

Topic № 13. Analysis of terms-composites with the given meaning in therapy and diagnostics. Final word-forming elements. Formation of terms-names of pathological conditions, diagnostics, patient examination characteristics in Latin and English.

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “blood stasis”:

haemostasis
haemolysis
haematoma
haemopoësis
haematologia

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “extension of bronchial tubes”:

bronchoectasia
bronchospasmus
broncholithus
bronchosopia
bronchostenosis

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “kidney origin”:

nephrogenus
nephrologia
nephropexia
nephrostomia
hydronephrosis

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “black coloring”:

melanochromia
melanoma
melancholia
melanocytus
melanosoma

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “science about tumors”:

oncologia
myologia
traumatologia
somatologia
pathologia

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “operation on the leading out of fistula”:

cystostomia
xanthochromia
xerostomia
cystotomia
cholecystectomy

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “insignificant secretion of urine”:

oliguria
anuria
dysuria
polyuria
glycosuria

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “inflammation of the eyelid”:

blepharitis
blepharoptosis
blepharospasmus
blepharoplegia
blepharorrhaphia

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “yellow coloring”:

xanthochromia
leucochromia
melanochromia
achromia
dyschromia

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “adipose tissue tumor”:

lipoma
adenoma
myoma
osteoma
lymphoma

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “disorder of digestion”:

dysenteria
dystrophia
dystonia
dyskynesia
dyspepsia

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “blood levels of bile constituents”:

cholaemia
cholestasis
haemorrhagia
glycaemia
pyaemia

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “eye paralysis”:

ophthalmoplegia
ophthalmorrhagia
ophthalmorrhaphia
ophthalmopathia
anophthalmia

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “gastric origin”:

gastrogenus, a, um
gastroduodenalis, e
gastrocardialis, e
gastricus, a, um
gastrointestinalis, e

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “secretion of blood with urine”:

haematuria
uraemia
urologia
haemorrhagia
haematoma

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “stone formation in the gall bladder”:

cholelithiasis
urolithiasis
nephrolithiasis
elephantiasis
cholestasis

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “fear of poisoning”:

toxicophobia
toxicosis
toxaemia
septicaemia
toxicus

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “morbific”:

pathogenus, a, um
pathologicus, a, um
pathoanatomicus, a, um
pathognomicus, a, um
pathomorphologicus, a, um

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “chronic disease of the spine”:

spondylosis
spondylitis
osteocondrosis
osteoarthrosis
rachitis

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the “kidney ptosis”:

nephroptosis
nephrolysis
nephrosis
nephrolithus
nephrolithiasis

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “provoking the development of cancer”:

carcinogenus, a, um
oncogenus, a, um
pathogenus, a, um
carcinoideus, a, um
carcinoma, atis n

Choose the clinical term pointing to the screening method:

mammographia
tenorrhaphia
rhinorrhagia
dysenteria
dacryorrhoea

What term designates a chronic disease?

osteoarthrosis

arthritis
symbiosis
synchondrosis
polyarthritis

What term designates narrowing?

angiostenosis
cardiosclerosis
nephroptosis
leukocytosis
osteonecrosis

What term designates the tumor?

odontoma
liposoma
erythema
colostoma
cystostoma

Choose the term containing Greek stem with the meaning “sensitivity”:

anaesthesia
acromegalia
allergia
angiectasia
arthralgia

Choose the term containing Greek stem with the meaning “removal”:

gastrectomia
gastrextasia
gastrorrhagia
gastralgia
gastroscofia

Choose the term containing Greek stem with the meaning “tissue nutrition ”:

hypertrophia
anaemia
oliguria
leucopenia
ectopia

Choose the term containing Greek stem with the meaning “bleeding”:

gastrorrhagia
gastrorrhaphia
gastralgia
gastrographia

gastroscoopia

What term designates "extension of stomach"?

gastrektasia

gastroptosis

gastralgia

gastrektomia

gastroscoopia

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning "provoking the development of cancer":

carcinogenus, a, um

oncogenus, a, um

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liposoma

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cystostoma

Choose the term containing Greek stem with the meaning “sensitivity”:

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allergia
angiectasia
arthralgia

Choose the term containing Greek stem with the meaning “removal”:

gastrectomia
gastrectasia
gastrorrhagia
gastralgia
gastrosopia

Choose the term containing Greek stem with the meaning “tissue nutrition ”:

hypertrophia
anaemia
oliguria
leucopenia
ectopia

Choose the term containing Greek stem with the meaning “bleeding”:

gastrorrhagia
gastrorrhaphia
gastralgia
gastrographia
gastrosopia

What term designates "extention of stomach"?

gastrectasia
gastroptosis
gastralgia
gastrectomia
gastrosopia

What term designates “ surgery to remove the tonsils”?

tonsillectomia
cystostomia
laparotomia
anaemia
phlebectasia

What term designates “gastric bleeding”?

gastrorrhagia
vasographia

lymphorrhoea
haematuria
cystorrhaphia

What term designates “bile stagnation”?

cholestasis
nephroptosis
synostosis
haemolysis
cholelithiasis

What term designates «shoulder pain»?

brachialgia
brachydactylia
bradycardia
polydactylia
tachypnoë

What term designates « incision of the abdominal cavity»?

laparotomia
splenectomy
nephrostomia
macrosomia
proctoscopia

The names of the inflammatory diseases are formed by the suffix ...

