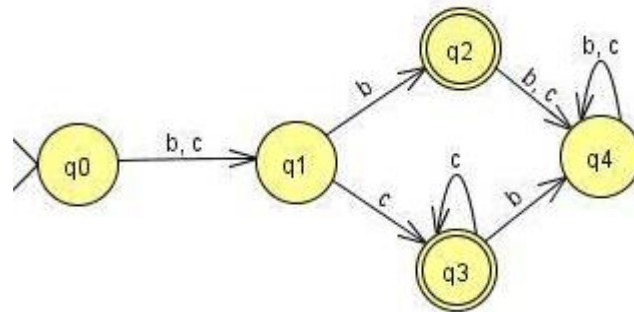


Chapter 17

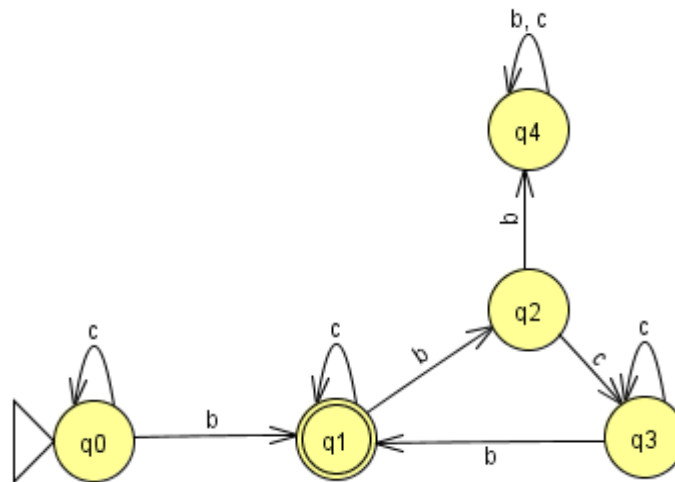
Finite Automata

Deterministic finite automata

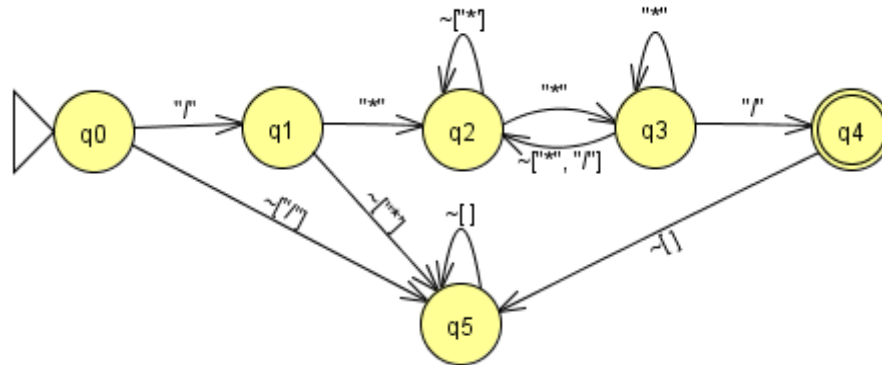


Converting DFA to regular expression

$c^*b(c|bcc^*b)^*$



`/*...*/` comments

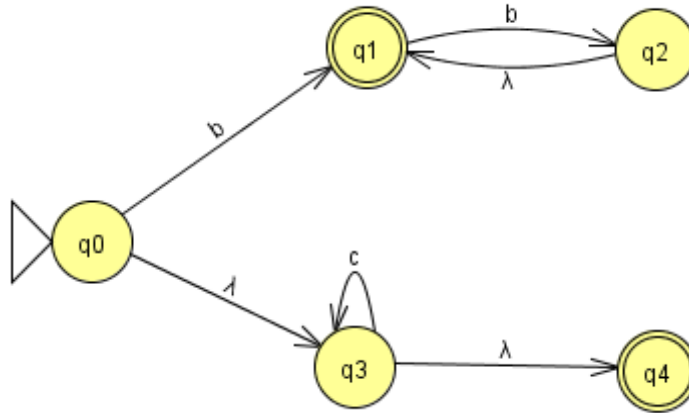


`"/ * " (~ [" * "]) * " * " (" * " | ~ [" * " , " / "] (~ [" * "]) * " * ") * " / "`

