

55 pts

Name1: Andrew Gharios

Name2: _____

Class Day / Time: CS1B M-TH 5-7:20pDue Date: 6/23/21

Lab #5: Binary Search

In this lab, you will perform the tasks bellow. DO NOT USE GLOBAL CONSTANTS!

1. Create a header file that contains the following.
 - All necessary pre-processor directives
 - The prototype for a function that sorts an array using an insertion sort.
 - The prototype for a function that searches an array using a sequential search and returns the appropriate index in the array.
 - The prototype for a function that searches an array using a binary search and returns the appropriate index in the array.
 - The prototype for a function that outputs an array.
2. Create your source files as follows:
 - Create a source file that contains the code for the search functions.
 - Create a source file that contains the code for the sort function.
 - Create a source file that contains the code for the output function.
3. Create a file that contains the main function which should perform the following tasks in order.
 - Call the output function.
 - Allow the user to input a key
 - Call the function that performs a sequential search 4 times.
Output the index # that represents where the item was found.
 - Call the function that performs the insertion sort.
 - Call the output function.
 - Call the function that performs the binary search 4 times.
Output the index # that represents where the item was found.

Use the following Array:

```
int intArray[8] = {4, 1, 7, 12, 8, 13, 9, 21};
```

Turn in as a single PDF file (IN THIS ORDER)

- 1 – The first page of this lab (fill in the information on the top right)
- 2 – Program output (cut and pasted into a text file within eclipse)
- 3 – Header file
- 4 – Main.cpp
- 5 – Search functions source file, sort function source file and output source file

```
1 *****
2 *   PROGRAMMED BY : Andrew Gharios
3 *   STUDENT ID    : 1449366
4 *   CLASS         : M-Th 5-7:20p
5 *   LAB #5        : Binary Search
6 *****
7 Index #0: 4
8 Index #1: 1
9 Index #2: 7
10 Index #3: 12
11 Index #4: 7
12 Index #5: 13
13 Index #6: 9
14 Index #7: 21
15
16 Enter an integer to search for: 9
17 The integer 9 was found in index #6.
18
19 Enter an integer to search for: 6
20 6 was not found!
21
22 Enter an integer to search for: 21
23 The integer 21 was found in index #7.
24
25 Enter an integer to search for: 4
26 The integer 4 was found in index #0.
27
28
29 Performing Insertion Sort!
30
31 Index #0: 1
32 Index #1: 4
33 Index #2: 7
34 Index #3: 7
35 Index #4: 9
36 Index #5: 12
37 Index #6: 13
38 Index #7: 21
39
40 Enter an integer to search for: 12
41 The integer 12 was found in index #5.
42
43 Enter an integer to search for: 21
44 The integer 21 was found in index #7.
45
46 Enter an integer to search for: 2
47 2 was not found!
48
49 Enter an integer to search for: 1
```

