

Lesson 5. Topic «First Aid»

1. Complete the sentence. First aid is the provision of initial care for (травмі чи хворобі).
a disorder or disease
an injury or disorder
an injury or illness
a trauma or injury
a disease or illness

2. Complete the sentence. First aid is usually performed by a non-expert person to a sick or injured person (до того, як прибуде екстрена медична допомога).
before medical help arrives
before emergency medical help arrives
after emergency medical help arrives
after emergency first medical help arrives
before emergency medical help enters

3. Complete the sentence. First aid can (зберегти важкохворого або травмовану людину) alive, and can mean the difference between a short and long hospital stay.
hold a seriously ill or injured person
keep a hard ill or injured patient
make a seriously ill or injured person
keep a seriously ill or injured person
keep a seriously disorder or damaged person

4. Complete the sentence. The purpose of a primary survey is to check for _____ and to give urgent first aid care.
life-treatening conditions
life-sreatening conditions
life-threatening conditions
lif-threaten conditions
life-threten conditions

5. Complete the sentence. ____ the victim have open passage that allows the victim to breathe?
Do
Is
Does
Was
Are

6. Complete the sentence. The most important action for successful resuscitation is to immediately open an unconscious victim's airway using the head-tilt / chin-lift method.
Most important action
The importantest action
The most important action
The most importantest action
Most importanter action

7. Complete the sentence. ____ the person breathing?
Are
Does
Is

Do

Were

8. Complete the sentence. If (потерпілий дихає), you will see chest movement and hear and feel escaping air at your ear and cheek.

the sick is breathing

the patient is breathing

the victim is breathing

the injured person breathing

the victim breathing

9. Complete the sentence. Chest movement alone _____ that the victim is breathing.

does not mean

do not mean

not means

does not means

do not means

10. Complete the sentence. If (потерпілий не дихає), you must give two full breaths to get air into the lungs.

the victim is not breathing

the victim does not breathing

the victim do not breathing

the victim are not breathing

the victim is not breath

11. Complete the sentence. The rescue breathing is a way of breathing air into someone's lungs when natural breathing has stopped or (людина не може правильно дихати) on his or her own.

a person cannot breath properly

a person cannot breathe proper

a person cannot breth properly

a person cannot brathe proper

a person cannot breathe properly

12. Choose the correct translation for "рана; поранити".

victim

swab

choke

bruise

wound

13. Choose the correct translation for "тампон; промивати тампоном".

choke

bruise

swab

emergency

recovery

14. Choose the correct translation for "опік; обпикати".

seizure

scab

rescue

burn

swab

15. Choose the correct translation for “ задихатися, давитися (від кашлю); поперхнутися”.

bruise
emergency
choke
recovery
rescue

16. Choose the correct translation for “синець; забивати; ставити синці”.

seizure
scab
rescue
bruise
swab

17. Choose the correct translation for “що загрожує життю”.

poisoning
wound
burn
life-threatening
bleeding

18. Choose the correct translation for “кровотеча”.

wound
burn
swab
poisoning
bleeding

19. Choose the correct translation for “бинт, бандаж, перев’язувати”.

bleeding
wound
burn
bandage
swab

20. Choose the correct translation for “опік; обпечене місце”.

bleeding
burn
wound
burn
swab

21. Choose the correct translation for “отруєння; стан отруєння, інтоксикація”.

poisoning
burn
bleeding
wound
burn

22. Choose the correct translation for “рятувати; уберігати”.

- save
- life-threatening
- choke
- bruise
- poisoning

23. Choose the correct translation for “критичне становище, необхідність”.

- life-threatening
- choke
- bruise
- emergency
- poisoning

24. Choose the correct translation for “видужання, відновлення”.

- emergency
- life-threatening
- choke
- recovery
- poisoning

25. Choose the correct translation for “пухирець, водяний пухирець, пухир”.

- blister
- choke
- bruise
- poisoning
- recovery

26. Choose the correct translation for “жертва, постраждалий”.

- victim
- blister
- unconscious
- resuscitation
- rescue

27. Complete the sentence. First aid ____ the provision of initial care for an injury or illness.

- will
- will be
- am
- is
- are

28. Complete the sentence. First aid usually ____ by a non-expert person to a sick or injured person before emergency medical help arrives.

- perform
- performs
- is performing
- is performed
- performed

29. Complete the sentence. First aid, properly given, ____ the effects of injuries and medical emergencies.

can reduce
reduce
could reduce
reduced
reducing

30. Complete the sentence. Proper first aid ____ quickly and effectively or the victim's condition may become more serious by the time further help arrives on the scene.
must be given
must given
must be give
be given
must give

31. Complete the sentence. First aid can include how to ____ move injured people or move them anyway with less harm if there is no choice.
safe
safety
safeguard
save
safely

32. Complete the sentence. Chest movement alone _____ that the victim is breathing.
does not mean
do not mean
is not mean
not mean
are not mean

33. Complete the sentence. Bleeding is severe when blood spurts from the wound (arterial bleeding) or _____.
cannot controlled
cannot be controll
cannot is controlled
cannot be controlled
cannot are controlled

34. Complete the sentence. Check for ____ by looking from the head to toe for signs of external bleeding.
several bleeding
some bleeding
sore bleeding
severe bleeding
serve bleeding

35. Complete the sentence. First check the pulse, and then ____ any severe bleeding.
control
controls
is controlled
to control
will be control

36. Choose the correct variant:

What is the first aid?

