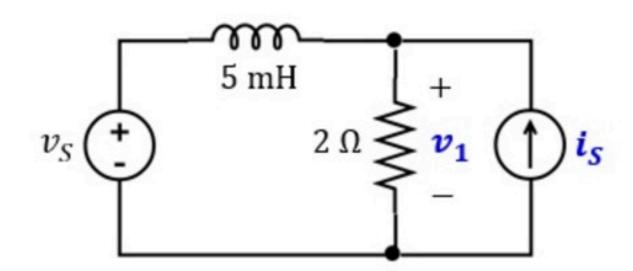
AC power 008

Problem has been graded.

Both v_S and i_S are AC sources with $\omega = 400$ rad/s. Someone did two measurements on the circuit and found:

$$v_1(t) = A_1 \cos(400t + B_1)$$
 (this is v_1 , not v_S !)
$$i_S(t) = 2\cos\left(400t + \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

- (a) Find the average power P_1 received by the resistor
- (b) Find the average power P_2 supplied by current source i_S
- (c) Find the average power P_3 received by the inductor



Given Variables:

A1:8 V

B1:90 degrees

Calculate the following:

P1 (W):

16

P2 (W):

4

P3 (W):

0