Ethereum SLIP-39 Account Generation

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Creating Ethereum, Bitcoin and other accounts is complex and fraught with potential for loss of funds.

A BIP-39 seed recovery phrase helps, but a **single** lapse in security dooms the account (and all derived accounts, in fact). If someone finds your recovery phrase (or you lose it), the accounts derived from that seed are *gone*.

The SLIP-39 standard allows you to split the seed between 1, 2, or more groups of several mnemonic recovery phrases. This is better, but creating such accounts is difficult; presently, only the Trezor supports these, and they can only be created "manually". Writing down 5 or more sets of 20 words is difficult, error-prone and time consuming.

The python-slip39 project (and the SLIP-39 macOS/win32 App) exists to assist in the safe creation and documentation of Ethereum HD Wallet seeds and derived accounts, with various SLIP-39 sharing parameters. It generates the new random wallet seed, and generates the expected standard Ethereum account(s) (at derivation path m/44'/60'/0'/0/0 by default) and Bitcoin accounts (at Bech32 derivation path m/84'/0'/0'/0'/0 by default), with wallet address and QR code (compatible with Trezor derivations). It produces the required SLIP-39 phrases, and outputs a single PDF containing all the required printable cards to document the seed (and the specified derived accounts).

Output of BIP-38 or JSON encrypted Paper Wallets is supported, for import into standard software cryptocurrency wallets.

On an secure (ideally air-gapped) computer, new seeds can safely be generated and the PDF saved to a USB drive for printing (or directly printed without the file being saved to disk.). Presently, slip39 can output example ETH, BTC, LTC, DOGE, BNB, CRO and XRP addresses derived from the seed, to *illustrate* what accounts are associated with the backed-up seed. Recovery of the seed to a Trezor "Model T" is simple, by entering the mnemonics right on the device.

We also support backup of existing insecure and unreliable BIP-39 Seed Phrases as SLIP-39 Mnemonic cards, for existing BIP-39 hardware wallets like the Ledger Nano, etc.! Recover from your existing BIP-39 Seed Phrase Mnemonic, select "Using BIP-39" (and enter your BIP-39 passphrase), and generate a set of SLIP-39 Mnemonic cards. Later, use the SLIP-39 App to recover from your SLIP-39 Mnemonic cards, click "Using BIP-39" to get your BIP-39 Mnemonic back, and use it (and your passphrase) to recover your accounts to your Ledger (or other) hardware wallet.

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1 Security with Availability

For both BIP-39 and SLIP-39, a 128- or 256-bit random "seed" is the source of an unlimited sequence of Ethereum and Bitcoin HD (Heirarchical Deterministic) derived Wallet accounts. Anyone who can obtain this seed gains control of all Ethereum, Bitcoin (and other) accounts derived from it, so it must be securely stored.

Losing this seed means that all of the HD Wallet accounts are permanently lost. It must be *both* backed up securely, *and* be readily accessible.

Therefore, we must:

- Ensure that nobody untrustworthy can recover the seed, but
- Store the seed in many places, probably with several (some perhaps untrustworthy) people.

How can we address these conflicting requirements?

1.1 Shamir's Secret Sharing System (SSSS)

Satoshi Lab's (Trezor) SLIP-39 uses SSSS to distribute the ability to recover the key to 1 or more "groups". Collecting the mnemonics from the required number of groups allows recovery of the seed.

For BIP-39, the number of groups is always 1, and the number of mnemonics required for that group is always 1. This selection is both insecure (easy to accidentally disclose) and unreliable (easy to accidentally lose), but since most hardware wallets, **only** accept BIP-39 phrases, we also provide a way to backup your BIP-39 phrase using SLIP-39!

For SLIP-39, you specify a "group_threshold" of *how many* of your groups must be successfully collected, to recover the seed; this seed is (conceptually) split between 1 or more groups (though not in reality – each group's data *alone* gives away *no information* about the seed).

For example, you might have First, Second, Fam and Frens groups, and decide that any 2 groups can be combined to recover the seed. Each group has members with varying levels of trust and persistence, so have different number of Members, and differing numbers Required to recover that group's data:

Group	Required	Members	s Description
First	1 /	1	Stored at home
Second	1 /	1	Stored in office safe
Fam	2 /	4	Distributed to family members
Frens	3 /	6	Distributed to friends and associates

The account owner might store their First and Second group data in their home and office safes. These are 1/1 groups (1 required, and only 1 member, so each of these are 1-card groups.)

If the Seed needs to be recovered, collecting the First and Second cards from the home and office safe is sufficient to recover the Seed, and re-generate all of the HD Wallet accounts.

Only 2 Fam group member's cards must be collected to recover the Fam group's data. So, if the HD Wallet owner loses their home (and the one and only First group card) in a fire, they could get the one Second group card from the office safe, and also 2 cards from Fam group members, and recover the Seed and all of their wallets.

If catastrophe strikes and the wallet owner dies, and the heirs don't have access to either the First (at home) or Second (at the office) cards, they can collect 2 Fam cards and 3 Frens cards (at the funeral, for example), completing the Fam and Frens groups' data, and recover the Seed, and all derived HD Wallet accounts.

Since Frens are less likely to persist long term, we'll produce more (6) of these cards. Depending on how trustworthy the group is, adjust the Fren group's Required number higher (less trustworthy, more likely to know each-other, need to collect more to recover the group), or lower (more trustworthy, less likely to collude, need less to recover).

2 SLIP-39 Account Creation, Recovery and Generation

Generating a new SLIP-39 encoded Seed is easy, with results available as PDF and text. Any number of derived HD wallet account addresses can be generated from this Seed, and the Seed (and all derived HD wallets, for all cryptocurrencies) can be recovered by collecting the desired groups of recover card phrases. The default recovery groups are as described above.

2.1 Creating New SLIP-39 Recoverable Seeds

This is what the first page of the output SLIP-39 mnemonic cards PDF looks like:

Run the following to obtain a PDF file containing business cards with the default SLIP-39 groups for a new account Seed named "Personal"; insert a USB drive to collect the output, and run:

The resultant PDF will be output into the designated file.

This PDF file contains business card sized SLIP-39 Mnemonic cards, and will print on a single page of 8-1/2"x11" paper or card stock, and the cards can be cut out (--card index, credit, half (page), third and quarter are also available, as well as 4x6 photo and custom "(<h>,<w>),<margin>").

To get the data printed on the terminal as in this example (so you could write it down on cards instead), add a -v (to see it logged in a tabular format), or --text to have it printed to stdout in full lines (ie. for pipelining to other programs).

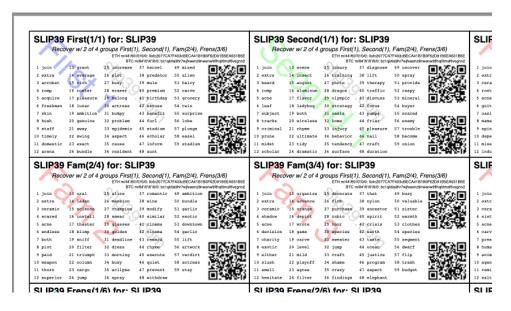


Figure 1: SLIP-39 Cards PDF (from --secret ffff...)

2.1.1 Paper Wallets

The Trezor hardware wallet natively supports the input of SLIP-39 Mnemonics. However, most software wallets do not (yet) support SLIP-39. So, how do we load the Crypto wallets produced from our Seed into software wallets such as the Metamask plugin or the Brave browser, for example?

The slip39.gui (and the macOS/win32 SLIP-39.App) support output of standard BIP-38 encrypted wallets for Bitcoin-like cryptocurrencies such as BTC, LTC and DOGE. It also outputs encrypted Ethereum JSON wallets for ETH. Here is how to produce them (from a test secret Seed; exclude --secret ffff... for yours!):

```
--no-card --wallet password --wallet-hint 'bad:pass...' 2>&1
2022-10-05 17:01:01 slip39
                                 It is recommended to not use '-s|--secret <hex>'; specify '-' to read from input
                                 It is recommended to not use '-w|--wallet <password>'; specify '-' to read from input
2022-10-05 17:01:01 slip39
2022-10-05 17:01:01 slip39.layout
                                        m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
                                                         : 0x824b174803e688dE39aF5B3D7Cd39bE6515A19a1
                                 ETH
2022-10-05 17:01:01 slip39.layout
                                 BTC
                                        m/84'/0'/0'/0/0
                                                          : bc1q9yscq312yfxlvnlk3cszpqefparrv7tk24u6pl
2022-10-05 17:01:01 slip39.layout
                                 DOGE
                                        m/44'/3'/0'/0/0
                                                          : DN8PNN3dipSJpLmyxtGe4EJH38EhqF8Sfy
2022-10-05 17:01:01 slip39.layout
                                 LTC
                                        m/84'/2'/0'/0/0
                                                          : ltc1qe5m2mst9kjcqtfpapaanaty40qe8xtusmq4ake
                                 Writing SLIP39-encoded wallet for 'SLIP39' to: SLIP39-2022-10-05+17.01.02-ETH-0x824b1
2022-10-05 17:01:05 slip39.layout
```

And what they look like:

To recover your real SLIP-39 Seed Entropy and print wallets, use the SLIP-39 App's "Recover" Controls, or to do so on the command-line, use slip39-recover:

```
slip39-recovery -v \
--mnemonic "material leaf acrobat romp charity capital omit skunk change firm eclipse crush fancy best tracks flip grownup
--mnemonic "material leaf beard romp disaster duke flame uncover group slice guest blue gums duckling total suitab
2>&1
```



Figure 2: Paper Wallets (from --secret ffff...)