What does the first aid?

What are the first aid?

What do the first aid?

What the first aid?

37. Choose the correct variant:

What common emergency conditions does you know?

What common emergency conditions you know?

What common emergency conditions can be you know?

What common emergency conditions is you know?

What common emergency conditions do you know?

38. Choose the correct variant:

What common emergency conditions do you know?

What common emergency conditions does you know?

What common emergency conditions is you known?

What common emergency conditions you know?

What common emergency conditions?

39. Choose the correct variant:

What is "Three P's" mean?

What does "Three P's" mean?

What do "Three P's" mean?

What "Three P's" mean?

What are "Three P's" mean?

40. Complete the sentence. _____ the victim alone for an extensive amount of time.

Not leave

Is not leave

Do not leave

Does not leave

Do not leaves

41. Complete the sentence. Heat, radiation from the sun, certain chemicals, and electricity can _____ the skin and soft tissues of the body.

burn

be burn

burned

burns

burning

42. Complete the sentence. Burns _____ according to depth: first-degree burns are superficial and second and third degree burns are deep.

are classified

classified

is classified

classify

classifies

43. Complete the sentence. The burned skin _____ by running cool tap water over it for about 10 minutes.

- can be soothed
- can soothed
- be soothed
- can be sooth
- can be soothed
- can sooth

44. Determine the tense - form: What has the scientist determined this year?

- Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
- Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
- Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
- Present Perfect Tense, Active Voice
- Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

45. Determine the tense - form: How many parts had the cell divided into by 5 o'clock yesterday?

- Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
- Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
- Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
- Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
- Present Perfect Tense, Active Voice

46. Determine the tense - form: Where will Helen have got the books in Anatomy by tomorrow morning?

- Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
- Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
- Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
- Present Perfect Tense, Active Voice
- Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

47. Determine the tense - form: First aid is usually performed by a non-expert person to a sick or injured person before emergency medical help arrives.

- Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
- Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
- Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
- Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
- Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

48. Determine the tense - form: The set of goals of first aid is called the "Three P's".

- Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
- Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
- Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
- Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
- Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

49. Determine the tense - form: Does the victim have open passage that allows the victim to breathe?

- Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
- Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
- Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

50. Determine the tense - form: This pulse is called the carotid pulse.

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

51. Determine the tense - form: Proper first aid must be given quickly and effectively or the victim's condition may become more serious by the time further help arrives.

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

52. Determine the tense - form: First aid doesn't take long to learn but can help to save lives.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

53. Insert the appropriate preposition: First aid is the provision ___ initial care ___ an injury or illness.

from for
for between
on of
for with
of for

54. Insert the appropriate preposition: They are to preserve life (to stop the person ___ dying), to prevent further injury, and to promote recovery.

from
for
between
on
with

55. Insert the appropriate preposition: The purpose ___ a primary survey is to check ___ life-threatening conditions and to give urgent first aid care.

of for
from for
for for
of between
of on

56. Insert the appropriate preposition: While you are seeking help, continue the primary survey ___ checking ___ an open airway, breathing, and circulation.

from for

for for
of between
of by
by for

57. Insert the appropriate preposition: The most important action ___ successful resuscitation is to immediately open an unconscious victim's airway using the head-tilt / chin-lift method.

by
of
between
for
from

58. Insert the appropriate preposition: It fits the tongue away ___ the back ___ the throat and opens the airway.

between from
on by
from with
from of
for of

59. Insert the appropriate preposition: Look ___ the chest to rise and fall, listen ___ breathing, and feel for air coming out ___ the victim's nose and mouth.

for for of
from of for
by for of
of for for
for between of

60. Insert the appropriate preposition: If the victim is breathing, you will see chest movement and hear and feel escaping air ___ your ear and cheek.

at
by
with
on
in

61. Insert the appropriate preposition: If the victim is not breathing, you must give two full breaths to get air ___ the lungs.

into
at
by
with
on

62. Insert the appropriate preposition: If the victim has a pulse but is not breathing, you will need to breathe ___ him / her.

by
with
on
for
at

63. Insert the appropriate preposition: The rescue breathing is a way of breathing air into someone's lungs when natural breathing has stopped or a person cannot breathe properly ___ his or her own.

on
for
at
by
with

64. Insert the appropriate preposition: Feel ___ a pulse ___ the side ___ the neck.

for at of
from of for
by at of
of for for
for between of

65. Insert the appropriate preposition: To check ___ bleeding, look over the victim's body quickly ___ wet, blood-soaked clothing.

for for
from for
by of
of for
with of

Lesson 6. Topic «Chemist's shop»

1. Determine the tense - form: Chemists' shops are specialized shops where medicines are sold.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

2. Determine the tense - form: At the chemist's shop we can buy tablets, lozenges, capsules, ointments, drops, syrups, suppositories, powders and drugs for intramuscular and intravenous injections and many others.

