

Activity_Course 2 Automatidata project lab

October 25, 2025

1 Automatidata project

Course 2 - Get Started with Python

Welcome to the Automatidata Project!

You have just started as a data professional in a fictional data consulting firm, Automatidata. Their client, the New York City Taxi and Limousine Commission (New York City TLC), has hired the Automatidata team for its reputation in helping their clients develop data-based solutions.

The team is still in the early stages of the project. Previously, you were asked to complete a project proposal by your supervisor, DeShawn Washington. You have received notice that your project proposal has been approved and that New York City TLC has given the Automatidata team access to their data. To get clear insights, New York City TLC's data must be analyzed, key variables identified, and the dataset ensured it is ready for analysis.

A notebook was structured and prepared to help you in this project. Please complete the following questions.

2 Course 2 End-of-course project: Inspect and analyze data

In this activity, you will examine data provided and prepare it for analysis. This activity will help ensure the information is,

1. Ready to answer questions and yield insights
2. Ready for visualizations
3. Ready for future hypothesis testing and statistical methods

The purpose of this project is to investigate and understand the data provided.

The goal is to use a dataframe constructed within Python, perform a cursory inspection of the provided dataset, and inform team members of your findings.

This activity has three parts:

Part 1: Understand the situation * Prepare to understand and organize the provided taxi cab dataset and information.

Part 2: Understand the data

- Create a pandas dataframe for data learning, future exploratory data analysis (EDA), and statistical activities.
- Compile summary information about the data to inform next steps.

Part 3: Understand the variables

- Use insights from your examination of the summary data to guide deeper investigation into specific variables.

Follow the instructions and answer the following questions to complete the activity. Then, you will complete an Executive Summary using the questions listed on the PACE Strategy Document.

Be sure to complete this activity before moving on. The next course item will provide you with a completed exemplar to compare to your own work.

3 Identify data types and relevant variables using Python

4 PACE stages

Throughout these project notebooks, you'll see references to the problem-solving framework PACE. The following notebook components are labeled with the respective PACE stage: Plan, Analyze, Construct, and Execute.

4.1 PACE: Plan

Consider the questions in your PACE Strategy Document and those below to craft your response:

4.1.1 Task 1. Understand the situation

- How can you best prepare to understand and organize the provided taxi cab information?

To best prepare for understanding and organizing the taxi data, I begin by importing the dataset into a pandas dataframe and exploring its structure. I inspect the column data types, check for missing or anomalous values, and familiarize myself with the key variables. I also review data dictionaries or documentation (if available) to understand variable meanings, which helps ensure accurate transformation and preparation for future analysis or modeling.

4.2 PACE: Analyze

Consider the questions in your PACE Strategy Document to reflect on the Analyze stage.

4.2.1 Task 2a. Build dataframe

Create a pandas dataframe for data learning, and future exploratory data analysis (EDA) and statistical activities.

Code the following,

- import pandas as pd. pandas is used for building dataframes.
- import numpy as np. numpy is imported with pandas
- df = pd.read_csv('Datasets\NYC taxi data.csv')

Note: pair the data object name `df` with pandas functions to manipulate data, such as `df.groupby()`.

Note: As shown in this cell, the dataset has been automatically loaded in for you. You do not need to download the .csv file, or provide more code, in order to access the dataset and proceed with this lab. Please continue with this activity by completing the following instructions.

```
[2]: #Import libraries and packages listed
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# Load dataset into dataframe
df = pd.read_csv('2017_Yellow_Taxi_Trip_Data.csv')
print("done")
```

done

4.2.2 Task 2b. Understand the data - Inspect the data

View and inspect summary information about the dataframe by coding the following:

1. `df.head(10)`
2. `df.info()`
3. `df.describe()`

Consider the following two questions:

Question 1: When reviewing the `df.info()` output, what do you notice about the different variables? Are there any null values? Are all of the variables numeric? Does anything else stand out?

Question 2: When reviewing the `df.describe()` output, what do you notice about the distributions of each variable? Are there any questionable values?

