Ethereum SLIP-39 Account Generation

Perry Kundert

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Creating Ethereum, Bitcoin and other accounts is complex and fraught with potential for loss of funds.

A BIP-39 seed recovery phrase helps, but a **single** lapse in security dooms the account (and all derived accounts, in fact). If someone finds your recovery phrase (or you lose it), the accounts derived from that seed are *gone*.

The SLIP-39 standard allows you to split the seed between 1, 2, or more groups of several mnemonic recovery phrases. This is better, but creating such accounts is difficult; presently, only the Trezor supports these, and they can only be created "manually". Writing down 5 or more sets of 20 words is difficult, error-prone and time consuming.

The python-slip39 project (and the SLIP-39 macOS/win32 App) exists to assist in the safe creation and documentation of Ethereum HD Wallet seeds and derived accounts, with various SLIP-39 sharing parameters. It generates the new random wallet seed, and generates the expected standard Ethereum account(s) (at derivation path m/44'/60'/0'/0/0 by default) and Bitcoin accounts (at Bech32 derivation path m/84'/0'/0'/0'/0 by default), with wallet address and QR code (compatible with Trezor derivations). It produces the required SLIP-39 phrases, and outputs a single PDF containing all the required printable cards to document the seed (and the specified derived accounts).

Output of BIP-38 or JSON encrypted Paper Wallets is supported, for import into standard software cryptocurrency wallets.

On an secure (ideally air-gapped) computer, new seeds can safely be generated and the PDF saved to a USB drive for printing (or directly printed without the file being saved to disk.). Presently, slip39 can output example ETH, BTC, LTC, DOGE, BNB, CRO and XRP addresses derived from the seed, to *illustrate* what accounts are associated with the backed-up seed. Recovery of the seed to a Trezor "Model T" is simple, by entering the mnemonics right on the device.

We also support backup of existing insecure and unreliable BIP-39 Seed Phrases as SLIP-39 Mnemonic cards, for existing BIP-39 hardware wallets like the Ledger Nano, etc.! Recover from your existing BIP-39 Seed Phrase Mnemonic, select "Using BIP-39" (and enter your BIP-39 passphrase), and generate a set of SLIP-39 Mnemonic cards. Later, use the SLIP-39 App to recover from your SLIP-39 Mnemonic cards, click "Using BIP-39" to get your BIP-39 Mnemonic back, and use it (and your passphrase) to recover your accounts to your Ledger (or other) hardware wallet.

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1 Security with Availability

For both BIP-39 and SLIP-39, a 128- or 256-bit random "seed" is the source of an unlimited sequence of Ethereum and Bitcoin HD (Heirarchical Deterministic) derived Wallet accounts. Anyone who can obtain this seed gains control of all Ethereum, Bitcoin (and other) accounts derived from it, so it must be securely stored.

Losing this seed means that all of the HD Wallet accounts are permanently lost. It must be *both* backed up securely, *and* be readily accessible.

Therefore, we must:

- Ensure that nobody untrustworthy can recover the seed, but
- Store the seed in many places, probably with several (some perhaps untrustworthy) people.

How can we address these conflicting requirements?

1.1 Shamir's Secret Sharing System (SSSS)

Satoshi Lab's (Trezor) SLIP-39 uses SSSS to distribute the ability to recover the key to 1 or more "groups". Collecting the mnemonics from the required number of groups allows recovery of the seed.

For BIP-39, the number of groups is always 1, and the number of mnemonics required for that group is always 1. This selection is both insecure (easy to accidentally disclose) and unreliable (easy to accidentally lose), but since most hardware wallets, **only** accept BIP-39 phrases, we also provide a way to backup your BIP-39 phrase using SLIP-39!

For SLIP-39, you specify a "group_threshold" of *how many* of your groups must be successfully collected, to recover the seed; this seed is (conceptually) split between 1 or more groups (though not in reality – each group's data *alone* gives away *no information* about the seed).

For example, you might have First, Second, Fam and Frens groups, and decide that any 2 groups can be combined to recover the seed. Each group has members with varying levels of trust and persistence, so have different number of Members, and differing numbers Required to recover that group's data:

| Group | Required | | Members | Description |
|--------|----------|-----|---------|---------------------------------------|
| First | 1 , | / | 1 | Stored at home |
| Second | 1 | / | 1 | Stored in office safe |
| Fam | 2 | / . | 4 | Distributed to family members |
| Frens | 3 | / | 6 | Distributed to friends and associates |

The account owner might store their First and Second group data in their home and office safes. These are 1/1 groups (1 required, and only 1 member, so each of these are 1-card groups.)

If the Seed needs to be recovered, collecting the First and Second cards from the home and office safe is sufficient to recover the Seed, and re-generate all of the HD Wallet accounts.

Only 2 Fam group member's cards must be collected to recover the Fam group's data. So, if the HD Wallet owner loses their home (and the one and only First group card) in a fire, they could get the one Second group card from the office safe, and also 2 cards from Fam group members, and recover the Seed and all of their wallets.

If catastrophe strikes and the wallet owner dies, and the heirs don't have access to either the First (at home) or Second (at the office) cards, they can collect 2 Fam cards and 3 Frens cards (at the funeral, for example), completing the Fam and Frens groups' data, and recover the Seed, and all derived HD Wallet accounts.

Since Frens are less likely to persist long term, we'll produce more (6) of these cards. Depending on how trustworthy the group is, adjust the Fren group's Required number higher (less trustworthy, more likely to know each-other, need to collect more to recover the group), or lower (more trustworthy, less likely to collude, need less to recover).

2 SLIP-39 Account Creation, Recovery and Generation

Generating a new SLIP-39 encoded Seed is easy, with results available as PDF and text. Any number of derived HD wallet account addresses can be generated from this Seed, and the Seed (and all derived HD wallets, for all cryptocurrencies) can be recovered by collecting the desired groups of recover card phrases. The default recovery groups are as described above.

2.1 Creating New SLIP-39 Recoverable Seeds

This is what the first page of the output SLIP-39 mnemonic cards PDF looks like:

Run the following to obtain a PDF file containing business cards with the default SLIP-39 groups for a new account Seed named "Personal"; insert a USB drive to collect the output, and run:

The resultant PDF will be output into the designated file.

This PDF file contains business card sized SLIP-39 Mnemonic cards, and will print on a single page of 8-1/2"x11" paper or card stock, and the cards can be cut out (--card index, credit, half (page), third and quarter are also available, as well as 4x6 photo and custom "(<h>,<w>),<margin>").

To get the data printed on the terminal as in this example (so you could write it down on cards instead), add a -v (to see it logged in a tabular format), or --text to have it printed to stdout in full lines (ie. for pipelining to other programs).

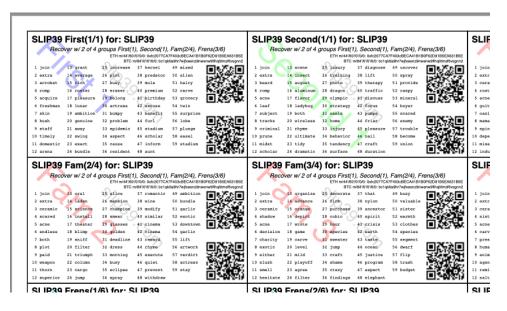


Figure 1: SLIP-39 Cards PDF (from --secret ffff...)

2.1.1 Paper Wallets

The Trezor hardware wallet natively supports the input of SLIP-39 Mnemonics. However, most software wallets do not (yet) support SLIP-39. So, how do we load the Crypto wallets produced from our Seed into software wallets such as the Metamask plugin or the Brave browser, for example?