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

3. Determine the tense - form: Chemist's shops are usually situated on the ground floor.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

4. Determine the tense - form: Chemist's shops have a hall for visitors, two departments for selling drugs, and proper working rooms.

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

5. Determine the tense - form: The department for reception of prescriptions and delivery of drugs is called a prescription department.

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

6. Determine the tense - form: In the prescription department medicines are sold or made up according to prescriptions.

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

7. Determine the tense - form: In the prescription department one can see drugs of all kinds, boxes and parcels for different powders, ampules of glucose.

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

8. Determine the tense - form: The other department is called a chemist's department (non-prescription or hand department).

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

9. Determine the tense - form: In this department medicines are kept according to the therapeutic effect.

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

10. Determine the tense - form: Disinfectants, herbs and things for medical care such as hot-water bottles, medicine droppers, cups, thermometers, etc. are kept separately.

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

11. Determine the tense - form: In the chemist's department you can buy medicines without prescriptions.

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

12. Determine the tense - form: In this department different things for medical care and medicinal plants are bought.

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

13. Insert the appropriate preposition: If you use an over - the - counter (non - prescription) medicine follow the directions written ____ leaflet.

in
at
on
by
with

14. Determine the tense - form: Leaflet contains instruction for using.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

15. Determine the tense - form: The indications, contraindications, dosage, side effects, expiration date and others are described in the leaflet.

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

16. Insert the appropriate prepositions: The working rooms ___ a chemist's include rooms ___ washing, drying and sterilization of glassware and some others.

of for

of of

by of

for from

on of

17. Insert the appropriate prepositions: ___ the chemist's all medicines are kept ___ drug cabinets, ___ open shelves and ___ the refrigerator.

In in on in

With on on on

At in on in

At of on in

On at on at

18. Determine the tense - form: Poisonous drugs are kept in a drug cabinet with the letter A.

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

19. Determine the tense - form: Strong effective drugs are kept in a drug cabinet having the letter B.

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

20. Insert the appropriate prepositions: The drugs prepared ___ the chemist's ___ immediate use should be kept ___ the refrigerator.

At for at

At for in

In of for

In for on

At of with

21. Determine the tense - form: Powders, galenical preparations and medicines produced at pharmaceutical plants are usually kept on shelves protected from light at a constant temperature.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

22. Determine the tense - form: Every small bottle or box has a label with the name of the medicine.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

23. Insert the appropriate prepositions: The directions ___ drug administration are very important ___ sick people as well as for those who take care ___ them.

for of of

of for for

for to to

with of from

for for for

24. Determine the tense - form: The personnel of an average chemist's consists of a manager of the chemist's, a dispensing pharmacist.

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

25. Determine the tense - form: The personnel includes also a chemist-analyst who controls effectiveness of the drug prepared at the chemist's as well as that of manufactured drugs.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

26. Insert the appropriate prepositions: There is also a pharmacist who is ___ charge ___ necessary medicines supply.

in of

by with

by of

in with

with for

27. Determine the tense - form: The doctor gave me a prescription for some antibiotics and told me to come back in three weeks.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

28. Determine the tense - form: What does the personnel of chemist's shop consist of?

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

29. Determine the tense - form: What information does leaflet contain?

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

30. Determine the tense - form: Where are medicines kept at the chemist's shops?

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

31. Choose the correct translation for “виконувати”.

- perform
- point
- pertain
- pervert
- prescribe

32. Choose the correct translation for “видаляти”.

- remove
- prevent
- contract
- separate
- release

33. Choose the correct translation for “показання”.

- indication
- side effect
- indicate
- gland
- overdosage

34. Choose the correct translation for “призначати (ліки)”.

- prescribe
- perform
- suggest
- include
- treat

35. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Зберігайте ці ліки в прохолодному місці.

Keep the drug in a cool place

Take the drug with milk

Take these tablets one every three hours

Take this drug a teaspoonful (tablespoonful) before (after) meals

This drug reduces blood pressure (relieves toothache, clears the nose)

36. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Передозування цих ліків викликає несприятливий ефект.

The overdosage of this drug is causing an side effect

pharmacy on duty

prescription

Don't take drugs without a doctor's advice

Keep the drug in a cool place

37. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Чи ви добре переносите новокаїн?

Are you sensitive to novocain?

Take the drug with milk

Take these tablets one every three hours

Take this drug a teaspoonful (tablespoonful) before (after) meals

This drug reduces blood pressure (relieves toothache, clears the nose)

38. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Необхідна доза вказана в рецепті.

The dose to be taken is indicated in the prescription

Don't take drugs without a doctor's advice

These tablets are for the headache

Take these tablets one every three hours

Take the drug with milk

39. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Ця мікстура від кашлю.

