

California State University, Sacramento College of Engineering and Computer Science

Computer Science 35: Introduction to Computer Architecture

Spring 2021 – Project – Gold Rush!

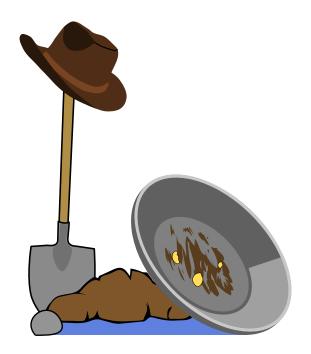
## **Overview**

The year was 1848 and California was a peaceful untamed wilderness. There is a smattering of people – who had recently fought a war for independence. A war named after the powerful bears that prosper in the untouched wilderness.

The only attempt, to build a civilization, is in a small town called Sacramento. Under the management of John Sutter, the small town is growing at an impressive rate. So much so, that cut timber is desperate need. To solve this dilemma, John Marshall is hired to build a sawmill on the American River in nearby Coloma. The sawmill harnesses the river's power to spin massive saw. Timber is then floated downriver to an eager population.

Then, one day, something odd was seen in the river – GOLD!

This ignited the blaze that became the Gold Rush! A flood of "Forty-Niners" from all over the United States (and the World), arrived to seek their fortunes in the untapped streams and rivers of the Sierra Nevada.





## Some Facts About the Gold Rush

- 1. Before the Gold Rush, California only had a population of 157,000 people. 150,000 were native-Americans and 6,500 "Californios" (Mexican citizens living in California). The rest were settlers from the United States. California was mostly uninhabited wilderness.
- 2. Gold was discovered at Sutter's Mill by James Marshall in 1848. Wood was needed to construct buildings in Sacramento and the sawmill was built on the American River (yes, the one right next to Sac State). The Mill is located in Coloma a short distance from here.
- 3. People began to arrive in Northern California in 1849. It took nearly a year to get to California. This is the origin of the term "Forty-Niner".
- 4. There were two routes that Forty-Niner's to follow to get to California. The first was the overland California Trail which traveled through the Northern Nevada desert. Modern-day Highway 80 follows this path.

The second route was by ship. The destination was the Golden Gate (the entrance into San Francisco). That is why the bridge, that spans the "Golden Gate" is named "The Golden Gate Bridge".

- 5. By the mid 1850's, more than 300,000 additional people had settled.
- 6. The Forty-Niners were very diverse. 25% of them came from outside the United States. The rest included religious and ethnic minorities from around North America. 92% Forty-Niners were men.
- 7. An ounce of gold was worth over a thousand dollars. The largest single gold nugget was 160 pounds making it worth over 3 million dollars today.



## **Gold Rush Technology**

Pan: This is the Forty-Niner's most basic, reliable, and recognizable tool. Usually made of tin or iron, the Forty-Niner would put water and soil into a pan and swirl it in a circular motion. The goal was to have the water carry the lighter particles out of the pan – leaving only heavy particles (rocks and gold).

Cradle: Also called a "rocker", the Forty-Niner would place water and soil into the top of the device and rock it left and right. As the water flowed downwards, horizontal ridges (called riffles) would capture the heavy particles.

Sluice: A sluice uses the same basic technology, as a cradle, but is far more advanced. It is essentially a wooden channel (similar to a rain gutter) with one end elevated. The sluice was connected to a continuous flow of water – usually upstream. This liberated the Forty-Niner from manually adding water (as well as the laborious rocking) and, thus, allowed them to work on several at the same time.



Forty-niners with pans and a sluice.

## The Game

#### Overview

Like the classic Oregon Trail (created in 1971), your game is going to create a simple simulation based on resource management. In this style of game, you attempt to maximize your score by using your resources and obtaining assets. In your case, you will be creating a (very simple) game based on the life of Forty-Niner.

The game takes place over a 20-week period. You will start with \$100 (not bad for 1849). Your goal is to make as much money as possible. Each week, you gain and lose a random number amount of money (resource). You can spend your money (resource) to protect your assets. These, in turn, can help you acquire more money.

Each week can be broken into four logical sections:

## Part 1: Sunday

Even though the Forty-Niners came from different parts of the World, they all followed a set of ad-hoc rules. The most important is that everyone took Sunday off. Some Forty-Niners rested, some did repairs, and others spent the day causing mischief (or being rather naughty). So, each Sunday, you get to decide:

- Do nothing. It doesn't cost anything but doesn't help either.
- Repair the sluice which brings it back up to 100%. It will cost you \$100 to do so.
- Go into town (Auburn or Placerville) to enjoy yourself. Your endurance will go up from 5% to 50% (it might have been a great day!). However, it will cost you between \$50 and \$200 to do so.