The slip39.gui (and the macOS/win32 SLIP-39.App) support output of standard BIP-38 encrypted wallets for Bitcoin-like cryptocurrencies such as BTC, LTC and DOGE. It also outputs encrypted Ethereum JSON wallets for ETH. Here is how to produce them (from a test secret Seed; exclude --secret ffff... for yours!):

And what they look like:

To recover your real SLIP-39 Seed Entropy and print wallets, use the SLIP-39 App's "Recover" Controls, or to do so on the command-line, use slip39-recover:

```
slip39-recovery -v \
--mnemonic "material leaf acrobat romp charity capital omit skunk change firm eclipse crush fancy best tracks flip grownup
--mnemonic "material leaf beard romp disaster duke flame uncover group slice guest blue gums duckling total suitab
2>&1
```

You can run this as a command-line pipeline. Here, we use some SLIP-39 Mnemonics that encode the ffff... Seed Entropy; note that the wallets match those output above:



Figure 2: Paper Wallets (from --secret ffff...)

```
slip39-recovery \
--mnemonic "material leaf acrobat romp charity capital omit skunk change firm eclipse crush fancy best tracks flip grownup
--mnemonic "material leaf beard romp disaster duke flame uncover group slice guest blue gums duckling total suitab
| slip39 -c ETH -c BTC -c DOGE -c LTC --secret - \
--no-card --wallet password --wallet-hint 'bad:pass...' \
2>&1
```

2.1.2 Supported Cryptocurrencies

While the SLIP-39 Seed is not cryptocurrency-specific (any wallet for any cryptocurrency can be derived from it), each type of cryptocurrency has its own standard derivation path (eg. m/44'/3'/0'/0/0 for DOGE), and its own address representation (eg. Bech32 at m/84'/0'/0'/0/0 for BTC eg. bc1qcupw7k8enymvvsa7w35j5hq4ergtvus3zk8a8s.

When you import your SLIP-39 Seed into a Trezor, you gain access to all derived HD cryptocurrency wallets supported directly by that hardware wallet, and **indirectly**, to any coin and/or blockchain network supported by any wallet software (eg. Metamask).

| Crypto | Semantic | Path | Address | Support |
|--------|----------|------------------|----------------------------|---------|
| ETH | Legacy | m/44'/60'/0'/0/0 | 0x | |
| BNB | Legacy | m/44'/60'/0'/0/0 | 0x | Beta |
| CRO | Bech32 | m/44'/60'/0'/0/0 | $\operatorname{crc1}\dots$ | Beta |
| BTC | Legacy | m/44'/ 0'/0'/0/0 | 1 | |
| | SegWit | m/44'/ 0'/0'/0/0 | 3 | |
| | Bech32 | m/84'/ 0'/0'/0/0 | bc1 | |
| LTC | Legacy | m/44'/ 2'/0'/0/0 | L | |
| | SegWit | m/44'/ 2'/0'/0/0 | M | |
| | Bech32 | m/84'/ 2'/0'/0/0 | ltc1 | |
| DOGE | Legacy | m/44'/ 3'/0'/0/0 | D | |

1. ETH, BTC, LTC, DOGE

These coins are natively supported both directly by the Trezor hardware wallet, and by most software wallets and "web3" platforms that interact with the Trezor, or can import the BIP-38 or Ethereum JSON Paper Wallets produced by python-slip39.

2. BNB on the Binance Smart Chain (BSC): binance.com

The Binance Smart Chain uses standard Ethereum addresses; support for the BSC is added directly to the wallet software; here are the instructions for adding BSC support for the Trezor hardware wallet, using the Metamask software wallet. In python-slip39, BNB is simply an alias for ETH, since the wallet addresses and Ethereum JSON Paper Wallets are identical.

3. CRO on Cronos: crypto.com

The Cronos chain (formerly known as the Crypto.org chain). It is the native chain of the crypto.com CRO coin.

Cronos also uses Ethereum addresses on the m/44'/60'/0'/0/0 derivation path, but represents them as Bech32 addresses with a "crc" prefix, eg. crc19a6r74dvfxjyvjzf3pg9y3y5rhk6rds2c As with BNB, the wallet must support the Cronos blockchain; instructions exist for adding CRO support for the Trezor hardware wallet, using the Metamask software wallet.

2.2 The macOS/win32 SLIP-39.app GUI App

If you prefer a graphical user-interface, try the macOS/win32 SLIP-39.App. You can run it directly if you install Python 3.9+ from python.org/downloads or using homebrew brew install python-tk@3.10. Then, start the GUI in a variety of ways:

```
slip39-gui
python3 -m slip39.gui
```

Alternatively, download and install the macOS/win32 GUI App .zip, .pkg or .dmg installer from github.com/pjkundert/python-slip-39/releases.

2.3 The Python slip39 CLI

From the command line, you can create SLIP-39 Seed Mnemonic card PDFs.

2.3.1 slip39 Synopsis

The full command-line argument synopsis for slip39 is:

```
| sed 's/^/: /' # (just for output formatting)
slip39 --help 2>&1
: usage: slip39 [-h] [-v] [-q] [-o OUTPUT] [-t THRESHOLD] [-g GROUP] [-f FORMAT]
                [-c CRYPTOCURRENCY] [-p PATH] [-j JSON] [-w WALLET]
                [--wallet-hint WALLET_HINT] [--wallet-format WALLET_FORMAT]
                [-s SECRET] [--bits BITS] [--using-bip39]
                [--passphrase PASSPHRASE] [-C CARD] [--no-card] [--paper PAPER]
                [--cover] [--no-cover] [--text]
                [names ...]
: Create and output SLIP-39 encoded Seeds and Paper Wallets to a PDF file.
: positional arguments:
   names
                          Account names to produce; if --secret Entropy is
                          supplied, only one is allowed.
: optional arguments:
   -h, --help
                          show this help message and exit
    -v, --verbose
                          Display logging information.
   -q, --quiet
                          Reduce logging output.
   -o OUTPUT, --output OUTPUT
                          Output PDF to file or '-' (stdout); formatting w/
                          name, date, time, crypto, path, address allowed
   -t THRESHOLD, --threshold THRESHOLD
                          Number of groups required for recovery (default: half
                          of groups, rounded up)
   -g GROUP, --group GROUP
                          A group name[[<require>/]<size>] (default: <size> = 1,
                          <require> = half of <size>, rounded up, eg.
                          'Frens(3/5)').
    -f FORMAT, --format FORMAT
                          Specify crypto address formats: legacy, segwit,
                          bech32; default: ETH:legacy, BTC:bech32, LTC:bech32,
                          DOGE:legacy, CRO:bech32, BNB:legacy, XRP:legacy
    -c CRYPTOCURRENCY, --cryptocurrency CRYPTOCURRENCY
                          A crypto name and optional derivation path (eg.
                          '.../<range>/<range>'); defaults: ETH:m/44'/60'/0'/0/0,
                          BTC:m/84'/0'/0'/0/0, LTC:m/84'/2'/0'/0/0,
                          DOGE:m/44'/3'/0'/0/0, CRO:m/44'/60'/0'/0/0,
                          BNB:m/44'/60'/0'/0/0, XRP:m/44'/144'/0'/0/0
    -p PATH, --path PATH Modify all derivation paths by replacing the final
                          segment(s) w/ the supplied range(s), eg. '.../1/-'
                          means \ldots/1/[0,\ldots)
    -j JSON, --json JSON Save an encrypted JSON wallet for each Ethereum
                          address w/ this password, '-' reads it from stdin
                          (default: None)
    -w WALLET, --wallet WALLET
                          Produce paper wallets in output PDF; each wallet
                          private key is encrypted this password
    --wallet-hint WALLET_HINT
                          Paper wallets password hint
    --wallet-format WALLET_FORMAT
                          Paper wallet size; half, third, quarter or
```

```
'(<h>,<w>), <margin>' (default: quarter)
-s SECRET, --secret SECRET
                      Use the supplied 128-, 256- or 512-bit hex value as
                      the secret seed; '-' reads it from stdin (eg. output
                      from slip39.recover)
--bits BITS
                      Ensure that the seed is of the specified bit length;
                      128, 256, 512 supported.
--using-bip39
                      Generate Seed from secret Entropy using BIP-39
                      generation algorithm (encode as BIP-39 Mnemonics,
                      encrypted using --passphrase)
--passphrase PASSPHRASE
                      Encrypt the master secret w/ this passphrase, '-'
                      reads it from stdin (default: None/'')
-C CARD, --card CARD Card size; business, credit, index, half, third,
                      quarter, photo or '(<h>,<w>),<margin>' (default:
                      business)
                     Disable PDF SLIP-39 mnemonic card output
--no-card
--paper PAPER
                     Paper size (default: Letter)
--cover
                      Produce PDF SLIP-39 cover page
--no-cover
                      Disable PDF SLIP-39 cover page
                      Enable textual SLIP-39 mnemonic output to stdout
--text
```

