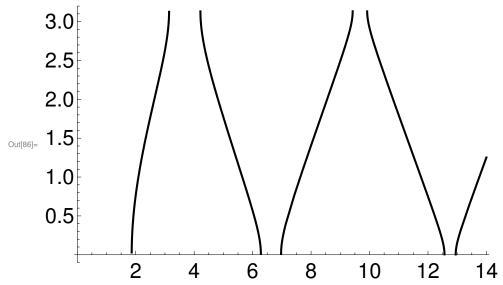
```
(* Kronig-Penney model using transfer matrix *)
               Clear[ell, q, p, epsilon, m]
      ln[1]:= ell := {{1, 1}, {Iq, -Iq}}  (* matrix L *)
     In[2]:= MatrixForm[ell]
Out[2]//MatrixForm=
                \left(\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{1} & \mathbf{1} \\ \mathbf{1} & \mathbf{q} & -\mathbf{1} & \mathbf{q} \end{array}\right)
      ln[3]:= v := \{\{1, 0\}, \{epsilon, 1\}\} (* matrix V, epsilon as defined in Section 2.2 *)
     In[4]:= MatrixForm[v]
Out[4]//MatrixForm=
                epsilon 1
               p := {{Exp[Iq], 0}, {0, Exp[-Iq]}} (* matrix P *)
      In[6]:= MatrixForm[p]
Out[6]//MatrixForm=
     ln[7]:= t := p.Inverse[ell, Method -> "CofactorExpansion"].v.ell (* transfer matrix T *)
                MatrixForm[t]
                \left( \begin{array}{cccc} e^{\frac{i}{2}\,q} - \frac{i\,e^{\frac{i}{2}\,epsilon}}{2\,q} & -\frac{i\,e^{\frac{i}{2}\,q}\,epsilon}{2\,q} \\ \frac{i\,e^{-\frac{i}{2}\,q}\,epsilon}{2\,q} & e^{-\frac{i}{2}\,q} + \frac{i\,e^{-\frac{i}{2}\,q}\,epsilon}{2\,q} \end{array} \right)
               Det[t]
                1
                (* Eigenvectors of transfer matrix t *)
                Eigenvectors[t]
                \Big\{\Big\{-\frac{1}{2\;\text{epsilon}}\,\Big(\,\text{epsilon}\,+\,e^{2\;\text{i}\;q}\;\text{epsilon}\,-\,2\;\text{i}\;q\,+\,2\;\text{i}\;e^{2\;\text{i}\;q}\;q\,-\,
                             \label{eq:continuous_problem} \text{$\dot{\text{l}}$ $\sqrt{\left(-16\;\text{$e^{2\,\dot{\text{l}}\;q}\;q^2+\left(-\,\dot{\text{l}}$ epsilon} + \dot{\text{l}}\;e^{2\,\dot{\text{l}}\;q}$ epsilon} - 2\;q - 2\;e^{2\,\dot{\text{l}}\;q}\;q\right)^2\right)$) , $1$} \ ,
                  \left\{-\frac{1}{2 \text{ epsilon}} \left(\text{epsilon} + e^{2 \text{ i q}} \text{ epsilon} - 2 \text{ i q} + 2 \text{ i } e^{2 \text{ i q}} \text{ q} + \right.\right\}
                             \label{eq:continuous_problem} \text{$\dot{\text{l}}$ $\sqrt{\left(-16\;\text{$e^{2\,\dot{\text{l}}\;q}\;q^2+\left(-\,\dot{\text{l}}$ epsilon} + \dot{\text{l}}\;\text{$e^{2\,\dot{\text{l}}\;q}$ epsilon} - 2\;q - 2\;\text{$e^{2\,\dot{\text{l}}\;q}\;q\right)^2\right)$), $1$} }\right\}}
                (* pasted from above *)
     \ln[8]:= val[q_, epsilon_] := {-((epsilon + e^{2iq} epsilon - 2iq + 2ie^{2iq} q - epsilon + e^{2iq} epsilon - 2iq + 2ie^{2iq} q - epsilon)}
                                  \label{eq:continuous} \dot{\text{1}} \, \sqrt{\left(-\,16\,\,\text{e}^{2\,\dot{\text{1}}\,\text{q}}\,\,\text{q}^2\,+\,\left(-\,\dot{\text{1}}\,\,\text{epsilon}\,+\,\dot{\text{1}}\,\,\text{e}^{2\,\dot{\text{1}}\,\text{q}}\,\,\text{epsilon}\,-\,2\,\,\text{q}\,-\,2\,\,\text{e}^{2\,\dot{\text{1}}\,\text{q}}\,\,\text{q}\right)^2\right)\right)\,/\,\left(2\,\,\text{epsilon}\right),\,\,1\right\}}
      ln[9] = v1[q_, epsilon_] := va1[q, epsilon] / Norm[va1[q, epsilon]] (* normalized *)
```

```
\ln[10] = va2[q_{,epsilon_{,i}}] := {-((epsilon + e^{2iq} epsilon - 2iq + 2ie^{2iq}q + e^{2iq}q + epsilon_{,i})}
             i\sqrt{(-16 e^{2iq} q^2 + (-i epsilon + i e^{2iq} epsilon - 2 q - 2 e^{2iq} q)^2))/(2 epsilon))}, 1
In[ii]: v2[q_, epsilon_] := va2[q, epsilon] / Norm[va2[q, epsilon]]
     (* Simplified form of eigenvectors *)
     (* Note: this notebook generally assumes that q = omega > 0 *)
In[12]:= qq[q_, epsilon_] :=
      Cos[q] + (epsilon / (2q)) Sin[q] (* qq(q,epsilon) = cos(k) with k = wave vector *)
ln[13]:= ww[q_, epsilon_] := -Cos[q] + (2q/epsilon) Sin[q]
In[14]:= vv1[q_, epsilon_] :=
      {Exp[Iq] (ww[q, epsilon] + (2q/epsilon) Sqrt[1-qq[q, epsilon]^2]), 1}
In[15]:= vv2[q_, epsilon_] :=
      {Exp[Iq] (ww[q, epsilon] - (2q/epsilon) Sqrt[1-qq[q, epsilon]^2]), 1}
     (* Check that vv1 = va1, vv2 = va2 *)
     va1[0.7, 0.1]
     \{12.5798 + 10.5958 i, 1\}
     vv1[0.7, 0.1]
     \{12.5798 + 10.5958 i, 1\}
     va2[0.7, 0.1]
     \{0.0465017 + 0.0391679 i, 1\}
     vv2[0.7, 0.1]
     \{0.0465017 + 0.0391679 i, 1\}
     (* End check *)
     (* Modified, normalized eigenvectors to be used in the following *)
In[16]:= v1norm[q_, epsilon] := vv1[q, epsilon] / Norm[vv1[q, epsilon]]
In[17]:= v2norm[q_, epsilon_] :=
      Exp[-Iq] vv2[q, epsilon] / Norm[vv2[q, epsilon]] (* note factor Exp[-Iq] *)
     (* v1norm[[1]]+v1norm[[2]] and v2norm[[1]]+v2norm[[2]] are complex conjugate,
        but only with factor Exp[-I q] in v2norm included. This is the modification. *)
     v1norm[0.7, 0.1][[1]] + v1norm[0.7, 0.1][[2]]
     0.82412 + 0.64303 i
```

```
v2norm[0.7, 0.1][[1]] + v2norm[0.7, 0.1][[2]]
            0.82412 - 0.64303 i
            (* alternative form of v2norm, further simplified *)
 In[18]:= vv2alt[q_, epsilon_] :=
              \{ww[q, epsilon] - (2q/epsilon) Sqrt[1-qq[q, epsilon]^2], Exp[-Iq]\}
 In[19]:= v2normalt[q_, epsilon_] := vv2alt[q, epsilon] / Norm[vv2alt[q, epsilon]]
In[20]:= v2normalt[0.7, 0.1][[1]] + v2normalt[0.7, 0.1][[2]]
Out[20]= 0.82412 - 0.64303 i
            (* Eigenvalues mu of transfer matrix t *)
In[21]:= Eigenvalues[t]
\text{Out} [\text{21}] = \ \left\{ \ \frac{1}{4 \ q} \, \text{e}^{-\text{i} \ q} \ \left( \ \text{i} \ \text{epsilon} \ - \ \text{i} \ \ \text{e}^{2 \ \text{i} \ q} \ \text{epsilon} \ + \ 2 \ q \ + \ 2 \ \ \text{e}^{2 \ \text{i} \ q} \ q \ - \right. \right. \right.
              \begin{split} &\sqrt{\left(-\,16\;\mathbb{e}^{2\,\mathrm{i}\,q}\;q^2\,+\,\left(-\,\mathrm{i}\;\text{epsilon}\,+\,\mathrm{i}\;\mathbb{e}^{2\,\mathrm{i}\,q}\;\text{epsilon}\,-\,2\;q\,-\,2\;\mathbb{e}^{2\,\mathrm{i}\,q}\;q\right)^{\,2}\right)}\,\,\text{,}}\\ &\frac{1}{4\,q}\mathbb{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\,q}\,\left(\mathrm{i}\;\text{epsilon}\,-\,\mathrm{i}\;\mathbb{e}^{2\,\mathrm{i}\,q}\;\text{epsilon}\,+\,2\;q\,+\,2\;\mathbb{e}^{2\,\mathrm{i}\,q}\;q\,+\,\right)} \end{split}
                     \sqrt{\,\left(\,\text{-16}\,\,\mathrm{e}^{2\,\mathrm{i}\,q}\,\,q^{\,2}\,+\,\left(\,\text{-}\,\mathrm{i}\,\,\text{epsilon}\,+\,\mathrm{i}\,\,\mathrm{e}^{2\,\mathrm{i}\,q}\,\,\text{epsilon}\,-\,2\,\,q\,-\,2\,\,\mathrm{e}^{2\,\mathrm{i}\,q}\,\,q\,\right)^{\,2}\,\right)\,\right)}\,\right\}}
            (* => mu = exp(+/- i k), cos(k) = cos(q) + epsilon/(2q) sin(q) =: qq(q,epsilon) *)
In[22]:= Plot[ArcCos[x], \{x, -1, 1\}]
                                                                     3.0
                                                                     2.5
                                                                     2.0
Out[22]=
                                                                     1.5
                                                                     1.0
                                                                     0.5
            -1.0
                                          -0.5
                                                                                                      0.5
```

