CSE 101 Homework 2

Winter 2023

This homework is due on gradescope Friday January 27th at 11:59pm on gradescope. Remember to justify your work even if the problem does not explicitly say so. Writing your solutions in LATEX recommend though not required.

Question 1 (The Easy Way Down, 30 points). Dave was already at the top of the ski slope by the time he realized that he wasn't prepared for it. Fortunately, the slope has many branching paths (given by a DAG G) that can be taken to the bottom, and Dave is determined to find the easiest way down. Two vertices of G are labelled TOP (Dave's current location) and BOTTOM (the place he is trying to reach). Furthermore, each edge has been assigned a difficulty rating. Dave is trying to find a path to the bottom so that the highest difficulty edge he needs to use is as small as possible.

Give a linear time algorithm that given G, TOP, BOTTOM and the difficulty ratings finds Dave's best path.

Hint: For each vertex v, compute the maximum difficulty of the best path from TOP to v. If you do this for each v in the correct order, it is relatively straightforward.

Question 2 (Other Attempts to Find Source and Sink Components, 15 points). In class we showed that in a directed graph G the vertex with the largest postorder number is in a source SCC. Provide counter-examples to disprove the following statements:

- (a) The vertex with the smallest postorder number is always in a sink SCC. [5 points]
- (b) The vertex with the largest preorder number is always in a sink SCC. [5 points]
- (c) The vertex with the smallest preorder number is always in a source SCC. [5 points]

Question 3 (Max Reachable, 25 points). Let G be a directed graph where every vertex is assigned a real number. We wish to compute for each vertex v of G the largest number assigned to any vertex reachable from v.

- (a) Give a linear time algorithm for this problem if G is strongly connected. [5 points]
- (b) Give a linear time algorithm for this problem if G is a DAG. [10 points]
- (c) Give a linear time algorithm for this problem for a general directed graph G. (Hint: you will want to find a way to combine the previous algorithm ideas.) [10 points]

Question 4 (Line Switching, 30 points). The subway system of Graphopolis is given by an undirected graph G with the vertices representing stations and the edges representing tracks. Furthermore, the edges are partitioned into lines. Each line consists of some contiguous collection of edges and a traveller can travel from any station on a given line to any other without changing trains.

Give an algorithm that given the graph G, a description of the lines and two stations v and w, determines the fewest number of times that a traveler would need to change trains to get from v to w. For full credit, your algorithm should be linear time.

Question 5 (Extra credit, 1 point). Approximately how much time did you spend working on this homework?