CSE 8A: Intro to Programming in Python Spring 2021

Lecture 4 - Define functions, conditionals

UC San Diego

Status Check

How did the first week go?

- A. It went very well
- B. There is some glitch but overall good
- C. It was quite bad for me
- D. I can't breathe now!

Announcement

- PAI due on Tuesday
- Use lab hours if you need help.
- Things we drop
 - 6 reading activities
 - I lab
- We need your stepik ID to get you reading grade
 - Complete the survey on edstem

Topics for Today

- Defining your own functions
- Conditional statements

What is a function

A function is a module of codes that can be used for a specific purpose

Why do we want to define a function?

- A. It makes your code looks interesting
- B. It can be reused many times and make your code easier to understand
- C. It can help contain potential errors
- D. More than I of the answers are correct
- E. None of the answers is correct



Terminology

```
def ftoc(fah):
       c = 5/9 * (fah - 32)
        return c
result = ftoc(75)
x = 60
anotherR = ftoc(x)
```

Exercise: Defining Functions

Write a function that computes the cube of a given number.

Name of the function: cube

Input parameter(s): num

Return value: num³

Test your function as shown below to verify if it works as

expected

>>> cube(2)

8

>>> cube(3)

27

>>> cube(0)

0

Functions

What will be printed when the following program is executed (run)?

```
def welcome(name):
    print('Hello, ' + name + '!')

msg = welcome('cse 8a')
print(msg)
```

A) Hello, ! Hello, cse 8a

B) Hello, cse 8a!

Hello, cse 8a!

Hello, cse 8a!

D)
None of the given answers is correct



Exercise

- Write a Python function to compute the area of a triangle
- The function should get the three sides of the triangle
- The function should return the area of the triangle
- You should use Heron's formula to calculate the area

$$area = \sqrt{p(p-a)(p-b)(p-c)}$$

where p = (a + b + c) /2

https://www.mathopenref.com/heronsformula.html

What is the correct function prototype

- A. def triangle_area(a, b, c)
- B. def triangle_area():
- C. triangle_area():
- D. def cirArea(a, b, c, area)



Operator Precedence - Boolean Operators

Order	Operator	Operator Name
I	not	Boolean NOT
2	and	Boolean AND
3	or	Boolean OR

Exercise: Booleans

What is the value of the expression below?

```
num = 12
(num != 12) and (num > 0) or (num % 2 == 1)
```

- A) True
- B) False
- C) None
- D) Error



Exercise: Booleans

What is the value of the expression below?

```
num = 17
not num == 17 or num >= 17 and num // 2 == 8
```

- A) True
- B) False
- C) None
- D) Error



Exercise: If/Else

What will be printed by the program below?

```
def mystery(n):
    if n < 0:
        return n * -1
    else:
        return n</pre>
```

- A) -42
- B) 42
- C) The program will not print anything
- D) The program will result in an error



Exercise: Nested Ifs

What will be printed?

```
num = 8
if num % 2 == 0:
    if num % 3 == 0:
        print('divisible by 2 and 3')
    else:
        print('divisible by 2 but not 3')
else:
    if num % 3 == 0:
        print('divisible by 3 but not 2')
    else:
        print('not divisible by 2 and 3')
```

```
A) divisible by 2 and 3
B) divisible by 2 but not 3
C) divisible by 3 but not 2
D) not divisible by 2 and 3
```



Exercise: Nested Ifs

What will be printed?

```
num = 15
if num % 2 == 0:
    if num % 3 == 0:
        print('divisible by 2 and 3')
    else:
        print('divisible by 2 but not 3')
else:
    if num % 3 == 0:
        print('divisible by 3 but not 2')
    else:
        print('not divisible by 2 and 3')
```

```
A) divisible by 2 and 3
B) divisible by 2 but not 3
C) divisible by 3 but not 2
D) not divisible by 2 and 3
```



What is true for block I and 2?

```
#block 2
#block 1
                         if condition A:
if condition A:
                            #statements A
   #statements A
                         if condition B:
elif condition B:
                            #statements B
   #statements B
                         if condition C:
elif condition C:
                            #statements C
   #statements C
                         else:
else
                            #statements D
   #statements D
```

- A. they are basically the same code, no difference
- B. for block 1, it is impossible that statements A and D are both executed
- C. for block 2, it is impossible that statements A and D are both executed
- D. More than one of the answers are correct
- E. None of the answers is correct

Exercise: Else If (elif)

Write a function that takes a number (float) as an input parameter and returns

0: if the number is zero

I: if the number is positive

-1: if the number is negative