(\* A) Reduced zone scheme with -Pi<k<Pi \*)

ln[86]:= komega = Plot[kk[q, epsilon], {q, 0, 14}, PlotRange  $\rightarrow$  {{-0.1, 14.1}, {-0.1, 3.2}}, PlotStyle → {Black, Thickness[0.005]}, AxesStyle → Directive[22]]



In[87]:= Export["komega.png", komega, ImageResolution → 300]

Out[87]= komega.png

ln[26]:= kkmod[q\_, epsilon\_] := If[Abs[qq[q, epsilon]] < 1, kk[q, epsilon], 100] (\* k(q), allow only |qq|<1 \*)

(\* This is the form of k(q) = k(omega) > 0 used in program \*)

(\* corresponding to the reduced zone scheme. \*)

(\* Use parametric plot to plot inverse function q(k) = omega(k) \*)

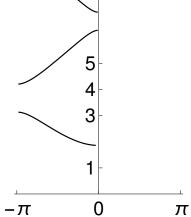
 $\label{eq:local_local_local} \mbox{ln[27]:= pos = ParametricPlot[{kkmod[q, epsilon], q}, q},$  $\{q, 0, 14\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-Pi-0.1, Pi+0.1\}, \{0, 14\}\},\$  ${\tt PlotStyle} \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ {\tt Black}, {\tt Thickness[0.007]} \big\} \big\}, \ {\tt AxesStyle} \rightarrow {\tt Directive[20]},$  $\mathsf{Ticks} \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ -4\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -3\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -2\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 0\,,\, \mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 2\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 3\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 4\,\mathsf{Pi} \big\},\, \{1,\,3,\,4,\,5,\,8,\,9,\,10,\,11\} \big\} \big]$ 11 10 9 8 Out[27]= 5 4 3 1 0

π

 $-\pi$ 

```
\label{eq:local_local} \mbox{ln[28]:= } \mbox{ neg = ParametricPlot} \left[ \left\{ - \mbox{kkmod} \left[ \mbox{q} \,, \, \mbox{epsilon} \right] \,, \, \mbox{q} \right\} ,
                  \{q, 0, 14\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-Pi-0.1, Pi+0.1\}, \{0, 14\}\},\
                 {\tt PlotStyle} \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ {\tt Black}, {\tt Thickness[0.007]} \big\} \big\}, \ {\tt AxesStyle} \rightarrow {\tt Directive[20]},
                 \mathsf{Ticks} \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ -4\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -3\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -2\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 0\,,\, \mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 2\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 3\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 4\,\mathsf{Pi} \big\},\, \{1,\,3,\,4,\,5,\,8,\,9,\,10,\,11\} \big\} \big]
```

