sqrt{\frac{6,5 M_{nx}}{b_y f' c}} = 0,36\text{m}$$

$$dy = \sqrt{\frac{6,5 M_{ny}}{b_x f' c}} = 0,25\text{m}$$

$$d = (dx + dy) / 2 = 0,32\text{m}$$

$$\therefore dx = d + db/2 = 0,325\text{m}$$

$$dy = d - db/2 = 0,315\text{m}$$

➤ Verificaciones

a) Verificación al Punzonado :

$$P_u - q_u \cdot A_o \leq 0,75 \text{ Y } F_{\min} \text{ bo } d \sqrt{f' c} / 12$$

$$\beta = \frac{c_x}{c_y} = 1 \leq 2$$

$$F_1 = 4$$

$$F_2 = \alpha_s \cdot d / bo + 2 = 9,74$$

$$F_{\min} = F_1 = 4$$

$$A_o = (c_x + d) \cdot (c_y + d/2) = 0,38\text{m}^2$$

$$bo = (c_x + d) + (c_y + d/2) = 1,24\text{m}$$

$$\therefore P_u - q_u \cdot A_o = 518 \text{ KN}$$

$$0.75 Y F b o d \sqrt{f'c} / 12 = 372 \text{ KN} \quad \rightarrow \quad \textbf{NO VERIFICA}$$

$$\text{Adopto } d= 0.45\text{m} \quad dx= 0.455\text{m} \quad dy=0.445\text{m}$$

$$A_o=0.56\text{m}^2 \quad b_o=1.5\text{m}$$

$$P_u - q_u.A_o= 494 \text{ KN}$$

$$0.75 Y F b o d \sqrt{f'c} / 12 = 632.8 \text{ KN} \quad \textbf{VERIFICA}$$

b) Verificación al Corte

$$V_{ux} \leq \phi \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'c} b_{wy}.dx$$

$$V_{uy} \leq \phi \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'c} b_{wx}.dy$$

$$b_{wy} = (5b_{\min}(by) + 3b_{\max}(Ly)) / 8 = 0.8\text{m}$$

$$b_{wx} = (5b_{\min}(bx) + 3b_{\max}(Lx)) / 8 = 1.20\text{m}$$

$$V_{ux} = q_u.L_y. (k_x - d) = 153.66\text{KN}$$

$$V_{uy} = q_u.L_x. (k_y - d) = 71.34\text{KN}$$

$$V_{ux} = \phi \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'c} b_{wy}.dx = 225 \text{ KN}$$

VERIFICA

$$V_{uy} = \phi \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{f'c} b_{wx}.dy = 337.5 \text{ KN}$$

VERIFICA

➤ Dimensionado a Flexión

En eje x:

$$K_{dx} = dx / \sqrt{\frac{M_{nx}}{b_y}} = 0.64 \quad \rightarrow \quad k_e = 25,625$$

$$h = d + d_b + c_c = 0.51\text{m} = 51\text{cm}$$

$$A_{sx} = k_e M_{nx} / dx = 9.18\text{cm}^2$$

$$As_{x\min} = \frac{2,8 b_y d_x}{f_y} = 9.85 \text{ cm}^2 \quad \rightarrow \quad \text{adopto } 9 \phi 12 \text{ (10.18 cm}^2\text{)}$$

$$S_{e_p x} = \frac{L_x - 2cc - 9db}{8 \text{ espacios}} = 0,3 \text{ cm} \quad \rightarrow \quad 1 \phi 12 \text{ c/20cm}$$

En eje y:

$$K_{dy} = d_y / \sqrt{\frac{M_{ny}}{b_x}} = 0.93 \quad \rightarrow \quad k_e = 24.766$$

$$A_{sy} = k_e M_{ny} / d_y = 4.67 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s_{y\min}} = \frac{2,8 b_x d_y}{f_y} = 10,38 \text{ cm}^2 \quad \rightarrow \quad \text{adopto } 6 \phi 16 \text{ (12.06 cm}^2\text{)}$$

$$S_{e_p y} = \frac{L_y - 2cc - 9db}{8 \text{ espacios}} = 28 \text{ cm} \quad \rightarrow \quad 1 \phi 16 \text{ c/20cm}$$

➤ Altura de talon (ht)

$$ht = cc + db + db + 0.15 \text{ m} = 0.22 \text{ m}$$

➤ Separación máxima

$$s_{\min} \begin{cases} 2,5h \\ 25\phi \\ 30 \text{ cm} \end{cases} ; s_{\min} \begin{cases} 2,5 \cdot 30 \text{ cm} = 75 \text{ cm} \\ 25 \cdot 0,8 \text{ cm} = 20 \text{ cm} \\ 30 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