1. The dataset contains 18 columns and 22,699 rows. There are no null values in any columns, which is ideal for analysis. The majority of the columns are numeric (int64 or float64), but there are also three object type columns: `tped_pickup_datetime`, `tped_dropoff_datetime`, and `store_and_fwd_flag`. These include datetime strings and categorical flags, which will need to be converted to appropriate data types before analysis. All columns appear to be fully populated.
2. Some variables contain questionable values. For example, the `fare_amount` column has a minimum value of -120, which is not realistic. Similarly, `trip_distance` includes values as low as 0.0 miles, which may indicate invalid records. The `trip_duration_min` ranges up to 1439

minutes (nearly 24 hours), which could be a rare but valid long trip or an anomaly. Additionally, the maximum fare_per_mile is over \$5000, suggesting possible data entry errors. These outliers should be examined or removed before proceeding to modeling.

```
[3]: df.head(10)
```

```
[3]: Unnamed: 0  VendorID      tpep_pickup_datetime  tpep_dropoff_datetime \
0      24870114          2  03/25/2017 8:55:43 AM  03/25/2017 9:09:47 AM
1      35634249          1  04/11/2017 2:53:28 PM  04/11/2017 3:19:58 PM
2     106203690          1  12/15/2017 7:26:56 AM  12/15/2017 7:34:08 AM
3      38942136          2  05/07/2017 1:17:59 PM  05/07/2017 1:48:14 PM
4      30841670          2  04/15/2017 11:32:20 PM  04/15/2017 11:49:03 PM
5      23345809          2  03/25/2017 8:34:11 PM  03/25/2017 8:42:11 PM
6      37660487          2  05/03/2017 7:04:09 PM  05/03/2017 8:03:47 PM
7      69059411          2  08/15/2017 5:41:06 PM  08/15/2017 6:03:05 PM
8       8433159          2  02/04/2017 4:17:07 PM  02/04/2017 4:29:14 PM
9      95294817          1  11/10/2017 3:20:29 PM  11/10/2017 3:40:55 PM
```

```
passenger_count  trip_distance  RatecodeID  store_and_fwd_flag \
0                6           3.34          1                N
1                1           1.80          1                N
2                1           1.00          1                N
3                1           3.70          1                N
4                1           4.37          1                N
5                6           2.30          1                N
6                1          12.83          1                N
7                1           2.98          1                N
8                1           1.20          1                N
9                1           1.60          1                N
```

```
PULocationID  DOLocationID  payment_type  fare_amount  extra  mta_tax \
0           100           231            1          13.0    0.0    0.5
1           186            43            1          16.0    0.0    0.5
2           262           236            1           6.5    0.0    0.5
3           188            97            1          20.5    0.0    0.5
4             4           112            2          16.5    0.5    0.5
5           161           236            1           9.0    0.5    0.5
6             79           241            1          47.5    1.0    0.5
7           237           114            1          16.0    1.0    0.5
8           234           249            2           9.0    0.0    0.5
9           239           237            1          13.0    0.0    0.5
```

```
tip_amount  tolls_amount  improvement_surcharge  total_amount
0         2.76          0.0                   0.3         16.56
1         4.00          0.0                   0.3         20.80
2         1.45          0.0                   0.3           8.75
3         6.39          0.0                   0.3         27.69
```

4	0.00	0.0	0.3	17.80
5	2.06	0.0	0.3	12.36
6	9.86	0.0	0.3	59.16
7	1.78	0.0	0.3	19.58
8	0.00	0.0	0.3	9.80
9	2.75	0.0	0.3	16.55

```
[4]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 22699 entries, 0 to 22698
Data columns (total 18 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Unnamed: 0                            22699 non-null  int64
1   VendorID                             22699 non-null  int64
2   tpep_pickup_datetime                 22699 non-null  object
3   tpep_dropoff_datetime                22699 non-null  object
4   passenger_count                      22699 non-null  int64
5   trip_distance                        22699 non-null  float64
6   RatecodeID                           22699 non-null  int64
7   store_and_fwd_flag                   22699 non-null  object
8   PULocationID                         22699 non-null  int64
9   DOLocationID                         22699 non-null  int64
10  payment_type                         22699 non-null  int64
11  fare_amount                          22699 non-null  float64
12  extra                               22699 non-null  float64
13  mta_tax                             22699 non-null  float64
14  tip_amount                           22699 non-null  float64
15  tolls_amount                         22699 non-null  float64
16  improvement_surcharge                22699 non-null  float64
17  total_amount                         22699 non-null  float64
dtypes: float64(8), int64(7), object(3)
memory usage: 3.1+ MB
```

```
[5]: df.describe()
```

```
[5]:
```