2.4 Recovery & Re-Creation

Later, if you need to recover the wallet seed, keep entering SLIP-39 mnemonics into slip39-recovery until the secret is recovered (invalid/duplicate mnemonics will be ignored):

```
$ python3 -m slip39.recovery # (or just "slip39-recovery")
Enter 1st SLIP-39 mnemonic: ab c
Enter 2nd SLIP-39 mnemonic: veteran guilt acrobat romp burden campus purple webcam uncover ...
Enter 3rd SLIP-39 mnemonic: veteran guilt acrobat romp burden campus purple webcam uncover ...
Enter 4th SLIP-39 mnemonic: veteran guilt beard romp dragon island merit burden aluminum worthy ...
2021-12-25 11:03:33 slip39.recovery Recovered SLIP-39 secret; Use: python3 -m slip39 --secret ...
383597fd63547e7c9525575decd413f7
```

Finally, re-create the wallet seed, perhaps including an encrypted JSON Paper Wallet for import of some accounts into a software wallet (use --json password to output encrypted Ethereum JSON wallet files):

slip39 --secret 383597fd63547e7c9525575decd413f7 --wallet password --wallet-hint bad:pass... 2>&1

2.4.1 slip39.recovery Synopsis

```
slip39-recovery --help 2>&1
                                          | sed 's/^/: /' # (just for output formatting)
: usage: slip39-recovery [-h] [-v] [-q] [-m MNEMONIC] [-e] [-b] [-u]
                        [-p PASSPHRASE]
: Recover and output secret Seed from SLIP-39 or BIP-39 Mnemonics
: optional arguments:
: -h, --help
                         show this help message and exit
   -v, --verbose
                         Display logging information.
   -q, --quiet
                         Reduce logging output.
   -m MNEMONIC, --mnemonic MNEMONIC
                         Supply another SLIP-39 (or a BIP-39) mnemonic phrase
   -e, --entropy
                         Return the BIP-39 Mnemonic Seed Entropy instead of the
```

```
generated Seed (default: False)
   -b, --bip39
                          Recover Entropy and generate 512-bit secret Seed from
                          BIP-39 Mnemonic + passphrase
                          Recover Entropy from SLIP-39, generate 512-bit secret
   -u, --using-bip39
                          Seed using BIP-39 Mnemonic + passphrase
    -p PASSPHRASE, --passphrase PASSPHRASE
                          Decrypt the SLIP-39 or BIP-39 master secret w/ this
                          passphrase, '-' reads it from stdin (default: None/'')
: If you obtain a threshold number of SLIP-39 mnemonics, you can recover the original
: secret Seed Entropy, and then re-generate one or more wallets from it.
: Enter the mnemonics when prompted and/or via the command line with -m |--mnemonic "...".
: The secret Seed Entropy can then be used to generate a new SLIP-39 encoded wallet:
      python3 -m slip39 --secret = "ab04...7f"
: SLIP-39 Mnemonics may be encrypted with a passphrase; this is *not* Ledger-compatible, so it rarely
: recommended! Typically, on a Trezor "Model T", you recover using your SLIP-39 Mnemonics, and then
: use the "Hidden wallet" feature (passwords entered on the device) to produce alternative sets of
: BIP-39 Mnemonics can be backed up as SLIP-39 Mnemonics, in two ways:
: 1) The actual BIP-39 standard 512-bit Seed can be generated by supplying --passphrase, but only at
: the cost of 59-word SLIP-39 mnemonics. This is because the *output* 512-bit BIP-39 Seed must be
: stored in SLIP-39 -- not the *input* 128-, 160-, 192-, 224-, or 256-bit entropy used to create the
: original BIP-39 mnemonic phrase.
: 2) The original BIP-39 12- or 24-word, 128- to 256-bit Seed Entropy can be recovered by supplying
: --entropy. This modifies the BIP-39 recovery to return the original BIP-39 Mnemonic Entropy, before
: decryption and seed generation. It has no effect for SLIP-39 recovery.
```

2.4.2 Pipelining slip39.recovery | slip39 --secret -

The tools can be used in a pipeline to avoid printing the secret. Here we generate some mnemonics, sorting them in reverse order so we need more than just the first couple to recover. Observe the Ethereum wallet address generated.

Then, we recover the master secret seed in hex with slip39-recovery, and finally send it to slip39 --secret - to re-generate the same wallet as we originally created.

```
( python3 -m slip39 --text --no-card \
      | ( sort -r ; echo "...later..." 1>&2 ) \
      | python3 -m slip39.recovery \
      | python3 -m slip39 --secret - --no-card \
   ) 2>&1
2022-05-16 21:28:14 slip39.layout
                                         m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
                                    ETH
                                                               : 0x36229f19f34d491D50E02Cab5d536c0deB6E88Df
2022-05-16 21:28:14 slip39.layout
                                         m/84'/0'/0'/0/0
                                                              : bc1qsr0d4c4aurggz9thj7qmrc099xjlu2wuzx3jsy
...later...
2022-05-16 21:28:14 slip39.layout
                                    ETH
                                          m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
                                                               : 0x36229f19f34d491D50E02Cab5d536c0deB6E88Df
2022-05-16 21:28:14 slip39.layout
                                    BTC
                                           m/84'/0'/0'/0/0
                                                               : bc1qsr0d4c4aurggz9thj7qmrc099xjlu2wuzx3jsy
```

2.5 Generation of Addresses

For systems that require a stream of groups of wallet Addresses (eg. for preparing invoices for clients, with a choice of cryptocurrency payment options), slip-generator can produce a stream of groups of addresses.

2.5.1 slip39-generator Synopsis

```
slip39-generator --help --version
                                           | sed 's/^/: /' # (just for output formatting)
: usage: slip39-generator [-h] [-v] [-q] [-s SECRET] [-f FORMAT]
                           [-c CRYPTOCURRENCY] [--path PATH] [-d DEVICE]
                          [--baudrate BAUDRATE] [-e ENCRYPT] [--decrypt ENCRYPT]
                          [--enumerated] [--no-enumerate] [--receive]
                          [--corrupt CORRUPT]
: Generate public wallet address(es) from a secret seed
: optional arguments:
   -h, --help
                          show this help message and exit
    -v, --verbose
                          Display logging information.
   -q, --quiet
                          Reduce logging output.
    -s SECRET, --secret SECRET
                          Use the supplied 128-, 256- or 512-bit hex value as
                          the secret seed; '-' (default) reads it from stdin
                          (eg. output from slip39.recover)
    -f FORMAT, --format FORMAT
                          Specify crypto address formats: legacy, segwit,
                          bech32; default: ETH:legacy, BTC:bech32, LTC:bech32,
                          DOGE:legacy, CRO:bech32, BNB:legacy, XRP:legacy
    -c CRYPTOCURRENCY, --cryptocurrency CRYPTOCURRENCY
                          A crypto name and optional derivation path (default:
                          "ETH:{Account.path_default('ETH')}"), optionally w/
                          ranges, eg: ETH:../0/-
    --path PATH
                          Modify all derivation paths by replacing the final
                          segment(s) w/ the supplied range(s), eg. '.../1/-'
                          means .../1/[0,...)
   -d DEVICE, --device DEVICE
                          Use this serial device to transmit (or --receive)
                          records
   --baudrate BAUDRATE
                          Set the baud rate of the serial device (default:
                          115200)
    -e ENCRYPT, --encrypt ENCRYPT
                          Secure the channel from errors and/or prying eyes with
                          ChaCha20Poly1305 encryption w/ this password; '-'
                          reads from stdin
    --decrypt ENCRYPT
   --enumerated
                          Include an enumeration in each record output (required
                          for --encrypt)
                          Disable enumeration of output records
    --no-enumerate
   --receive
                          Receive a stream of slip.generator output
   --corrupt CORRUPT
                          Corrupt a percentage of output symbols
: Once you have a secret seed (eg. from slip39.recovery), you can generate a sequence : of HD wallet addresses from it. Emits rows in the form:
      <enumeration> [<address group(s)>]
: If the output is to be transmitted by an insecure channel (eg. a serial port), which may insert
: errors or allow leakage, it is recommended that the records be encrypted with a cryptographic
: function that includes a message authentication code. We use ChaCha20Poly1305 with a password and a
: random nonce generated at program start time. This nonce is incremented for each record output.
: Since the receiver requires the nonce to decrypt, and we do not want to separately transmit the
: nonce and supply it to the receiver, the first record emitted when --encrypt is specified is the
: random nonce, encrypted with the password, itself with a known nonce of all 0 bytes. The plaintext
: data is random, while the nonce is not, but since this construction is only used once, it should be
: satisfactory. This first nonce record is transmitted with an enumeration prefix of "nonce".
```