VERIFICAN LAS 3 ZAPATAS

Longitud de Anclaje de Zapatas

$$ldh \geq \begin{cases} 8db \\ 150mm \\ - \end{cases}$$

$$L_{dh} = \frac{0,24\psi_e \lambda f_y}{\sqrt{f'_c}} db$$

$$\lambda = 1 \quad f_y = 420 \text{ Mpa} \quad f'_c = 25 \text{ Mpa} \quad \psi_e = 1$$

$$L_{dh} = 20,16 db$$

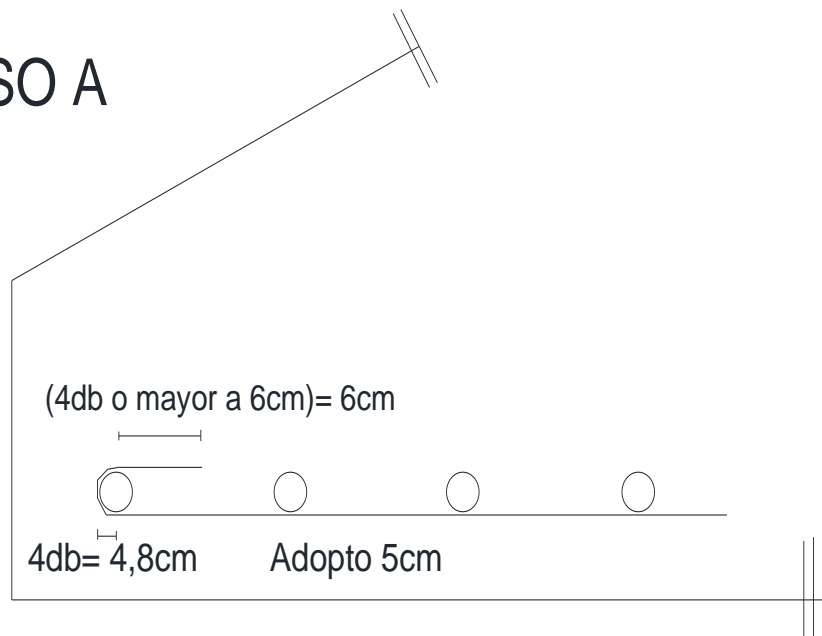
. Para zapata con doble excentricidad

$$L_{dh} = 24,19 \text{ cm} \quad \text{con} \quad db = 12 \text{ mm}$$

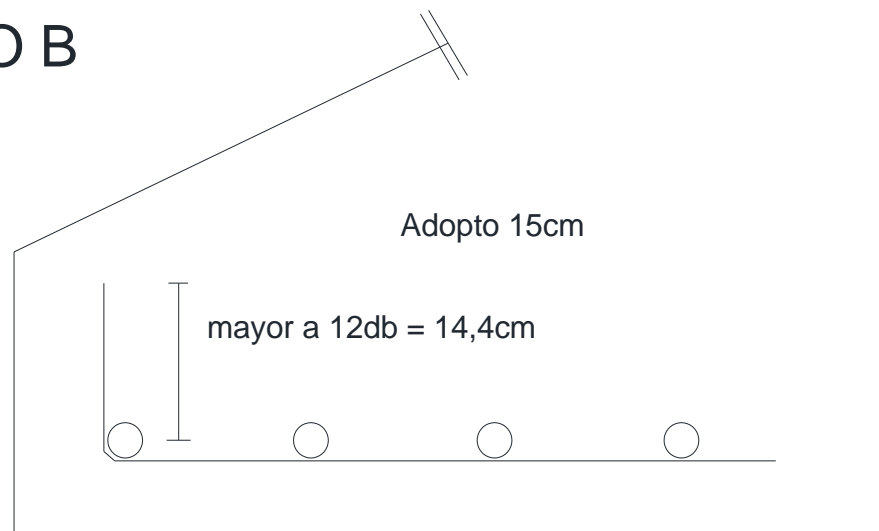
$$ldh \geq \begin{cases} 8db = 9,6 \text{ cm} \\ 150 \text{ mm} \end{cases}$$

VERIFICA

CASO A



CASO B



Para Zapata centrada: $db = 12\text{mm}$ $ldh = 20db = 24\text{cm}$

Para Zapata con excentricidad: $db = 12\text{mm}$ - $ldh = 20db = 24\text{cm}$ (eje x)

$db = 16\text{mm}$ - $ldh = 20db = 32\text{cm}$ (eje y)