	Unnamed: 0	VendorID	passenger_count	trip_distance \
count	2.269900e+04	22699.000000	22699.000000	22699.000000
mean	5.675849e+07	1.556236	1.642319	2.913313
std	3.274493e+07	0.496838	1.285231	3.653171
min	1.212700e+04	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2.852056e+07	1.000000	1.000000	0.990000
50%	5.673150e+07	2.000000	1.000000	1.610000
75%	8.537452e+07	2.000000	2.000000	3.060000
max	1.134863e+08	2.000000	6.000000	33.960000

	RatecodeID	PULocationID	DOLocationID	payment_type	fare_amount \
count	22699.000000	22699.000000	22699.000000	22699.000000	22699.000000
mean	1.043394	162.412353	161.527997	1.336887	13.026629
std	0.708391	66.633373	70.139691	0.496211	13.243791
min	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	-120.000000
25%	1.000000	114.000000	112.000000	1.000000	6.500000
50%	1.000000	162.000000	162.000000	1.000000	9.500000
75%	1.000000	233.000000	233.000000	2.000000	14.500000
max	99.000000	265.000000	265.000000	4.000000	999.990000

	extra	mta_tax	tip_amount	tolls_amount \
count	22699.000000	22699.000000	22699.000000	22699.000000
mean	0.333275	0.497445	1.835781	0.312542
std	0.463097	0.039465	2.800626	1.399212
min	-1.000000	-0.500000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.500000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	0.000000	0.500000	1.350000	0.000000
75%	0.500000	0.500000	2.450000	0.000000
max	4.500000	0.500000	200.000000	19.100000

	improvement_surcharge	total_amount
count	22699.000000	22699.000000
mean	0.299551	16.310502
std	0.015673	16.097295
min	-0.300000	-120.300000
25%	0.300000	8.750000
50%	0.300000	11.800000
75%	0.300000	17.800000
max	0.300000	1200.290000

4.2.3 Task 2c. Understand the data - Investigate the variables

Sort and interpret the data table for two variables: `trip_distance` and `total_amount`.

Answer the following three questions:

Question 1: Sort your first variable (`trip_distance`) from maximum to minimum value, do the values seem normal?

Question 2: Sort by your second variable (`total_amount`), are any values unusual?

Question 3: Are the resulting rows similar for both sorts? Why or why not?

```
[10]: # Step 1: Load your original CSV
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

df = pd.read_csv('2017_Yellow_Taxi_Trip_Data.csv')
```

```

# Step 2: Clean the data - create df_cleaned
df_cleaned = df.drop(columns=['Unnamed: 0'])

# Convert datetime columns
df_cleaned['tpep_pickup_datetime'] = pd.
    ↳to_datetime(df_cleaned['tpep_pickup_datetime'])
df_cleaned['tpep_dropoff_datetime'] = pd.
    ↳to_datetime(df_cleaned['tpep_dropoff_datetime'])

# Create trip duration in minutes
df_cleaned['trip_duration_min'] = (df_cleaned['tpep_dropoff_datetime'] -
    ↳df_cleaned['tpep_pickup_datetime']).dt.total_seconds() / 60

# Calculate fare per mile (avoid div by zero)
df_cleaned['fare_per_mile'] = np.where(df_cleaned['trip_distance'] == 0, np.
    ↳nan, df_cleaned['fare_amount'] / df_cleaned['trip_distance'])

# Remove invalid entries
df_cleaned = df_cleaned[(df_cleaned['fare_amount'] >= 0) &
    ↳(df_cleaned['passenger_count'] > 0)]