-ītis
-ismus
-ōsis
-iāsis
-ōma

Presence of neoplasm in tissues or organs is formed by the suffix ...

-ōma
-ītis
-ismus
-ōsis
-iāsis

Presence of rashes, swellings or abscesses is formed by the suffix ...

-ēma
-ītis
-ismus
-ōsis
-iāsis

The long-term pathological processes of non-inflammatory nature are denoted by the suffix ...

- iosis
- itis
- ismus
- osis
- iāsis

Painful or pathological process with the long term or chronic course is formed by the suffix ...

- osis
- itis
- ismus
- ēma
- iāsis

Painful conditions, congenital or acquired pathology, disease or abnormalities are formed by the suffix ...

- ismus
- osis
- itis
- iāsis
- ēma

Greek word-forming element orex- means:

- appetite
- motion
- keroid layer of epidermis
- cold
- knee

Greek word-forming element acus- means:

- hearing
- motion
- keroid layer of epidermis
- cold
- knee

Greek word-forming element kerat- means:

- keroid layer of epidermis
- cold
- knee
- motion
- hearing

Greek word-forming element cry- means:

cold

knee

motion

hearing

taste

Greek word-forming element gon- means:

knee

hearing

motion

keroid layer of epidermis

cold

Greek word-forming element geus- means:

taste

hearing

motion

keroid layer of epidermis

cold

Greek word-forming element chir- means:

hand

hearing

motion

keroid layer of epidermis

cold

Greek word-forming element kines- means:

motion

keroid layer of epidermis

cold

hand

hearing

Word-forming element prosop- means:

face

rabies

sense of smell

pulse

tissue

Word-forming element lyss- means:

rabies

sense of smell
pulse
tissue
face

Word-forming element osm- means:
sense of smell
pulse
tissue
face
rabies

Word-forming element sphygm- means:
pulse
tissue
face
rabies
sense of smell

Word-forming element aesthes- means:
sense
tissue
face
rabies
sense of smell

Word-forming element hist- means:
tissue
face
rabies
sense of smell
pulse

Word-forming element ops- means:
vision
face
rabies
sense of smell
pulse

Greek word-forming element kines- means:
motion
keroid layer of epidermis
cold
hand

hearing

Word-forming element prosop- means:

face

rabies

sense of smell

pulse

tissue

Word-forming element lyss- means:

rabies

sense of smell

pulse

tissue

face

Word-forming element osm- means:

sense of smell

pulse

tissue

face

rabies

Word-forming element sphygm- means:

pulse

tissue

face

rabies

sense of smell

Word-forming element aesthes- means:

sense

tissue

face

rabies

sense of smell

Word-forming element hist- means:

tissue

face

rabies

sense of smell

pulse

Word-forming element ops- means:

vision
face
rabies
sense of smell
pulse

Hyperaemia means:
increase in the amount of blood
increase in the body temperature
pathologic condition of salivary glands
gum bleeding
excessive salivation

Topic № 14. Formation of terms-names of diseases of inflammatory, non-inflammatory and neoplastic nature. Translating of dental diagnoses.

The diagnosis «Congenital heart defect» is translated as ...

Vitium cordis congenitum
Vitium cordis acquisitum
Vitium cordis exquisitum
Vitium mitrale
Vulnus incisus cordis

The diagnosis «Simple dermatome» is translated as ...

Dermatoma simplex
Dermatoma durum
Dermatoma compositum
Dermatoma ulcerosum
Dermatoma molle

The diagnosis «Complete fracture of the skull base» is translated as ...

Fractura basis cranii completa
Fractura basis cranii incompleta
Fractura vertebrae cervicalis completa
Fractura basis cranii compressiva
Fractura basis cranii traumatica

The diagnosis «Benign fibroid» is translated as ...

Myoma benignum

Myoma malignum
Myoma verum
Myoma gigantocellulare
Myoma spurium

The diagnosis «Lion face» is translated as ...

Leontiasis
Elephantiasis
Nephrolithiasis
Urolithiasis
Sialolithiasis

The diagnosis «Bladder stone disease» is translated as ...