This mixture is for the cough

Don't take drugs without a doctor's advice

These tablets are for the headache

Take this drug a teaspoonful (tablespoonful) before (after) meals

This drug reduces blood pressure (relieves toothache, clears the nose)

40. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Ці пігулки від головного болю.

These tablets are for the headache

Take the drug with milk

Take these tablets one every three hours

pharmacy on duty

prescription

41. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Приймайте ці ліки тричі на день.

Take this drug three times a day.

pharmacy on duty

prescription

Don't take drugs without a doctor's advice

Keep the drug in a cool place

42. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Не приймайте ліки без призначення лікаря.

Don't take drugs without a doctor's advice

This drug reduces blood pressure (relieves toothache, clears the nose).

Take these tablets one every three hours
Don't take this drug three times a day
Don't take drugs without a doctor's expiration

43. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Приймайте ці пігулки по одній кожні три години.

Take these tablets one every three hours
Take these drops one every three hours
Take these tablets one every hours
Take this drug three times a day
Take these suppository one every three hours

44. Choose the correct variant.

How many departments are there in the state chemist's shop?
How many department are there in the state chemist's shop?
How many departments is there in the state chemist's shop?
How many departments were there in the state chemist's shop?
How many departments are there in the state chemists?

45. Choose the correct variant.

Why are medicines kept in drug cabinets?
Why is medicines kept in drug cabinets?
Who are medicines kept in drug cabinets?
Which are medicines kept in drug cabinets?
What are medicines kept in drug cabinets?

46. Choose the correct variant.

What forms of medicine can you name?
Who forms of medicine can you name?
Why forms of medicine can you name?
What forms of cream can you name?
What forms of pharماسист can you name?

47. Choose the correct variant.

Which should you pay a special attention to if you use an over-the-counter (non-prescription) medicine?
What can you pay a special attention to if you use an over-the-counter (non-prescription) medicine?
What will you pay a special attention to if you use an over-the-counter (non-prescription) medicine?
What should you pay a special attention to if you use an over-the-counter (non-prescription) medicine?
Why should you pay a special attention to if you use an over-the-counter (non-prescription) medicine?

48. Choose the correct variant.

What is it important to read the label?

Why is it important to read the label?

Why it important to read the label?

Who is it important to read the label?

Why are it important to read the label?

49. Choose the correct variant.

What must I do if I don't understand the information on the label?

What must I do if I don't understand the information on the label?

What must I do if I don't understand the information on the label?

What must I do if I don't understand the information on the label?

What must I do if I don't understand the information on the label?

50. Match the definition with a term. Drugs used for relief of symptoms of indigestion or disorders caused by excess acid.

Antacids

Anticoagulants

Antipyretics

Antidepressants

Antivirals

51. Match the definition with a term. Drugs used to treat viral infections.

Antivirals

Antacids

Anticoagulants

Antipyretics

Antidepressants

52. Match the definition with a term. They are used to treat angina pectoris or lower blood pressure.

Vasodilators

Laxatives

Antacids

Corticosteroids

Diuretics

53. Match the definition with a term. Drugs are used to restore the body's ability to use sugar normally.

Laxatives

Anticoagulants

Antacids

Antidiabetics

Vasodilators

54. Match the definition with a term. Drugs prescribed to prevent blood from clotting.

Anti-inflammatory agents

Laxatives

Antacids

Anticoagulants

Antidepressants

55. Match the definition with a term. Drugs used to reduce inflammation.

Anti-inflammatory agents

Antidepressants

Antipyretics

Vasodilators

Antacids

56. Match the definition with a term. These drugs directly affect the temperature-regulating centre in the brain and the hypothalamus.

Vasodilators

Anticoagulants

Corticosteroids

Antipyretics

Antidepressants

57. Choose the correct variant. Take medicine exactly as directed, at the right time, and for the full length of time_____.

prescribed by the doctor

prescribed by the chemist's

prescribed by the nurse

prescribed by the intern

prescribed by the student

58. Choose the correct variant. Vitamin K is found in various foods including green leafy vegetables, meat, and_____.

milk products

lactose produce

dairy cattle

dairy produce

daily products

59. Choose the correct variant. Drug errors (e.g., prescribing an appropriate drug, misreading a prescription, administering a drug incorrectly) can_____.

lead to serious operation

lead of serious complications

lead for serious complaints

lead to serious complications

leave to serious complications

60. Choose the correct variant. Drugs ____also be obtained from animals.

may
might
will
can
could

61. Choose the correct variant. In general, brand names _____shorter and easier to use than the corresponding generic names.

were
will
are
is
was

62. Choose the correct variant. Adverse drug reaction (ADR, or adverse drug effect) is a broad term referring to unwanted, uncomfortable, or dangerous effects that a drug may_____.

have
has
had
have been
be

63. Choose the correct variant. Barbiturates _____drugs, which use often in the treatment of emotional disorders.

are
is
were
was
will

64. Choose the correct variant. Antibiotics _____chemical substances produced by microorganisms.

were
are
was
be
is

65. Choose the correct variant. They _____in treating blood vessels diseases, heart conditions, and high blood pressure.

use

used
using
will use
are used

Lesson 7. Topic «Chemist's shop»

1. Determine the tense - form: What does the personnel of chemist's shop consist of?

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

2. Determine the tense - form: What information does leaflet contain?

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

3. Determine the tense - form: Where are medicines kept at the chemist's shops?

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

4. Determine the tense - form: Chemists' shops are specialized shops where medicines are sold.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

5. Determine the tense - form: At the chemist's shop we can buy tablets, lozenges, capsules, ointments, drops, syrups, suppositories, powders and drugs for intramuscular and intravenous injections and many others.