50 The integer 1 was found in index #0.

```
1 /
    *****
    **
2 * AUTHOR      : Andrew Gharios
3 * STUDENT ID  : 1449366
4 * LAB #5     : Binary Search
5 * CLASS      : CS1B
6 * SECTION    : M-TH: 5-7:20p
7 * DUE DATE   : 6/23/21
8 *****
    /
9
10 #ifndef HEADER_H_
11 #define HEADER_H_
12
13 #include <iostream> // cin, cout.
14 #include <string>   // string datatype variables.
15 #include <fstream>  // Fstream files.
16 #include <iomanip>  // fixed, setw, setprecision.
17 #include <ostream>  // Ostream data type.
18 #include <sstream>  // Ostringstream data type.
19 using namespace std;
20
21 /*****
22  * Sort Ar(Array)
23  * This function will take in an integer type Array and sort all the numbers
24  * using insertion sort
25  *
26  * ==> returns nothing.
27  *****/
28 void SortAr(const int AR_SIZE, // IN & CALC - Array size.
29            int Array[]);      // IN & CALC - Integer Array.
30
31 /*****
32  * SeqSearch (Sequential Search)
33  * This function will take in an integer type Array and make a sequential
34  * search of a user chosen number.
35  *
36  * ==> returns appropriate index of the array.
37  *****/
38 int SeqSearch(const int AR_SIZE, // IN & CALC - Array size.
39              int Array[]);      // IN & CALC - Integer Array.
40
41 /*****
42  * BiSearch (Binary Search)
43  * This function will take in an integer type Array and make a binary search
44  * of a user chosen number.
```

```

45  *
46  * ==> returns appropriate index of the array.
47  *****/
48  int BiSearch(const int AR_SIZE, // IN & CALC - Array size.
49             int Array[],       // IN & CALC - Integer Array.
50             int key);          // IN & CALC - Key to search for.
51
52  /*****
53  * SeqSearch (Sequential Search)
54  * This function will take in an integer type Array and outputs it.
55  *
56  * ==> returns nothing.
57  *****/
58  int SeqSearch(const int AR_SIZE, // IN & CALC - Array size.
59              int Array[],       // IN & CALC - Integer Array.
60              int key);          // IN & CALC - Key to search for.
61
62  /*****
63  * SeqSearch (Sequential Search)
64  * This function will take in an integer type Array and outputs it.
65  *
66  * ==> returns nothing.
67  *****/
68  void OutArray(const int AR_SIZE, // IN & CALC - Array size.
69              int Array[]);       // IN & CALC - Integer Array.
70
71  /*****
72  * PrintHeaderFile
73  * This function will output the header information
74  *
75  *****/
76  void PrintHeaderFile(ostream& output, // IN - output datatype.
77                      string asName,   // IN - assignment name
78                      int asNum,       // IN - assignment number
79                      string studentName, // IN - student's name
80                      string classInfo,  // IN - class that is being taken
81                      char asType,      // IN - assignment type
82                      long long studentID); // IN - student ID
83
84
85 #endif
86

```

```

1  /*****
2  * AUTHOR      : Andrew Gharrios
3  * STUDENT ID  : 1449366
4  * LAB #5     : Binary Search
5  * CLASS      : CS1B
6  * SECTION    : M-TH: 5-7:20p
7  * DUE DATE   : 6/23/21
8  *****/
9
10 #include "Header.h"
11
12 /*****
13 * Binary Search
14 *-----
15 * This program will output an array out of order, then prompt the user
16 * to do a sequence search on 4 numbers. It will say if each number is
17 * found or not and say at which index they were found. Then the program
18 * will sort the array and output it. After that the user will perform
19 * a binary search 4 times.
20 *-----
21 * INPUT:
22 *   keyInp   - Key for the number user wants to search.
23 *
24 * OUTPUT:
25 *   intArray - Array of ints.
26 *   index    - Index where number was found.
27 *****/
28 int main()
29 {
30     /*****
31     * CONSTANTS
32     * -----
33     * OUTPUT - USED FOR CLASS HEADING
34     * -----
35     * PROGRAMMER : Programmer's Name
36     * CLASS      : Student's Course
37     * SECTION    : Class Days and Times
38     * LAB_NUM    : Lab Number (specific to this lab)
39     * LAB_NAME   : Title of the Lab
40     * -----
41     * AR_SIZE    : Size of the array.
42     *****/
43
44     const string AS_NAME = "Binary Search";
45     const int AS_NUM = 5;
46     const string STUDENT_NAME = "Andrew Gharrios";
47     const string CLASS_INFO = "M-Th 5-7:20p";
48     const char AS_TYPE = 'L';
49     const long long STUDENT_ID = 1449366;