Urolithiasis
Elephantiasis
Sialolithiasis
Nephrolithiasis
Leontiasis

The diagnosis «Kidney stone disease» is translated as ...

Nephrolithiasis
Urolithiasis
Sialolithiasis
Nephrolithus
Odontolithus

The diagnosis «The non-inflammatory disease of joints» is translated as ...

Arthrosis
Arthritis
Gonarthritus
Arthropathia
Athrologia

The diagnosis «A temporary increase in the number of leukocytes in the blood» is translated as ...

Leucocytosis
Leukaemia
Leucosis
Leucopenia
Leucorrhoea

The diagnosis «bone necrosis» is translated as ...

Osteonecrosis

Ostenoma

Odontagra

Osteotrimma

Osteotripsia

The diagnosis «Alveolar neuritis» is translated as ...

Neuritis alveolaris

Neurosis alveolaris

Neuropathia alveolaris

Neuroma alveolare

Neuritis cellularis

Select the correct spelling and grammatical variant for the term «calculous sialadenitis»:

Sialadenitis calculosa

Sialadenitis calculosus

Sialadenitis calculosum

Sialadenithis calculosa

Syaladenitis calculosa

Select the correct spelling and grammatical variant for the term «hypertrophy of the left ventricle of the heart»

Hypertrophia ventriculi sinisrti cordis

Hypertrophia ventriculi dexrti cordis

Hypertrophia ventriculi sinistri

Hypertrophia ventriculi cordis

Oligotrophia ventriculi sinisrti cordis

Select the correct spelling and grammatical variant for the term «Tuberculosis of the nasal mucosa»:

Tuberculosis tunicae mucosae nasi

Tuberculosis tunicae mucosi nasi

Tuberculosis tunicae mucosae cavitatis oris

Tuberculosis tunicae mucosae cavitati nasi

Tuberculosis tunicae mucosae cavitatis nasi

Select the correct spelling and grammatical variant for the term «Granuloma of the pregnant»:

Granuloma gravidarum

Granyloma gravidarum

Granulomae gravidarum
Granulomata gravidarum
Granuloma gravidorum

Select the correct spelling and grammatical variant for the term «uterine fibromatosis»

Fibromatosis uteri
Fibromatosis uterae
Fibromatos hysreri
Phibromatosis uteri
Fibromatoses uterarum

Select the correct spelling and grammatical variant for the term «Joint hyperostosis»:

Hyperostosis articulationis
Hyperostos articulationis
Hiperostosis articulationis
Hyperostoses articulationi
Hyperostoses articulationes

Select the correct spelling and grammatical variant for the term «Perforation of a stomach ulcer»:

Perforatio ulceris ventriculi
Perforationes ulcerum ventriculorum
Perforationes ulceris gastricis
Perforatio ulcus gastris
Perforatio vulneris ventriculi

Select the correct spelling and grammatical variant for the term «syphilitic osteomyelitis»:

Osteomyelitis syphilitica
Ostheomyelitis syphiliticae
Osteomyelitidis syphilithica
Myelitis ossium syphilitica
Osteomyelopathia syphilitica

The diagnosis « Acute viral meningitis» is translated as ...

Meningitis viralis acuta
Meningitis aceptica acuta
Meningitis candidamycotica acuta
Leptomeningit virale acutum
Meningites generalisatae acutae

Select the correct spelling and grammatical variant for the term «Emphysema of lungs»

Emphysēma pulmonum
Emphysēma pulmonis
Emphysēma pulmonum senile
Emphysēma pleurae
Emphysēma putrīdum

The diagnosis «Hypertrophic hepatocirrhosis» is translated as ...

Cirrhōsis hepātis hypertrophica
Cirrhōsis hepātis atrophīca
Cirrhōsis pulmonis atrophīca
Cirrhōsis hepātis trophīca
Cirrhōses hepātis atrophīcae

The diagnosis «Chronic arthritis» is translated as ...

arthritis chronica
arthritis acuta
arthritis acutissima
arthritis chronyca
gonarthritis

The diagnosis «Inflammation of the grey matter of the spinal cord» is translated as

...

poliomyelitis
polyarthritis
pyarthrosis
pyonephritis
pyodermitis

The diagnosis «Gallbladder stone disease» is translated as ...

cholelithiasis
urolithiasis
nephrolithiasis
elephantiasis
cholestasis

The diagnosis «Poisoning» is translated as ...

toxicosis
toxicophobia
toxaemia
septicaemia
toxicus

The diagnosis «Inflammation of eyelids» is translated as ...

blepharitis
blepharoptosis

blepharospasmus
blepharoplegia
blepharorrhaphia

The diagnosis «Fat tumor» is translated as ...

lipoma
adenoma
myoma
osteoma
lymphoma

The diagnosis «Eye disease» is translated as ...