2.5.2 Producing Addresses

Addresses can be produced in plaintext or encrypted, and output to stdout or to a serial port.

```
0: [["ETH", "m/44'/60'/0'/0/0", "0x824b174803e688dE39aF5B3D7Cd39bE6515A19a1"], ["BTC", "m/84'/0'/0'/0/0", "bc1q9yscq3l2yfx 1: [["ETH", "m/44'/60'/0'/0/1", "0x8D342083549C635C0494d3c77567860ee7456963"], ["BTC", "m/84'/0'/0'/0/1", "bc1qnec684yvuhf 2: [["ETH", "m/44'/60'/0'/0/2", "0x52787E24965E1aBd691df77827A3CfA90f0166AA"], ["BTC", "m/84'/0'/0'/0/2", "bc1q2snj0zcg23d3: [["ETH", "m/44'/60'/0'/0/3", "0xc2442382Ae70c77d6B6840EC6637dB2422E1D44e"], ["BTC", "m/84'/0'/0'/0/3", "bc1qxwekjd46aa5
```

To produce accounts from a BIP-39 or SLIP-39 seed, recover it using slip39-recovery. Here's an example of recovering a test BIP-39 seed; note that it yields the well-known ETH 0xfc20...1B5E and BTC bc1qk0...gnn2 accounts associated with this test Mnemonic:

We can encrypt the output, to secure the sequence (and due to integrated MACs, ensures no errors occur over an insecure channel like a serial cable):

nonce: 6f0173560e2642fdc37047b250406d60f785027e303e3c894b8937ca

- 0: 66892caee6b493ba2d4b116cc097b0ce5552dfdb448a49a6af48a61d432afed712fd27b48b6d57c9618a2dbeb625c8980b92311be0b3da752d1
- 2: 8fe98e310b4bd33ea223b99fe10a30834fbe3e57625c2db8395cd8b60d042519e6301fc81cc98e395b85fa9719f5c5da70b82b8c338ca0b4a263: 8730ba8c437e16b671a38c54aea8daa1b6c80946c1a82326832c4614437d36f889fd9e285367bd192c94e5f7f850457b4829d06cb22e0f2b1fe
- On the manipular computer we can downt and recover the street of accounts from

On the receiving computer, we can decrypt and recover the stream of accounts from the wallet seed; any rows with errors are ignored:

2.6 The slip39 module API

Provide SLIP-39 Mnemonic set creation from a 128-bit master secret, and recovery of the secret from a subset of the provided Mnemonic set.

2.6.1 slip39.create

Creates a set of SLIP-39 groups and their mnemonics.

```
Description
   Key
   name
                                              Who/what the account is for
   {\tt group\_threshold}
                                             How many groups' data is required to recover the account
(s) \,
                                              Each group's description, as \{"\leq poup > ": (\leq poup > ": (\leq poup > ": (\leq poup > poup 
   groups
                                             128-bit secret (default: from secrets.token bytes)
   master secret
                                             An optional additional passphrase required to recover secret (default: "")
   passphrase
   using_bip39
                                             Produce wallet Seed from master_secret Entropy using BIP-39 generation
   iteration exponent
                                             For encrypted secret, exponentially increase PBKDF2 rounds (default: 1)
   cryptopaths
                                             A number of crypto names, and their derivation paths ]
   strength
                                             Desired master_secret strength, in bits (default: 128)
Outputs a slip39. Details named tuple containing:
                                        Description
   Key
                                         (same)
   name
   group threshold
                                         (same)
                                        Like groups, w/ <members> = ["<mnemonics>", ...]
   groups
   accounts
                                         Resultant list of groups of accounts
                                        Seed produced from entropy using BIP-39 generation
   using_bip39
This is immediately usable to pass to slip39.output.
import codecs
import random
#
# NOTE:
# We turn off randomness here during SLIP-39 generation to get deterministic phrases;
# during normal operation, secure entropy is used during mnemonic generation, yielding
# random phrases, even when the same seed is used multiple times.
import shamir_mnemonic
shamir_mnemonic.shamir.RANDOM_BYTES = lambda n: b'\00' * n
import slip39
                                           = [("ETH", "m/44'/60', 0', 0/-2"), ("BTC", "m/44', 0', 0', 0/-2")]
cryptopaths
                                           = b'\xFF' * 16
{\tt master\_secret}
passphrase
                                           = b""
create details
                                          = slip39.create(
         "Test", 2, { "Mine": (1,1), "Fam": (2,3) },
        master_secret=master_secret, passphrase=passphrase, cryptopaths=cryptopaths )
Γ
         Γ
                 f"\{g_name\}(\{g_of\}/\{len(g_mnems)\}) \ \#\{g_n+1\}: " \ if \ l_n == 0 \ else \ ""
        ] + words
        for g_name,(g_of,g_mnems) in create_details.groups.items()
        for g_n,mnem in enumerate( g_mnems )
        for l_n,(line,words) in enumerate(slip39.organize_mnemonic(
                         mnem, label=f"\{g_name\}(\{g_of\}/\{len(g_mnems)\}) #\{g_n+1\}:" ))
]
```

```
Mine(1/1) #1:
                                                 15 standard
                   1 academic
                                  8 safari
                                  9 drug
                    2 acid
                                                 16 angry
                   3 acrobat
                                  10 browser
                                                 17 similar
                   4 easy
                                  11 \text{ trash}
                                                 18 aspect
                   5 change
                                  12 fridge
                                                 19 smug
                   6 injury
                                  13 busy
                                                 20 violence
                   7 painting
                                  14 finger
 Fam(2/3) #1:
                    1 academic
                                  8 prevent
                                                 15 \, \mathrm{dwarf}
                    2 acid
                                  9 \text{ mouse}
                                                 16 dream
                   3 beard
                                  10 daughter
                                                 17 flavor
                   4 echo
                                  11 ancient
                                                 18 oral
                   5 crystal
                                  12 fortune
                                                 19 chest
                    6 machine
                                  13 ruin
                                                 20 marathon
                   7 bolt
                                  14 warmth
 Fam(2/3) #2:
                    1 academic
                                  8 prune
                                                 15 briefing
                   2 acid
                                  9 pickup
                                                 16 often
                   3 beard
                                  10 device
                                                 17 escape
                   4 email
                                  11 device
                                                 18 sprinkle
                   5 dive
                                  12 peanut
                                                 19 segment
                   6 warn
                                  13 enemy
                                                 20 devote
                   7 ranked
                                  14 graduate
 Fam(2/3) #3:
                    1 academic
                                  8 dining
                                                 15 intimate
                    2 acid
                                                 16 satoshi
                                  9 invasion
                   3 beard
                                                 17 hobo
                                  10 bumpy
                   4 entrance
                                  11 identify
                                                 18 ounce
                                  12 anxiety
                                                 19 both
                   5 alarm
                   6 health
                                  13 august
                                                 20 award
                    7 discuss
                                  14 sunlight
Add the resultant HD Wallet addresses:
```

```
[ account.path, account.address ]
  for group in create_details.accounts
  for account in group
                  0x824b174803e688dE39aF5B3D7Cd39bE6515A19a1
m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
m/44'/0'/0'/0/0
                    bc1qm5ua96hx30snwrwsfnv97q96h53l86ded7wmjl
m/44'/60'/0'/0/1
                    0x8D342083549C635C0494d3c77567860ee7456963\\
m/44'/0'/0'/0/1
                      bc1qwz6v9z49z8mk5ughj7r78hjsp45jsxgzh29lnh
m/44'/60'/0'/0/2
                   0x52787E24965E1aBd691df77827A3CfA90f0166AA\\
m/44'/0'/0'/0/2
                    bc1q690m430qu29auyefarwfrvfumncunvyw6v53n9
```