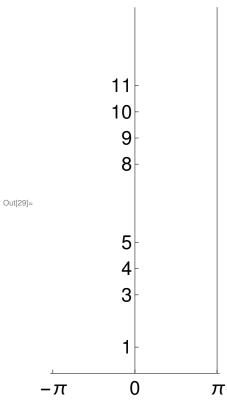




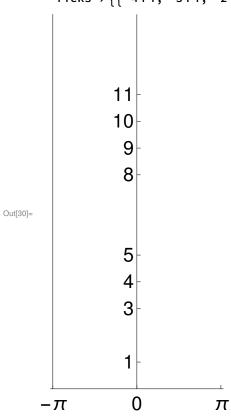
11 10

> 9 8

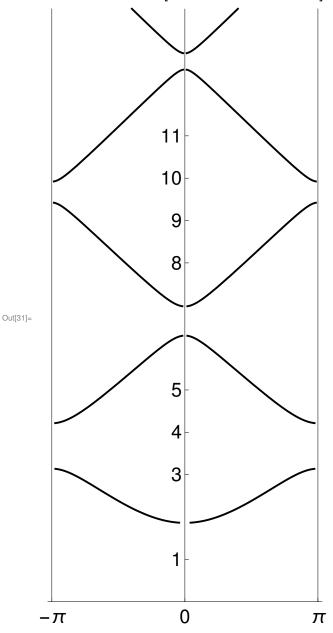
 $PlotStyle \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ Black, Thickness[0.0015] \big\} \big\}, \ \, AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[20] \,,$  $\mathsf{Ticks} \to \big\{ \big\{ -4\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -3\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -2\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 0\,,\, \mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 2\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 3\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 4\,\mathsf{Pi} \big\}\,,\, \{1,\,3,\,4,\,5,\,8,\,9,\,10,\,11\} \big\} \big]$ 



 $PlotStyle \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ Black, Thickness[0.0015] \big\} \big\}, AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[20], AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[2$  $\mathsf{Ticks} \to \big\{ \big\{ -4\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -3\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -2\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 0\,,\, \mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 2\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 3\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 4\,\mathsf{Pi} \big\}\,,\, \{1,\,3,\,4,\,5,\,8,\,9,\,10,\,11\} \big\} \big]$ 



 $bandreduced = Show[neg, pos, pipos, pineg] \quad (* \ dispersion \ relation \ q(k) = omega(k) \ *)$ 



Export["bs\_reduced.png", bandreduced, ImageResolution → 300]

bs\_reduced.png

- (\* This is the dispersion relation q(k) = omega(k) used in the program \*)
- (\* corresponding to reduced zone scheme. \*)
- (\* Find gaps to 7 digits (for epsilon = 5) \*)

```
Plot[kk[q, epsilon], \{q, 0, 14\}] (* k(q) wave vector, reduced range 0 < k < Pi *)
     3.0
     2.5
     2.0
     1.5
     1.0
     0.5
                                               10
                                                       12
     kk[1.861514, epsilon]
                            (* first allowed in 1. band *)
     0.00149712
In[32]:= first1 := 1.861514
                              (* first allowed q=omega in 1. band *)
     kk[Pi, epsilon] (* last allowed in 1. band = Pi *)
In[33]:= last1 = Pi - 0.000001
Out[33] = 3.14159
     kk[4.2127514, epsilon] (* first allowed in 2. band *)
     3.14132
In[34]:= first2 := 4.2127514
     kk[2Pi, epsilon] (* last allowed in 2. band = 2 Pi *)
     0
ln[35] := last2 = 2 Pi - 0.000001
Out[35]= 6.28318
     kk[6.971795, epsilon] (* first allowed in 3. band *)
     0.000349891
```

```
In[36]:= first3 := 6.971795
     kk[3*Pi, epsilon] (* last allowed in 3. band = 3 Pi *)
In[37]:= last3 = 3 Pi - 0.000001
Out[37] = 9.42478
     kk[9.918596, epsilon] (* first allowed in 4. band *)
     3.14116
In[38]:= first4 := 9.918596
     kk[4Pi, epsilon] (* last allowed in 4. band = 4 Pi *)
     0
In[39]:= last4 = 4 Pi - 0.000001
Out[39]= 12.5664
     kk[12.947842, epsilon] (* first allowed in 5. band *)
     0.000598452
In[40]:= first5 := 12.947842
In[41]:= last5 := 14
     (* B) Extended zone scheme *)
     (* Only for illustration, not used in program *)
```

-4 π

 $-3\pi$ 

```
pos1 = ParametricPlot[{kkmod[q, epsilon], q},
                          \{q, first1, last1\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-4.5 Pi - 0.1, 4.5 Pi + 0.1\}, \{0, 14\}\},
                      PlotStyle \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ Black, Thickness[0.003] \big\} \big\}, AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[10], AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[10
                        Ticks \rightarrow {\{-4 \text{ Pi}, -3 \text{ Pi}, -2 \text{ Pi}, -\text{Pi}, 0, \text{Pi}, 2 \text{ Pi}, 3 \text{ Pi}, 4 \text{ Pi}\}, \{4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14\}\}]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     12
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        4 π
                  -4\pi
                                                                              -3\pi
                                                                                                                                              -2\pi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   -π
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             2\pi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           3\pi
neg1 = ParametricPlot[{-kkmod[q, epsilon], q},
                          \big\{ \texttt{q, first1, last1} \big\}, \, \texttt{PlotRange} \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ \texttt{-4.5 Pi - 0.1, 4.5 Pi + 0.1} \big\}, \, \{\texttt{0, 14}\} \big\},
                        PlotStyle \rightarrow \{\{Black, Thickness[0.003]\}\}, AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[10], AxesS
                      Ticks \rightarrow {\{-4 \text{ Pi}, -3 \text{ Pi}, -2 \text{ Pi}, -\text{Pi}, 0, \text{Pi}, 2 \text{ Pi}, 3 \text{ Pi}, 4 \text{ Pi}\}, \{4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14\}\}]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     12
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             6
```

