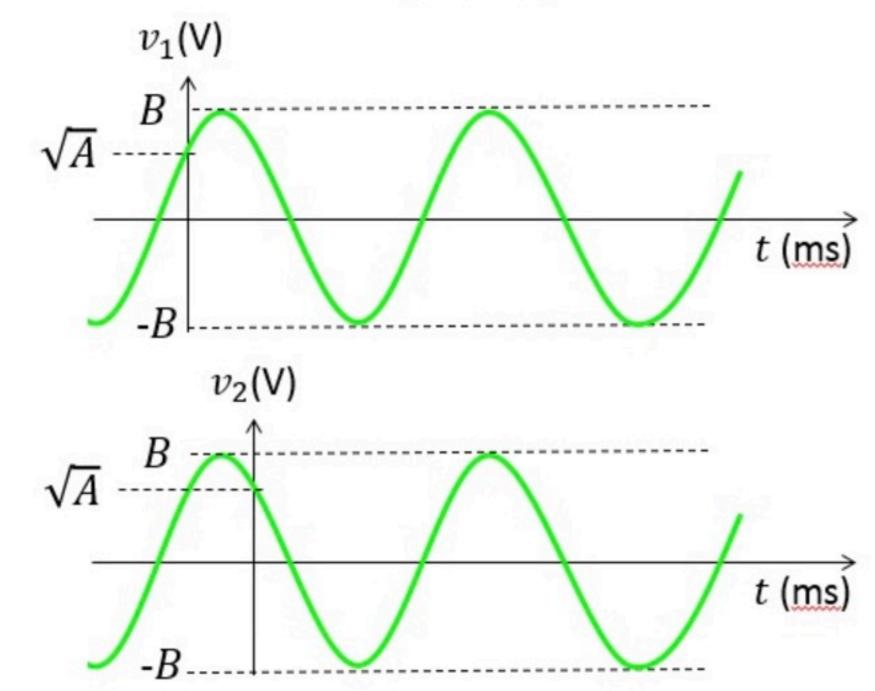
$$v_1(t) = B\cos(200t + D_1)$$
 with $-180^{\circ} \le D_1 \le 180^{\circ}$
 $v_2(t) = B\sin(200t + D_2)$ with $-180^{\circ} \le D_2 \le 180^{\circ}$

Find D_1 and D_2 .



Given Variables:

A:9 V^2

B:6 V

Calculate the following:

D1 (degrees):

-60

D2 (degrees):

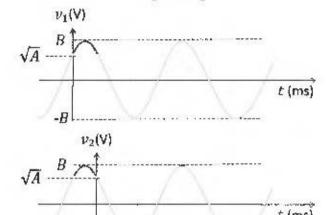
150

$$v_1(t) = B\cos(200t + D_1)$$
 with $-180^{\circ} \le D_1 \le 180^{\circ}$ $v_2(t) = B\sin(200t + D_2)$ with $-180^{\circ} \le D_2 \le 180^{\circ}$

A:3 V^2

B:2 V

Find D_1 and D_2 .



$$0_1 = 30^{\circ}$$

$$0_1 = -30^{\circ}$$

 $D_1 = 30^\circ$ VE KNOW THAT $COD(\omega t + 10) = COD(\omega t + 10)$ $D_2 = -30^\circ$ $D_3 = -30^\circ$ $D_4 = -30^\circ$ $D_5 = -30^\circ$ $D_6 = -30^\circ$ $D_7 = -30^\circ$ $D_8 = -30^\circ$ $D_9 = -30^\circ$

(2) (OPTION 1: WRITE AS COX) FIRST

$$V_{2}(t) = B \text{ Mass} (200t + 7d) \implies V_{2}(0) = 2 \text{ coss}(d) = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow d = 30^{\circ} \text{ on } -30^{\circ} \qquad \text{Here } t_{0} < 0 \implies d = 30^{\circ}$$

$$V_{2}(t) = B \text{ coss} (200t + 30) = B \text{ Am} (200t + 30 + 90^{\circ}) \implies D_{2} = 120^{\circ}$$

$$\Theta$$
 OPTION 2: $V_1(0) = 2 \text{ sin} (D_2) = \sqrt{3} \implies \text{ sin} (D_2) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$$D_2 = 60^{\circ}$$
 $D_3 = 130^{\circ} - 60^{\circ} = 120^{\circ}$