

Phasors 009

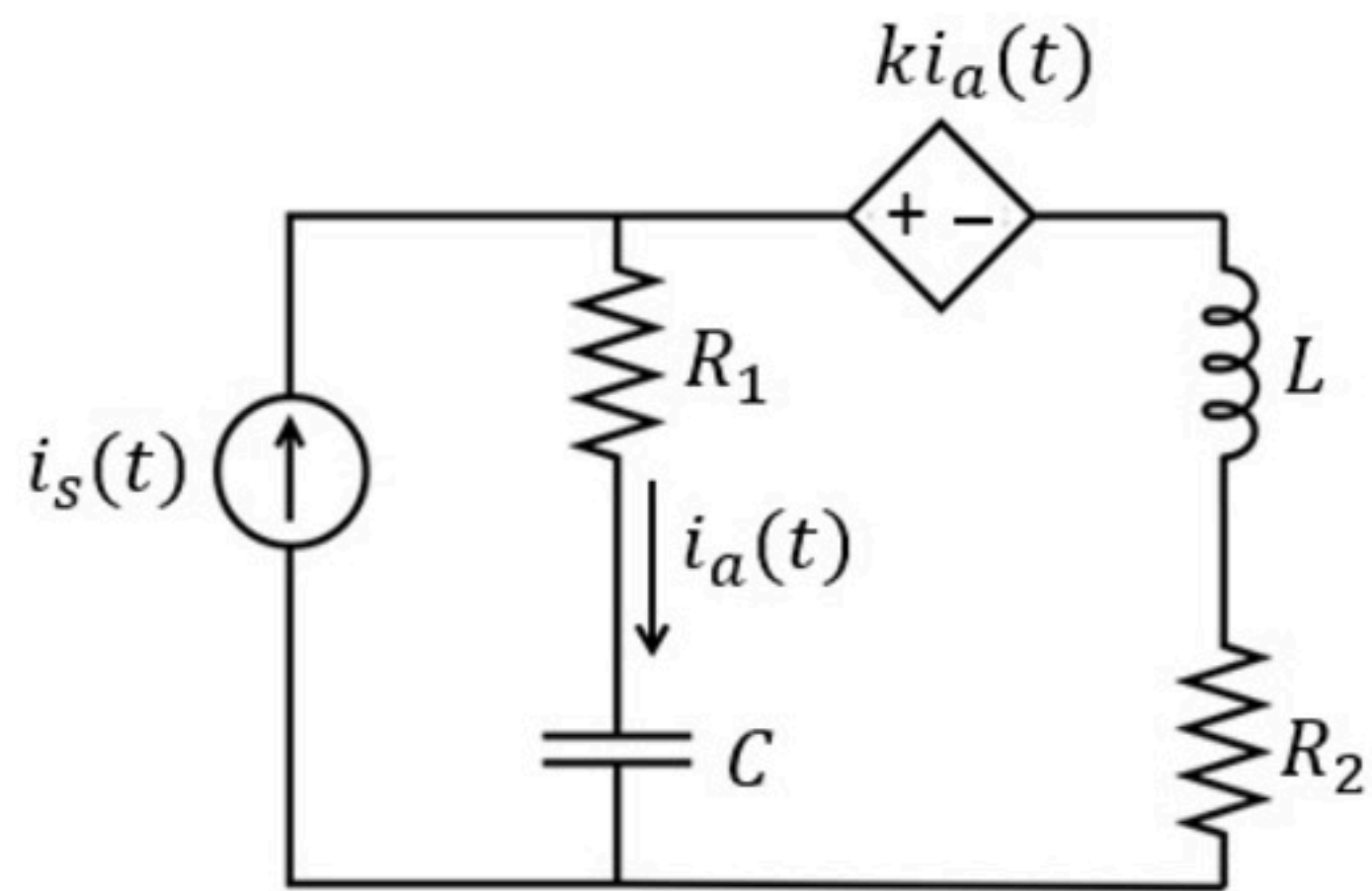
0 of 5 attempts made

$$i_s(t) = A_1 \cdot \cos\left(1000t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + A_2 \cdot \cos\left(2000t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

Assume the system is in steady state. Find the current i_a at times

$$t_1 = 4\pi \text{ ms: } i_a(t_1) = B_1$$

$$t_2 = 5\pi \text{ ms: } i_a(t_2) = B_2$$



Given Variables:

A1 : 1 A

A2 : 1 A

L : 1 mH

C : 250 μ F

R1 : 1 ohm

R2 : 2 ohm

k : 4 V/A

Calculate the following:

B1 (A) :

-2.5



B2 (A) :

-1.5



$$i_s(t) = A_1 \cdot \cos(1000t + 90) + A_2 \cdot \cos(2000t - 90)$$

Assume the system is in steady state. Find the current i_a at times

$$t_1 = 4\pi \text{ ms: } i_a(t_1) = B_1$$

$$t_2 = 5\pi \text{ ms: } i_a(t_2) = B_2$$

$$A_1: 6 \text{ A}$$

$$A_2: 9 \text{ A}$$

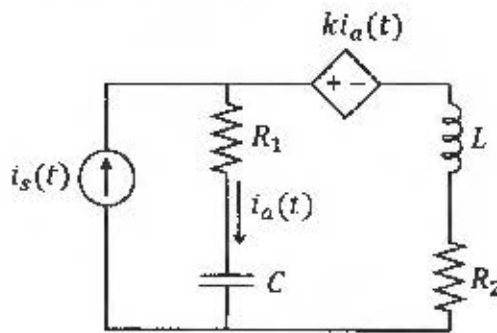
$$L: 1 \text{ mH}$$

$$C: 250 \text{ uF}$$

$$R_1: 8 \text{ ohm}$$

$$R_2: 2 \text{ ohm}$$

$$k: 1 \text{ V/A}$$



2 DIFFERENT ω !

WE NEED TO
USE SUPERPOSITION

$$\omega = 1000: Z_L = j \cdot 1000 L = j$$

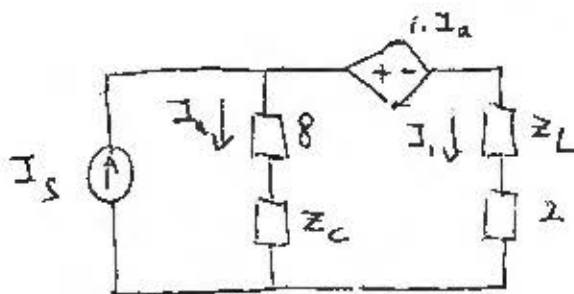
$$Z_C = \frac{1}{j\omega C} = -4j$$

$$I_s = 6 e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}} = 6j$$

$$\omega = 2000: Z_L = j 2000 L = 2j$$

$$Z_C = \frac{1}{j 2000 C} = -2j$$

$$I_s = 9 e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}} = -9j$$



$$I_1 = I_s - I_a \Rightarrow I_a (8 + Z_C) = 1 \cdot I_a + (I_s - I_a)(2 + Z_L)$$

$$\Rightarrow I_a = I_s \frac{2 + Z_L}{8 + Z_C + Z_L}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \omega = 1000: I_a = 6j \frac{(2+j)}{(8-4j+j)} = \frac{6(-1+2j)(3+j)}{3(3-j)(3+j)} = \frac{2}{10}(-5+5j) = -1+j$$

$$i_{a1}(t) = \sqrt{2} \cos(1000t + 135^\circ)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \omega = 2000: I_a = (-9j) \frac{2+2j}{8+2j-2j} = 2(1-j) \Rightarrow i_{a2}(t) = 2\sqrt{2} \cos(2000t - 45^\circ)$$

$$\textcircled{3} i_a(t) = i_{a1}(t) + i_{a2}(t) = \sqrt{2} \cos(1000t + \frac{3\pi}{4}) + 2\sqrt{2} \cos(2000t - \frac{\pi}{4})$$

$$\textcircled{4} t = 4\pi \cdot 10^{-3}: i_a = \sqrt{2} \cos(4\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}) + 2\sqrt{2} \cos(8\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}) = \sqrt{2} \cos(\frac{3\pi}{4}) + 2\sqrt{2} \cos(-\frac{\pi}{4})$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) + 2\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) = -1 + 2 = 1$$

$$B_1 = 1 \text{ A}$$

$$t = 5\pi \cdot 10^{-3}: i_a = \sqrt{2} \cos(5\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}) + 2\sqrt{2} \cos(10\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}) = \sqrt{2} \cos(-\frac{\pi}{4}) + 2\sqrt{2} \cos(-\frac{\pi}{4})$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) + 2\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) = 1 + 2 = 3$$

$$B_2 = 3 \text{ A}$$