 $4\pi$ 

```
pos2 = ParametricPlot[{-kkmod[q, epsilon] + 2 Pi, q},
               \{q, first2, last2\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-4.5 Pi - 0.1, 4.5 Pi + 0.1\}, \{0, 14\}\},
             PlotStyle \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ Black, Thickness[0.003] \big\} \big\}, AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[10], AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[10
              Ticks \rightarrow {\{-4 \text{ Pi}, -3 \text{ Pi}, -2 \text{ Pi}, -\text{Pi}, 0, \text{Pi}, 2 \text{ Pi}, 3 \text{ Pi}, 4 \text{ Pi}\}, \{4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14\}\}]
                                                                                                                                              12
                                                                                                                                              10
                                                                                                                                                   8
                                                                                                                                                   6
          -4\pi
                                           -3\pi
                                                                              -2\pi
                                                                                                                   -π
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        2\pi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         3π
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           4 π
neg2 = ParametricPlot[{kkmod[q, epsilon] - 2 Pi, q},
              \{q, first2, last2\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-4.5 Pi - 0.1, 4.5 Pi + 0.1\}, \{0, 14\}\},
             PlotStyle \rightarrow {{Black, Thickness[0.003]}}, AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[10],
             Ticks \rightarrow {\{-4 \text{ Pi}, -3 \text{ Pi}, -2 \text{ Pi}, -\text{Pi}, 0, \text{Pi}, 2 \text{ Pi}, 3 \text{ Pi}, 4 \text{ Pi}\}, \{4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14\}\}]
                                                                                                                                               12
                                                                                                                                               10
                                                                                                                                                   8
                                                                                                                                                   6
          -4\pi
                                           -3\pi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           4\pi
```

 $-4\pi$ 

 $-3\pi$ 

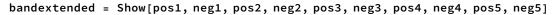
 $-2\pi$ 

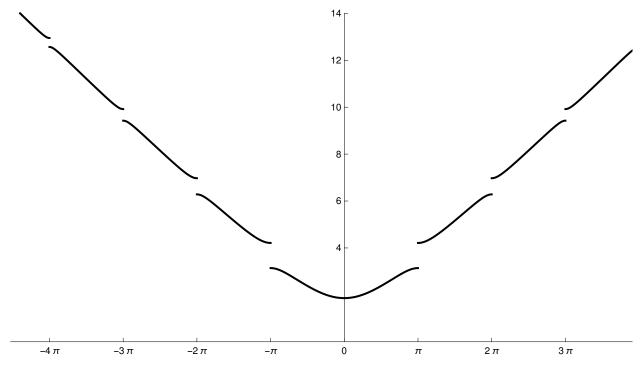
```
pos3 = ParametricPlot[{kkmod[q, epsilon] + 2 Pi, q},
              \{q, first3, last3\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-4.5 Pi - 0.1, 4.5 Pi + 0.1\}, \{0, 14\}\},
            PlotStyle \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ Black, Thickness[0.003] \big\} \big\}, \ AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[10], \\
             Ticks \rightarrow {\{-4 \text{ Pi}, -3 \text{ Pi}, -2 \text{ Pi}, -\text{Pi}, 0, \text{Pi}, 2 \text{ Pi}, 3 \text{ Pi}, 4 \text{ Pi}\}, \{4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14\}\}]
                                                                                                                                                 12
                                                                                                                                                 10
                                                                                                                                                     8
          -4\pi
                                           -3\pi
                                                                               -2\pi
                                                                                                                     -π
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            2\pi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              3\pi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 4 π
neg3 = ParametricPlot[{-kkmod[q, epsilon] - 2 Pi, q},
             \{q, first3, last3\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-4.5 Pi - 0.1, 4.5 Pi + 0.1\}, \{0, 14\}\},
             PlotStyle \rightarrow \{\{Black, Thickness[0.003]\}\}, AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[10], AxesS
            Ticks \rightarrow {\{-4 \text{ Pi}, -3 \text{ Pi}, -2 \text{ Pi}, -\text{Pi}, 0, \text{Pi}, 2 \text{ Pi}, 3 \text{ Pi}, 4 \text{ Pi}\}, \{4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14\}\}]
                                                                                                                                                 12
                                                                                                                                                     8
                                                                                                                                                     6
```

 $4\pi$ 

```
pos4 = ParametricPlot\big[\big\{-kkmod\big[q,\,epsilon\big] + 4\,Pi,\,q\big\},
    \{q, first4, last4\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-4.5 Pi - 0.1, 4.5 Pi + 0.1\}, \{0, 14\}\},
    PlotStyle \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ Black, Thickness[0.003] \big\} \big\}, \ AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[10], \\
    \mathsf{Ticks} \to \big\{ \big\{ -4\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -3\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -2\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, -\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 0\,,\, \mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 2\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 3\,\mathsf{Pi}\,,\, 4\,\mathsf{Pi} \big\}\,,\, \{4,\, 6,\, 8,\, 10,\, 12,\, 14\} \big\} \big]
                                          12
                                          10
                                            8
   -4\pi
             -3\pi
                       -2\pi
                                  -π
                                                                 2\pi
                                                                           3\pi
                                                                                     4 π
neg4 = ParametricPlot[{kkmod[q, epsilon] - 4 Pi, q},
    \{q, first4, last4\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-4.5 Pi - 0.1, 4.5 Pi + 0.1\}, \{0, 14\}\},
    {\tt PlotStyle} \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ {\tt Black}, \, {\tt Thickness[0.003]} \big\} \big\}, \, \, {\tt AxesStyle} \rightarrow {\tt Directive[10]}, \, \,
    Ticks \rightarrow {\{-4 \text{ Pi}, -3 \text{ Pi}, -2 \text{ Pi}, -\text{Pi}, 0, \text{Pi}, 2 \text{ Pi}, 3 \text{ Pi}, 4 \text{ Pi}\}, \{4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14\}\}]
                                          12
                                            8
                                            6
   -4\pi
             -3\pi
                       -2\pi
                                                                                     4\pi
```

```
pos5 = ParametricPlot[{kkmod[q, epsilon] + 4 Pi, q},
              \{q, first5, last5\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-4.5 Pi - 0.1, 4.5 Pi + 0.1\}, \{0, 14\}\},
            PlotStyle \rightarrow \big\{ \big\{ Black, Thickness[0.003] \big\} \big\}, \ AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[10], \\
            Ticks \rightarrow {\{-4 \text{ Pi}, -3 \text{ Pi}, -2 \text{ Pi}, -\text{Pi}, 0, \text{Pi}, 2 \text{ Pi}, 3 \text{ Pi}, 4 \text{ Pi}\}, \{4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14\}\}]
                                                                                                                                                12
                                                                                                                                                10
         -4\pi
                                           -3\pi
                                                                              -2\pi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           2\pi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            3π
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               4 π
neg5 = ParametricPlot[{-kkmod[q, epsilon] - 4 Pi, q},
             \{q, first5, last5\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-4.5 \, Pi - 0.1, 4.5 \, Pi + 0.1\}, \{0, 14\}\},
             PlotStyle \rightarrow \{\{Black, Thickness[0.003]\}\}, AxesStyle \rightarrow Directive[10], AxesS
            Ticks \rightarrow {\{-4 \text{ Pi}, -3 \text{ Pi}, -2 \text{ Pi}, -\text{Pi}, 0, \text{Pi}, 2 \text{ Pi}, 3 \text{ Pi}, 4 \text{ Pi}\}, \{4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14\}\}]
                                                                                                                                                12
                                                                                                                                                    8
                                                                                                                                                    6
         -4\pi
                                           -3\pi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               4\pi
```