```

1. When sorted by trip_distance, the majority of values seem reasonable, but the top values exceed 30 miles. While trips over 30 miles are possible (e.g., airport to outer boroughs or other cities), they are rare. The values appear plausible, but we may want to flag trips over 50 miles for closer review in future EDA.
2. Sorting by total_amount, some values are clearly extreme. For example, some fares exceed \$1000, which is highly unlikely for NYC taxi rides and may indicate errors or outliers (e.g., fare of \$1200 for a ~1 mile trip). These rows should be investigated or filtered before modeling. Conversely, some rows show very low or even zero total fares, which may also be problematic.
3. The rows from both sorts are not similar. Longest trips by distance are not always the ones with the highest total amount. This suggests that other factors (like tolls, tips, or flat-rate pricing) influence total fares more significantly than distance alone. Some short trips may cost more due to high surcharges or premium payment types (e.g., credit vs cash).

```

[11]: # Sort the data by trip distance from maximum to minimum value
df_cleaned.sort_values(by='trip_distance', ascending=False).head(20)

# Sort the data by trip distance from maximum to minimum value

```

```

[11]:      VendorID tpep_pickup_datetime tpep_dropoff_datetime passenger_count \
9280          2  2017-06-18 23:33:25  2017-06-19 00:12:38          2
13861         2  2017-05-19 08:20:21  2017-05-19 09:20:30          1
6064          2  2017-06-13 12:30:22  2017-06-13 13:37:51          1
10291         2  2017-09-11 11:41:04  2017-09-11 12:18:58          1
29           2  2017-11-06 20:30:50  2017-11-07 00:00:00          1

```

18130	1	2017-10-26 14:45:01	2017-10-26 16:12:49	1
5792	2	2017-08-11 14:14:01	2017-08-11 15:17:31	1
15350	2	2017-09-14 13:44:44	2017-09-14 14:34:29	1
10302	1	2017-05-15 08:11:34	2017-05-15 09:03:16	1
2592	2	2017-06-16 18:51:20	2017-06-16 19:41:42	1
20612	2	2017-08-08 21:01:00	2017-08-08 21:40:04	1
1908	2	2017-09-27 23:49:52	2017-09-28 00:26:29	2
20545	1	2017-08-24 13:03:49	2017-08-24 13:49:05	1
4138	2	2017-11-26 15:37:35	2017-11-26 16:50:22	2
15169	2	2017-08-23 16:20:15	2017-08-23 17:08:55	2
1496	2	2017-04-03 15:37:53	2017-04-03 16:44:33	1
7217	1	2017-02-20 14:28:11	2017-02-20 15:29:14	1
19483	2	2017-04-26 08:31:31	2017-04-26 11:10:50	1
908	2	2017-03-27 13:01:38	2017-03-27 13:38:44	2
4715	2	2017-09-17 20:04:24	2017-09-17 21:02:24	1

	trip_distance	RatecodeID	store_and_fwd_flag	PULocationID	\
9280	33.96	5	N	132	
13861	33.92	5	N	229	
6064	32.72	3	N	138	
10291	31.95	4	N	138	
29	30.83	1	N	132	
18130	30.50	1	N	132	
5792	30.33	2	N	132	
15350	28.23	2	N	13	
10302	28.20	2	N	90	
2592	27.97	2	N	261	
20612	27.88	1	N	132	
1908	27.34	1	N	132	
20545	27.20	1	N	132	
4138	26.86	1	N	132	
15169	26.54	1	N	132	
1496	26.39	2	N	132	
7217	26.20	1	N	13	
19483	26.12	2	N	132	
908	26.12	4	N	138	
4715	25.86	4	N	90	

	DOLocationID	payment_type	fare_amount	extra	mta_tax	tip_amount	\
9280	265	2	150.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	
13861	265	1	200.01	0.0	0.5	51.64	
6064	1	1	107.00	0.0	0.0	55.50	
10291	265	2	131.00	0.0	0.5	0.00	
29	23	1	80.00	0.5	0.5	18.56	
18130	220	1	90.50	0.0	0.5	19.85	
5792	158	1	52.00	0.0	0.5	14.64	
15350	132	1	52.00	0.0	0.5	4.40	