Code for DFA

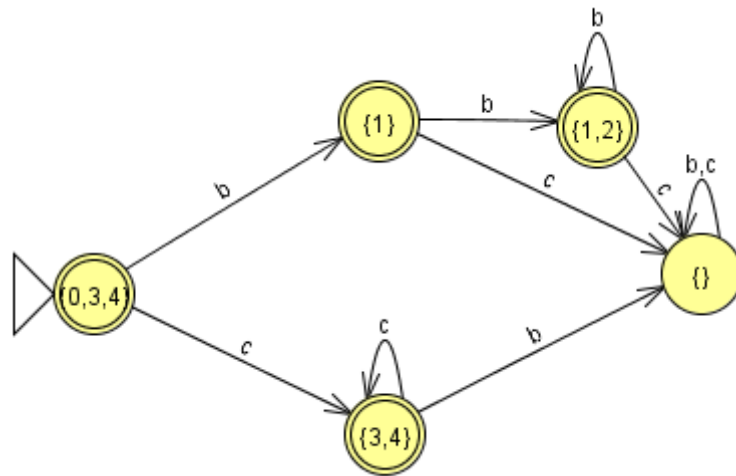
```
36 while (currentToken != '#')
37 {
38     switch(currentState)
39     {
40         case 0:
41             if (currentToken == 'b') currentState = 1;
42             else
43                 if (currentToken == 'c') currentState = 1;
44             break;
45         case 1:
46             if (currentToken == 'b') currentState = 2;
47             else
48                 if (currentToken == 'c') currentState = 3;
49             break;
50         case 2:
51             if (currentToken == 'b') currentState = 4;
52             else
53                 if (currentToken == 'c') currentState = 4;
54             break;
55         case 3:
56             if (currentToken == 'b') currentState = 4;
57             else
58                 if (currentToken == 'c') currentState = 3;
59             break;
60         case 4:
61             if (currentToken == 'b') currentState = 4;
62             else
63                 if (currentToken == 'c') currentState = 4;
64             break;
65     }
66     advance();
67 }
```

Nondeterministic finite automata

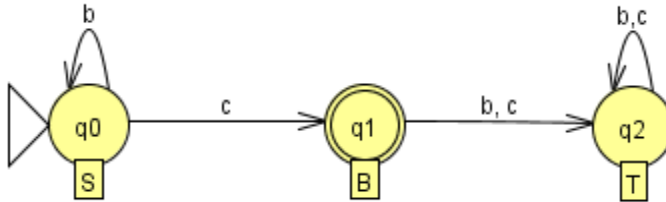


$\{q_0\} \xrightarrow{\lambda} \{q_0, q_1, q_2\} \xrightarrow{b} \{q_1\} \xrightarrow{\lambda} \{q_1\} \xrightarrow{b} \{q_2\} \xrightarrow{\lambda} \{q_1, q_2\} \xrightarrow{b} \{q_2\} \xrightarrow{\lambda} \{q_1, q_2\}$

Converting an NFA to a DFA



Converting DFA to regular grammar



$S \rightarrow bS$

$S \rightarrow cB$

$B \rightarrow bT$

$B \rightarrow cT$

$T \rightarrow bT$

$T \rightarrow cT$

$B \rightarrow \lambda$

Convering regular grammar to NFA

$S \rightarrow bS$

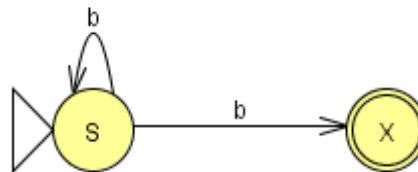
$S \rightarrow b$

Convert to

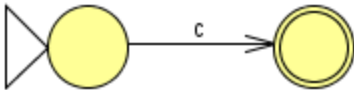
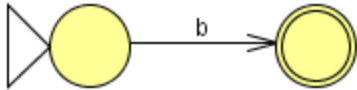
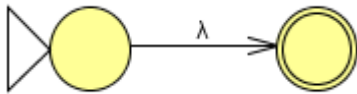
$S \rightarrow bS$