You can run this as a command-line pipeline. Here, we use some SLIP-39 Mnemonics that encode the ffff... Seed Entropy; note that the wallets match those output above:

```
slip39-recovery \
--mnemonic "material leaf acrobat romp charity capital omit skunk change firm eclipse crush fancy best tracks flip grownup
        --mnemonic "material leaf beard romp disaster duke flame uncover group slice guest blue gums duckling total suitab
    | slip39 -c ETH -c BTC -c DOGE -c LTC --secret - \
        --no-card --wallet password --wallet-hint 'bad:pass...' \
2>&1
2022-10-05 17:01:06 slip39
                                     It is recommended to not use '-w|--wallet <password>'; specify '-' to read from input
2022-10-05 17:01:06 slip39.layout
                                    ETH
                                           m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
                                                               : 0x824b174803e688dE39aF5B3D7Cd39bE6515A19a1
2022-10-05 17:01:06 slip39.layout
                                    BTC
                                            m/84'/0'/0'/0/0
                                                                : bc1q9yscq312yfxlvnlk3cszpqefparrv7tk24u6pl
                                                               : DN8PNN3dipSJpLmyxtGe4EJH38EhqF8Sfy
                                    DOGE
                                            m/44'/3'/0'/0/0
2022-10-05 17:01:06 slip39.layout
2022-10-05 17:01:06 slip39.layout
                                    LTC
                                            m/84'/2'/0'/0/0
                                                               : ltc1qe5m2mst9kjcqtfpapaanaty40qe8xtusmq4ake
                                    Writing SLIP39-encoded wallet for 'SLIP39' to: SLIP39-2022-10-05+17.01.07-ETH-0x824b1
2022-10-05 17:01:10 slip39.layout
```

2.1.2 Supported Cryptocurrencies

While the SLIP-39 Seed is not cryptocurrency-specific (any wallet for any cryptocurrency can be derived from it), each type of cryptocurrency has its own standard derivation path (eg. m/44'/3'/0'/0/0 for DOGE), and its own address representation (eg. Bech32 at m/84'/0'/0'/0/0 for BTC eg. bc1qcupw7k8enymvvsa7w35j5hq4ergtvus3zk8a8s.

When you import your SLIP-39 Seed into a Trezor, you gain access to all derived HD cryptocurrency wallets supported directly by that hardware wallet, and **indirectly**, to any coin and/or blockchain network supported by any wallet software (eg. Metamask).

Crypto	Semantic	Path	Address	Support
ETH	Legacy	m/44'/60'/0'/0/0	0x	
BNB	Legacy	m/44'/60'/0'/0/0	0x	Beta
CRO	Bech32	m/44'/60'/0'/0/0	$\operatorname{crc1}\dots$	Beta
BTC	Legacy	m/44'/ 0'/0'/0/0	1	
	SegWit	m/44'/ 0'/0'/0/0	3	
	Bech32	m/84'/ 0'/0'/0/0	bc1	
LTC	Legacy	m/44'/ 2'/0'/0/0	L	
	SegWit	m/44'/ 2'/0'/0/0	M	
	Bech32	m/84'/ 2'/0'/0/0	ltc1	
DOGE	Legacy	m/44'/ 3'/0'/0/0	D	

1. ETH, BTC, LTC, DOGE

These coins are natively supported both directly by the Trezor hardware wallet, and by most software wallets and "web3" platforms that interact with the Trezor, or can import the BIP-38 or Ethereum JSON Paper Wallets produced by python-slip39.

2. BNB on the Binance Smart Chain (BSC): binance.com

The Binance Smart Chain uses standard Ethereum addresses; support for the BSC is added directly to the wallet software; here are the instructions for adding BSC support for the Trezor hardware wallet, using the Metamask software wallet. In python-slip39, BNB is simply an alias for ETH, since the wallet addresses and Ethereum JSON Paper Wallets are identical.

3. CRO on Cronos: crypto.com

The Cronos chain (formerly known as the Crypto.org chain). It is the native chain of the crypto.com CRO coin.

Cronos also uses Ethereum addresses on the m/44'/60'/0'/0/0 derivation path, but represents them as Bech32 addresses with a "crc" prefix, eg. crc19a6r74dvfxjyvjzf3pg9y3y5rhk6rds2c As with BNB, the wallet must support the Cronos blockchain; instructions exist for adding CRO support for the Trezor hardware wallet, using the Metamask software wallet.

2.2 The macOS/win32 SLIP-39.app GUI App

If you prefer a graphical user-interface, try the macOS/win32 SLIP-39.App. You can run it directly if you install Python 3.9+ from python.org/downloads or using homebrew brew install python-tk@3.10. Then, start the GUI in a variety of ways:

```
slip39-gui
python3 -m slip39.gui
```

Alternatively, download and install the macOS/win32 GUI App .zip, .pkg or .dmg installer from github.com/pjkundert/python-slip-39/releases.

2.3 The Python slip39 CLI

From the command line, you can create SLIP-39 Seed Mnemonic card PDFs.

2.3.1 slip39 Synopsis

The full command-line argument synopsis for slip39 is:

```
| sed 's/^/: /' # (just for output formatting)
slip39 --help 2>&1
: usage: slip39 [-h] [-v] [-q] [-o OUTPUT] [-t THRESHOLD] [-g GROUP] [-f FORMAT]
                [-c CRYPTOCURRENCY] [-p PATH] [-j JSON] [-w WALLET]
                [--wallet-hint WALLET_HINT] [--wallet-format WALLET_FORMAT]
                [-s SECRET] [--bits BITS] [--using-bip39]
                [--passphrase PASSPHRASE] [-C CARD] [--no-card] [--paper PAPER]
                [--cover] [--no-cover] [--text]
                [names ...]
: Create and output SLIP-39 encoded Seeds and Paper Wallets to a PDF file.
: positional arguments:
   names
                          Account names to produce; if --secret Entropy is
                          supplied, only one is allowed.
: options:
   -h, --help
                          show this help message and exit
    -v, --verbose
                          Display logging information.
   -q, --quiet
                          Reduce logging output.
   -o OUTPUT, --output OUTPUT
                          Output PDF to file or '-' (stdout); formatting w/
                          name, date, time, crypto, path, address allowed
   -t THRESHOLD, --threshold THRESHOLD
                          Number of groups required for recovery (default: half
                          of groups, rounded up)
   -g GROUP, --group GROUP
                          A group name[[<require>/]<size>] (default: <size> = 1,
                          <require> = half of <size>, rounded up, eg.
                          'Frens(3/5)').
    -f FORMAT, --format FORMAT
                          Specify crypto address formats: legacy, segwit,
                          bech32; default: ETH:legacy, BTC:bech32, LTC:bech32,
                          DOGE:legacy, CRO:bech32, BNB:legacy, XRP:legacy
    -c CRYPTOCURRENCY, --cryptocurrency CRYPTOCURRENCY
                          A crypto name and optional derivation path (eg.
                          '.../<range>/<range>'); defaults: ETH:m/44'/60'/0'/0/0,
                          BTC:m/84'/0'/0'/0/0, LTC:m/84'/2'/0'/0/0,
                          DOGE:m/44'/3'/0'/0/0, CRO:m/44'/60'/0'/0/0,
                          BNB:m/44'/60'/0'/0/0, XRP:m/44'/144'/0'/0/0
    -p PATH, --path PATH Modify all derivation paths by replacing the final
                          segment(s) w/ the supplied range(s), eg. '.../1/-'
                          means \ldots/1/[0,\ldots)
    -j JSON, --json JSON Save an encrypted JSON wallet for each Ethereum
                          address w/ this password, '-' reads it from stdin
                          (default: None)
    -w WALLET, --wallet WALLET
                          Produce paper wallets in output PDF; each wallet
                          private key is encrypted this password
    --wallet-hint WALLET_HINT
                          Paper wallets password hint
    --wallet-format WALLET_FORMAT
                          Paper wallet size; half, third, quarter or
```

```
'(<h>,<w>), <margin>' (default: quarter)
-s SECRET, --secret SECRET
                      Use the supplied 128-, 256- or 512-bit hex value as
                      the secret seed; '-' reads it from stdin (eg. output
                      from slip39.recover)
--bits BITS
                      Ensure that the seed is of the specified bit length;
                      128, 256, 512 supported.
--using-bip39
                      Generate Seed from secret Entropy using BIP-39
                      generation algorithm (encode as BIP-39 Mnemonics,
                      encrypted using --passphrase)
--passphrase PASSPHRASE
                      Encrypt the master secret w/ this passphrase, '-'
                      reads it from stdin (default: None/'')
-C CARD, --card CARD Card size; business, credit, index, half, third,
                      quarter, photo or '(<h>,<w>),<margin>' (default:
                      business)
                      Disable PDF SLIP-39 mnemonic card output
--no-card
--paper PAPER
                     Paper size (default: Letter)
--cover
                      Produce PDF SLIP-39 cover page
--no-cover
                      Disable PDF SLIP-39 cover page
--text
                      Enable textual SLIP-39 mnemonic output to stdout
```