2.6.2slip39.produce_pdf

| Key | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| name | (same as slip39.create) |
| group_threshold | (same as slip39.create) |
| groups | Like groups, $w/$ <members> = ["<mnemonics>",]</mnemonics></members> |
| accounts | Resultant { "path": Account,} |
| using_bip 39 | Generate Seed from Entropy via BIP-39 generation algorithm |
| card format | 'index', '(<h>,<w>),<margin>',</margin></w></h> |
| paper_format | 'Letter', |
| orientation | Force an orientation (default: portrait, landscape) |
| cover text | Produce a cover page w/ the text (and BIP-39 Phrase if using bip39) |

Layout and produce a PDF containing all the SLIP-39 details on cards for the crypto accounts, on the paper format provided. Returns the paper (orientation, format) used, the FPDF, and passes through the supplied cryptocurrency accounts derived.

2.6.3 slip39.write_pdfs

| Key | Description |
|---|--|
| names | A sequence of Seed names, or a dict of { name: <details> } (from slip39.create)</details> |
| master_secret | A Seed secret (only appropriate if exactly one name supplied) |
| passphrase | A SLIP-39 passphrase (not Trezor compatible; use "hidden wallet" phrase on device instead) |
| using_bip 39 | Generate Seed from Entropy via BIP-39 generation algorithm |
| group | A dict of $\{"\leq poup > ": (\leq po$ |
| $group_threshold$ | How many groups are required to recover the Seed |
| cryptocurrency | A sequence of [" <crypto>", "<crypto>:<derivation>",] w/ optional ranges</derivation></crypto></crypto> |
| edit | Derivation range(s) for each cryptocurrency, eg. "/0-4/-9" is 9 accounts first 5 change addresses |
| $\operatorname{card}_{\operatorname{format}}$ | Card size (eg. "credit"); False specifies no SLIP-39 cards (ie. only BIP-39 or JSON paper wallets) |
| paper_format | Paper size (eg. "letter") |
| filename | A filename; may contain "{name}" formatting, for name, date, time, crypto path and address |
| filepath | A file path, if PDF output to file is desired; empty implies current dir. |
| printer | A printer name (or True for default), if output to printer is desired |
| $json_pwd$ | If password supplied, encrypted Ethereum JSON wallet files will be saved, and produced into PDF |
| text | If True, outputs SLIP-39 phrases to stdout |
| $wallet_pwd$ | If password supplied, produces encrypted BIP-38 or JSON Paper Wallets to PDF (preferred vs. json_pwd) |
| $wallet_pwd_hint$ | An optional passphrase hint, printed on paper wallet |
| $wallet_format$ | Paper wallet size, (eg. "third"); the default is $1/3$ letter size |
| $wallet_paper$ | Other paper format (default: Letter) |
| cover_page | A bool indicating whether to produce a cover page (default: True) |

For each of the names provided, produces a separate PDF containing all the SLIP-39 details and optionally encrypted BIP-38 paper wallets and Ethereum JSON wallets for the specified cryptocurrency accounts derived from the seed, and writes the PDF and JSON wallets to the specified file name(s).

```
slip39.write_pdfs( ... )
```

2.6.4 slip39.recover

Takes a number of SLIP-39 mnemonics, and if sufficient group_threshold groups' mnemonics are present (and the options passphrase is supplied), the master_secret is recovered. This can be used with slip39.accounts to directly obtain any Account data.

Note that the SLIP-39 passphrase is **not** checked; entering a different passphrase for the same set of mnemonics will recover a **different** wallet! This is by design; it allows the holder of the SLIP-39 mnemonic phrases to recover a "decoy" wallet by supplying a specific passphrase, while protecting the "primary" wallet.

Therefore, it is **essential** to remember any non-default (non-empty) passphrase used, separately and securely. Take great care in deciding if you wish to use a passphrase with your SLIP-39 wallet!

```
Key
               Description
               ["<mnemonics>", \dots]
 mnemonics
               Optional passphrase to decrypt secret Seed Entropy
               Use BIP-39 Seed generation from recover Entropy
 using\_bip39
# Recover with the wrong password (on purpose, as a decoy wallet w/ a small amount)
                = slip39.recover(
recoverydecoy
    create_details.groups['Mine'][1][:] + create_details.groups['Fam'][1][:2],
   passphrase=b"wrong!"
recoverydecoy_hex = codecs.encode( recoverydecoy, 'hex_codec' ).decode( 'ascii' )
# But, recovering w/ correct passphrase yields our original Seed Entropy
recoveryvalid
                    = slip39.recover(
    create_details.groups['Mine'][1][:] + create_details.groups['Fam'][1][:2],
    passphrase=passphrase
recoveryvalid_hex = codecs.encode( recoveryvalid, 'hex_codec' ).decode( 'ascii' )
  [ f"{len(recoverydecoy)*8}-bit secret (decoy):", f"{recoverydecoy_hex}"],
  [ f"{len(recoveryvalid)*8}-bit secret recovered:", f"{recoveryvalid_hex}" ]
 128-bit secret (decoy):
                          2e522cea2b566840495c220cf79c756e
 128-bit secret recovered:
                         HITTHINITHINITHINITH
```

2.6.5 slip39.recover_bip39

Generate the 512-bit Seed from a BIP-39 Mnemonic + passphrase. Or, return the original 128- to 256-bit Seed Entropy, if as_entropy is specified.

| Key | Description |
|---------------|--|
| mnemonic | " <mnemonic>"</mnemonic> |
| passphrase | Optional passphrase to decrypt secret Seed Entropy |
| $as_entropy$ | Return the BIP-39 Seed Entropy, not the generated Seed |

2.6.6 slip39.produce_bip39

Produce a BIP-39 Mnemonic from the supplied 128- to 256-bit Seed Entropy.

| Key | Description |
|----------|---|
| entropy | The bytes of Seed Entropy |
| strength | Or, the number of bits of Entropy to produce (Default: 128) |
| language | Default is "english" |

3 Conversion from BIP-39 to SLIP-39

If we already have a BIP-39 wallet, it would certainly be nice to be able to create nice, safe SLIP-39 mnemonics for it, and discard the unsafe BIP-39 mnemonics we have lying around, just waiting to be accidentally discovered and the account compromised!

Fortunately, **we can** do this! It takes a bit of practice to become comfortable with the process, but once you do – you can confidently discard your original insecure and unreliable BIP-39 Mnemonic backups.

3.1 BIP-39 vs. SLIP-39 Incompatibility

Unfortunately, it is **not possible** to cleanly convert a BIP-39 generated wallet Seed into a SLIP-39 wallet. Both BIP-39 and SLIP-39 preserve the original 128- to 256-bit Seed Entropy (random) bits, but these bits are used **very differently** – and incompatibly – to generate the resultant wallet Seed.

In native SLIP-39, the original, recovered Seed Entropy (128- or 256-bits) is used directly by the BIP-44 wallet derivation. In BIP-39, the Seed entropy is not directly used at all! It is only **indirectly** used; the BIP-39 Seed Phrase (which contains the exact, original entropy) is used, as normalized text, as input to a hashing function, along with some other fixed text, to produce a 512-bit Seed, which is then fed into the BIP-44 wallet derivation process.