#### Part 2: Profits

- You can earn between \$0 and \$100 automatically by panning for gold.
- Your sluice can earn you between \$0 and \$1000. However, if its durability is at 0%, then it is broke and doesn't produce any gold.

#### Part 3: Costs

• Food costs between \$30 and \$50.

#### Part 4: Wear and Tear

- Your endurance (the willpower to keep going) wears down from 10% to 25% each week. If it reaches zero, the game ends (you, basically, give up).
- The durability of your sluice, which handles a heavy workload, wears down from 20% to 50% each week.
- Your gold pan doesn't wear down (it's made of tin and quite durable).

## **Sample Output**

Your solution doesn't have to look exactly like this. However, this should show you the basic gameplay. For readability, the user's input is displayed in **red** and randomly generated values are in **blue**. You don't have to use color (unless you are going for extra credit). *As always, please feel free to change the wording of the text.* 

```
CALIFORNIA GOLD RUSH
_____
Rules:
1. 20 weeks (5 months)
2. Your endurance drops 10-25% each week. If it reaches 0%, the game ends.
3. Panning for gold yields 0-100 dollars.
4. A sluice yields 0-1000 dollars (durability drops 20-50% each week)
5. Food costs 30-50 dollars.
WEEK 1
You have $100
Your endurance is at 100%
Sluice is at 100%
It' Sunday! Do you want to 1. Do nothing, 2. Repair sluice (-$100), 3. Go to town.
Panning for gold yielded $30
The sluice yielded $50
You ate $32 in food
WEEK 2
You have $148
Your endurance is at 82%
Sluice is at 79%
It' Sunday! Do you want to 1. Do nothing, 2. Repair sluice (-$100), 3. Go to town.
Panning for gold yielded $46
The sluice yielded $862
You ate $44 in food
WEEK 3
You have $1012
Your endurance is at 72%
Sluice is at 42%
It' Sunday! Do you want to 1. Do nothing, 2. Repair sluice (-$100), 3. Go to town.
Panning for gold yielded $10
The sluice yielded $211
You ate $50 in food
```

```
WEEK 4
You have $1183
Your endurance is at 59%
Sluice is at 8%
It' Sunday! Do you want to 1. Do nothing, 2. Repair sluice (-$100), 3. Go to town.
You repaired the sluice to 100%.
Panning for gold yielded $67
The sluice yielded $277
You ate $44 in food
                      I removed several weeks.
WEEK 20
You have $5367
Your endurance is at 4%
Sluice is at 33%
It' Sunday! Do you want to 1. Do nothing, 2. Repair sluice (-$100), 3. Go to town.
Going to town cost you $103
You regained 21% endurance.
Panning for gold yielded $67
The sluice yielded $337
You ate $34 in food
===== GAME OVER =====
You ended the game with $5634
Your endurance was 13%
```

## **Have Fun**

**Use your imagination.** Your game doesn't have to be the Gold Rush. You can base your game on any fun theme that you want. But, <u>only if you keep the same gameplay</u>.

For example, here are some possible scenarios:

- Kittens
- Cartoon: Spongebob Squarepants, Rick and Morty, Archer, etc....
- Politics
- Movies: comedy, sci-fi, horror, etc...
- Video games
- Television programs
- Characters from a book
- etc...

## **Due Date**

The assignment is due the **end of Dead Week**. I strongly suggest that you get to work on this assignment as early as possible. If you did well on your labs, it shouldn't take more than a few hours.

## **Requirements**



#### YOU MUST DO YOUR OWN WORK. DO NOT ASK OTHER STUDENTS FOR HELP.

If you ask for help, both you and the student who helped you will receive a 0. Based on the severity, I might have to go to the University.



This project may only be submitted in Intel Format. Using AT&T format will result in a zero.

1. Print the title of your program. (5 points)

2. Print the game rules. Let the player know how the game works! (5 points)

3. Loop for 20 weeks. (10 points)

If you change the project theme, please feel free to change this value (e.g. 12 for months)

4. Part 1: Decision (15 points)

Input the player's choice. There needs to be at least 3 choices. The program must do different things based on the input.

5. Part 2: Profits (10 points)

Your program must calculate how much they earned automatically (panning) and how much they earned for each asset (sluices).

6. Part 2: Unusable Assets (10 points)

You do not earn profits if your sluice (or another asset you add) is broken and nonfunctional. If your endurance reaches zero, the game ends.

7. Part 3: Costs (15 points)

8. Part 4: Damage (15 points)

Decrease both your endurance and the sluice.

9. Comment your code! (10 points)

10. Proper formatting: (5 points)

Labels are never indented. Instructions are always indented the same number of spaces. Add blank lines for readability.

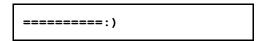
## **Extra Credit**

#### 1. Color - 5 points

Make use of color to enhance your game. The color must be meaningful – don't just set the color at the beginning of the program.

