

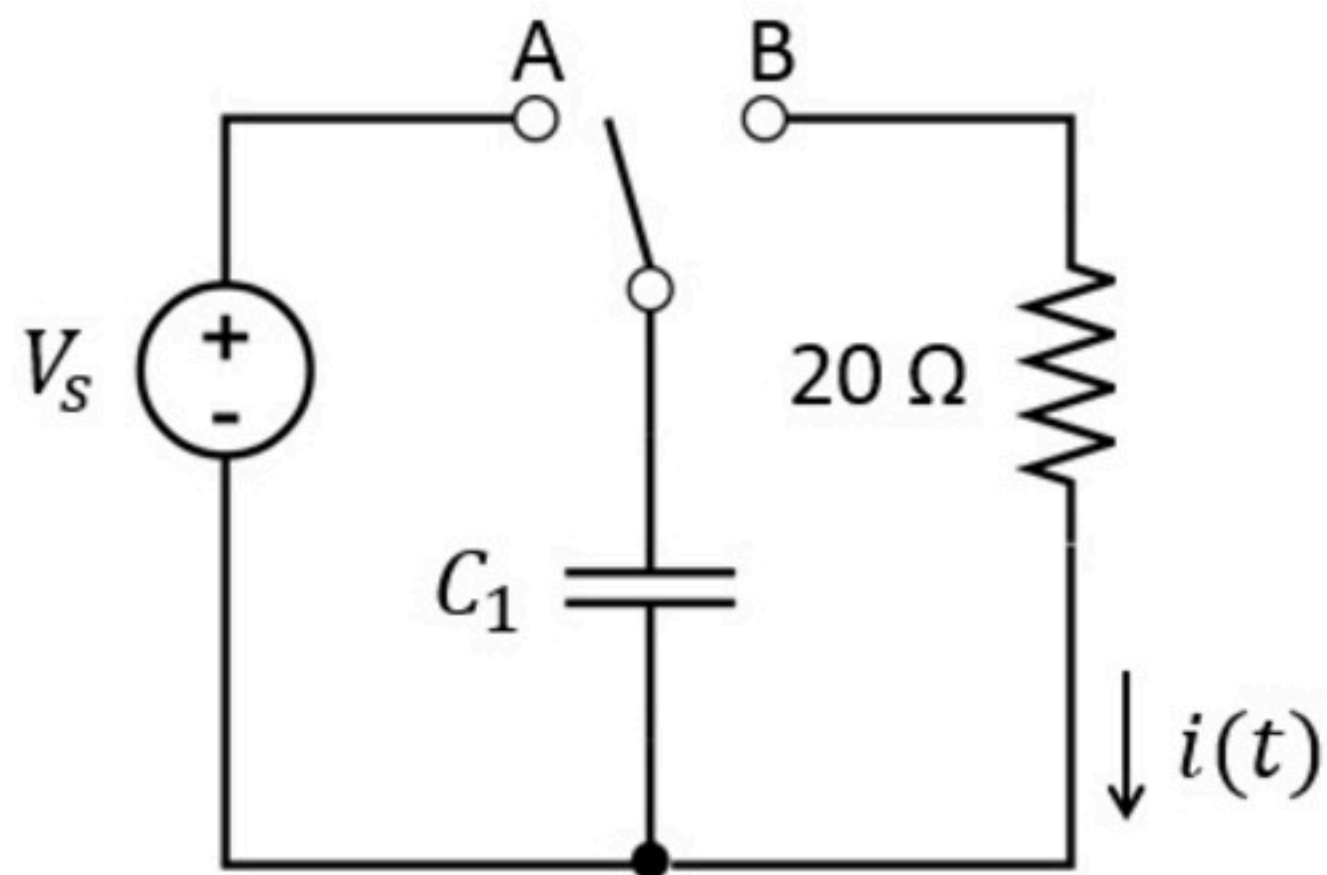
First order circuits 009

Problem has been graded.

For $t < 0$, the switch has been in position A for a long time. At time $t = 0$, it moves from A to B .

Find the time t_1 it takes to reduce the capacitor voltage to 37% of its initial voltage ($\frac{1}{e} \approx .37$).

What is the total energy E received by the resistor from the moment the switch is flipped until the capacitor is completely discharged?



Given Variables:

$V_s : 12\text{ V}$

$C_1 : 2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$

Calculate the following:

$t_1\text{ (ms)} :$

0.04



$E\text{ (mJ)} :$

0.144



Hint: To calculate E , consider where the energy is coming from. Verify by integrating the $P(t)$.

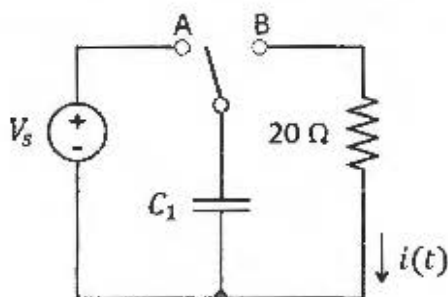
For $t < 0$, the switch has been in position A for a long time. At time $t = 0$, it moves from A to B.

$$V_s : 2 \text{ V}$$

$$C_1 : 2 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$$

Find the time t_1 it takes to reduce the capacitor voltage to 37% of its initial voltage ($\frac{1}{e} \approx .37$).

What is the total energy E received by the resistor from the moment the switch is flipped until the capacitor is completely discharged?



1

(a) $t = 0^-$: $V_C(0^-) = 2 \text{ V}$

(b) $t = 0^+$: $V_C(0^+) = 2 \text{ V}$

(c) $t = \infty$: $V_C(\infty) = 0 \text{ V}$

(d) $R_{TH} = 20 \text{ }\Omega$

$$\tau = R_{TH} \cdot C = 40 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_C(t) = 2 e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}$$

$$V_C(t_1) = \frac{1}{e} \cdot V_C(0^+) = \frac{2}{e}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 e^{-\frac{t_1}{\tau}} = 2 e^{-1} \Rightarrow \frac{t_1}{\tau} = 1 \Rightarrow t_1 = \tau = 40 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$$

$$t_1 = 0.04 \text{ ms}$$

2 $E_{rec.} = E_{supplied} \Rightarrow$ coming from capacitor

$$E = \frac{1}{2} C V^2 = \frac{1}{2} 2 \cdot 10^{-6} 2^2 = 4 \text{ }\mu\text{J}$$

$$E = 0.004 \text{ mJ}$$

OR $i(t) = A e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} + B = 0.1 e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}$

$$i(0^+) = \frac{2 \text{ V}}{20 \text{ }\Omega} = 0.1 \text{ A}$$

$$i(\infty) = 0$$

$$E = \int P = \int_0^{\infty} i^2 R = 20 \cdot (0.1)^2 \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\frac{2t}{\tau}} dt$$

$$= -0.2 \cdot \frac{\tau}{2} e^{-\frac{2t}{\tau}} \Big|_0^{\infty}$$

$$= 0.1 \tau \Rightarrow E = 4 \text{ }\mu\text{J}$$