(Note: The same setup is used for all three problems.)

If X and Y are independent random variables, with X uniform on [-1, 2] and Y uniform on [-1, 1], then what is the probability that Y is less than the absolute value of X?

- (a) 5/6
- (b) 1/6
- (c) 1/4
- (d) 1/3
- (e) 1/2
- (f) 2/3
- (g) 5/12
- (h) 1/12
- (i) 7/12
- (j)  $1/\sqrt{2}$
- (k)  $1/(2\sqrt{2})$
- (l) None of these