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

6. Determine the tense - form: The personnel of an average chemist's consists of a manager of the chemist's, a dispensing pharmacist.

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

7. Determine the tense - form: The personnel includes also a chemist-analyst who controls effectiveness of the drug prepared at the chemist's as well as that of manufactured drugs.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

8. Insert the appropriate prepositions: There is also a pharmacist who is ___ charge ___ necessary medicines supply.

in of

by with

by of

in with

with for

9. Determine the tense - form: The doctor gave me a prescription for some antibiotics and told me to come back in three weeks.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

10. Determine the tense - form: Chemist's shops are usually situated on the ground floor.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

11. Determine the tense - form: Chemist's shops have a hall for visitors, two departments for selling drugs, and proper working rooms.

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

12. Determine the tense - form: The department for reception of prescriptions and delivery of drugs is called a prescription department.

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

13. Determine the tense - form: In the prescription department medicines are sold or made up according to prescriptions.

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

14. Determine the tense - form: In the prescription department one can see drugs of all kinds, boxes and parcels for different powders, ampules of glucose.

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

15. Determine the tense - form: The other department is called a chemist's department (non-prescription or hand department).

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

16. Insert the appropriate prepositions: The drugs prepared ___ the chemist's ___ immediate use should be kept ___ the refrigerator.

At for at

At for in
In of for
In for on
At of with

17. Determine the tense - form: Powders, galenical preparations and medicines produced at pharmaceutical plants are usually kept on shelves protected from light at a constant temperature.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

18. Determine the tense - form: Every small bottle or box has a label with the name of the medicine.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

19. Insert the appropriate prepositions: The directions ___ drug administration are very important ___ sick people as well as for those who take care ____ them.

for of of
of for for
for to to
with of from
for for for

20. Determine the tense - form: In this department medicines are kept according to the therapeutic effect.

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

21. Determine the tense - form: Disinfectants, herbs and things for medical care such as hot-water bottles, medicine droppers, cups, thermometers, etc. are kept separately.

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

22. Determine the tense - form: In the chemist's department you can buy medicines without prescriptions.

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

23. Determine the tense - form: In this department different things for medical care and medicinal plants are bought.

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

24. Insert the appropriate preposition: If you use an over - the - counter (non - prescription) medicine follow the directions written ____ leaflet.

in

at

on

by

with

25. Determine the tense - form: Leaflet contains instruction for using.

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

26. Determine the tense - form: The indications, contraindications, dosage, side effects, expiration date and others are described in the leaflet.

Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice

Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice

Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

27. Insert the appropriate prepositions: The working rooms ____ a chemist's include rooms ____ washing, drying and sterilization of glassware and some others.
of for

of of
by of
for from
on of

28. Insert the appropriate prepositions: ____ the chemist's all medicines are kept ____ drug cabinets, ____ open shelves and ____ the refrigerator.

In in on in
With on on on
At in on in
At of on in
On at on at

29. Determine the tense - form: Poisonous drugs are kept in a drug cabinet with the letter A.

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice

30. Determine the tense - form: Strong effective drugs are kept in a drug cabinet having the letter B.

Past Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Future Perfect Tense, Active Voice
Past Simple Tense, Active Voice
Present Simple Tense, Passive Voice
Present Simple Tense, Active Voice

31. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Не приймайте ліки без призначення лікаря.

Take these tablets one every three hours
Don't take this drug three times a day
Don't take drugs without a doctor's expiration
Don't take drugs without a doctor's advice
This drug reduces blood pressure (relieves toothache, clears the nose).

32. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Приймайте ці пігулки по одній кожні три години.

Take these tablets one every three hours
Take these drops one every three hours
Take these tablets one every hours
Take this drug three times a day
Take these suppository one every three hours

33. Choose the correct variant.

How many departments is there in the state chemist's shop?

How many departments were there in the state chemist's shop?

How many departments are there in the state chemists?

How many departments are there in the state chemist's shop?

How many department are there in the state chemist's shop?

34. Choose the correct variant.

Who are medicines kept in drug cabinets?

Which are medicines kept in drug cabinets?

What are medicines kept in drug cabinets?

Why are medicines kept in drug cabinets?

Why is medicines kept in drug cabinets?

35. Choose the correct variant.

What forms of medicine can you name?

Who forms of medicine can you name?

Why forms of medicine can you name?

What forms of cream can you name?

What forms of pharماسist can you name?

