

Determine the power received by each of the three resistors.

$$v_1 = 2 \text{ V}$$

$$v_2 = 3 \text{ V}$$

$$v_3 = 4 \text{ V}$$

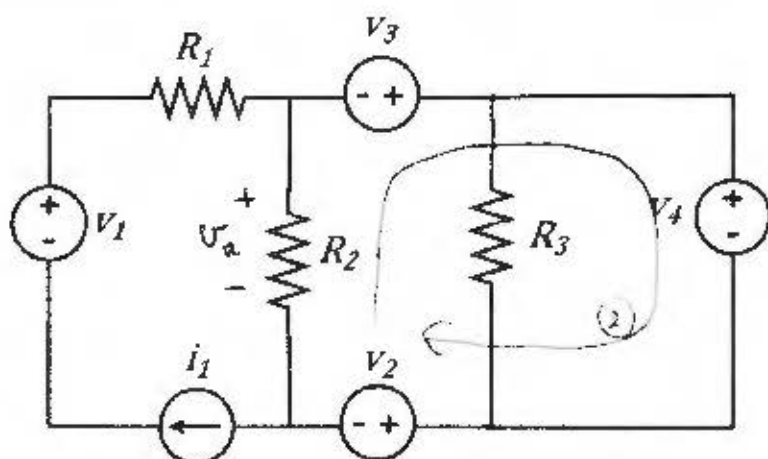
$$v_4 = 2 \text{ V}$$

$$i_1 = 4 \text{ A}$$

$$R_1 = 2 \Omega$$

$$R_2 = 1 \Omega$$

$$R_3 = 4 \Omega$$



(a) R_1 : $P = R_1 \cdot i_1^2 = 2 \cdot 4^2$

$$P_{R_1} = 32 \text{ W}$$

(b) R_3 : $P = \frac{v_4^2}{R_3} = \frac{4}{4}$

$$P_{R_3} = 1 \text{ W}$$

(c) KVL in (2) : $v_a + v_3 - v_4 - v_2 = 0$
 $v_a = -4 + 2 + 3 = 1 \text{ V}$

$$P = \frac{v_a^2}{R_2} = \frac{1}{1}$$

$$P_{R_2} = 1 \text{ W}$$