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function [v, gamma] = cart2polar(vec_r,vec_t, opt)
    % vec_r and vec_t must be the same size
    % opt 1-4 = quad 1-4 respectively

arguments
    vec_r
    vec_t
    opt.Quad (1,1) = 0;
end

% Makes sure that opt is possible
if ~ismember(opt.Quad,[0 1 2 3 4])
    opt.Quad = 0;
end

% Magnitude of vector, vectorized to handle 3D arrays
v = single((vec_r.^2+vec_t.^2).^(1/2));

switch opt.Quad
    case 0
        % Returns sine and cosine values
        % Out puts as arrays

        % Sine
        theta_s1 = single(asin(vec_r./v));
        theta_s2 = single(pi-asin(vec_r./v));

        % Cosine
        theta_c1 = single(acos(vec_t./v));
        theta_c2 = single(-acos(vec_t./v));

        % Predefines array size
        gamma = single(zeros(size(vec_r)));

        % Crates logical matrixes that meet the different critera of the quads
        % Assigns gammas based on the logical matrixes
        % Clears unused array
        % Repeat

        % Quad 1
        loc1 = abs(theta_s1(:,:,:) - theta_c1(:,:,:)) < 1.e-5;
        gamma(loc1) = theta_s1(loc1);
        clear loc1

        % Quad 2
        loc2 = abs(theta_s2(:,:,:) - theta_c1(:,:,:)) < 1.e-5;
        gamma(loc2) = theta_s2(loc2);
        clear loc2

        % Quad 3
        loc3 = abs(theta_s2(:,:,:) - theta_c2(:,:,:)) < 1.e-5;
        gamma(loc3) = theta_s2(loc3);
        clear loc3

        % Quad 4

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loc4 = abs(theta_s1(:,:,:) + theta_c1(:,:,:)) < 1.e-5;
gamma(loc4) = theta_c2(loc4);
clear loc4

case 1
    % Finds quad 1 only
    theta_s1 = single(asin(vec_r./v));
    gamma = theta_s1;

case 2
    % Finds quad 2 only
    theta_s2 = single(pi-asin(vec_r./v));
    gamma = theta_s2;

case 3
    % Finds quad 3 only
    theta_s2 = single(pi-asin(vec_r./v));
    gamma = theta_s2;

case 4
    % Finds quad 4 only
    theta_c2 = single(-acos(vec_t./v));
    gamma = theta_c2;

end
clear theta_s1 theta_s2 theta_c1 theta_c2 vec_r vec_t
end

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