

## Exercise 2.

- ① Order Countries by id asc, then show the 12th to 17th rows:

Note: Order by ~~id~~<sup>to expressed</sup> implemented in relational algebra, as well as LIMIT & OFFSET

$\sigma_T(\text{country})$ .

Where T - stands for true in propositional logic

- ② List all addresses in a city whose name starts with "A"

$\text{cities\_with\_A} \leftarrow \pi_{\text{city\_id}}(\sigma_{\text{city\_like 'A\%'}}(\text{city}))$

$\bowtie_{\text{address}(\sigma_{\text{city\_id} \in \text{cities\_with\_A}}(\text{address}))}$

- ③ List all customers first name, last name & the city they live in.

$T_1 \leftarrow \bowtie_{\text{address\_id, city}(\text{city}) \bowtie_{\text{city\_id}} \text{address}}$

$T_2 \leftarrow \text{Customer} \bowtie_{\text{address\_id}} T_1$

$\pi_{\text{customer.first name, customer.last name, } T_2.\text{city}}(T_2)$

- ④ Find all customers with at least one payment whose amount is greater than \$11.

$T_1 \leftarrow \pi_{customer\_id} (\sigma_{amount > 11} (payment))$

$\pi_{first\_name, last\_name} (\sigma_{customer\_id \in T_1} (customer))$

⑤ Find all duplicated first names in the customer table.

$first\_names \leftarrow \pi_{first\_name} (customer)$

$T_1 (first\_name, count) \leftarrow first\_name \nearrow (count, first\_name) (first\_names)$

$\sigma_{count > 1} (T_1)$