2.4 Recovery & Re-Creation

Later, if you need to recover the wallet seed, keep entering SLIP-39 mnemonics into slip39-recovery until the secret is recovered (invalid/duplicate mnemonics will be ignored):

```
$ python3 -m slip39.recovery # (or just "slip39-recovery")
Enter 1st SLIP-39 mnemonic: ab c
Enter 2nd SLIP-39 mnemonic: veteran guilt acrobat romp burden campus purple webcam uncover ...
Enter 3rd SLIP-39 mnemonic: veteran guilt acrobat romp burden campus purple webcam uncover ...
Enter 4th SLIP-39 mnemonic: veteran guilt beard romp dragon island merit burden aluminum worthy ...
2021-12-25 11:03:33 slip39.recovery Recovered SLIP-39 secret; Use: python3 -m slip39 --secret ...
383597fd63547e7c9525575decd413f7
```

Finally, re-create the wallet seed, perhaps including an encrypted JSON Paper Wallet for import of some accounts into a software wallet (use --json password to output encrypted Ethereum JSON wallet files):

```
slip39 --secret 383597fd63547e7c9525575decd413f7 --wallet password --wallet-hint bad:pass... 2>&1
```

```
2022-10-05 17:01:11 slip39

It is recommended to not use '-s|--secret <hex>'; specify '-' to read from input
2022-10-05 17:01:11 slip39

It is recommended to not use '-w|--wallet <password>'; specify '-' to read from input
2022-10-05 17:01:11 slip39.layout

ETH m/44'/60'/0'/0/0 : 0xb44A2011A99596671d5952CdC22816089f142FB3
2022-10-05 17:01:11 slip39.layout

BTC m/84'/0'/0'/0/0 : bc1qcupw7k8enymvvsa7w35j5hq4ergtvus3zk8a8s
2022-10-05 17:01:13 slip39.layout

Writing SLIP39-encoded wallet for 'SLIP39' to: SLIP39-2022-10-05+17.01.12-ETH-0xb44A2
```

2.4.1 slip39.recovery Synopsis

```
-h, --help
                          show this help message and exit
   -v, --verbose
                          Display logging information.
   -q, --quiet
                          Reduce logging output.
   -m MNEMONIC, --mnemonic MNEMONIC
                          Supply another SLIP-39 (or a BIP-39) mnemonic phrase
   -e, --entropy
                          Return the BIP-39 Mnemonic Seed Entropy instead of the
                          generated Seed (default: False)
   -b, --bip39
                          Recover Entropy and generate 512-bit secret Seed from
                          BIP-39 Mnemonic + passphrase
   -u, --using-bip39
                          Recover Entropy from SLIP-39, generate 512-bit secret
                          Seed using BIP-39 Mnemonic + passphrase
   -p PASSPHRASE, --passphrase PASSPHRASE
                          Decrypt the SLIP-39 or BIP-39 master secret w/ this
                          passphrase, '-' reads it from stdin (default: None/'')
: If you obtain a threshold number of SLIP-39 mnemonics, you can recover the original
: secret Seed Entropy, and then re-generate one or more wallets from it.
: Enter the mnemonics when prompted and/or via the command line with -m |--mnemonic "...".
: The secret Seed Entropy can then be used to generate a new SLIP-39 encoded wallet:
     python3 -m slip39 --secret = "ab04...7f"
: SLIP-39 Mnemonics may be encrypted with a passphrase; this is *not* Ledger-compatible, so it rarely
: recommended! Typically, on a Trezor "Model T", you recover using your SLIP-39 Mnemonics, and then
: use the "Hidden wallet" feature (passwords entered on the device) to produce alternative sets of
: accounts.
: BIP-39 Mnemonics can be backed up as SLIP-39 Mnemonics, in two ways:
: 1) The actual BIP-39 standard 512-bit Seed can be generated by supplying --passphrase, but only at
: the cost of 59-word SLIP-39 mnemonics. This is because the *output* 512-bit BIP-39 Seed must be
: stored in SLIP-39 -- not the *input* 128-, 160-, 192-, 224-, or 256-bit entropy used to create the
: original BIP-39 mnemonic phrase.
: 2) The original BIP-39 12- or 24-word, 128- to 256-bit Seed Entropy can be recovered by supplying
: --entropy. This modifies the BIP-39 recovery to return the original BIP-39 Mnemonic Entropy, before
: decryption and seed generation. It has no effect for SLIP-39 recovery.
```

2.4.2 Pipelining slip39.recovery | slip39 --secret -

The tools can be used in a pipeline to avoid printing the secret. Here we generate some mnemonics, sorting them in reverse order so we need more than just the first couple to recover. Observe the Ethereum wallet address generated.

Then, we recover the master secret seed in hex with slip39-recovery, and finally send it to slip39 --secret - to re-generate the same wallet as we originally created.

```
( python3 -m slip39 --text --no-card \
       | ( sort -r ; echo "...later..." 1>&2 ) \
       | python3 -m slip39.recovery \
       | python3 -m slip39 --secret - --no-card \
   ) 2>&1
2022-10-05 17:01:14 slip39.layout
                                            m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
                                    ETH
                                                                : 0x9c0a51d69303A9e6596B5AD5560cB4ed23fcC66F
2022-10-05 17:01:14 slip39.layout
                                    BTC
                                           m/84'/0'/0'/0/0
                                                                : bc1q2dadecuwl5f5ruferhuvdzmpek8rcmlr367lry
                                            m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
                                                                : 0x9c0a51d69303A9e6596B5AD5560cB4ed23fcC66F
2022-10-05 17:01:14 slip39.layout
                                     ETH
                                            m/84'/0'/0'/0/0
2022-10-05 17:01:14 slip39.layout
                                     BTC
                                                                : bc1q2dadecuwl5f5ruferhuvdzmpek8rcmlr367lry
```

2.5 Generation of Addresses

For systems that require a stream of groups of wallet Addresses (eg. for preparing invoices for clients, with a choice of cryptocurrency payment options), slip-generator can produce a stream of groups of addresses.