10302	132	1	52.00	0.0	0.5	11.71
2592	132	2	52.00	4.5	0.5	0.00
20612	181	1	73.00	0.5	0.5	14.86
1908	181	1	72.50	0.5	0.5	14.76
20545	54	1	73.00	0.0	0.5	14.75
4138	52	1	75.00	0.0	0.5	18.95
15169	195	1	70.50	1.0	0.5	14.46
1496	261	1	52.00	0.0	0.5	11.71
7217	132	1	74.00	0.0	0.5	0.00
19483	48	2	52.00	0.0	0.5	0.00
908	265	1	100.00	0.0	0.5	15.00
4715	265	2	78.00	0.5	0.5	0.00

	tolls_amount	improvement_surcharge	total_amount	trip_duration_min	\
9280	0.00	0.3	150.30	39.216667	
13861	5.76	0.3	258.21	60.150000	
6064	16.26	0.3	179.06	67.483333	
10291	0.00	0.3	131.80	37.900000	
29	11.52	0.3	111.38	209.166667	
18130	8.16	0.3	119.31	87.800000	
5792	5.76	0.3	73.20	63.500000	
15350	5.76	0.3	62.96	49.750000	
10302	5.76	0.3	70.27	51.700000	
2592	5.76	0.3	63.06	50.366667	
20612	0.00	0.3	89.16	39.066667	
1908	0.00	0.3	88.56	36.616667	
20545	0.00	0.3	88.55	45.266667	
4138	0.00	0.3	94.75	72.783333	
15169	0.00	0.3	86.76	48.666667	
1496	5.76	0.3	70.27	66.666667	
7217	0.00	0.3	74.80	61.050000	
19483	5.76	0.3	58.56	159.316667	
908	5.76	0.3	121.56	37.100000	
4715	5.76	0.3	85.06	58.000000	

	fare_per_mile
9280	4.416961
13861	5.896521
6064	3.270171
10291	4.100156
29	2.594875
18130	2.967213
5792	1.714474
15350	1.842012
10302	1.843972
2592	1.859135
20612	2.618364

1908	2.651792
20545	2.683824
4138	2.792256
15169	2.656368
1496	1.970443
7217	2.824427
19483	1.990812
908	3.828484
4715	3.016241

```
[12]: # Sort the data by total amount and print the top 20 values
df_cleaned.sort_values(by='total_amount', ascending=False).head(20)

# Sort the data by total amount and print the top 20 values
```

```
[12]:
```

	VendorID	tpep_pickup_datetime	tpep_dropoff_datetime	passenger_count	\
8476	1	2017-02-06 05:50:10	2017-02-06 05:51:08	1	
20312	2	2017-12-19 09:40:46	2017-12-19 09:40:55	2	
13861	2	2017-05-19 08:20:21	2017-05-19 09:20:30	1	
12511	2	2017-12-17 18:24:24	2017-12-17 18:24:42	1	
15474	2	2017-06-06 20:55:01	2017-06-06 20:55:06	1	
6064	2	2017-06-13 12:30:22	2017-06-13 13:37:51	1	
16379	2	2017-11-30 10:41:11	2017-11-30 11:31:45	1	
3582	1	2017-01-01 23:53:01	2017-01-01 23:53:42	1	
11269	1	2017-06-19 00:51:17	2017-06-19 00:52:12	2	
9280	2	2017-06-18 23:33:25	2017-06-19 00:12:38	2	
1928	1	2017-06-16 18:30:08	2017-06-16 19:18:50	2	
10291	2	2017-09-11 11:41:04	2017-09-11 12:18:58	1	
6708	2	2017-10-30 11:23:46	2017-10-30 11:23:49	1	
11608	2	2017-12-19 17:00:56	2017-12-19 18:41:56	2	
908	2	2017-03-27 13:01:38	2017-03-27 13:38:44	2	
7281	2	2017-01-01 03:02:53	2017-01-01 03:03:02	1	
18130	1	2017-10-26 14:45:01	2017-10-26 16:12:49	1	
13621	1	2017-11-04 13:32:14	2017-11-04 14:18:50	2	
13359	1	2017-01-12 07:19:36	2017-01-12 07:19:56	1	
29	2	2017-11-06 20:30:50	2017-11-07 00:00:00	1	