Planilla Resumen de Losas

H-25

ADN 420

Losa	Luz [m]		Dirección	Cargas [kN/m²]		Solicitaciones											
						R(izq)		R(der)		R(sup)		R(Inf)		Mux Tramo	Mux Apoyo	Muy Tramo	Muy Apoyo
	x	y		D	L	D	L	D	L	D	L						
L01	5,4	3,37	Cruzada	5,22	2	2,53	0,99	4,39	1,71	6,63	2,58	6,63	2,58	0,73	-6,15	4,12	-8,83
L02	5,4	3,37	Cruzada	5,22	2	4,39	1,71	2,53	0,99	6,63	2,58	6,63	2,58	0,73	-6,15	4,12	-8,83
L03	5,4	3,37	Cruzada	5,22	2	3,21	2,14	5,58	1,23	7,67	2,94	4,43	1,7	1,52	-8,66	5,17	-11,8
L04	5,4	3,37	Cruzada	5,22	2	5,58	1,23	3,21	2,14	7,67	2,94	4,43	1,7	1,52	-8,66	5,17	-11,8
L05	-	1,3	Derecha	5,22	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,79	6,5	-	-	-	12,04
L011	1,78	-	Derecha	4,72	2	4,2	1,78	4,2	1,78	-	-	-	-	3,51	-	-	-
L012	1,43	-	Derecha	4,72	2	3,4	1,4	3,4	1,4	-	-	-	-	2,24	-	-	-
L214	1,78	-	Derecha	4,72	1	4,2	0,89	4,2	0,89	-	-	-	-	2,88	-	-	-
L215	1,9	-	Derecha	4,72	1	4,48	0,95	4,48	0,95	-	-	-	-	3,28	-	-	-
L216	1,5	-	Derecha	4,72	5	3,54	3,75	3,54	3,75	-	-	-	-	3,85	-	-	-
LEsc	3,53	-	Derecha	8,23	2	14,29	3,47	15,58	3,86	-	-	-	-	23,61	-	-	-

Planilla Resumen de Losas			H-25		ADN 420		C _c =2,5 cm		
Losa	h [cm]	d [cm]	Armadura						Observaciones
			Arm. Pricipal			Arm. Secundaria/ de Rep.			
			cm² nec.	Ø	sep. [cm]	cm² nec.	Ø	sep. [cm]	
L01=L06	12	9	2,16	6	13	2,16	6	13	Se colocará armadura de esquina igual a la del tramo
L02=L07	12	9	2,16	6	13	2,16	6	13	
L03=L08	12	9	2,16	6	13	2,16	6	13	
L04=L09	12	9	2,16	6	13	2,16	6	13	
L05=L010	12	9	3,75	8	13	2,16	6	13	
Apoyo L01-L02/L06-L07	12	9	2,16	6	13	-	-	-	
Apoyo L01-L03/L06-L08	12	9	3,16	8	15	-	-	-	
Apoyo L02-L04/L07-L09	12	9	3,16	8	15	-	-	-	
Apoyo L03-L04/L08-L09	12	9	2,98	8	16,5	-	-	-	
L011	10	7	1,8	6	15	1,8	6	15	
L012=L013	10	7	1,8	6	15	1,8	6	15	
L214	10	7	1,8	6	15	1,8	6	15	
L215	10	7	1,8	6	15	1,8	6	15	
L216	10	7	1,8	6	15	1,8	6	15	
Lesc	19	16	3,98	8	12,5	3,42	8	14	

Planilla Resumen de Columnas

H-25

ADN 420

C_c=3 cm

Columna	Tramo	Altura [m]	Cargas [kN]		Momentos		Dimensiones			Ast Nec. [cm²]	Ast Adoptado			Estribos d _{be}		Observaciones
			Servicio	Últimas	Mu [kNm]		hx [cm]	hx [cm]	Ag [cm²]		cant.	∅	Ast	∅	sep. [cm]	
			Pc	Pu	x	y										
C11	1º	3	60,1	79,96	-	-	20	20	400	4	4	12	4,52	6	14	IDEM C13=C116=C118
C01	P.B.	3,5	145,48	190,26	-	-	30	30	900	9	8	12	9,05	6	14	IDEM C03=C016=C018
C12	1º	3	188,3	252,12	-	-	20	20	400	4	4	12	4,52	6	14	IDEM C117
C02	P.B.	3,5	432,08	570,82			30	30	900	9	8	12	9,05	6	14	IDEM C017
C15	1º	3	218,36	283,46	-	-	20	20	400	4	4	12	4,52	6	14	IDEM C114
C05	P.B.	3,5	510,74	655,74	-	-	30	30	900	9	8	12	9,05	6	14	IDEM C014
C14	1º	3	71,4	92,04	-	-	20	20	400							IDEM C16=C113=C115
C04	P.B.	3,5	187,08	237,22	-	-	30	30	900							IDEM C06=C013=C015
C17	1º	3	31,2	40,12	-	-	20	20	400							IDEM C19=C110=C112
C07	P.B.	3,5	88,58	110,94	-	-	30	30	900							IDEM C09=C010=C012
C18	1º	3	121,6	156,36	-	-	20	20	400							IDEM C111
C08	P.B.	3,5	298,68	379,3	-	-	30	30	900							IDEM C011