2.5.1 slip39-generator Synopsis

```
slip39-generator --help --version
                                          | sed 's/^/: /' # (just for output formatting)
: usage: slip39-generator [-h] [-v] [-q] [-s SECRET] [-f FORMAT]
                          [-c CRYPTOCURRENCY] [--path PATH] [-d DEVICE]
                          [--baudrate BAUDRATE] [-e ENCRYPT] [--decrypt ENCRYPT]
                          [--enumerated] [--no-enumerate] [--receive]
                          [--corrupt CORRUPT]
: Generate public wallet address(es) from a secret seed
: options:
   -h, --help
                          show this help message and exit
   -v, --verbose
                          Display logging information.
   -q, --quiet
                          Reduce logging output.
    -s SECRET, --secret SECRET
                          Use the supplied 128-, 256- or 512-bit hex value as
                          the secret seed; '-' (default) reads it from stdin
                          (eg. output from slip39.recover)
   -f FORMAT, --format FORMAT
                          Specify crypto address formats: legacy, segwit,
                          bech32; default: ETH:legacy, BTC:bech32, LTC:bech32,
                          DOGE:legacy, CRO:bech32, BNB:legacy, XRP:legacy
   -c CRYPTOCURRENCY, --cryptocurrency CRYPTOCURRENCY
                          A crypto name and optional derivation path (default:
                          "ETH:{Account.path_default('ETH')}"), optionally w/
                          ranges, eg: ETH:../0/-
   --path PATH
                          Modify all derivation paths by replacing the final
                          segment(s) w/ the supplied range(s), eg. '.../1/-'
                          means .../1/[0,...)
   -d DEVICE, --device DEVICE
                          Use this serial device to transmit (or --receive)
                          records
   --baudrate BAUDRATE
                          Set the baud rate of the serial device (default:
                          115200)
    -e ENCRYPT, --encrypt ENCRYPT
                          Secure the channel from errors and/or prying eyes with
                          ChaCha20Poly1305 encryption w/ this password; '-'
                          reads from stdin
   --decrypt ENCRYPT
                          Include an enumeration in each record output (required
   --enumerated
                          for --encrypt)
                          Disable enumeration of output records
   --no-enumerate
   --receive
                          Receive a stream of slip.generator output
                          Corrupt a percentage of output symbols
: Once you have a secret seed (eg. from slip39.recovery), you can generate a sequence
: of HD wallet addresses from it. Emits rows in the form:
      <enumeration> [<address group(s)>]
: If the output is to be transmitted by an insecure channel (eg. a serial port), which may insert
: errors or allow leakage, it is recommended that the records be encrypted with a cryptographic
: function that includes a message authentication code. We use ChaCha20Poly1305 with a password and a
```

```
: random nonce generated at program start time. This nonce is incremented for each record output.
:
: Since the receiver requires the nonce to decrypt, and we do not want to separately transmit the
: nonce and supply it to the receiver, the first record emitted when --encrypt is specified is the
: random nonce, encrypted with the password, itself with a known nonce of all 0 bytes. The plaintext
: data is random, while the nonce is not, but since this construction is only used once, it should be
: satisfactory. This first nonce record is transmitted with an enumeration prefix of "nonce".
```

2.5.2 Producing Addresses

Addresses can be produced in plaintext or encrypted, and output to stdout or to a serial port.

To produce accounts from a BIP-39 or SLIP-39 seed, recover it using slip39-recovery. Here's an example of recovering a test BIP-39 seed; note that it yields the well-known ETH Oxfc20...1B5E and BTC bc1qk0...gnn2 accounts associated with this test Mnemonic:

We can encrypt the output, to secure the sequence (and due to integrated MACs, ensures no errors occur over an insecure channel like a serial cable):

- $0: 9770d26000a922248a84769d37366b62f8122a5a0c25e3a35aacd5b68b410895a94d8bbb87d6eb4815eafc57e7df7c261faeca4329e3eefcf6e\\1: 5e98935234787dd65345efc605204378b88fb4cd437b2a9762024ca53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae3657ee0f1f3125222a2d62a53d887c5afca60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790eaae36a60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790ea60e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790e0fde00bad9ac2dad3790e0fde000bad9ac060e0fde000bad9ac060e0fde000bad9ac06$
- 1: 5e98935234787dd65345e1c605204378688164cd43762a9762024ca53d887c5a1ca60e01de00bad9ac2dad37900eaae3657ee01113125222a2d
 2: 73417b3e3c0bce95cdc5816eacc29ce914761530b78f9893aad650250d2e5731decb160617e7382d92c5763f56fc02d1810e829b2a846f55a21
- $3:\ ff886225 ad 75264 ccad 761789 b946404 ec44ff4d 01 cdc 9c5 aa 3e099 cf2 cbc 0c8541 bc 9d baff582 ca40 ed16 c71ff 091 a9faf b971780663 c9d41 fe886225 ad 75264 ccad 761789 b946404 ec44ff4d 01 cdc 9c5 aa 3e099 cf2 cbc 0c8541 bc 9d baff582 ca40 ed16 c71 ff 091 a9faf b971780663 c9d41 fe886225 ad 75264 ccad 761789 b946404 ec44ff4d 01 cdc 9c5 aa 3e099 cf2 cbc 0c8541 bc 9d baff582 ca40 ed16 c71 ff 091 a9faf b971780663 c9d41 fe886225 ad 75264 ccad 761789 b946404 ec44ff4d 01 cdc 9c5 aa 3e099 cf2 cbc 0c8541 bc 9d baff582 ca40 ed16 c71 ff 091 a9faf b971780663 c9d41 fe886225 ad 75264 ccad 761789 b946404 ec44ff4d 01 cdc 9c5 aa 3e099 cf2 cbc 0c8541 bc 9d baff582 ca40 ed16 c71 ff 091 a9faf b971780663 c9d41 fe88625 ad 75264 ccad 761780 b946404 ccad 761780 b946400 b946400$

On the receiving computer, we can decrypt and recover the stream of accounts from the wallet seed; any rows with errors are ignored:

2.6 The slip39 module API

Provide SLIP-39 Mnemonic set creation from a 128-bit master secret, and recovery of the secret from a subset of the provided Mnemonic set.

2.6.1 slip39.create

Creates a set of SLIP-39 groups and their mnemonics.

```
Description
                      Who/what the account is for
 name
 group threshold
                      How many groups' data is required to recover the account(s)
                      Each group's description, as {"<group>":(<required>, <members>), ...}
 groups
                      128-bit secret (default: from secrets.token bytes)
 master secret
 passphrase
                      An optional additional passphrase required to recover secret (default: "")
 using_bip39
                      Produce wallet Seed from master_secret Entropy using BIP-39 generation
 iteration exponent
                      For encrypted secret, exponentially increase PBKDF2 rounds (default: 1)
 cryptopaths
                      A number of crypto names, and their derivation paths ]
 strength
                      Desired master secret strength, in bits (default: 128)
Outputs a slip39. Details named tuple containing:
                   Description
 Key
                    (same)
 name
 group_threshold
                    (same)
                    Like groups, w/ <members> = ["<mnemonics>", ...]
 groups
                    Resultant list of groups of accounts
 accounts
 using\_bip39
                   Seed produced from entropy using BIP-39 generation
This is immediately usable to pass to slip39.output.
import codecs
import random
from tabulate import tabulate
# NOTE:
# We turn off randomness here during SLIP-39 generation to get deterministic phrases;
# during normal operation, secure entropy is used during mnemonic generation, yielding
# random phrases, even when the same seed is used multiple times.
import shamir_mnemonic
shamir_mnemonic.shamir.RANDOM_BYTES = lambda n: b'\00' * n
import slip39
                     = [("ETH", "m/44'/60'/0'/0/-2"), ("BTC", "m/44'/0'/0'/0'/0/-2")]
cryptopaths
                     = b'\xFF' * 16
master_secret
                     = b""
passphrase
create_details
                     = slip39.create(
    "Test", 2, { "Mine": (1,1), "Fam": (2,3) },
    master_secret=master_secret, passphrase=passphrase, cryptopaths=cryptopaths )
print( tabulate( [
        f''(g_name)((g_of)/(len(g_mnems))) #(g_n+1):" if l_n == 0 else ""
    ] + words
    for g_name,(g_of,g_mnems) in create_details.groups.items()
    for g_n,mnem in enumerate( g_mnems )
    for l_n,(line,words) in enumerate(slip39.organize_mnemonic(
            mnem, label=f"\{g_name\}(\{g_of\}/\{len(g_mnems)\}) #\{g_n+1\}:" ))
  ], tablefmt='orgtbl' ))
```

```
Mine(1/1) #1:
                 1 academic
                                8 \text{ safari}
                                                15 standard
                  2 acid
                                9 drug
                                               16 angry
                  3 acrobat
                                10 browser
                                                17 similar
                  4 easy
                                11 trash
                                                18 aspect
                  5 change
                                12 fridge
                                                19 smug
                  6 injury
                                13 busy
                                                20 violence
                  7 painting
                                14 finger
Fam(2/3) #1:
                  1 academic
                                                15 dwarf
                                8 prevent
                  2 acid
                                9 \text{ mouse}
                                                16 dream
                 3 beard
                                10 daughter
                                               17 flavor
                 4 echo
                                11 ancient
                                                18 oral
                 5 crystal
                                12 fortune
                                                19 chest
                  6 machine
                                13 ruin
                                                20 marathon
                  7 bolt
                                14 warmth
Fam(2/3) #2:
                  1 academic
                                8 prune
                                               15 briefing
                  2 acid
                                9 pickup
                                               16 often
                 3 beard
                                10 device
                                                17 escape
                  4 email
                                11 device
                                               18 sprinkle
                 5 dive
                                12 peanut
                                                19 segment
                  6 warn
                                13 enemy
                                                20 devote
                 7 ranked
                                14 graduate
Fam(2/3) #3:
                  1 academic
                                8 dining
                                               15 intimate
                  2 acid
                                9 invasion
                                                16 satoshi
                                10 bumpy
                 3 beard
                                                17 hobo
                  4 entrance
                                11 identify
                                                18 ounce
                                                19 both
                 5 alarm
                                12 anxiety
                 6 health
                                13 august
                                                20 award
                  7 discuss
                                14 sunlight
```