36. Choose the correct variant.

What should you pay a special attention to if you use an over-the-counter (non-prescription) medicine?

Which should you pay a special attention to if you use an over-the-counter (non-prescription) medicine?

What can you pay a special attention to if you use an over-the-counter (non-prescription) medicine?

What will you pay a special attention to if you use an over-the-counter (non-prescription) medicine?

Why should you pay a special attention to if you use an over-the-counter (non-prescription) medicine?

37. Choose the correct translation for “виконувати”.

pertain

pervert

prescribe

perform

point

38. Choose the correct translation for “видаляти”.

contract

remove

prevent

separate

release

39. Choose the correct translation for “показання”.

indicate

gland

overdosage

indication

side effect

40. Choose the correct translation for “призначати (ліки)”.

suggest

include

treat

prescribe

perform

41. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Зберігайте ці ліки в прохолодному місці.

Take the drug with milk

Take these tablets one every three hours

Take this drug a teaspoonful (tablespoonful) before (after) meals

This drug reduces blood pressure (relieves toothache, clears the nose)

Keep the drug in a cool place

42. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Передозування цих ліків викликає несприятливий ефект.

The overdosage of this drug is causing an side effect

pharmacy on duty

prescription

Don't take drugs without a doctor's advice

Keep the drug in a cool place

43. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Чи ви добре переносите новокаїн?

Take these tablets one every three hours

Take this drug a teaspoonful (tablespoonful) before (after) meals

This drug reduces blood pressure (relieves toothache, clears the nose)

Are you sensitive to novocain?

Take the drug with milk

44. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Необхідна доза вказана в рецепті.

The dose to be taken is indicated in the prescription

Don't take drugs without a doctor's advice

These tablets are for the headache

Take these tablets one every three hours
Take the drug with milk

45. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Ця мікстура від кашлю.

This mixture is for the cough

Don't take drugs without a doctor's advice

These tablets are for the headache

Take this drug a teaspoonful (tablespoonful) before (after) meals

This drug reduces blood pressure (relieves toothache, clears the nose)

46. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Ці пігулки від головного болю.

These tablets are for the headache

Take the drug with milk

Take these tablets one every three hours

pharmacy on duty

prescription

47. Choose the English equivalents to the Ukrainian ones. Приймайте ці ліки тричі на день.

Take this drug three times a day.

pharmacy on duty

prescription

Don't take drugs without a doctor's advice

Keep the drug in a cool place

48. Match the definition with a term. They are used to treat angina pectoris or lower blood pressure.

Antacids

Corticosteroids

Vasodilators

Laxatives

Diuretics

49. Match the definition with a term. Drugs are used to restore the body's ability to use sugar normally.

Vasodilators

Laxatives

Anticoagulants

Antacids

Antidiabetics

50. Match the definition with a term. Drugs prescribed to prevent blood from clotting.

Anticoagulants

Antidepressants

Anti-inflammatory agents

Laxatives

Antacids

51. Choose the correct variant.

Why is it important to read the label?

What is it important to read the label?

Why it important to read the label?

Who is it important to read the label?

Why are it important to read the label?

52. Choose the correct variant.

What must I do if I don't understand the information on the label?

What must I do if I don't understand the information on the label?

What must I do if I don't understand the information on the label?

What must I do if I don't understand the information on the label?

What must I do if I don't understand the information on the label?

53. Match the definition with a term. Drugs used for relief of symptoms of indigestion or disorders caused by excess acid.

Antidepressants

Antivirals

Antacids

Anticoagulants

Antipyretics

54. Match the definition with a term. Drugs used to treat viral infections.

Antivirals

Antacids

Anticoagulants

Antipyretics

Antidepressants

55. Choose the correct variant. Barbiturates _____ drugs, which use often in the treatment of emotional disorders.

are

is

were

was

will

56. Choose the correct variant. Antibiotics _____chemical substances produced by microorganisms.

are

was

were

be

is

57. Choose the correct variant. They _____in treating blood vessels diseases, heart conditions, and high blood pressure.

are used

use

used

using

will use

58. Match the definition with a term. Drugs used to reduce inflammation.

Anti-inflammatory agents

Antidepressants

Antipyretics

Vasodilators

Antacids

59. Match the definition with a term. These drugs directly affect the temperature-regulating centre in the brain and the hypothalamus.

Antipyretics

Antidepressants

Vasodilators

Anticoagulants

Corticosteroids

60. Choose the correct variant. Take medicine exactly as directed, at the right time, and for the full length of time_____.

prescribed by the nurse

prescribed by the intern

prescribed by the student

prescribed by the doctor

prescribed by the chemist's

61. Choose the correct variant. Vitamin K is found in various foods including green leafy vegetables, meat, and_____.

dairy produce

daily products

milk products

lactose produce
dairy cattle

62. Choose the correct variant. Drug errors (e.g., prescribing an appropriate drug, misreading a prescription, administering a drug incorrectly) can_____.