$S \rightarrow bX$

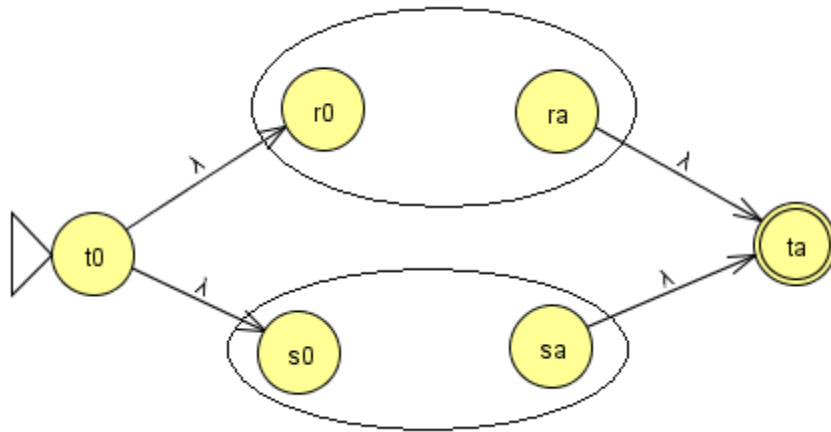
$X \rightarrow \lambda$



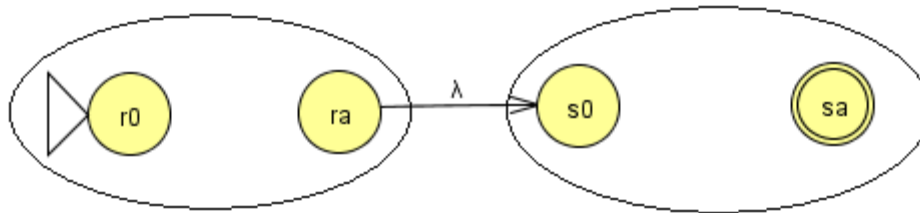
Converting regular expression to NFA



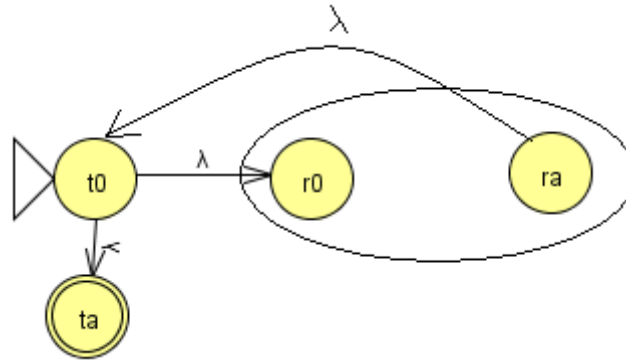
Building more complex expressions



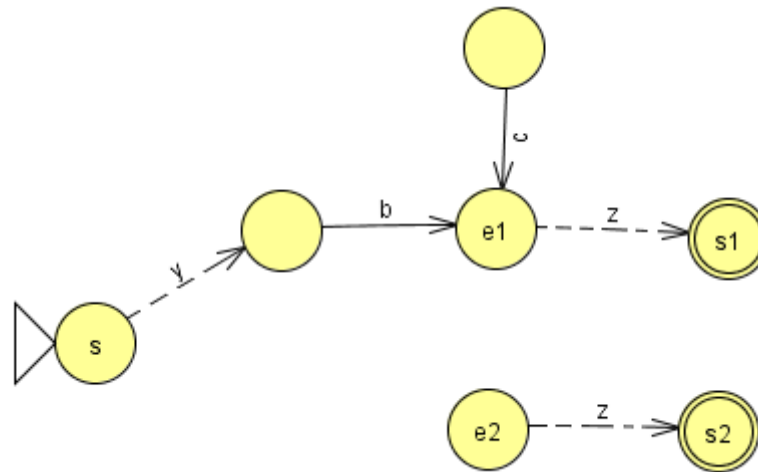
Building more complex expressions



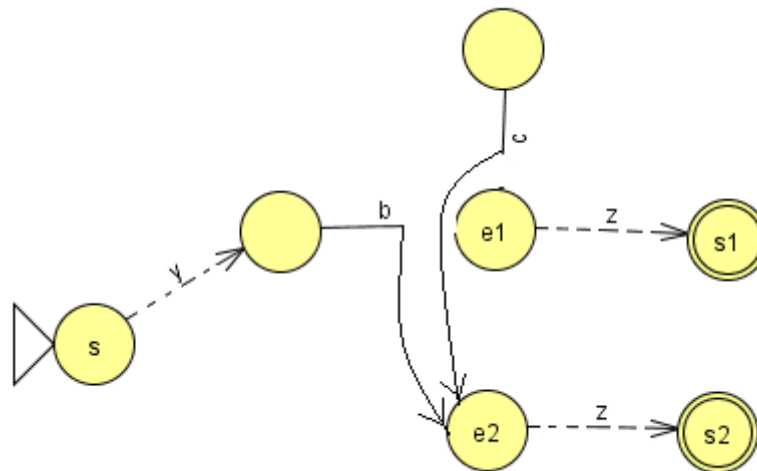
Constructing more complex expressions



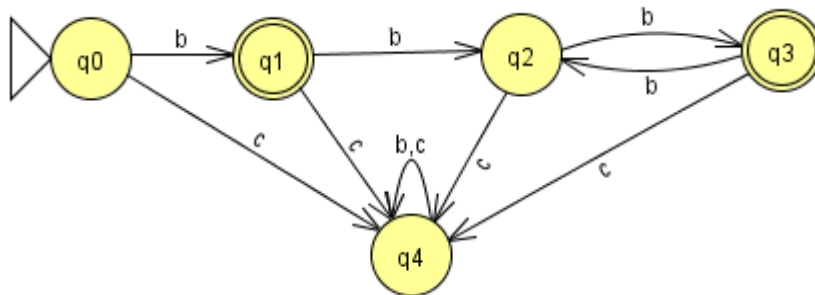
Assume $e1$ and $e2$ are equivalent



Redirection does not change language



Computing minimal DFA

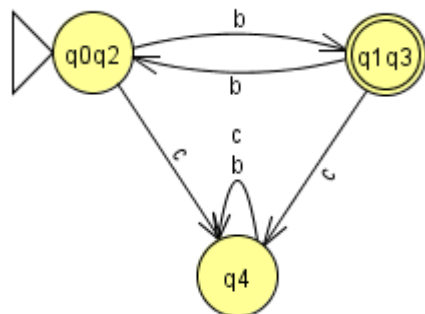


