

Hooke's law:

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— Tension  $\propto x$   
↳  $T \propto x$   
↳  $T = kx$

— This constant  $k$  depends on:

↳ The unstretched (natural) length of the string or spring ( $L$ )

↳ The Modulus of elasticity ( $\lambda$ )

—  $k = \lambda/L \Rightarrow T = \frac{\lambda x}{L}$

— This is what is called Hooke's law