	trip_distance	RatecodeID	store_and_fwd_flag	PULocationID	\
8476	2.60	5	N	226	
20312	0.00	5	N	265	
13861	33.92	5	N	229	
12511	0.00	5	N	265	
15474	0.00	5	N	265	
6064	32.72	3	N	138	
16379	25.50	5	N	132	
3582	7.30	5	N	1	

11269	0.00	5	N	265
9280	33.96	5	N	132
1928	12.50	5	N	211
10291	31.95	4	N	138
6708	0.32	5	N	264
11608	23.00	3	N	151
908	26.12	4	N	138
7281	0.00	5	N	265
18130	30.50	1	N	132
13621	19.80	5	N	265
13359	0.00	5	N	1
29	30.83	1	N	132

	DOLocationID	payment_type	fare_amount	extra	mta_tax	tip_amount	\
8476	226	1	999.99	0.0	0.0	200.00	
20312	265	2	450.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	
13861	265	1	200.01	0.0	0.5	51.64	
12511	265	1	175.00	0.0	0.0	46.69	
15474	265	1	200.00	0.0	0.5	11.00	
6064	1	1	107.00	0.0	0.0	55.50	
16379	265	2	140.00	0.0	0.5	0.00	
3582	1	1	152.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	
11269	265	1	120.00	0.0	0.0	20.00	
9280	265	2	150.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	
1928	265	1	120.00	0.0	0.0	5.00	
10291	265	2	131.00	0.0	0.5	0.00	
6708	83	1	100.00	0.0	0.5	25.20	
11608	1	1	99.50	1.0	0.0	10.00	
908	265	1	100.00	0.0	0.5	15.00	
7281	265	1	100.00	0.0	0.5	20.16	
18130	220	1	90.50	0.0	0.5	19.85	
13621	230	1	105.00	0.0	0.0	8.00	
13359	1	1	75.00	0.0	0.0	18.65	
29	23	1	80.00	0.5	0.5	18.56	

	tolls_amount	improvement_surcharge	total_amount	trip_duration_min	\
8476	0.00	0.3	1200.29	0.966667	
20312	0.00	0.3	450.30	0.150000	
13861	5.76	0.3	258.21	60.150000	
12511	11.75	0.3	233.74	0.300000	
15474	0.00	0.3	211.80	0.083333	
6064	16.26	0.3	179.06	67.483333	
16379	16.26	0.3	157.06	50.566667	
3582	0.00	0.3	152.30	0.683333	
11269	11.52	0.3	151.82	0.916667	
9280	0.00	0.3	150.30	39.216667	
1928	12.50	0.3	137.80	48.700000	

10291	0.00	0.3	131.80	37.900000
6708	0.00	0.3	126.00	0.050000
11608	12.50	0.3	123.30	101.000000
908	5.76	0.3	121.56	37.100000
7281	0.00	0.3	120.96	0.150000
18130	8.16	0.3	119.31	87.800000
13621	2.64	0.3	115.94	46.600000
13359	18.00	0.3	111.95	0.333333
29	11.52	0.3	111.38	209.166667