		b	c
Block I states	{ q0	II	I
	q2	II	I
	q4	I	I
Block II states	{ q1	I	I
	q3	I	I

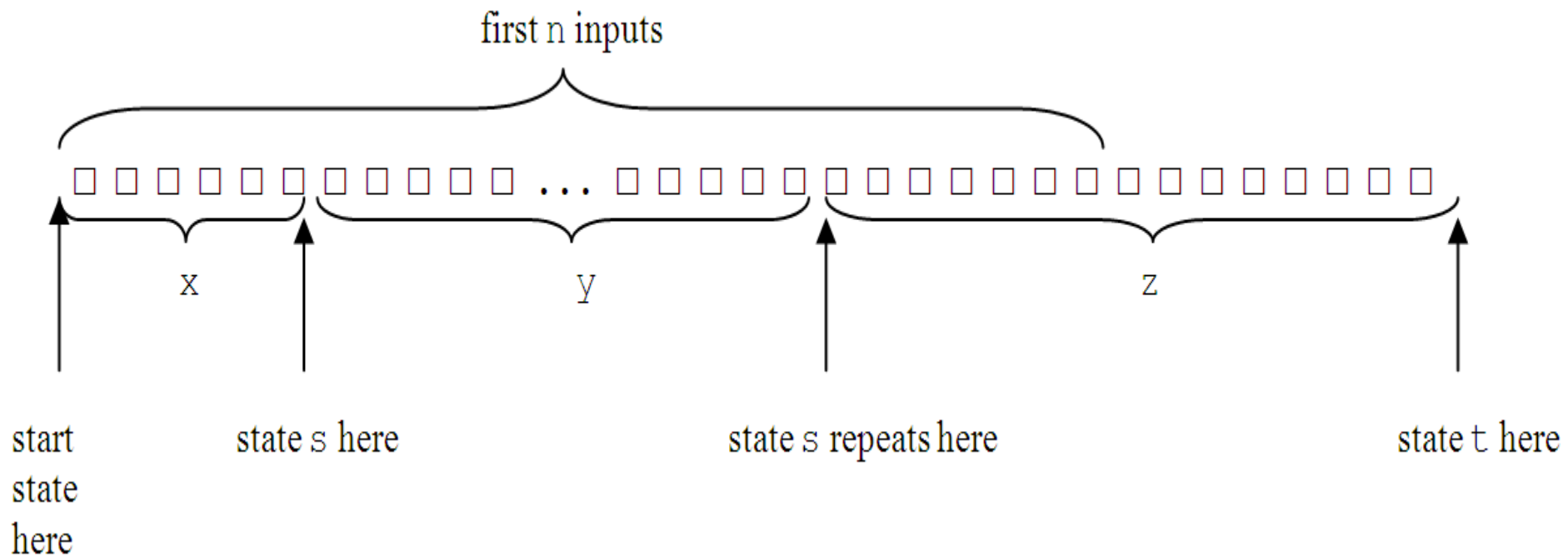
Computing minimal DFA

b)

		b	c
Block 1a states	q0	II	Ib
	q2	II	Ib
Block 1b states	q4	Ib	Ib
Block II states	q1	I	Ib
	q3	I	Ib



Pumping lemma for regular languages



Pumping lemma

Let L be a regular language. There exists an n such that if u is in L and $|u| \geq n$, then $u = xyz$ where

- (i) $|y| > 0$
- (ii) $|xy| \leq n$
- (iii) $xy^iz \in L$ for all $i \geq 0$

$$PAIRED = \{b^i c^i : i \geq 0\} = \{\lambda, bc, bbcc, bbbccc, bbbbcccc, \dots\}$$