- lead to serious operation
- lead of serious complications
- lead for serious complaints
- lead to serious complications
- leave to serious complications

63. Choose the correct variant. Drugs _____also be obtained from animals.

- can
- could
- may
- might
- will

64. Choose the correct variant. In general, brand names _____shorter and easier to use than the corresponding generic names.

- are
- is
- was
- were
- will

65. Choose the correct variant. Adverse drug reaction (ADR, or adverse drug effect) is a broad term referring to unwanted, uncomfortable, or dangerous effects that a drug may_____.

- had
- have been
- be
- have
- has

Lesson 8. Topic «Drugs»

1. Choose the correct translation for “виконувати”.

- point
- pertain
- pervert
- prescribe
- perform

2. Choose the correct translation for “снодійне”.

analgesic
hypnotic
contract
nitrate [
release

3. Choose the correct translation for “антикоагулянт”.

antipyretic
temple
gland
anticoagulant
cranial

4. Choose the correct translation for “призначати (ліки)”.

prescribe
perform
suggest
include
treat

5. Choose the correct translation for “згортання”.

clotting
administration
hiccough
irruption
upshot

6. Choose the correct translation for “непатентований”.

point
pertain
pervert
prescribe
generic

7. Match the definition with a term. Drugs used for relief of symptoms of indigestion or disorders caused by excess acid.

Anticoagulants
Antipyretics
Antacids
Antidepressants
Antivirals

8. Match the definition with a term. Drugs used to treat viral infections.

Antacids
Anticoagulants

Antipyretics
Antivirals
Antidepressants

9. Match the definition with a term. They are used to treat angina pectoris or lower blood pressure.

Laxatives
Antacids
Corticosteroids
Vasodilators
Diuretics

10. Match the definition with a term. Drugs are used to restore the body's ability to use sugar normally.

Antidiabetics
Vasodilators
Laxatives
Anticoagulants
Antacids

11. Match the definition with a term. Drugs prescribed to prevent blood from clotting.

Anticoagulants
Antidepressants
Anti-inflammatory agents
Laxatives
Antacids

12. Match the definition with a term. Drugs used to reduce inflammation.

Antipyretics
Vasodilators
Antacids
Anti-inflammatory agents
Antidepressants

13. Match the definition with a term. These drugs directly affect the temperature-regulating centre in the brain and the hypothalamus.

Vasodilators
Anticoagulants
Corticosteroids
Antipyretics
Antidepressants

14. Choose the correct variant. Take medicine exactly as directed, at the right time, and for the full length of time_____.

prescribed by the nurse
prescribed by the doctor
prescribed by the chemist's
prescribed by the intern
prescribed by the student

15. Choose the correct variant. Vitamin K is found in various foods including green leafy vegetables, meat, and_____.

lactose produce
dairy cattle
dairy produce
daily products
milk products

16. Choose the correct variant. Drug errors (e.g., prescribing an appropriate drug, misreading a prescription, administering a drug incorrectly) can_____.

lead to serious operation
lead of serious complications
lead to serious complications
leave to serious complications
lead for serious complaints

17. Choose the correct variant. Drugs _____also be obtained from animals.

might
will
can
could
may

18. Choose the correct variant. In general, brand names _____shorter and easier to use than the corresponding generic names.

was
were
will
are
is

19. Choose the correct variant. Adverse drug reaction (ADR, or adverse drug effect) is a broad term referring to unwanted, uncomfortable, or dangerous effects that a drug may_____.

have
has
had
have been
be

20. Choose the correct variant. Barbiturates _____ drugs, which use often in the treatment of emotional disorders.

- are
- is
- were
- was
- will

21. Choose the correct variant. Antibiotics _____ chemical substances produced by microorganisms.

- were
- be
- is
- are
- was

22. Choose the correct variant. They _____ in treating blood vessels diseases, heart conditions, and high blood pressure.

- are used
- use
- used
- using
- will use

23. Choose the correct variant. These substances _____ to kill microorganisms such as bacteria.

- may
- might
- is able
- are able
- can

24. Choose the correct variant. To avoid the spread of infection, do not use the nasal drop container for more than _____.

- one person
- one persons
- one persona
- one drops
- two drops

25. Choose the correct variant. Bronchodilators: drugs that open (dilate) the main airways (bronchi) in the _____.

- Pharynx
- esophagus

stomach
lungs
Larynx

26. Choose the correct variant. Neuropharmacological drugs act on the _____.
nervous system
respiratory system
integumentary system
cardiovascular system
urinary system

27. Choose the correct variant. The form of vitamin A found in _____ is called beta-carotene.
plants
planets
roots
flowers
water

28. Choose the correct variant. Your physician may treat these problems by _____ vitamin A for you.
prescribes
prescribed
will prescribe
prescribing
prescribe

29. Choose the correct variant. _____ work to change vitamin D into the active form the body can use.
The ear and kidneys
The livers and kidney
The liver and nutrients
The liver and kidneys
The spleen and kidneys

30. Choose the correct variant. They treat diarrhea and decrease rapid movement of bowels (spasms).
antidiarrheals
vasodilators
narcotics
antibiotics
antacids

