Guess Number

Making Game with Python (1)

Zhihong (John) Zeng & Andrew Zeng

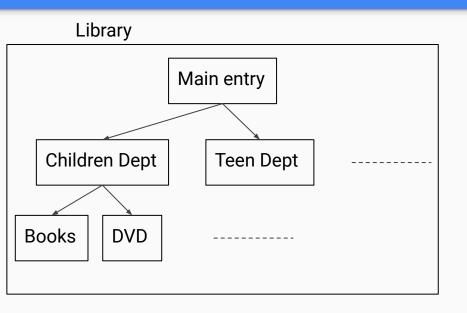
Today

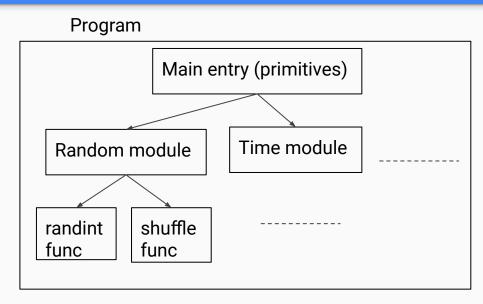
- Review
- Structure of program (Function and module)
- Import random module
- Flow control (If and For loop)
- Guess number game

Review

- String
- String operators and functions
- Input
- Print

Structure of program (functions and modules)





Import random module

- import random
- random.randint(min_int, max_int):
 - Inputs:
 - min_int: minimum integer
 - max_int: maximum integer
 - o Return:
 - Random number between min_int and max_int
- Exercise:
 - random.randint(1, 10)
 - random.randint(20, 30)

Import random module (cont)

- import random
- random.shuffle(sequence): # shuffle in place
 - o Inputs:
 - Sequence: collection of items (int, float, string, etc.)
 - o Return:
 - None
- Exercise:
 - \circ A = [1,2,3,4,5]
 - random.shuffle(A)
 - o print(A)
 - o B = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd']
 - random.shuffle(B)
 - o print(B)

Import random module (cont)

- import random
- random.choice(sequence):
 - o Inputs:
 - Sequence: list of items (int, float, string, etc.)
 - Return:
 - Item which is randomly selected from the sequence
- Exercise:
 - random.choice([2,3,6,10])
 - random.choice(['b', 'c', 'x', 'y'])

Flow control

- Sequential program execution order (default):
 - o top-bottom

Statement 1

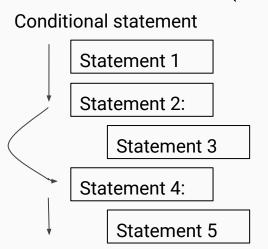
Statement 2

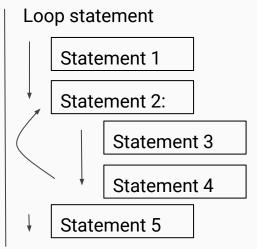
Statement 3

Statement 4

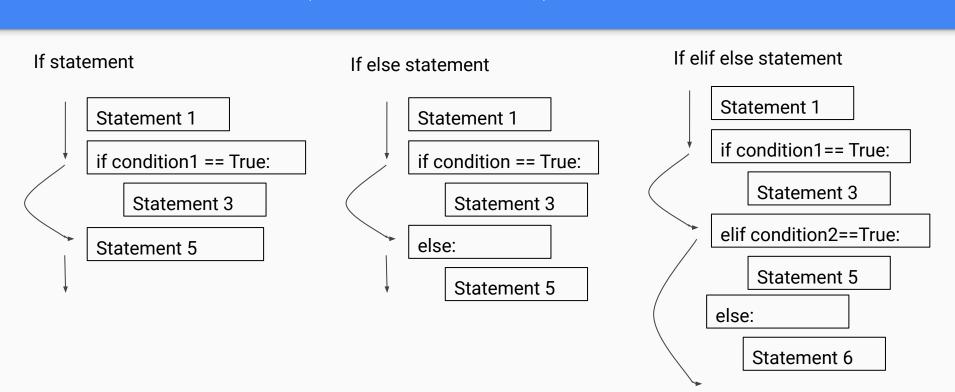
Statement 5

- Flow control statements:
 - change the default flow of the program execution (Note: indentation and colon)





Flow control (If statement)



Flow control (If statement: exercise)

```
a = 7
if a < 5:
  print('a is less than 5')
elif a == 5:
  print('a equals 5')
else:
  print('a is larger than 5')
```

Flow control (For loop statement)

- For loops iterate over a given sequence of items (int, string, etc.)
- Syntax:
 - for var in sequence: statement
- Sequence:
 - sequence = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
 - sequence = range(6)
 - range(max_number) function: returns a sequence of numbers, starting from 0 by default, and increments by 1 (by default), and ends at a specified number (excluding).
- Exercise:

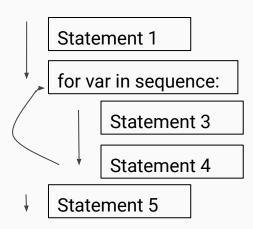
```
\circ A = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd']
```

for a in A:

print(a)

For a in range(10):

print(a)



Guess Number Game



Python code

```
import random
import sys
myName = input('Hello! What is your name?\n')
number = random.randint(1, 20)
print(f'Well, {myName}, I am thinking of a number between 1 and 20.')
for i in range(6):
    quess = int(input('Take a guess. '))
    if quess == number:
        print('Good job, ' + myName + '! You guess my number!')
       sys.exit(0)
    elif quess < number:
        print('Your guess is too low.')
    else:
       print('Your guess is too high.')
print('Nope. The number I was thinking of was ' + str(number))
```

Q&A