Add the resultant HD Wallet addresses:

```
print( tabulate( [
    [ account.path, account.address ]
    for group in create_details.accounts
    for account in group
], tablefmt='orgtbl' ))
 m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
                    0x824b174803e688dE39aF5B3D7Cd39bE6515A19a1\\
 m/44'/0'/0'/0/0
                      bc1qm5ua96hx30snwrwsfnv97q96h53l86ded7wmjl
 m/44'/60'/0'/0/1
                      0x8D342083549C635C0494d3c77567860ee7456963\\
 m/44'/0'/0'/0/1
                        bc1qwz6v9z49z8mk5ughj7r78hjsp45jsxgzh29lnh
 m/44'/60'/0'/0/2
                     0x52787E24965E1aBd691df77827A3CfA90f0166AA\\
 m/44'/0'/0'/0/2
                     bc1q690m430qu29auye farw frv fumncunvyw 6v53n9\\
```

2.6.2slip39.produce_pdf

$_{ m Key}$		Description
name		(same as slip39.create)
group_	threshold	(same as slip39.create)
groups		Like groups, $w/$ <members> = ["<mnemonics>",]</mnemonics></members>
accoun	ts	Resultant { "path": Account,}
using	bip39	Generate Seed from Entropy via BIP-39 generation algorithm
card f	ormat	'index', '(<h>,<w>),<margin>',</margin></w></h>
paper	format	'Letter',
orienta	tion	Force an orientation (default: portrait, landscape)
cover	text	Produce a cover page w/ the text (and BIP-39 Phrase if using bip39)

Layout and produce a PDF containing all the SLIP-39 details on cards for the crypto accounts, on the paper format provided. Returns the paper (orientation, format) used, the FPDF, and passes through the supplied cryptocurrency accounts derived.

```
(paper_format,orientation),pdf,accounts = slip39.produce_pdf( *create_details )
pdf_binary = pdf.output()
```

2.6.3 slip39.write_pdfs

	Key	Description
_	names	A sequence of Seed names, or a dict of { name: <details> } (from slip39.create)</details>
	master_secret	A Seed secret (only appropriate if exactly one name supplied)
	passphrase	A SLIP-39 passphrase (not Trezor compatible; use "hidden wallet" phrase on device instead)
	using_bip39	Generate Seed from Entropy via BIP-39 generation algorithm
	group	A dict of {" <group>":(<required>, <members>),}</members></required></group>
	group_threshold	How many groups are required to recover the Seed
	cryptocurrency	A sequence of [" <crypto>", "<crypto>:<derivation>",] w/ optional ranges</derivation></crypto></crypto>
	edit	Derivation range(s) for each cryptocurrency, eg. "/0-4/-9" is 9 accounts first 5 change addresses
	card_format	Card size (eg. "credit"); False specifies no SLIP-39 cards (ie. only BIP-39 or JSON paper wallets)
	paper_format	Paper size (eg. "letter")
	filename	A filename; may contain " {name}" formatting, for name, date, time, crypto path and address
	filepath	A file path, if PDF output to file is desired; empty implies current dir.
	printer	A printer name (or True for default), if output to printer is desired
	$json_pwd$	If password supplied, encrypted Ethereum JSON wallet files will be saved, and produced into PDF
	text	If True, outputs SLIP-39 phrases to stdout
	$wallet_pwd$	If password supplied, produces encrypted BIP-38 or JSON Paper Wallets to PDF (preferred vs. json_pwd)
	$wallet_pwd_hint$	An optional passphrase hint, printed on paper wallet
	$wallet_format$	Paper wallet size, (eg. "third"); the default is 1/3 letter size
	$wallet_paper$	Other paper format (default: Letter)
	cover_page	A bool indicating whether to produce a cover page (default: True)

For each of the names provided, produces a separate PDF containing all the SLIP-39 details and optionally encrypted BIP-38 paper wallets and Ethereum JSON wallets for the specified cryptocurrency accounts derived from the seed, and writes the PDF and JSON wallets to the specified file name(s).

```
slip39.write_pdfs( ... )
```

2.6.4 slip39.recover

Takes a number of SLIP-39 mnemonics, and if sufficient group_threshold groups' mnemonics are present (and the options passphrase is supplied), the master_secret is recovered. This can be used with slip39.accounts to directly obtain any Account data.

Note that the SLIP-39 passphrase is **not** checked; entering a different passphrase for the same set of mnemonics will recover a **different** wallet! This is by design; it allows the holder of the SLIP-39 mnemonic phrases to recover a "decoy" wallet by supplying a specific passphrase, while protecting the "primary" wallet.

Therefore, it is **essential** to remember any non-default (non-empty) passphrase used, separately and securely. Take great care in deciding if you wish to use a passphrase with your SLIP-39 wallet!

```
Key
               Description
               ["<mnemonics>", ...]
 mnemonics
 passphrase
               Optional passphrase to decrypt secret Seed Entropy
 using\_bip39
               Use BIP-39 Seed generation from recover Entropy
# Recover with the wrong password (on purpose, as a decoy wallet w/ a small amount)
recoverydecoy
                   = slip39.recover(
   create_details.groups['Mine'][1][:] + create_details.groups['Fam'][1][:2],
    passphrase=b"wrong!"
recoverydecoy_hex = codecs.encode( recoverydecoy, 'hex_codec' ).decode( 'ascii' )
# But, recovering w/ correct passphrase yields our original Seed Entropy
recoveryvalid
                    = slip39.recover(
   create_details.groups['Mine'][1][:] + create_details.groups['Fam'][1][:2],
                    = codecs.encode( recoveryvalid, 'hex_codec' ).decode( 'ascii')
print( tabulate( [
  [ f"{len(recoverydecoy)*8}-bit secret (decoy):", f"{recoverydecoy_hex}" ],
  [ f"{len(recoveryvalid)*8}-bit secret recovered:", f"{recoveryvalid_hex}" ]
], tablefmt='orgtbl' ))
                          2e522cea2b566840495c220cf79c756e
 128-bit secret (decoy):
                         THITTHITHITHITH
 128-bit secret recovered:
```

2.6.5 slip39.recover_bip39

Generate the 512-bit Seed from a BIP-39 Mnemonic + passphrase. Or, return the original 128- to 256-bit Seed Entropy, if as_entropy is specified.

Key	Description
mnemonic	" <mnemonic>"</mnemonic>
passphrase	Optional passphrase to decrypt secret Seed Entropy
$as_entropy$	Return the BIP-39 Seed Entropy, not the generated Seed

2.6.6 slip39.produce_bip39

Produce a BIP-39 Mnemonic from the supplied 128- to 256-bit Seed Entropy.

Key	Description
entropy	The bytes of Seed Entropy
strength	Or, the number of bits of Entropy to produce (Default: 128)
language	Default is "english"

3 Conversion from BIP-39 to SLIP-39

If we already have a BIP-39 wallet, it would certainly be nice to be able to create nice, safe SLIP-39 mnemonics for it, and discard the unsafe BIP-39 mnemonics we have lying around, just waiting to be accidentally discovered and the account compromised!

Fortunately, we can do this! It takes a bit of practice to become comfortable with the process, but once you do – you can confidently discard your original insecure and unreliable BIP-39 Mnemonic backups.

3.1 BIP-39 vs. SLIP-39 Incompatibility

Unfortunately, it is **not possible** to cleanly convert a BIP-39 generated wallet Seed into a SLIP-39 wallet. Both BIP-39 and SLIP-39 preserve the original 128- to 256-bit Seed Entropy (random) bits, but these bits are used **very differently** – and incompatibly – to generate the resultant wallet Seed.

In native SLIP-39, the original, recovered Seed Entropy (128- or 256-bits) is used directly by the BIP-44 wallet derivation. In BIP-39, the Seed entropy is not directly used at all! It is only **indirectly** used; the BIP-39 Seed Phrase (which contains the exact, original entropy) is used, as normalized text, as input to a hashing function, along with some other fixed text, to produce a 512-bit Seed, which is then fed into the BIP-44 wallet derivation process.

The least desirable method is to preserve the 512-bit **output** of the BIP-39 mnemonic phrase as a set of 512-bit (59-word) SLIP-39 Mnemonics. But first, lets review how BIP-39 works.

