Andrew flum Assignment # 1 Prof. Beeston 9/20/2023 1) n=1 n=1 n=[n-1)-0+1] $n\approx[\theta(n^2)]$ n=1 n=[n-1)-0+1] $n\approx[\theta(n^2)]$ $= [n-1-0+1][n-1] = n(n-1) \approx \overline{O(n^2)}$ $||) \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (i^2 + 2)^2 = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (i^4 + 4i^2 + 4) = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} i^4 + \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} 4i^2 + \sum_{i=0$ $\frac{2}{2} 4 = 4 \frac{2}{12} 1 = 4(n-1-0+1) = 4n \approx 0(n)$ $\frac{2}{12} 4 \frac{2}{12} = 4 \frac{2}{12} \frac{(n-1)[(n-1)+1](2(n-1)+1)}{6} = \frac{2}{12}$ $= \frac{(n-1)(n)(2n-1)}{6} - \frac{(2n^2-3n+1)(n)}{6} - \frac{2n^3-3n^2+n}{6} \sim O(n^3)$ $\sum_{i=0}^{2} i^{4} = \frac{1}{4+1} (n-1)^{4+1} = (n-1)^{5} \approx \Theta(n^{5})$ $\approx \Theta(n^5) + \Theta(n^3) + \Theta(n) \approx \Theta(n^5)$ 12) & [(i+2) 2i-1] = & [(i+2) 2i] = = = = (i2i+2i+1) = = - = = (12') + - = [(2)(2')] = - = = (12') + = (2')= 1= (i2i)===[(n-1)2n+1+2]==2n(n-1)+2 = (n2n) $\frac{2}{2}(2^{i}) = \frac{2^{n+1}-1}{2-1} = 2^{n+1}-1 \approx O(2^{n})$ ~ O(n2")+O(2") ~ O(n2")