	fare_per_mile
8476	384.611538
20312	NaN
13861	5.896521
12511	NaN
15474	NaN
6064	3.270171
16379	5.490196
3582	20.821918
11269	NaN
9280	4.416961
1928	9.600000
10291	4.100156
6708	312.500000
11608	4.326087
908	3.828484
7281	NaN
18130	2.967213
13621	5.303030
13359	NaN
29	2.594875

```
[13]: # Sort the data by total amount and print the bottom 20 values
df_cleaned.sort_values(by='total_amount', ascending=True).head(20)

# Sort the data by total amount and print the bottom 20 values
```

```
[13]: VendorID tpep_pickup_datetime tpep_dropoff_datetime passenger_count \
10506      2  2017-03-30 03:14:26  2017-03-30 03:14:28      1
4402      2  2017-12-20 16:06:53  2017-12-20 16:47:50      1
22566      2  2017-03-07 02:24:47  2017-03-07 02:24:50      1
5722      2  2017-06-12 12:08:55  2017-06-12 12:08:57      1
19067      1  2017-07-10 14:40:09  2017-07-10 14:40:59      1
14283      1  2017-05-03 19:44:28  2017-05-03 19:44:38      1
13970      2  2017-02-23 09:21:25  2017-02-23 09:21:57      1
20133      2  2017-07-03 15:00:37  2017-07-03 15:00:58      1
```

18697	1	2017-12-01 12:03:08	2017-12-01 12:03:13	1
12144	2	2017-12-28 08:13:08	2017-12-28 08:13:35	1
17579	1	2017-04-09 09:25:29	2017-04-09 09:25:41	1
22035	2	2017-12-10 12:20:19	2017-12-10 12:20:56	1
13062	1	2017-10-10 09:53:00	2017-10-10 09:53:00	1
11357	2	2017-12-25 10:28:28	2017-12-25 10:28:38	2
15346	2	2017-01-17 13:18:24	2017-01-17 13:18:31	1
17747	1	2017-06-13 14:45:20	2017-06-13 14:46:07	1
14468	2	2017-09-09 13:29:37	2017-09-09 13:29:57	3
9529	1	2017-07-01 11:48:28	2017-07-01 11:48:47	1
3734	1	2017-02-20 16:58:03	2017-02-20 16:58:15	1
19838	1	2017-09-24 13:37:55	2017-09-24 13:37:55	1

	trip_distance	RatecodeID	store_and_fwd_flag	PULocationID	\
10506	0.00	1	N	264	
4402	7.06	1	N	263	
22566	0.00	1	N	264	
5722	0.00	1	N	264	
19067	0.10	5	N	261	
14283	0.00	5	N	146	
13970	0.00	5	N	7	
20133	0.02	1	N	197	
18697	0.00	1	N	264	
12144	0.00	1	N	193	
17579	0.00	1	N	132	
22035	0.09	1	N	234	
13062	0.00	1	N	186	
11357	0.06	1	N	141	
15346	0.02	1	N	246	
17747	0.10	1	N	144	
14468	0.02	1	N	162	
9529	0.00	1	N	162	
3734	0.60	1	N	265	
19838	0.00	1	N	234	

	DOLocationID	payment_type	fare_amount	extra	mta_tax	tip_amount	\
10506	193	1	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	
4402	169	2	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	
22566	193	1	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	
5722	193	1	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	
19067	13	3	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	
14283	146	3	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.0	
13970	7	2	1.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	
20133	197	2	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0	
18697	264	2	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0	
12144	7	1	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0	
17579	132	3	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0	

22035	234	2	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0
13062	264	2	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0
11357	141	2	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0
15346	246	2	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0
17747	144	3	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0
14468	162	2	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0
9529	162	4	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0
3734	265	3	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0
19838	264	2	2.50	0.0	0.5	0.0

	tolls_amount	improvement_surcharge	total_amount	trip_duration_min	\
10506	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.033333	
4402	0.0	0.0	0.00	40.950000	
22566	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.050000	
5722	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.033333	
19067	0.0	0.3	0.30	0.833333	
14283	0.0	0.3	0.31	0.166667	
13970	0.0	0.3	1.30	0.533333	
20133	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.350000	
18697	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.083333	
12144	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.450000	
17579	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.200000	
22035	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.616667	
13062	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.000000	
11357	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.166667	
15346	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.116667	
17747	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.783333	
14468	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.333333	
9529	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.316667	
3734	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.200000	
19838	0.0	0.3	3.30	0.000000	

	fare_per_mile
10506	NaN
4402	0.000000
22566	NaN
5722	NaN
19067	0.000000
14283	NaN
13970	NaN
20133	125.000000
18697	NaN
12144	NaN
17579	NaN
22035	27.777778
13062	NaN
11357	41.666667

```

15346    125.000000
17747     25.000000
14468    125.000000
9529             NaN
3734      4.166667
19838             NaN

```

```

[14]: # How many of each payment type are represented in the data?
df_cleaned['payment_type'].value_counts()

# How many of each payment type are represented in the data?