3.1.1 BIP-39 Entropy to Mnemonic

BIP-39 uses a single set of 12, 15, 18, 21 or 24 BIP-39 words to carefully preserve a specific 128 to 256 bits of initial Seed Entropy. Here's a 128-bit (12-word) example using some fixed "entropy" 0xFFFF..FFFF. You'll note that, from the BIP-39 Mnemonic, we can either recover the original 128-bit Seed Entropy, or we can generate the resultant 512-bit Seed w/ the correct passphrase:

```
from mnemonic import Mnemonic
bip39_english
                 = Mnemonic("english")
                  = b' \times FF' * 16
entropy
entropy_hex = codecs.encode( entropy, 'hex_codec' ).decode( 'ascii' )
entropy_mnemonic
                  = bip39_english.to_mnemonic( entropy )
recovered = slip39.recover_bip39( entropy_mnemonic, as_entropy=True )
recovered_hex = codecs.encode( recovered, 'hex_codec' ).decode( 'ascii' )
recovered_seed = slip39.recover_bip39( entropy_mnemonic, passphrase=passphrase )
recovered_seed_hex = codecs.encode( recovered_seed, 'hex_codec' ).decode( 'ascii' )
print( tabulate( [
    [ "Original Entropy", entropy_hex ],
    [ "BIP-39 Mnemonic", entropy_mnemonic ],
    [ "Recovered Entropy", recovered_hex ],
    [ "Recovered Seed", f"{recovered_seed_hex:.50}..." ],
], tablefmt='orgtbl'))
 Original Entropy
                   THEFTHER
 BIP-39 Mnemonic
                   Recovered Entropy
                   b6a6d8921942dd9806607ebc2750416b289adea669198769f2. \dots \\
 Recovered Seed
```

Each word is one of a corpus of 2048 words; therefore, each word encodes 11 bits (2048 = $2^{**}11$) of entropy. So, we provided 128 bits, but $12^{*}11 = 132$. So where does the extra 4 bits of data come from?

It comes from the first few bits of a SHA256 hash of the entropy, which is added to the end of the supplied 128 bits, to reach the required 132 bits: 132 / 11 = 12 words.

This last 4 bits (up to 8 bits, for a 256-bit 24-word BIP-39) is checked, when validating the BIP-39 mnemonic. Therefore, making up a random BIP-39 mnemonic will succeed only 1/16 times on average, due to an incorrect checksum 4-bit ($16=2^{**4}$). Lets check:

Sure enough, about 1/16 random 12-word phrases are valid BIP-39 mnemonics. OK, we've got the contents of the BIP-39 phrase dialed in. How is it used to generate accounts?

3.1.2 BIP-39 Mnemonic to Seed

Unfortunately, BIP-39 does **not** use the carefully preserved 128-bit entropy to generate the wallet! Nope, it is stretched to a 512-bit seed using PBKDF2 HMAC SHA512. The normalized **text** (not the Entropy bytes) of the 12-word mnemonic is then used (with a salt of "mnemonic" plus an optional passphrase, "" by default), to obtain the 512-bit seed:

3.1.3 BIP-39 Seed to Address

Finally, this 512-bit seed is used to derive HD wallet(s). The HD Wallet key derivation process consumes whatever seed entropy is provided (512 bits in the case of BIP-39), and uses HMAC SHA512 with a prefix of b"Bitcoin seed" to stretch the supplied seed entropy to 64 bytes (512 bits). Then, the HD Wallet **path** segments are iterated through, permuting the first 32 bytes of this material as the key with the second 32 bytes of material as the chain node, until finally the 32-byte (256-bit) Ethereum account private key is produced. We then use this private key to compute the rest of the Ethereum account details, such as its public address.

```
path = "m/44'/60'/0'/00"
bip39_eth_hd = slip39.account( seed, 'ETH', path )
print( tabulate( [
   [f"{len(bip39_eth_hd.key)*4}-bit derived key path:", f"{path}"],
```

```
[ "Produces private key: ", f"{bip39_eth_hd.key}" ],
[ "Yields Ethereum address:", f"{bip39_eth_hd.address}" ],
], tablefmt='orgtbl' ))

256-bit derived key path: m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
Produces private key: 7af65ba4dd53f23495dcb04995e96f47c243217fc279f10795871b725cd009ae
Yields Ethereum address: 0xfc2077CA7F403cBECA41B1B0F62D91B5EA631B5E
```

Thus, we see that while the 12-word BIP-39 mnemonic careful preserves the original 128-bit entropy, this data is not directly used to derive the wallet private key and address. Also, since an irreversible hash is used to derive the Seed from the Mnemonic, we can't reverse the process on the seed to arrive back at the BIP-39 mnemonic phrase.

3.1.4 SLIP-39 Entropy to Mnemonic

Just like BIP-39 carefully preserves the original 128-bit Seed Entropy bytes in a single 12-word mnemonic phrase, SLIP-39 preserves the original 128- or 256-bit Seed Entropy in a set of 20- or 33-word Mnemonic phrases.

```
name,thrs,grps,acct,ub39 = slip39.create(
    "Test", 2, { "Mine": (1,1), "Fam": (2,3) }, entropy )
    [ f''(g_name)((g_of)/(len(g_mnems))) #(g_n+1):" if l_n == 0 else "" ] + words
    for g_name,(g_of,g_mnems) in grps.items()
    for g_n,mnem in enumerate( g_mnems )
    for l_n,(line,words) in enumerate(slip39.organize_mnemonic(
             mnem, rows=7, cols=3, label=f"{g_name}({g_of}/{len(g_mnems)}) #{g_n+1}:" ))
], tablefmt='orgtbl' ))
 Mine(1/1) #1:
                  1 academic
                                8 safari
                                               15 standard
                  2 acid
                                9 drug
                                               16 angry
                  3 acrobat
                                10 browser
                                               17 similar
                  4 easy
                                11 trash
                                               18 aspect
                  5 change
                                12 fridge
                                               19 smug
                  6 injury
                                13 busy
                                               20 violence
                  7 painting
                                14 finger
 Fam(2/3) #1:
                                               15 dwarf
                  1 academic
                                8 prevent
                  2 acid
                                9 mouse
                                               16 dream
                  3 beard
                                10 daughter
                                              17 flavor
                  4 echo
                                11 ancient
                                              18 oral
                  5 crystal
                                12 fortune
                                              19 chest
                                              20 marathon
                  6 machine
                                13 ruin
                  7 bolt
                                14 warmth
 Fam(2/3) #2:
                  1 academic
                                8 prune
                                               15 briefing
                  2 acid
                                               16 often
                                9 pickup
                  3 beard
                                10 device
                                               17 escape
                  4 email
                                11 device
                                               18 sprinkle
                  5 dive
                                12 peanut
                                               19 segment
                  6 warn
                                13 enemy
                                               20 devote
                  7 ranked
                                14 graduate
 Fam(2/3) #3:
                  1 academic
                                8 dining
                                               15 intimate
                  2 acid
                                9 invasion
                                              16 satoshi
                  3 beard
                                10 bumpy
                                               17 hobo
                  4 entrance
                                11 identify
                                               18 ounce
                  5 alarm
                                12 anxiety
                                               19 both
                  6 health
                                13 august
                                              20 award
                  7 discuss
                                14 sunlight
```

Since there is some randomness used in the SLIP-39 mnemonics generation process, we would get a **different** set of words each time for the fixed "entropy" 0xFFFF..FF used

in this example (if we hadn't manually disabled entropy for shamir_mnemonic, above), but we will always derive the same Ethereum account 0x824b..19a1 at the specified HD Wallet derivation path.

```
print( tabulate( [
    [ account.crypto, account.path, account.address ]
    for group in create_details.accounts
   for account in group
], tablefmt='orgtbl', headers=[ "Crypto", "HD Wallet Path:", "Ethereum Address:" ] ))
          HD Wallet Path:
                            Ethereum Address:
 Crypto
                            0x824b174803e688dE39aF5B3D7Cd39bE6515A19a1
 ETH
          m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
          m/44'/0'/0'/0/0
 BTC
                            bc1qm5ua96hx30snwrwsfnv97q96h53l86ded7wmjl
          m/44'/60'/0'/0/1
 ETH
                            0x8D342083549C635C0494d3c77567860ee7456963
 BTC
          m/44'/0'/0'/0/1
                            bc1qwz6v9z49z8mk5ughj7r78hjsp45jsxgzh29lnh
 ETH
          m/44'/60'/0'/0/2
                            0x52787E24965E1aBd691df77827A3CfA90f0166AA
 BTC
          m/44'/0'/0'/0/2
                            bc1q690m430qu29auyefarwfrvfumncunvyw6v53n9\\
```

3.1.5 SLIP-39 Mnemonic to Seed

Lets prove that we can actually recover the **original** Seed Entropy from the SLIP-39 recovery Mnemonics; in this case, we've specified a SLIP-39 group_threshold of 2 groups, so we'll use 1 Mnemonic from Mine, and 2 from the Fam group:

3.1.6 SLIP-39 Seed to Address

And we'll use the same style of code as for the BIP-39 example above, to derive the Ethereum address **directly** from this recovered 128-bit seed:

And we see that we obtain the same Ethereum address 0x824b..1a2b as we originally got from slip39.create above. However, this is **not the same** Ethereum wallet address obtained from BIP-39 with exactly the same 0xFFFF...FF Seed Entropy, which was 0xfc20..1B5E!