The least desirable method is to preserve the 512-bit **output** of the BIP-39 mnemonic phrase as a set of 512-bit (59-word) SLIP-39 Mnemonics. But first, lets review how BIP-39 works.

3.1.1 BIP-39 Entropy to Mnemonic

BIP-39 uses a single set of 12, 15, 18, 21 or 24 BIP-39 words to carefully preserve a specific 128 to 256 bits of initial Seed Entropy. Here's a 128-bit (12-word) example using some fixed "entropy" 0xFFFF. FFFF. You'll note that, from the BIP-39 Mnemonic, we can either recover the original 128-bit Seed Entropy, or we can generate the resultant 512-bit Seed w/ the correct passphrase:

```
from mnemonic import Mnemonic
bip39_english
                   = Mnemonic("english")
                   = b'\xFF' * 16
entropy
entropy_hex = codecs.encode( entropy, 'hex_codec' ).decode( 'ascii' )
entropy_mnemonic
                  = bip39_english.to_mnemonic( entropy )
recovered = slip39.recover_bip39( entropy_mnemonic, as_entropy=True )
recovered_hex = codecs.encode( recovered, 'hex_codec' ).decode( 'ascii' )
recovered_seed = slip39.recover_bip39( entropy_mnemonic, passphrase=passphrase )
recovered_seed_hex = codecs.encode( recovered_seed, 'hex_codec' ).decode( 'ascii' )
 [ "Original Entropy", entropy_hex ],
 [ "BIP-39 Mnemonic", entropy_mnemonic ],
 [ "Recovered Entropy", recovered_hex ],
 [ "Recovered Seed", f"{recovered_seed_hex:.50}..." ],
 Original Entropy
                    THEFTER THE TENTER TO THE TENTE
 BIP-39 Mnemonic
                    Recovered Entropy
                    THEFTHEFINE
                    b6a6d8921942dd9806607ebc2750416b289adea669198769f2. \dots \\
 Recovered Seed
```

Each word is one of a corpus of 2048 words; therefore, each word encodes 11 bits (2048 = 2**11) of entropy. So, we provided 128 bits, but 12*11 = 132. So where does the extra 4 bits of data come from?

It comes from the first few bits of a SHA256 hash of the entropy, which is added to the end of the supplied 128 bits, to reach the required 132 bits: 132 / 11 == 12 words.

This last 4 bits (up to 8 bits, for a 256-bit 24-word BIP-39) is checked, when validating the BIP-39 mnemonic. Therefore, making up a random BIP-39 mnemonic will succeed only 1/16 times on average, due to an incorrect checksum 4-bit ($16 == 2^{**4}$). Lets check:

Sure enough, about 1/16 random 12-word phrases are valid BIP-39 mnemonics. OK, we've got the contents of the BIP-39 phrase dialed in. How is it used to generate accounts?

3.1.2 BIP-39 Mnemonic to Seed

Unfortunately, BIP-39 does **not** use the carefully preserved 128-bit entropy to generate the wallet! Nope, it is stretched to a 512-bit seed using PBKDF2 HMAC SHA512. The normalized **text** (not the Entropy bytes) of the 12-word mnemonic is then used (with a salt of "mnemonic" plus an optional passphrase, "" by default), to obtain the 512-bit seed:

3.1.3 BIP-39 Seed to Address

Finally, this 512-bit seed is used to derive HD wallet(s). The HD Wallet key derivation process consumes whatever seed entropy is provided (512 bits in the case of BIP-39), and uses HMAC SHA512 with a prefix of b"Bitcoin seed" to stretch the supplied seed entropy to 64 bytes (512 bits). Then, the HD Wallet **path** segments are iterated through, permuting the first 32 bytes of this material as the key with the second 32 bytes of material as the chain node, until finally the 32-byte (256-bit) Ethereum account private key is produced. We then use this private key to compute the rest of the Ethereum account details, such as its public address.

Thus, we see that while the 12-word BIP-39 mnemonic careful preserves the original 128-bit entropy, this data is not directly used to derive the wallet private key and address. Also, since an irreversible hash is used to derive the Seed from the Mnemonic, we can't reverse the process on the seed to arrive back at the BIP-39 mnemonic phrase.

3.1.4 SLIP-39 Entropy to Mnemonic

Just like BIP-39 carefully preserves the original 128-bit Seed Entropy bytes in a single 12-word mnemonic phrase, SLIP-39 preserves the original 128- or 256-bit Seed Entropy in a *set* of 20- or 33-word Mnemonic phrases.

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Mine $(1/1) \#1$: | 1 academic | 8 safari | 15 standard |
| | 2 acid | 9 drug | 16 angry |
| | 3 acrobat | 10 browser | 17 similar |
| | 4 easy | 11 trash | 18 aspect |
| | 5 change | 12 fridge | 19 smug |
| | 6 injury | 13 busy | 20 violence |
| | 7 painting | 14 finger | |
| Fam(2/3) #1: | 1 academic | 8 prevent | 15 dwarf |
| | 2 acid | 9 mouse | 16 dream |
| | 3 beard | 10 daughter | 17 flavor |
| | 4 echo | 11 ancient | 18 oral |
| | 5 crystal | 12 fortune | 19 chest |
| | 6 machine | 13 ruin | 20 marathon |
| | 7 bolt | 14 warmth | |
| Fam(2/3) #2: | 1 academic | 8 prune | 15 briefing |
| | 2 acid | 9 pickup | 16 often |
| | 3 beard | 10 device | 17 escape |
| | 4 email | 11 device | 18 sprinkle |
| | 5 dive | 12 peanut | 19 segment |
| | 6 warn | 13 enemy | 20 devote |
| | 7 ranked | 14 graduate | |
| Fam(2/3) #3: | 1 academic | 8 dining | 15 intimate |
| | 2 acid | 9 invasion | 16 satoshi |
| | 3 beard | 10 bumpy | 17 hobo |
| | 4 entrance | 11 identify | 18 ounce |
| | 5 alarm | 12 anxiety | 19 both |
| | 6 health | 13 august | 20 award |
| | 7 discuss | 14 sunlight | |
| | | | |

Since there is some randomness used in the SLIP-39 mnemonics generation process, we would get a **different** set of words each time for the fixed "entropy" <code>OxFFFF..FF</code> used in this example (if we hadn't manually disabled entropy for <code>shamir_mnemonic</code>, above), but we will <code>always</code> derive the same Ethereum account <code>Ox824b..19a1</code> at the specified HD Wallet derivation path.

```
[ "Crypto", "HD Wallet Path:", "Ethereum Address:"]
] + [
 [ account.crypto, account.path, account.address ]
 for group in create_details.accounts
for account in group
 Crypto
          HD Wallet Path:
                                                           Ethereum Address:
 ETH
           m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
                             0x824b174803e688dE39aF5B3D7Cd39bE6515A19a1\\
          m/44'/0'/0'/0/0
                                bc1qm5ua96hx30snwrwsfnv97q96h53l86ded7wmjl\\
 BTC
          m/44'/60'/0'/0/1
                                0x8D342083549C635C0494d3c77567860ee7456963\\
 ETH
          m/44'/0'/0'/0/1
                                  bc1qwz6v9z49z8mk5ughj7r78hjsp45jsxgzh29lnh
 BTC
          m/44^{\circ}/60^{\circ}/0^{\circ}/0/2
                              0x52787E24965E1aBd691df77827A3CfA90f0166AA
 ETH
 BTC
          m/44'/0'/0'/0/2
                               bc1q690m430qu29auyefarwfrvfumncunvyw6v53n9
```

3.1.5 SLIP-39 Mnemonic to Seed

Lets prove that we can actually recover the **original** Seed Entropy from the SLIP-39 recovery Mnemonics; in this case, we've specified a SLIP-39 group_threshold of 2 groups, so we'll use 1 Mnemonic from Mine, and 2 from the Fam group:

```
_,mnem_mine = grps['Mine']
```

3.1.6 SLIP-39 Seed to Address

And we'll use the same style of code as for the BIP-39 example above, to derive the Ethereum address **directly** from this recovered 128-bit seed:

And we see that we obtain the same Ethereum address 0x824b..1a2b as we originally got from slip39.create above. However, this is **not the same** Ethereum wallet address obtained from BIP-39 with exactly the same 0xFFFF...FF Seed Entropy, which was 0xfc20..1B5E!