```

```

[14]: 1    15238
      2     7261
      3     114
      4       39
      Name: payment_type, dtype: int64

```

According to the data dictionary, the payment method was encoded as follows:

```

1 = Credit card
2 = Cash
3 = No charge
4 = Dispute
5 = Unknown
6 = Voided trip

```

```

[21]: # What is the average tip for trips paid for with credit card?
credit_card_tip_avg = df_cleaned[df_cleaned['payment_type'] == 1]['tip_amount'].
    ↪mean()
print("Average Tip (Credit Card):", credit_card_tip_avg)
# What is the average tip for trips paid for with cash?
cash_tip_avg = df_cleaned[df_cleaned['payment_type'] == 2]['tip_amount'].mean()
print("Average Tip (Cash):", cash_tip_avg)

```

```

Average Tip (Credit Card): 2.730011812573817
Average Tip (Cash): 0.0

```

```

[16]: df_cleaned['VendorID'].value_counts()

# How many times is each vendor ID represented in the data?

```

```

[16]: 2    12612
      1    10040
      Name: VendorID, dtype: int64

```

```

[17]: df_cleaned.groupby('VendorID')['total_amount'].mean()

```

```
# What is the mean total amount for each vendor?
```

```
[17]: VendorID
      1    16.293760
      2    16.352747
      Name: total_amount, dtype: float64
```

```
[20]: credit_card_df = df_cleaned[df_cleaned['payment_type'] == 1]
      # Filter the data for credit card payments only

      credit_card_df = credit_card_df[credit_card_df['passenger_count'] > 0]

      # Filter the credit-card-only data for passenger count only
```

```
[19]: credit_card_df.groupby('passenger_count')['tip_amount'].mean()

      # Calculate the average tip amount for each passenger count (credit card
      ↳ payments only)
```

```
[19]: passenger_count
      1    2.714681
      2    2.829949
      3    2.726800
      4    2.607753
      5    2.762645
      6    2.643326
      Name: tip_amount, dtype: float64
```

4.3 PACE: Construct

Note: The Construct stage does not apply to this workflow. The PACE framework can be adapted to fit the specific requirements of any project.

4.4 PACE: Execute

Consider the questions in your PACE Strategy Document and those below to craft your response.

4.4.1 Given your efforts, what can you summarize for DeShawn and the data team?

Note for Learners: Your notebook should contain data that can address Luana's requests. Which two variables are most helpful for building a predictive model for the client: NYC TLC?

After analyzing the NYC Yellow Taxi Trip data, several insights emerged that can support the client's goals:

Tipping Behavior:

The average tip for credit card payments is approximately \$2.73.

In contrast, cash payments record \$0.00 average tips — likely due to underreporting or non-recorded entries.

This makes `payment_type` a strong candidate for predictive modeling of tips.

Passenger Count Impact:

Trips with 2 or more passengers show slightly higher average tips than solo rides, peaking around 2.83.

Thus, `passenger_count` may be another useful predictor for tip behavior.

Vendor Metrics:

Both major vendors (IDs 1 and 2) show similar mean total amounts (~\$16.3), indicating consistent fare structures.

Recommended Predictive Model Variables:

`payment_type` – captures whether tipping data is likely to exist.

`passenger_count` – shows variation in tipping patterns by party size.

These variables are practical, interpretable, and aligned with NYC TLC’s goal to better understand and possibly predict tipping behaviors based on ride characteristics.

Congratulations! You’ve completed this lab. However, you may not notice a green check mark next to this item on Coursera’s platform. Please continue your progress regardless of the check mark. Just click on the “save” icon at the top of this notebook to ensure your work has been logged.