This is due to the fact that BIP-39 does not use the recovered Seed Entropy to produce the seed like SLIP-39 does, but applies additional one-way hashing of the Mnemonic to produce a 512-bit Seed.

3.2 BIP-39 vs SLIP-39 Key Derivation Summary

At no time in BIP-39 account derivation is the original 128-bit Seed Entropy used (directly) in the derivation of the wallet key. This differs from SLIP-39, which directly uses the 128-bit Seed Entropy recovered from the SLIP-39 Shamir's Secret Sharing System recovery process to generate each HD Wallet account's private key.

Furthermore, there is no point in the BIP-39 Seed Entropy to account generation where we **could** introduce a known 128-bit seed and produce a known Ethereum wallet from it, other than as the very beginning.

Therefore, our BIP-39 Backup via SLIP-39 strategy must focus on backing up the original 128- to 256-bit Seed Entropy.

3.3 BIP-39 Backup via SLIP-39

(python3 -m slip39.recovery --bip39 -v \

Here are the two available methods for backing up insecure and unreliable BIP-39 Mnemonic phrases, using SLIP-39.

The first "Emergency Recovery" method allows you to recover your BIP-39 generated wallets without the passphrase, but does not support recovery using hardware wallets; you must output "Paper Wallets" and use them to recover the Cryptocurrency funds.

The second "Best Recovery: Using BIP-39" allows us to recover the accounts to *any* standard BIP-39 hardware wallet! However, the SLIP-39 Mnemonics are **not** compatible with standard SLIP-39 wallets like the Trezor "Model T" – you have to use the recovered BIP-39 Mnemonic phrase to recover the hardware wallet.

3.3.1 Emergency Recovery: Using Recovered Paper Wallets

There is one approach which can preserve an original BIP-39 generated wallet addresses, using SLIP-39 mnemonics.

It is clumsy, as it preserves the BIP-39 **output** 512-bit stretched seed, and the resultant 59-word SLIP-39 mnemonics cannot be used (at present) with the Trezor hardware wallet. They can, however, be used to recover the HD wallet private keys without access to the original BIP-39 Mnemonic phrase *or passphrase* – you could generate and distribute a set of more secure SLIP-39 Mnemonic phrases, instead of trying to secure the original BIP-39 mnemonic + passphrase – without abandoning your existing BIP-39 wallets.

We'll use slip39.recovery --bip39 ... to recover the 512-bit stretched seed from BIP-39:

Then we can generate a 59-word SLIP-39 mnemonic set from the 512-bit secret:

```
( python3 -m slip39.recovery --bip39 \
    | python3 -m slip39 --secret - --no-card -v
) 2>&1 | tail -20
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                         7 percent
                                                     19 slavery
                                                                  31 elder
                                                                              43 grant
                                                                                           55 radar
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                                     20 erode
                                                                  32 check
                                                                              44 aunt
                                                                                           56 medical
                                         8 endorse
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                                                  33 theory
                                                     21 knit
                                                                              45 judicial
                                                                                           57 analysis
                                         9 pulse
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                        10 pants
                                                     22 crucial
                                                                  34 tricycle
                                                                              46 stadium
                                                                                           58 cultural
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                        11 view
                                                     23 guest
                                                                  35 omit
                                                                              47 document
                                                                                           59 webcam
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                        12 manual
                                                     24 royal
                                                                  36 upstairs
                                                                              48 smear
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                    6th 1 making
                                                     13 lair
                                                                  25 taxi
                                                                              37 tricycle
                                                                                           49 cover
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                         2 regret
                                                     14 faint
                                                                  26 emission
                                                                              38 chemical
                                                                                           50 email
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                                                              39 disease
                                         3 decision
                                                     15 kitchen
                                                                  27 exact
                                                                                           51 receiver
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                                                  28 findings
                                         4 spider
                                                     16 trend
                                                                              40 ticket
                                                                                           52 counter
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                         5 acne
                                                     17 desire
                                                                  29 lizard
                                                                              41 penalty
                                                                                           53 being
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                         6 mixture
                                                     18 gravity
                                                                  30 pitch
                                                                              42 inside
                                                                                           54 empty
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                                                              43 trend
                                         7 gray
                                                     19 warmth
                                                                  31 rhyme
                                                                                           55 username
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                         8 crucial
                                                     20 budget
                                                                  32 buyer
                                                                              44 petition
                                                                                           56 liquid
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                                     21 modify
                                                                  33 database
                                                                              45 wrist
                                                                                           57 findings
                                         9 terminal
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                        10 rumor
                                                     22 regret
                                                                  34 garlic
                                                                              46 garden
                                                                                           58 glance
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                        11 helpful
                                                     23 judicial
                                                                  35 problem
                                                                              47 standard
                                                                                           59 juice
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39
                                                     24 center
                                                                  36 mother
                                                                              48 similar
                                        12 drift
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39.layout
                                    ETH
                                           m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
                                                               : 0xfc2077CA7F403cBECA41B1B0F62D91B5EA631B5E
2022-10-05 17:01:23 slip39.layout
                                           m/84'/0'/0'/0/0
                                    BTC
                                                               : bc1qk0a9hr7wjfxeenz9nwenw9flhq0tmsf6vsgnn2
```

This Oxfc20..1B5E address is the same Ethereum address as is recovered on a Trezor using this BIP-39 mnemonic phrase. Thus, we can generate "Paper Wallets" for the desired Cryptocurrency accounts, and recover the funds.

So, this does the job:

- Uses our original BIP-39 Mnemonic
- Does not require remembering the BIP-39 passphrase
- Preserves all of the original wallets

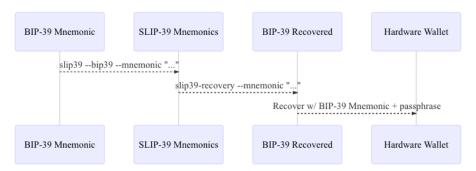
But:

- The 59-word SLIP-39 Mnemonics cannot (yet) be imported into the Trezor "Model T"
- The original BIP-39 Mnemonic phrase cannot be recovered, for any hardware wallet
- Must use the SLIP-39 App to generate "Paper Wallets", to recover the funds

So, this is a good "emergency backup" solution; you or your heirs would be able to recover the funds with a very high level of security and reliability.

3.3.2 Best Recovery: Using Recovered BIP-39 Mnemonic Phrase

The best solution is to use SLIP-39 to back up the original BIP-39 Seed *Entropy* (not the generated Seed), and then later recover that Seed Entropy and re-generate the BIP-39 Mnemonic phrase. You will continue to need to remember and use your original BIP-39 passphrase:



First, observe that we can recover the 128-bit Seed Entropy from the BIP-39 Mnemonic phrase (not the 512-bit generated Seed): 3

Now we generate SLIP-39 Mnemonics to recover the 128-bit Seed Entropy. Note that these are 20-word Mnemonics. However, these are **NOT** the wallets we expected! These are the well-known native SLIP-39 wallets from the 0xFFFF...FF Seed Entropy; not the well-known native BIP-39 wallets from that Seed Entropy, which generate the Ethereum wallet address 0xfc20..1B5E! Why not?

```
(python3 -m slip39.recovery --bip39 --entropy \
    | python3 -m slip39 --secret - --no-card -v
) 2>&1 | tail -20
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                       4 skin
                                                   11 river
                                                               18 smirk
                                                               19 jewelry
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                       5 crowd
                                                   12 guitar
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                        6 skin
                                                   13 ocean
                                                                20 pitch
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                       7 drug
                                                   14 adjust
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                   5th 1 dynamic
                                                   8 findings 15 wildlife
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                       2 guilt
                                                   9 chest
                                                               16 birthday
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                       3 decision 10 explain
                                                               17 evening
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                       4 snake
                                                   11 adorn
                                                                18 system
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                       5 duke
                                                   12 quick
                                                               19 crystal
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                                               20 owner
                                        6 group
                                                   13 dryer
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                       7 taste
                                                   14 twice
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                   6th 1 dynamic
                                                   8 taught
                                                               15 frequent
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                        2 guilt
                                                    9 warn
                                                               16 carve
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                       3 decision 10 intend
                                                               17 mansion
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                        4 spider
                                                   11 fatal
                                                               18 shadow
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                       5 briefing 12 roster
                                                               19 spirit
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                       6 patent
                                                   13 pitch
                                                               20 chubby
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39
                                       7 flame
                                                   14 very
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39.layout
                                         m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
                                                             : 0x824b174803e688dE39aF5B3D7Cd39bE6515A19a1
2022-10-05 17:01:25 slip39.layout
                                   BTC
                                         m/84'/0'/0'/0/0
                                                            : bc1q9yscq3l2yfxlvnlk3cszpqefparrv7tk24u6pl
```