(\* Only for illustration, not used in program \*)

Export["bs\_extended.png", bandextended, ImageResolution → 300]

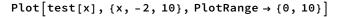
bs\_extended.png

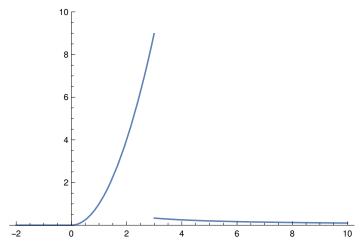
## (\* End Illustration \*)

{first1, last1, first2, last2, first3, last3, first4, last4, first5, last5} {1.86151, 3.14159, 4.21275, 6.28318, 6.9718, 9.42478, 9.9186, 12.5664, 12.9478, 14}

- (\* Now define function k(q) explicitly in extended zone scheme \*)
- (\* Only for illustration, not used in program \*)

test[x\_] := Piecewise[ $\{x^2, x > 0 & x < 3\}, \{1/x, x > 3\}\}, 0$ ]



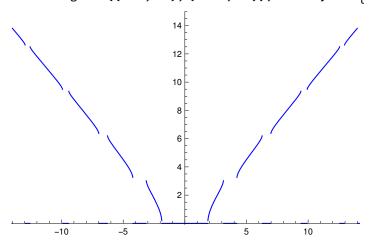


(\* kkext[q] returns positive k[q]>0 for allowed q= omega and 0 for not allowed q=omega \*)

```
kkext[q_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{,epsilon_{epsilon_{,epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{epsilon_{eps
                         {-kk[q, epsilon] + 2 Pi, Abs[q] > first2 && Abs[q] < last2},
                        {kk[q, epsilon] + 2 Pi, Abs[q] > first3 && Abs[q] < last3},</pre>
                        \{-kk[q, epsilon] + 4Pi, Abs[q] > first4 && Abs[q] < last4\},
                         {kk[q, epsilon] + 4 Pi, Abs[q] > first5 && Abs[q] < last5}}, 0]
```

## epsilon:= 5

Plot[kkext[q, epsilon], {q, -15, 15}, PlotRange -> {{-14, 14}, {-0.1, 15}}, PlotStyle → {Blue, Thickness[0.003]}]



```
ln[42]:= qq[q, eps] (* qq(q, epsilon) = cos(k) with k = wave vector *)
Out[42]= Cos[q] + \frac{epsSin[q]}{2}
      (* Derivative dk/dq *)
In[43]:= kkprime[q_, epsilon_] := Derivative[1, 0][kkmod][q, epsilon]
      (* Analytical expression for Abs[dk/dq] *)
In[44]:= kkprimetest[q_, epsilon_] :=
       Abs[(1 + epsilon / (2 q^2)) Sin[q] - (epsilon / (2 q)) Cos[q]] / Sqrt[1 - qq[q, epsilon]^2]
In[45]:= epsilon:= 5
In[46]:= kkprime[2.1, epsilon] (* check in 1st band *)
Out[46]= 2.29166
In[47]:= kkprimetest[2.1, epsilon]
Out[47] = 2.29166
In[48]:= kkprime[4.7, epsilon] (* check in 2nd band *)
Out[48]= -1.31896
In[49]:= kkprimetest[4.7, epsilon]
Out[49]= 1.31896
In[50]:= kkprime[7.5, epsilon] (* check in 3rd band *)
Out[50] = 1.14931
In[51]:= kkprimetest[7.5, epsilon]
Out[51]= 1.14931
In[52]:= kkprime[11.2, epsilon] (* check in 4th band *)
Out[52]= -1.04413
In[53]:= kkprimetest[11.2, epsilon]
Out[53]= 1.04413
```

```
ln[54]:= Plot[Abs[kkprime[q, epsilon]], {q, -15, 15},
       PlotRange -> {{-14, 14}, {-0.1, 15}}, PlotStyle → {Blue, Thickness[0.003]}]
                                       14
                                      12
                                       10
Out[54]=
              -10
      (* Only allowed q=omega should be used *)
In[55]:= domega[q_, epsilon_] := Sqrt[Abs[kkprime[q, epsilon]]] (* function domega(q) *)
ln[56]:= Plot[domega[q, epsilon], {q, -15, 15},
       PlotRange -> {{-14, 14}, {-0.1, 4}}, PlotStyle → {Blue, Thickness[0.003]}]
Out[56]=
                                                                 10
              -10
                           -5
```

(\* Bloch functions Phi(x) with additional normalization \*)