ophthalmopathia
ophthalmoplegia
ophthalmorrhagia
ophthalmorrhaphia
anophthalmia

The diagnosis «The urine in the blood» is translated as ...

uraemia
haematuria
urologia
haemorrhagia
haematoma

Select the correct spelling and grammatical variant for the term «myelofibrous osteosclerosis»:

osteosclerosis myelofibrosa
osteosclerosis myelofibrosus
osteosclerosis myelophibrosum
osteoscleroses myelofibrosa
osteosclerosis myelofibrosis

The diagnosis «Stoppage of bleeding» is translated as ...

haemostasis
haemolysis
haematoma
haemopoësis
haematologia

The diagnosis «Expansion of the bronchi» is translated as ...

bronchoectasia
bronchospasmus
broncholithus
bronchosopia

bronchostenosis

The diagnosis «Kidney fixation» is translated as ...

nephropexia

nephrogenus

nephrologia

nephrostomia

hydronephrosis

The diagnosis «Dissection of the bladder» is translated as ...

cystotomia

cystostomia

xanthochromia

xerostomia

cholecystectomy

What term designates "extention of stomach"?

gastrectasia

gastroptosis

gastralgia

gastrectomia

gastroscoopia

What term designates “ surgery to remove the tonsils”?

tonsillectomia

cystostomia

laparotomia

anaemia

phlebectasia

What term designates “gastric bleeding”?

gastrorrhagia

vasographia

lymphorrhoea

haematuria

cystorrhaphia

What term designates “bile stagnation”?

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nephroptosis

synostosis

haemolysis

cholelithiasis

What term designates «shoulder pain»?

brachialgia
brachydactylia
bradycardia
polydactylia
tachypnoë

What term designates « incision of the abdominal cavity »?

laparotomia
splenectomy
nephrostomia
macrosomia
proctoscopia

What term designates narrowing?

angiostenosis
cardiosclerosis
nephroptosis
leukocytosis
osteonecrosis

What term designates the tumor?

odontoma
liposoma
erythema
colostoma
cystostoma

Choose the term containing Greek stem with the meaning “sensitivity”:

anaesthesia
acromegalia
allergia
angiectasia
arthralgia

Choose the term containing Greek stem with the meaning “removal”:

gastrectomia
gastrectasia
gastrorrhagia
gastralgia
gastrosocopia

Choose the term containing Greek stem with the meaning “tissue nutrition ”:

hypertrophia
anaemia
oliguria

leucopenia
ectopia

Choose the term containing Greek stem with the meaning “bleeding”:

gastrorrhagia
gastrorrhaphia
gastralgia
gastrographia
gastroscoopia

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “morbific”:

pathogenus, a, um
pathologicus, a, um
pathoanatomicus, a, um
pathognomonicus, a, um
pathomorphologicus, a, um

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “chronic disease of the spine”:

spondylosis
spondylitis
osteocondrosis
osteoarthrosis
rachitis

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the “kidney ptosis”:

nephroptosis
nephrolysis
nephrosis
nephrolithus
nephrolithiasis

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “provoking the development of cancer”:

carcinogenus, a, um
oncogenus, a, um
pathogenus, a, um
carcinoideus, a, um
carcinoma, atis n

Choose the clinical term pointing to the screening method:

mammographia
tenorrhaphia
rhinorrhagia
dysenteria

dacryorrhoea

What term designates a chronic disease?

osteoarthrosis

arthritis

symbiosis

synchondrosis

polyarthritis

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “eye paralysis”:

ophthalmoplegia

ophthalmorrhagia

ophthalmorrhaphia

ophthalmopathia

anophthalmia

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “gastric origin”:

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gastroduodenalis, e

gastrocardialis, e

gastricus, a, um

gastrointestinalis, e

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “secretion of blood with urine”:

haematuria

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urologia

haemorrhagia

haematoma

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “stone formation in the gall bladder”:

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urolithiasis

nephrolithiasis

elephantiasis

cholestasis

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “fear of poisoning”:

toxicophobia

toxicosis

toxaemia

septicaemia

toxicus

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “insignificant secretion of urine”:

oliguria
anuria
dysuria
polyuria
glycosuria

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “inflammation of the eyelid”:

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blepharospasmus
blepharoplegia
blepharorrhaphia

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dyschromia

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adenoma
myoma
osteoma
lymphoma

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “disorder of digestion”:

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dystonia
dyskinesia
dyspepsia

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “blood levels of bile constituents”:

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cholestasis
haemorrhagia
glycaemia
pyaemia

Choose the clinical term corresponding to the meaning “operation on the leading out of fistula”:

cystostomia

xanthochromia

xerostomia

cystotomia

cholecystectomy

Literature.

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