This is due to the fact that BIP-39 does not use the recovered Seed Entropy to produce the seed like SLIP-39 does, but applies additional one-way hashing of the Mnemonic to produce a 512-bit Seed.

3.2 BIP-39 vs SLIP-39 Key Derivation Summary

At no time in BIP-39 account derivation is the original 128-bit Seed Entropy used (directly) in the derivation of the wallet key. This differs from SLIP-39, which directly uses the 128-bit Seed Entropy recovered from the SLIP-39 Shamir's Secret Sharing System recovery process to generate each HD Wallet account's private key.

Furthermore, there is no point in the BIP-39 Seed Entropy to account generation where we **could** introduce a known 128-bit seed and produce a known Ethereum wallet from it, other than as the very beginning.

Therefore, our BIP-39 Backup via SLIP-39 strategy must focus on backing up the original 128- to 256-bit Seed Entropy.

3.3 BIP-39 Backup via SLIP-39

Here are the two available methods for backing up insecure and unreliable BIP-39 Mnemonic phrases, using SLIP-39.

The first "Emergency Recovery" method allows you to recover your BIP-39 generated wallets without the passphrase, but does not support recovery using hardware wallets; you must output "Paper Wallets" and use them to recover the Cryptocurrency funds.

The second "Best Recovery: Using BIP-39" allows us to recover the accounts to *any* standard BIP-39 hardware wallet! However, the SLIP-39 Mnemonics are **not** compatible with standard SLIP-39 wallets like the Trezor "Model T" – you have to use the recovered BIP-39 Mnemonic phrase to recover the hardware wallet.

3.3.1 Emergency Recovery: Using Recovered Paper Wallets

There is one approach which can preserve an original BIP-39 generated wallet addresses, using SLIP-39 mnemonics.

It is clumsy, as it preserves the BIP-39 **output** 512-bit stretched seed, and the resultant 59-word SLIP-39 mnemonics cannot be used (at present) with the Trezor hardware wallet. They can, however, be used to recover the HD wallet private keys without access to the original BIP-39 Mnemonic phrase *or passphrase* – you could generate and distribute a set of more secure SLIP-39 Mnemonic phrases, instead of trying to secure the original BIP-39 mnemonic + passphrase – without abandoning your existing BIP-39 wallets.

We'll use slip39.recovery --bip39 ... to recover the 512-bit stretched seed from BIP-39:

2022-05-16 21:28:27 slip39.recovery Recovered 512-bit BIP-39 secret from english mnemonic 2022-05-16 21:28:27 slip39.recovery Recovered BIP-39 secret; To re-generate SLIP-39 wallet, send it to: python3 -m slip39 b6a6d8921942dd9806607ebc2750416b289adea669198769f2e15ed926c3aa92bf88ece232317b4ea463e84b0fcd3b53577812ee449ccc448eb45e6f54

Then we can generate a 59-word SLIP-39 mnemonic set from the 512-bit secret:

```
( python3 -m slip39.recovery --bip39 \
    | python3 -m slip39 --secret - --no-card -v
) 2>&1 | tail -20
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                        7 darkness 19 maiden
                                                                 31 device
                                                                             43 satoshi
                                                                                          55 snake
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                                    20 uncover
                                                                 32 timely
                                                                             44 admit
                                                                                          56 ticket
                                        8 burden
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                        9 mailman
                                                    21 true
                                                                 33 total
                                                                             45 famous
                                                                                          57 trial
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                       10 edge
                                                    22 river
                                                                 34 depart
                                                                             46 health
                                                                                          58 kernel
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                                                             47 froth
                                                                                          59 liquid
                                       11 expect
                                                    23 silver
                                                                 35 jump
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                       12 learn
                                                    24 afraid
                                                                 36 emission 48 twice
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                    6th 1 inside
                                                    13 permit
                                                                 25 year
                                                                             37 client
                                                                                          49 phrase
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                        2 pajamas
                                                    14 envy
                                                                 26 expect
                                                                             38 yelp
                                                                                          50 pencil
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                        3 decision 15 drink
                                                                 27 public
                                                                             39 traveler
                                                                                          51 frequent
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                        4 spider
                                                    16 training 28 listen
                                                                             40 forward
                                                                                          52 lamp
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                                                 29 learn
                                                                                          53 decent
                                        5 acid
                                                    17 heat
                                                                             41 railroad
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                        6 founder
                                                    18 teammate
                                                                30 average
                                                                             42 wits
                                                                                          54 traveler
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                        7 headset
                                                    19 enjoy
                                                                 31 voter
                                                                             43 various
                                                                                          55 style
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                        8 emphasis
                                                    20 hybrid
                                                                 32 failure
                                                                             44 patrol
                                                                                          56 fatigue
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                        9 square
                                                    21 diagnose 33 dictate
                                                                             45 knife
                                                                                          57 decent
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                       10 ounce
                                                                 34 downtown 46 angel
                                                    22 speak
                                                                                          58 total
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                                                 35 news
                                       11 fatal
                                                    23 glimpse
                                                                             47 pancake
                                                                                          59 verdict
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39
                                       12 learn
                                                    24 unkind
                                                                 36 smell
                                                                             48 curious
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39.layout
                                    ETH
                                          m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
                                                             : 0xfc2077CA7F403cBECA41B1B0F62D91B5EA631B5E
2022-05-16 21:28:28 slip39.layout
                                   BTC
                                          m/84'/0'/0'/0/0
                                                              : bc1qk0a9hr7wjfxeenz9nwenw9f1hq0tmsf6vsgnn2
```

This <code>Oxfc20..1B5E</code> address is the same Ethereum address as is recovered on a Trezor using this BIP-39 mnemonic phrase. Thus, we can generate "Paper Wallets" for the desired Cryptocurrency accounts, and recover the funds.

So, this does the job:

- Uses our original BIP-39 Mnemonic
- Does not require remembering the BIP-39 passphrase
- Preserves all of the original wallets

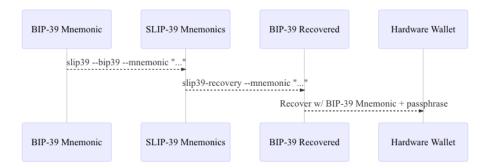
But:

- The 59-word SLIP-39 Mnemonics cannot (yet) be imported into the Trezor "Model T"
- The original BIP-39 Mnemonic phrase cannot be recovered, for any hardware wallet
- Must use the SLIP-39 App to generate "Paper Wallets", to recover the funds

So, this is a good "emergency backup" solution; you or your heirs would be able to recover the funds with a very high level of security and reliability.

3.3.2 Best Recovery: Using Recovered BIP-39 Mnemonic Phrase

The best solution is to use SLIP-39 to back up the original BIP-39 Seed *Entropy* (not the generated Seed), and then later recover that Seed Entropy and re-generate the BIP-39 Mnemonic phrase. You will continue to need to remember and use your original BIP-39 passphrase:



First, observe that we can recover the 128-bit Seed Entropy from the BIP-39 Mnemonic phrase (not the 512-bit generated Seed): 3

```
( python3 -m slip39.recovery --bip39 --entropy -v \
    --mnemonic "zoo zoo zoo zoo zoo zoo zoo zoo zoo wrong"
) 2>&1
```