Because we must tell slip39 to that we're using the BIP-39 Mnemonic and Seed generation process to derived the wallet addresses from the Seed Entropy (not the SLIP-39 standard). So, we add the -using-bip39 option:

23

```
( python3 -m slip39.recovery --bip39 --entropy \
   | python3 -m slip39 --secret - --no-card -v --using-bip39
) 2>&1 | tail -20
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       4 skin
                                                  11 quarter
                                                               18 organize
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       5 camera
                                                   12 herd
                                                               19 indicate
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       6 flame
                                                  13 game
                                                               20 usher
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       7 believe 14 finance
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                  5th 1 sprinkle 8 company
                                                               15 receiver
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       2 cause
                                                   9 wisdom
                                                               16 paper
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       3 decision 10 exotic
                                                               17 formal
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       4 snake
                                                  11 response 18 demand
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       5 decorate 12 ancient 19 browser
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       6 flash
                                                  13 picture
                                                             20 swimming
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       7 ting
                                                  14 subject
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                  6th 1 sprinkle
                                                  8 imply
                                                               15 exhaust
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       2 cause
                                                   9 exact
                                                               16 pregnant
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       3 decision 10 analysis 17 decision
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       4 spider
                                                  11 quick
                                                               18 ocean
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       5 agree
                                                  12 response 19 airline
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                       6 pupal
                                                   13 snake
                                                               20 emphasis
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39
                                                  14 lobe
                                       7 knife
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39.layout
                                  ETH
                                         m/44'/60'/0'/0/0
                                                            : 0xfc2077CA7F403cBECA41B1B0F62D91B5EA631B5E
2022-10-05 17:01:26 slip39.layout
                                  BTC
                                         m/84'/0'/0'/0/0
                                                            : bc1qk0a9hr7wjfxeenz9nwenw9f1hq0tmsf6vsgnn2
```

And, there we have it – we've recovered exactly the same Ethereum and Bitcoin wallets as would a native BIP-39 hardware wallet like a Ledger Nano.

1. Using SLIP-39 App "Backup" Controls

In the SLIP-39 App, the default Controls presented are to "Backup" a BIP-39 recovery phrase.

In "Seed Source", enter your existing BIP-39 recovery phrase. In "Seed Secret", make sure "Using BIP-39" is selected, and enter your BIP-39 passphrase. This allows us to display the proper wallet addresses – we do **not** store your password, or save it as part of the SLIP-39 cards! You will need to remember and use your passphrase whenever you use your BIP-39 phrase to initialize a hardware wallet.

Check that the Recovery needs ... Mnemonic Card Groups are correct for your application, and hit Save!

Later, use the "Recover" Controls to get your BIP-39 recovery phrase back, from your SLIP-39 cards, whenever you need it.

Practice this a few times (using the "zoo zoo ... wrong" 12-word or "zoo zoo ... vote" 24-word phrase) until you're confident. Then, back up your real BIP-39 recovery phrase.

Once you're convinced you can securely and reliably recover your BIP-39 phrase any time you need it, we recommend that you destroy your original BIP-39 recovery phrase backup(s). They are dangerous and unreliable, and only serve to make your Cryptocurrency accounts **less** secure!

4 Building & Installing

The python-slip39 project is tested under both homebrew:

```
$ brew install python-tk@3.9
```

and using the official python.org/downloads installer.

Either of these methods will get you a python3 executable running version 3.9+, usable for running the slip39 module, and the slip39.gui GUI.

4.1 The slip39 Module

To build the wheel and install slip39 manually:

```
$ git clone git@github.com:pjkundert/python-slip39.git
$ make -C python-slip39 install
```

To install from Pypi, including the optional requirements to run the PySimpleGUI/tkinter GUI, support serial I/O, and to support creating encrypted BIP-38 and Ethereum JSON Paper Wallets:

```
$ python3 -m pip install slip39[gui,paper,serial]
```

4.2 The slip39 GUI

To install from Pypi, including the optional requirements to run the PySimpleGUI/tkinter GUI:

```
$ python3 -m pip install slip39[gui]
```

Then, there are several ways to run the GUI:

```
$ python3 -m slip39.gui  # Execute the python slip39.gui module main method
$ slip39-gui  # Run the main function provided by the slip39.gui module
```

4.2.1 The macOS/win32 SLIP-39.app GUI

You can build the native macOS and win32 SLIP-39.app App.

This requires the official python.org/downloads installer; the homebrew python-tk@3.9 will not work for building the native app using either PyInstaller. (The py2app approach doesn't work in either version of Python).

```
$ git clone git@github.com:pjkundert/python-slip39.git
$ make -C python-slip39 app
```

4.2.2 The Windows 10 SLIP-39 GUI

Install Python from https://python.org/downloads, and the Microsoft C++ Build Tools via the Visual Studio Installer (required for installing some slip39 package dependencies).

To run the GUI, just install slip39 package from Pypi using pip, including the gui and wallet options. Building the Windows SLIP-39 executable GUI application requires the dev option.

```
PS C:\Users\IEUser> pip install slip39[gui,wallet,dev]
```

To work with the python-slip39 Git repo on Github, you'll also need to install Git from git-scm.com. Once installed, run "Git bash", and

```
$ ssh-keygen.exe -t ed25519
```

to create an id_ed25519.pub SSH identity, and import it into your Git Settings SSH keys. Then,

```
$ mkdir src
$ cd src
$ git clone git@github.com:pjkundert/python-slip39.git
```

1. Code Signing

The MMC (Microsoft Management Console) is used to store your code-signing certificates. See stackoverflow.com for how to enable its Certificate management.

5 Dependencies

Internally, python-slip39 project uses Trezor's python-shamir-mnemonic to encode the seed data to SLIP-39 phrases, python-hdwallet to convert seeds to ETH, BTC, LTC and DOGE wallets, and the Ethereum project's eth-account to produce encrypted JSON wallets for specified Ethereum accounts.

5.1 The python-shamir-mnemonic API

To use it directly, obtain, and install it, or run python3 -m pip install shamir-mnemonic.

```
$ shamir create custom --group-threshold 2 --group 1 1 --group 2 5 --group 3 6
Using master secret: 87e39270d1d1976e9ade9cc15a084c62
Group 1 of 4 - 1 of 1 shares required:
merit aluminum acrobat romp capacity leader gray dining thank rhyme escape genre havoc furl breathe class pitch location r
Group 2 of 4 - 1 of 1 shares required:
merit aluminum beard romp briefing email member flavor disaster exercise cinema subject perfect facility genius bike inclu
Group 3 of 4 - 2 of 5 shares required:
merit aluminum ceramic roster already cinema knit cultural agency intimate result ivory makeup lobe jerky theory garlic en
merit aluminum ceramic scared beam findings expand broken smear cleanup enlarge coding says destroy agency emperor hairy d
merit aluminum ceramic shadow cover smith idle vintage mixture source dish squeeze stay wireless likely privacy impulse to
merit aluminum ceramic sister duke relate elite ruler focus leader skin machine mild envelope wrote amazing justice mornin
merit aluminum ceramic smug buyer taxi amazing marathon treat clinic rainbow destroy unusual keyboard thumb story literary
```

Group 4 of 4 - 3 of 6 shares required:

merit aluminum decision round bishop wrote belong anatomy spew hour index fishing lecture disease cage thank fantasy extra merit aluminum decision scatter carpet spine ruin location forward priest cage security careful emerald screw adult jerky merit aluminum decision shaft arcade infant argue elevator imply obesity oral venture afraid slice raisin born nervous uni merit aluminum decision skin already fused tactics skunk work floral very gesture organize puny hunting voice python trial merit aluminum decision snake cage premium aide wealthy viral chemical pharmacy smoking inform work cubic ancestor clay gemerit aluminum decision spider boundary lunar staff inside junior tendency sharp editor trouble legal visual tricycle auct