31. Choose the correct variant. These drugs, in moderate dose, can suppress the central nervous system and relieve pain but in excessive doses produce unconsciousness, stupor, coma, and possibly death.

vasodilators
antacids
antibiotics
narcotics
epinephrine

32. Choose the correct variant. These drugs increase the volume of urine and salt released by the kidneys

analgetics
antacids
antibiotics
diuretics
laxatives

33. Choose the correct variant. Don't take more than 400 IU (units) of vitamin D a day unless prescribed by your_____.

physician
physical
physics
nurse
chemists

34. Choose the correct variant. Vitamins don't have calories, so they can't give _____.

energy
energetic
action
act
activity

35. Choose the correct variant. medications used to control unwanted variations in heart rhythms

laxatives
antacids
antibiotics
antiarrhythmics
narcotics

36. Complete the sentence. Everyone knows that medicines, or drugs are chemical substances used to make you ____better when you are sick.

invite
treat

establish
extend
feel

37. Complete the sentence. Drugs can be made from the chemical _____ which are synthesized in the laboratory.

substances
diversions
destructions
diagnoses
dangers

38. Complete the sentence. Some medicines should be taken with food while others should be taken on an empty_____.

stomach
liver
shoulder
spleen
wrist

39. Complete the sentence. For example, there is a wide variety of cardiovascular drugs, _____ drugs, neuropsychopharmacological drugs, antibiotics, neoplastic drugs, hormones, and others.

gastritis
gastroectomy
gastrology
gastrointestinal
gastroscope

40. Complete the sentence. _____ medicine may come in a number of different dosage forms such as tablets, capsules, and liquids.

therapeutical
stomatological
oral
nasal
eye

41. Complete the sentence. In general, it is the best to take _____ medicines with a full glass of water.

larynx
esophagus
oral
eye
mouth

42. Complete the sentence. Antihistamines are drugs, which block the _____ of chemicals called histamines, which are found in the body.

teaching

technologists

action

acting

technosphere

43. Complete the sentence. They play an important role in the metabolic _____ of the body.

processes

career

remedy

prevention

disease

44. Complete the sentence. All drugs are grouped into several classes depending on their pharmacological _____ on the body, target organs or systems, etc.

teaches

observes

examines

effects

learns

45. Complete the sentence. Make sure that your health care provider _____ all of the medicines and supplements you are using.

administers

complains

knows

examines

prescribes

46. Complete the sentence. There are two major types of neuropharmacological drugs: autonomic and central nervous _____ drugs.

system

medicine

level

regimen

cause

47. Complete the sentence. Cardiovascular drugs may be _____ into three groups

observed

caused

watched

divided

determined

48. Complete the sentence. Different medicines should never be _____ in one container.

mixed

help

protect

assist

elaborate

49. Complete the sentence. Antibiotics have been _____ in the laboratory and are used to treat serious bacterial infections.

caused

specialty

especial

synthesized

prescribed

50. Complete the sentence. There are many routes of drug _____.

administration

entering

starting

completing

finishing

51. Insert the missing prepositions. Drugs are obtained _____ various parts of plants, such as the roots, leaves, and fruit.

on

for

in

from

of

52. Insert the missing prepositions. Manufacturers often coin brand names _____ use in promotion of their particular product.

on

with

in

to

of

53. Insert the missing prepositions. Some drugs are contained _____ food substances.

in

of

on
with
for

54. Insert the missing prepositions. _____reduce the risk of a problem, follow the directions carefully when taking medicines.

to
of
on
with
for

55. Insert the missing prepositions. Antifungals: drugs used to treat infections caused _____ fungi

with
for
in
by
on

56.Insert the missing prepositions. Histamine is produced _____ most cells and especially by sensitive cells under the skin and in the respiratory system.

for
in
by
of
on

57. Insert the missing prepositions. If you are taking a long-acting form _____medicine, each dose should be swallowed whole.

from
with
among
of
into

58. Insert the missing prepositions. Examples _____ such drugs are digitalis (from the foxglove plant), and antibiotics such as penicillin and streptomycin (from plants called molds)

for
in
of
on
with

59. Insert the missing prepositions. Vitamins are necessary ____ normal body functioning.

- with
- in
- for
- of
- on

60. Insert the missing prepositions. They may increase blood flow through the coronary arteries and often are used ____ patients with angina

- with
- for
- in
- of
- on

61. Insert the missing prepositions. These medications stimulate the arteries _____ the heart to enlarge.

- of
- at
- on
- with
- in

62. Insert the missing prepositions. There is a wide variety ____ gastrointestinal drugs

- with
- for
- in
- of
- on

63. Insert the missing prepositions. Antidiabetic agents: drugs used ____ the treatment of diabetes.

- in
- of
- on
- with
- for

64. Choose the correct translation for “забруднення”.

- assist
- treat
- contamination
- effect

destroy

65. Choose the correct translation for “пліснява”.

mold

branchy

brain

break

brash

ЛІТЕРАТУРА

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