```

```
50
51     const int AR_SIZE = 8;
52
53     int intArray[AR_SIZE] = { 4, 1, 7, 12, 7, 13, 9, 21 };
54     int index;    // CALC & OUT - Index where number was found.
55     int i;        // CALC      - Index used in a for loop.
56     int keyInp;   // IN & CALC - Key input to search for by user.
57
58     PrintHeaderFile(cout, AS_NAME, AS_NUM, STUDENT_NAME, CLASS_INFO,
59                     AS_TYPE, STUDENT_ID);
60
61     OutArray(AR_SIZE, intArray);
62
63     for (i = 0; i < 4; i++)
64     {
65         cout << "Enter an integer to search for: ";
66         cin >> keyInp;
67         cin.ignore(10000, '\n');
68
69         index = SeqSearch(AR_SIZE, intArray, keyInp);
70
71         if (index != AR_SIZE)
72         {
73             cout << "The integer " << keyInp << " was found in index #" <<
74                 index << ".";
75             cout << endl << endl;
76         }
77         else
78         {
79             cout << keyInp << " was not found!\n" << endl;
80         }
81     }
82
83     cout << endl << "Performing Insertion Sort!\n";
84     cout << endl;
85     SortAr(AR_SIZE, intArray);
86     OutArray(AR_SIZE, intArray);
87
88     for (i = 0; i < 4; i++)
89     {
90         cout << "Enter an integer to search for: ";
91         cin >> keyInp;
92         cin.ignore(10000, '\n');
93
94         index = BiSearch(AR_SIZE, intArray, keyInp);
95
96         if (index != AR_SIZE)
97         {
```

```
98         cout << "The integer " << keyInp << " was found in index #" <<  
          index << ".";  
99         cout << endl << endl;  
100     }  
101     else  
102     {  
103         cout << keyInp << " was not found!\n" << endl;  
104     }  
105  
106 }  
107  
108  
109 return 0;  
110  
111 }
```



```
1 /
    *****
    **
2 * AUTHOR      : Andrew Gharios
3 * STUDENT ID  : 1449366
4 * LAB #5     : Binary Search
5 * CLASS      : CS1B
6 * SECTION    : M-TH: 5-7:20p
7 * DUE DATE   : 6/23/21
8 *****
    /
9
10 /*****
11 * SeqSearch
12 * This function will search for the inputted key in sequence.
13 *
14 * INPUTS:
15 * AR_SIZE : Array size.
16 * Array[] : Array to output.
17 * key     : key to search for.
18 *
19 * OUTPUTS:
20 * index   : Index where the key was found.
21
    *****/
22 int SeqSearch(const int AR_SIZE, // IN & CALC - Array size.
23               int Array[],      // IN & CALC - Integer Array.
24               int key)          // IN & CALC - Key to search for.
25 {
26     int index; // CALC - Index for array manipulation.
27     bool found; // CALC - Boolean if the search value was found.
28
29     index = 0;
30     found = false;
31
32     while (!found && index < AR_SIZE)
33     {
34         if (Array[index] == key)
35         {
36             found = true;
37         }
38         else
39         {
40             index++;
41         }
42     }
43     return index;
44
45 }
```

```
46
47 /*****
48  * BiSearch
49  * This function will search for the inputted key in binary.
50  *
51  * INPUTS:
52  * AR_SIZE : Array size.
53  * Array[] : Array to output.
54  * key     : key to search for.
55  *
56  * OUTPUTS:
57  * index   : Index where the key was found.
58  *****/
59 int BiSearch(const int AR_SIZE, // IN & CALC - Array size.
60             int Array[],       // IN & CALC - Integer Array.
61             int key)           // IN & CALC - Key to search for.
62 {
63     int index; // CALC - Index to store a value.
64     int bott;  // CALC - Bottom value.
65     int top;   // CALC - Top value.
66     int mid;   // CALC - Middle value.
67     bool found; // CALC - Boolean if the search value was found.
68
69     bott = 0;
70     top  = AR_SIZE - 1;
71     found = false;
72
73     while (!found && bott <= top)
74     {
75         mid = (bott + top) / 2;
76
77         if (Array[mid] == key)
78         {
79             found = true;
80             index = mid;
81         }
82         else if (Array[mid] < key)
83         {
84             bott = mid + 1;
85         }
86         else