(\* allow only |qq|<1 where qq = Cos[q] + (epsilon/(2q))Sin[q] \*)

```
(* in what follows: index 1 = +k, index 2 = -k *)
 In[57]:= exp1[q_, epsilon_, n_] :=
             In[58]:= exp2[q_, epsilon_, n_] :=
              If[Abs[qq[q, epsilon]] < 1, Exp[-Ikk[q, epsilon]n], 0] (* k2 = -k1 < 0 *)
           (* phi1raw, phi2raw not correctly normalized,
           missing normalization factors norm1, norm2 below *)
 In[59]:= phi1raw[x_, n_, q_, epsilon_] := exp1[q, epsilon, n]
                (v1norm[q, epsilon][[1]] Exp[Iq(x-n)] + v1norm[q, epsilon][[2]] Exp[-Iq(x-n)])
                   (v1norm[q, epsilon][[1]] + v1norm[q, epsilon][[2]])
 ln[60]:= phi2raw[x_, n_, q_, epsilon_] := exp2[q, epsilon, n]
                (v2norm[q, epsilon][[1]] Exp[Iq(x-n)] + v2norm[q, epsilon][[2]] Exp[-Iq(x-n)])
                   (v2norm[q, epsilon][[1]] + v2norm[q, epsilon][[2]])
In[61]:= epsilon := 5
           (* functions u(x) for 0 < x < 1, then periodically extended *)
ln[62]:= ulraw[x_, q_, epsilon_] := (vlnorm[q, epsilon][[1]] Exp[I (q - kk[q, epsilon]) (x - 1)] + ln[62]:= ulraw[x_, q_, epsilon_] := (vlnorm[q, epsilon][[1]] Exp[I (q - kk[q, epsilon]) (x - 1)] + ln[62]:= ulraw[x_, q_, epsilon_] := (vlnorm[q, epsilon][[1]] Exp[I (q - kk[q, epsilon]) (x - 1)] + ln[62]:= ulraw[x_, q_, epsilon_] := (vlnorm[q, epsilon][[1]] Exp[I (q - kk[q, epsilon]) (x - 1)] + ln[62]:= (vlnorm[q, epsilon] := (vlnorm[q, epsilon]) (x - 1)] + ln[62]:= (vlnorm[q, epsilon] := (vlnorm[q, epsilon]) (x - 1)] + ln[62]:= (vlnorm[q, epsilon] := (vlnorm[q, epsilon]) (x - 1)] + ln[62]:= (vlnorm[q, epsilon] := (vlnorm[q, epsilon]) (x - 1)] + ln[62]:= (vlnorm[q, epsilon]) (x - 1)] 
                    v1norm[q, epsilon][[2]] Exp[-I(q+kk[q, epsilon])(x-1)])/
                (v1norm[q, epsilon][[1]] + v1norm[q, epsilon][[2]])
 In[63]:= norm1[q_, epsilon_] :=
             Sqrt[NIntegrate[u1raw[x, q, epsilon] Conjugate[u1raw[x, q, epsilon]], {x, 0, 1}]]
           (* u1 correctly normalized used in program *)
ln[64]:= u1[x_, q_, epsilon_] := u1raw[x, q, epsilon] / norm1[q, epsilon]
           NIntegrate [u1[x, 2.1, epsilon] Conjugate [u1[x, 2.1, epsilon]], \{x, 0, 1\}
Out[65]= 1.
ln[66]:= u2raw[x_, q_, epsilon_] := (v2norm[q, epsilon][[1]] Exp[I (q + kk[q, epsilon]) (x - 1)] +
                    v2norm[q, epsilon][[2]] Exp[-I(q-kk[q, epsilon])(x-1)])/
                (v2norm[q, epsilon][[1]] + v2norm[q, epsilon][[2]])
In[67]:= norm2[q_, epsilon_] :=
             Sqrt[NIntegrate[u2raw[x, q, epsilon] Conjugate[u2raw[x, q, epsilon]], \{x, 0, 1\}]]
           (* u2 correctly normalized used in program *)
ln[68]:= u2[x_, q_, epsilon] := u2raw[x, q, epsilon] / norm2[q, epsilon]
```

u2[0, q, eps]

 $0.948549 + 3.1593 \times 10^{-16}$  i

```
NIntegrate [u2[x, 4.7, epsilon] Conjugate [u2[x, 4.7, epsilon]], \{x, 0, 1\}
Out[69]= 1.
      (* Show u_{-}\{-k\}(x) = u_{-}k^*(x) for all x; u1 is for k, u2 is for -k *)
      u1[0.7, 2.1, epsilon]
      1.07325 - 0.0663097 i
      u2[0.7, 2.1, epsilon]
      1.07325 + 0.0663097 i
      u1[3.25, 4.71, epsilon]
      -0.72853 + 0.160454 i
      u2[3.25, 4.71, epsilon]
      -0.72853 - 0.160454 i
ln[70]:= (* Show u(0) = u(1) real and equal for k, -k *)
In[71]:= eps := 5
In[72]:= q := 2.1
In[73]:= u1[0, q, eps]
Out[73]= 0.664728 - 9.5709 \times 10^{-17} i
In[74]:= u1[1, q, eps]
Out[74]= 0.664728 + 1.15312 \times 10^{-18} i
In[75]:= u2[0, q, eps]
Out[75]= 0.664728 + 9.5709 \times 10^{-17} i
In[76]:= u2[1, q, eps]
Out[76]= 0.664728 + 0.1
                        (* 2nd branch *)
      q := 4.71
      u1[0, q, eps]
      0.948549 - 3.1593 \times 10^{-16} i
      u1[1, q, eps]
      0.948549 - 5.26551 \times 10^{-17} i
```

```
u2[1, q, eps]
     0.948549 + 0.1
     (* Show u1=u2=1 for epsilon=0 and first branch *)
     q = 2.1 (* 1st branch *)
     2.1
     u1[2.1, q, 0.0000000001]
     1. + 3.22605 \times 10<sup>-11</sup> i
     u2[0.9, q, 0.0000000001]
     1. + 2.38087 \times 10<sup>-12</sup> i
     q = 4.71 (* 2nd branch *)
     4.71
     u1[2.1, q, 0.0000000001]
     0.809017 - 0.587785 i
     u2[0.9, q, 0.0000000001]
     0.809017 - 0.587785 i
     (* functions c(q), d(q) *)
In[77]:= u1prime[x_, q_, epsilon_] :=
      Derivative[1, 0, 0][u1raw][x, q, epsilon] / norm1[q, epsilon] (* k>0 *)
In[78]:= u2prime[x_, q_, epsilon_] :=
      Derivative[1, 0, 0] [u2raw] [x, q, epsilon] / norm2[q, epsilon] (* k<0 *)
ln[79] = (* Show epsilon = [u'(0) - u'(1)]/u(0) for k, -k *)
In[80]:= eps := 5
     q := 2.1
     (u1prime[0, q, eps] - u1prime[1, q, eps]) / u1[0, q, eps]
     5. + 5.1834 \times 10^{-17} i
     (u2prime[0, q, eps] - u2prime[1, q, eps])/u1[0, q, eps]
     5. + 2.3901 \times 10<sup>-15</sup> i
     q := 4.71
     (u1prime[0, q, eps] - u1prime[1, q, eps]) / u1[0, q, eps]
     5. - 2.07375 \times 10<sup>-16</sup> i
```