#### 2. ASCII Art - 5 points each for a max of 10

Use ASCII-art to make your program exciting. The ASCII-art must be meaningful and not something overly simple like:



It's a happy worm!

## 3. At least 2 more decisions - 10 points

There is more to do than go to town and repair sluices. Give the program more decisions that can help or hinder the game.

#### 4. Another resource - 10 points

Right now, there is only three resources – money, endurance, and the sluice. What else can be considered? Food? Happiness? Whiskey? Love?

#### 5. Random events - 5 each for a max of 15.

What other types of events, good and bad, can occur. The more you add, the more you can capture the feeling of the Gold Rush.

#### **Tips**

#### 1. Write you program in parts

**DON'T** attempt to write the entire program at one time. If you do, you won't be able to debug it. Experienced programmers use <u>incremental design</u>. Make a basic program and, very slowly, add the features you need.

So, first get the main loop working... then, bit by bit, add the rest of the functionality.

If you get stuck in an infinite loop, you can press Control+C to exit any UNIX program.

#### 2. Random Numbers

The library has a built-in subroutine called "Random" that you must use to make your project work. Please read the documentation on how to use it.

## **Project Pseudocode**

```
declare Integer Funds, Sluice, Endurance, Week
declare Integer Choice, Cost, Gain, Loss
output "CALIFORNIA GOLD RUSH"
output "Rules:"
output "1. 20 weeks (5 months)"
output "2. Your endurance drops 10-25% each week. If it reaches 0%, the game ends."
output "4. A sluice yields 0-1000 dollars (durability drops 20-50% each week)"
output "5. Food costs 30-50 dollars."
assign Endurance = 100
assign Funds = 100
assign Sluice = 100
assign Week = 1
while Week <= 20 and Endurance > 0
   output "WEEK ", Week
   output "You have $", Funds
   output "Your endurance is at ", Endurance, "%"
   output "Sluice is at ", Sluice, "%"
    ... Part 1: Sunday
    output "It' Sunday! Do you want to 1. Do nothing, 2. Repair sluice, 3. Go to town."
   input Choice
   if Choice = 2 and Funds >= 100
        assign Sluice = 100
        subtract 100 from Funds
        output "You repaired the sluice to 100%."
    end if
    if Choice = 3
        assign Cost = random number between 100 and 250
        output "Going to town cost you $", Cost
        assign Funds = Funds - Cost
        assign Gain = random number between 5 and 50
        output "You regained ", Gain, "% endurance."
        assign Endurance = Endurance + Gain
    end if
    ... Part 2: Gains
   assign Gain = random number between 0 and 100
   output "Panning for gold yields $", Gain
   add Gain to Funds
   if Sluice >= 1
        assign Gain = random number between 0 and 1000
        output "Your sluice yields $", Gain
        add Gain to Funds
    else
        output "Your sluice is broken."
    end if
    ... Part 3: Costs
   assign Cost = random number between 30 and 50
   output "You ate $", Cost, " in food"
   assign Funds = Funds - Cost
    ... Part 4: Wear and Tear
    assign Loss = random number between 10 and 25
    subtract Loss from Endurance
```

```
assign Loss = random number between 20 and 50 subtract Loss from Sluice

... Next Week
add 1 to Week
end while

output "GAME OVER"
output "You ended the game with $", Funds
output "Your endurance was ", Endurance, "%"
```

## **Submitting Your Project**



This project may only be submitted in Intel Format. Using AT&T format will result in a zero.

To submit your lab, you must run Alpine by typing the following, and, then, enter your username and password.

alpine

Please send an e-mail to yourself (on your Outlook, Google account) to check if Alpine is working. To submit your lab, send the assembly file (do not send the a.out or the object file). Send the .asm file to:

dcook@csus.edu



"Paint Your Wagon" (1969)

# **UNIX Commands**

## Editing

Action	Command	Notes
Edit File	nano filename	"Nano" is an easy-to-use text editor.
E-Mail	alpine	"Alpine" is text-based e-mail application. You will e-mail your assignments it.
Assemble File	as -o object source	Don't mix up the <i>objectfile</i> and <i>asmfile</i> fields. It will destroy your program!
Link File	ld -o exe object(s)	Link and create an executable file from one (or more) object files

## Folder Navigation

Action	Command	Description
Change current folder	cd foldername	"Changes Directory"
Go to parent folder	cd	Think of it as the "back button".
Show current folder	pwd	Gives the current a file path
List files	ls	Lists the files in current directory.

## File Organization

Action	Command	Description
Create folder	mkdir foldername	Folders are called directories in UNIX.
Copy file	cp oldfile newfile	Make a copy of an existing file
Move file	mv filename foldername	Moves a file to a destination folder
Rename file	mv oldname newname	Note: same command as "move".
Delete file	rm filename	Remove (delete) a file. There is no undo.