87         {
88             top = mid - 1;
89         }
90     }
91     if (!found)
92     {
93         index = AR_SIZE;
```

```
94     }  
95  
96     return index;  
97 }
```

```
1  /
    *****
    **
2  * AUTHOR      : Andrew Gharios
3  * STUDENT ID  : 1449366
4  * LAB #5     : Binary Search
5  * CLASS      : CS1B
6  * SECTION    : M-TH: 5-7:20p
7  * DUE DATE   : 6/23/21
8  *****
    /
9  #include "Header.h"
10
11 /*****
12  * SeqSearch
13  * This function will sort the inputted array and put it in order.
14  *
15  * INPUTS:
16  * AR_SIZE : Array size.
17  * Array[] : Array to output.
18  *
19  * No Outputs.
20  *****/
21 void SortAr(const int AR_SIZE, // IN & CALC - Array size.
22             int Array[]) // IN & CALC - Integer Array.
23 {
24     int index; // CALC - Index for array manipulation.
25     int j;     // CALC - Index named j for array manipulation.
26     int temp;  // CALC - Temporary storage for an integer.
27
28     for (index = 1; index < AR_SIZE; index++)
29     {
30         temp = Array[index];
31         j = index - 1;
32
33         while (j >= 0 && Array[j] > temp)
34         {
35             Array[j + 1] = Array[j];
36             j = j - 1;
37         }
38         Array[j + 1] = temp;
39     }
40 }
```

```
1 /
   *****
   **
2 * AUTHOR      : Andrew Gharios
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4 * LAB #5     : Binary Search
5 * CLASS      : CS1B
6 * SECTION    : M-TH: 5-7:20p
7 * DUE DATE   : 6/23/21
8 *****
   /
9 #include "Header.h"
10
11 /*****
12 * OutArray
13 * This function will output the array that is inputted.
14 *
15 * INPUTS:
16 * AR_SIZE : Array size.
17 * Array[] : Array to output.
18 *
19 * No Ouputs.
20 *****/
21 void OutArray(const int AR_SIZE, // IN & CALC - Array size.
22              int Array[])       // IN & CALC - Integer Array.
23 {
24     int index; // CALC - Index for array manipulation.
25
26     for (index = 0; index < AR_SIZE; index++)
27     {
28         cout << "Index #" << index << ": " << Array[index] << endl;
29     }
30     cout << endl;
31 }
```

```

1  #include "Header.h"
2
3  /*****
4   * PrintHeaderFile
5   *   This function will output the header information
6   *
7   * PRE-CONDITIONS
8   *   The following parameters need to have a defined value prior to calling
9   *   the function
10  *       asName: The name of the assignment given in the course
11  *       asNum: The number of the assignment given in the course
12  *       studentName: The name of the student writing the code
13  *       classInfo: The course name, date, and time of the class
14  *       asType: Will either output as a lab or an assignment
15  *       studentID: The Identification Number of the student
16  *****/
17
18 void PrintHeaderFile(ostream& output,    // IN - output datatype.
19                     string asName,      // IN - assignment name
20                     int asNum,          // IN - assignment number
21                     string studentName, // IN - student's name
22                     string classInfo,   // IN - class that is being taken
23                     char asType,        // IN - assignment type
24                     long long studentID) // IN - student ID
25 {
26     output << left;
27     output << "*****\n";
28     output << "*   PROGRAMMED BY : " << studentName << endl;
29     output << "*   " << setw(14) << "STUDENT ID " << ": " << studentID << endl;
30     output << "*   " << setw(14) << "CLASS " << ": " << classInfo << endl;
31     output << "*   ";
32
33     // PROCESSING - This will adjust setws and format appropriately based
34     //               on if this is a lab 'L' or assignment
35
36     if (toupper(asType) == 'L')
37     {
38         output << "LAB #" << setw(9);
39     }
40     else
41     {
42         output << "ASSIGNMENT #" << setw(2);
43     }
44     output << asNum << ": " << asName << endl;
45     output << "*****";
46     output << right << endl;

```

```
47  
48     return;  
49 }
```