Now we generate SLIP-39 Mnemonics to recover the 128-bit Seed Entropy. Note that these are 20-word Mnemonics. However, these are **NOT** the wallets we expected! These are the well-known native SLIP-39 wallets from the 0xFFFF...FF Seed Entropy; not the well-known native BIP-39 wallets from that Seed Entropy, which generate the Ethereum wallet address 0xfc20..1B5E! Why not?

```
(python3 -m slip39.recovery --bip39 --entropy \
    | python3 -m slip39 --secret - --no-card -v
) 2>&1 | tail -20
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                       4 skin
                                                  11 fitness 18 magazine
                                                  12 friendly 19 trust
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      5 admit
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                                  13 improve
                                       6 render
                                                              20 crisis
                                       7 predator 14 machine
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                  5th 1 testify 8 watch
                                                              15 angel
                                       2 lungs
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                                   9 facility 16 geology
                                       3 decision 10 unkind
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                                              17 mental
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                       4 snake
                                                  11 goat
                                                              18 chemical
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      5 database 12 maiden
                                                              19 recall
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      6 standard 13 founder 20 luxury
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      7 guest
                                                  14 union
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                  6th 1 testify
                                                  8 daisv
                                                              15 cowboy
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                       2 lungs
                                                   9 behavior 16 away
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                       3 decision 10 crunch
                                                              17 reunion
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                       4 spider
                                                  11 omit
                                                              18 tendency
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                       5 dryer
                                                  12 language 19 declare
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                                 13 texture
                                                              20 flame
                                       6 average
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                                  14 method
                                       7 hormone
                                        m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39.layout
                                  ETH

    0x824b174803e688dE39aF5B3D7Cd39bE6515419a1

2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39.layout
                                         m/84'/0'/0'/0/0
                                                           : bc1q9yscq312yfxlvnlk3cszpqefparrv7tk24u6pl
```

Because we must tell slip39 to that we're using the BIP-39 Mnemonic and Seed generation process to derived the wallet addresses from the Seed Entropy (not the SLIP-39 standard). So, we add the -using-bip39 option:

```
(python3 -m slip39.recovery --bip39 --entropy \
   python3 -m slip39 --secret - --no-card -v --using-bip39
) 2>&1 | tail -20
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                                             18 welfare
                                      4 skin
                                                 11 glen
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      5 decision 12 swimming 19 crunch
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      6 entrance 13 duke
                                                             20 medical
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      7 funding 14 subject
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                 5th 1 coding
                                                  8 literary 15 undergo
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      2 lungs
                                                 9 husband 16 national
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      3 decision 10 anatomy 17 involve
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      4 snake
                                                 11 viral
                                                             18 amuse
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      5 aunt
                                                 12 exceed
                                                             19 desktop
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      6 upgrade
                                                13 system
                                                             20 require
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      7 coastal
                                                 14 switch
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                 6th 1 coding
                                                  8 retreat 15 dish
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      2 lungs
                                                  9 ancient 16 drug
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      3 decision 10 smirk
                                                             17 island
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                                 11 emphasis 18 client
                                      4 spider
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      5 bishop
                                                 12 leaves 19 company
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39
                                      6 midst
                                                 13 ambition 20 license
```

```
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39 7 forget 14 seafood
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39.layout ETH m/44'/60'/0'/0'/0 : 0xfc2077CA7F403cBECA41B1B0F62D91B5EA631B5E
2022-05-16 21:28:31 slip39.layout BTC m/84'/0'/0'/0'/0 : bc1qk0a9hr7wjfxeenz9nwenw9flhq0tmsf6vsgnn2
```

And, there we have it – we've recovered exactly the same Ethereum and Bitcoin wallets as would a native BIP-39 hardware wallet like a Ledger Nano.

1. On the GUI: Select "Using BIP-39"

```
In the SLIP-39 App, change Controls to "Recovery". In "Seed Source", select "BIP-39", and in "Seed & SLIP-39 Recover Groups", select "Using BIP-39".

This will
```

4 Building & Installing

The python-slip39 project is tested under both homebrew:

```
$ brew install python-tk@3.9
```

and using the official python.org/downloads installer.

Either of these methods will get you a python3 executable running version 3.9+, usable for running the slip39 module, and the slip39.gui GUI.

4.1 The slip39 Module

To build the wheel and install slip39 manually:

```
$ git clone git@github.com:pjkundert/python-slip39.git
$ make -C python-slip39 install
```

To install from Pypi, including the optional requirements to run the PySimpleGUI/tkinter GUI, support serial I/O, and to support creating encrypted BIP-38 and Ethereum JSON Paper Wallets:

```
$ python3 -m pip install slip39[gui,paper,serial]
```

4.2 The slip39 GUI

To install from Pypi, including the optional requirements to run the PySimpleGUI/tkinter GUI:

```
$ python3 -m pip install slip39[gui]
```

Then, there are several ways to run the GUI:

```
$ python3 -m slip39.gui  # Execute the python slip39.gui module main method
$ slip39-gui  # Run the main function provided by the slip39.gui module
```

4.2.1 The macOS/win32 SLIP-39.app GUI

You can build the native macOS and win32 SLIP-39.app App.

This requires the official python.org/downloads installer; the homebrew python-tk@3.9 will not work for building the native app using either PyInstaller. (The py2app approach doesn't work in either version of Python).

```
$ git clone git@github.com:pjkundert/python-slip39.git
$ make -C python-slip39 app
```

4.2.2 The Windows 10 SLIP-39 GUI

Install Python from https://python.org/downloads, and the Microsoft C++ Build Tools via the Visual Studio Installer (required for installing some slip39 package dependencies).

To run the GUI, just install slip39 package from Pypi using pip, including the gui and wallet options. Building the Windows SLIP-39 executable GUI application requires the dev option.

```
PS C:\Users\IEUser> pip install slip39[gui,wallet,dev]
```

To work with the python-slip39 Git repo on Github, you'll also need to install Git from git-scm.com. Once installed, run "Git bash", and

```
$ ssh-keygen.exe -t ed25519
```

to create an id_ed25519.pub SSH identity, and import it into your Git Settings SSH keys. Then,

```
$ mkdir src
```

\$ cd src

\$ git clone git@github.com:pjkundert/python-slip39.git

1. Code Signing

The MMC (Microsoft Management Console) is used to store your code-signing certificates. See stackoverflow.com for how to enable its Certificate management.

5 Dependencies

Internally, python-slip39 project uses Trezor's python-shamir-mnemonic to encode the seed data to SLIP-39 phrases, python-hdwallet to convert seeds to ETH, BTC, LTC and DOGE wallets, and the Ethereum project's eth-account to produce encrypted JSON wallets for specified Ethereum accounts.

5.1 The python-shamir-mnemonic API

To use it directly, obtain, and install it, or run python3 -m pip install shamir-mnemonic.

```
$ shamir create custom --group-threshold 2 --group 1 1 --group 1 1 --group 2 5 --group 3 6
Using master secret: 87e39270d1d1976e9ade9cc15a084c62
Group 1 of 4 - 1 of 1 shares required:
merit aluminum acrobat romp capacity leader gray dining thank rhyme escape genre havoc furl breathe class pitch location r
Group 2 of 4 - 1 of 1 shares required:
merit aluminum beard romp briefing email member flavor disaster exercise cinema subject perfect facility genius bike inclu
Group 3 of 4 - 2 of 5 shares required:
merit aluminum ceramic roster already cinema knit cultural agency intimate result ivory makeup lobe jerky theory garlic en
merit aluminum ceramic scared beam findings expand broken smear cleanup enlarge coding says destroy agency emperor hairy d
merit aluminum ceramic shadow cover smith idle vintage mixture source dish squeeze stay wireless likely privacy impulse to
merit aluminum ceramic sister duke relate elite ruler focus leader skin machine mild envelope wrote amazing justice mornin
merit aluminum ceramic smug buyer taxi amazing marathon treat clinic rainbow destroy unusual keyboard thumb story literary
Group 4 of 4 - 3 of 6 shares required:
merit aluminum decision round bishop wrote belong anatomy spew hour index fishing lecture disease cage thank fantasy extra
merit aluminum decision scatter carpet spine ruin location forward priest cage security careful emerald screw adult jerky
merit aluminum decision shaft arcade infant argue elevator imply obesity oral venture afraid slice raisin born nervous uni
merit aluminum decision skin already fused tactics skunk work floral very gesture organize puny hunting voice python trial
merit aluminum decision snake cage premium aide wealthy viral chemical pharmacy smoking inform work cubic ancestor clay ge
merit aluminum decision spider boundary lunar staff inside junior tendency sharp editor trouble legal visual tricycle auct
```