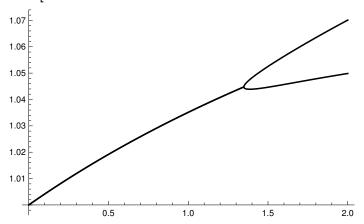
```
(u2prime[0, q, eps] - u2prime[1, q, eps])/u1[0, q, eps]
5. + 2.60169 \times 10<sup>-15</sup> i
q := 7.1
(u1prime[0, q, eps] - u1prime[1, q, eps])/u1[0, q, eps]
5. + 2.58146 \times 10^{-16} i
(u2prime[0, q, eps] - u2prime[1, q, eps]) / u1[0, q, eps]
5. + 1.76432 \times 10<sup>-15</sup> i
(* end check *)
eps := 5
q := 2.1
u1prime[0, q, eps]
1.66182 + 0.700078 i
u1prime[1, q, eps]
-1.66182 + 0.700078 i
u2prime[0, q, eps]
1.66182 - 0.700078 i
u2prime[1, q, eps]
-1.66182 - 0.700078 i
q := 4.71
u1prime[0, q, eps]
2.37137 - 5.80308 i
u1prime[1, q, eps]
-2.37137 - 5.80308 i
u2prime[0, q, eps]
2.37137 + 5.80308 i
u2prime[1, q, eps]
-2.37137 + 5.80308 i
```

```
ln[81]:= c[q_, epsilon_] := u1[0, q, epsilon] (* cal C *)
      (* c real and equal for (1), (2) *)
      eps := 5
      q := 2.1
      c[q, eps]
      0.664728 - 9.5709 \times 10^{-17} i
      u2[0, q, eps]
      0.664728 + 9.5709 \times 10^{-17} \text{ i}
      u1[1, q, epsilon]
      \texttt{0.664728} \, + \, \texttt{1.15312} \times \texttt{10}^{-18} \, \, \dot{\texttt{1}}
      u2[1, q, epsilon]
      0.664728 + 0.1
      c[2, 3]
      0.762883 + 3.46945 \times 10^{-17} i
      u2[0, 2, 3]
      0.762883 - 4.16334 \times 10^{-17} i
      d[q_{-}, epsilon_{-}] := u1prime[0, q, epsilon] (* cal D *)
      (* d complex and conjugate for (1), (2) *)
      eps := 5
      q := 2.1
      d[q, eps]
      1.66182 + 0.700078 i
      u2prime[0, q, eps]
      1.66182 - 0.700078 i
      d[4.71, eps]
      2.37137 - 5.80308 i
      u2prime[0, 4.71, eps]
```

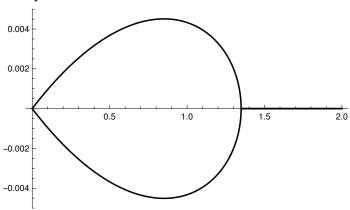
2.37137 + 5.80308 i

Abs[qq[1.1, 1.348]] (\* epsilon=1.348 is critical value for q=1.1 \*) 0.999663

 $Plot[{Re[u1[0.4, 1.1, eps]], Re[u2[0.4, 1.1, eps]]}, {eps, 0, 2}, PlotStyle \rightarrow Black]$ 



 $Plot[{Im[u1[0.4, 1.1, eps]], Im[u2[0.4, 1.1, eps]]}, {eps, 0, 2}, PlotStyle \rightarrow Black]$ 

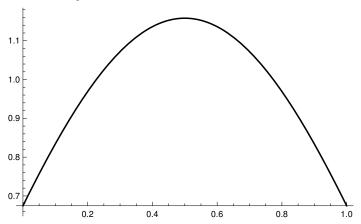


(\* Plot real part of u(x) for epsilon=5, q=omega=2 \*)

eps := 5

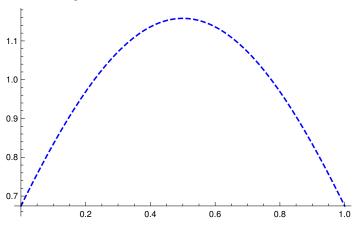
q := 2

pu1 = Plot[Re[u1[x, q, eps]],  $\{x, 0, 1\}$ , PlotStyle  $\rightarrow$  Black]

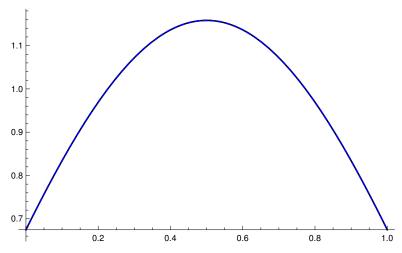


Export["u\_real\_eps5\_omega2.png", pu1, ImageResolution → 300]  $u\_real\_eps5\_omega2.png$ 

 $pu2 = Plot[Re[u2[x, q, eps]], \{x, 0, 1\}, PlotStyle \rightarrow \{Blue, Dashed\}]$ 

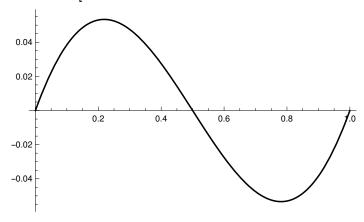


Show[pu1, pu2]

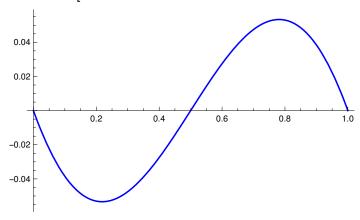


## (\* plot imaginary part of u(x) \*)

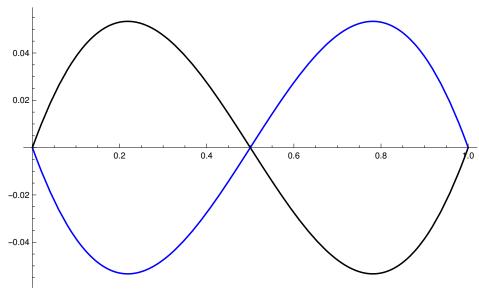
pu3 = Plot[Im[u1[x, q, eps]],  $\{x, 0, 1\}$ , PlotStyle  $\rightarrow$  Black]



pu4 = Plot[Im[u2[x, q, eps]], {x, 0, 1}, PlotStyle  $\rightarrow$  {Blue}]



uim = Show[pu3, pu4]



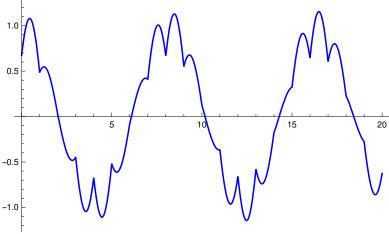
```
Export["u_imaginary_eps5_omega2.png", uim, ImageResolution → 300]
u_imaginary_eps5_omega2.png
```

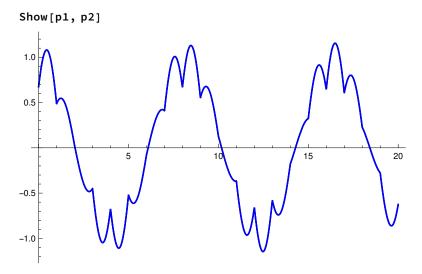
```
(* Plot real and imaginary parts of Bloch functions Phi(x) *)
(* Show Phi_2 = complex conjugate Phi_1 *)
eps := 5
q := 2
p1 = Plot[Re[phi1raw[x, Ceiling[x], q, eps]] / norm1[q, epsilon] ,
  \{x, 0, 20\}, PlotStyle \rightarrow Black
1.0
0.5
                                                   20
-0.5
```

Export["Bloch\_real\_eps5\_omega2.png", p1, ImageResolution → 300] Bloch\_real\_eps5\_omega2.png

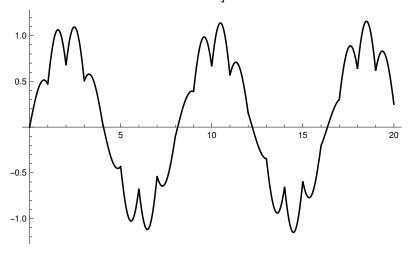
-1.0

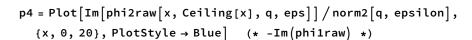
p2 = Plot[Re[phi2raw[x, Ceiling[x], q, eps]] / norm2[q, epsilon], $\{x, 0, 20\}, PlotStyle \rightarrow Blue$ (\* same as Re(phi1) \*)

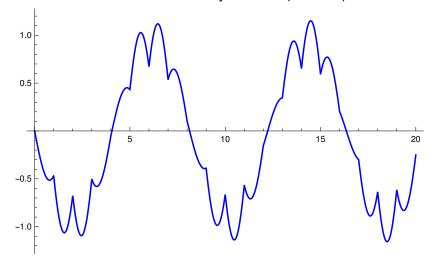




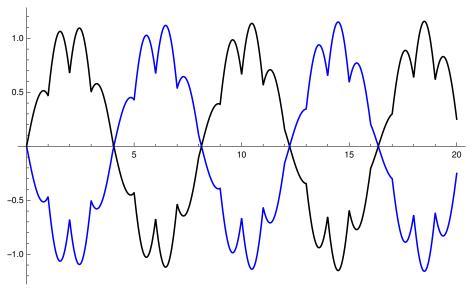
p3 = Plot[Im[phi1raw[x, Ceiling[x], q, eps]] / norm1[q, epsilon], $\{x, 0, 20\}, PlotStyle \rightarrow Black$ 







## blochim = Show[p3, p4]



Export["Bloch\_imaginary\_eps5\_omega2.png", blochim, ImageResolution → 300] Bloch\_imaginary\_eps5\_omega2.png

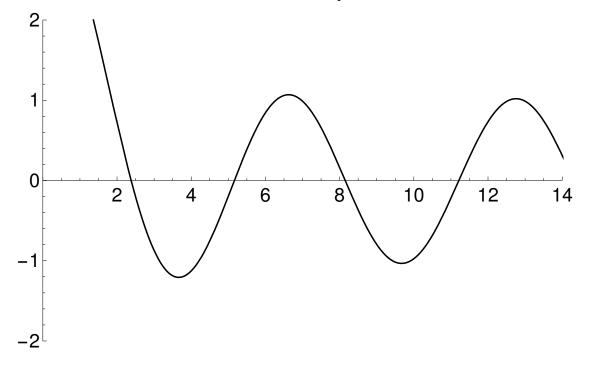
```
(* Show that philraw(x=n,n,q,epsilon) = Exp(i k n) *)
eps := 5
q := 2
phi1raw[7, 7, q, eps] // N
0.6066 - 0.795007 i
```

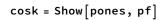
```
Exp[Ikk[q, eps] 7] // N
0.6066 - 0.795007 i
phi1raw[8, 8, q, eps] // N
0.988362 - 0.152117 i
Exp[Ikk[q, eps] 8] // N
0.988362 - 0.152117 i
(* Show that phi2raw(x=n,n,q,epsilon) = Exp(-i k n) *)
eps := 5
q := 2
phi2raw[7, 7, q, eps] // N
0.6066 + 0.795007 i
Exp[-Ikk[q, eps] 7] // N
0.6066 + 0.795007 i
phi2raw[8, 8, q, eps] // N
0.988362 + 0.152117 i
Exp[-Ikk[q, eps] 8] // N
0.988362 + 0.152117 i
(* Illustration: Function cos(k) *)
Clear[q, epsilon]
f[q_] := Cos[q] + epsilon / (2 q) Sin[q] (* q = omega *)
f[q]
Cos[q] + \frac{epsilon Sin[q]}{2 q}
epsilon:= 5
plus[k_] := 1
minus[k_] := -1
```

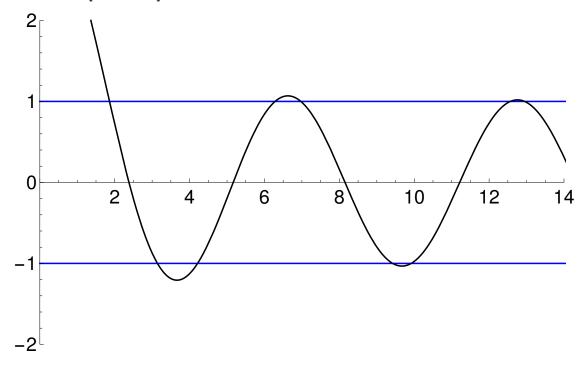
pones =  $Plot[{plus[k], minus[k]}, {k, 0, 19},$ PlotRange → {{0, 14}, {-2, 2}}, PlotStyle → Blue, AxesStyle → Directive[20]] 2 1 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 -1

 $pf = Plot[f[k], \{k, 0, 19\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{0, 14\}, \{-2, 2\}\},$ PlotStyle → Black, AxesStyle → Directive[20]]

-2<sup>-</sup>







Export["cosk.png", cosk, ImageResolution → 300] cosk.png