SELECT from WORLD Tutorial

• <u>日本語</u> • <u>中文</u>

name	continent	area	population	gdp
Afghanistan	Asia	652230	25500100	20343000000
Albania	Europe	28748	2831741	12960000000
Algeria	Africa	2381741	37100000	188681000000
Andorra	Europe	468	78115	3712000000
Angola	Africa	1246700	20609294	100990000000

In this tutorial you will use the SELECT command on the table world:

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Introduction

1.

<u>Read the notes about this table.</u> Observe the result of running this SQL command to show the name, continent and population of all countries.

.01.2019	SELECT from WORLD Tutorial - SQLZOO	
SELECT name, continent	, population FROM world	
Submit SQL	Restore default	
result		
l		//

Large Countries

How to use WHERE to filter records. Show the name for the countries that have a population of at least 200 million. 200 million is 200000000, there are eight zeros.

```
SELECT name FROM world
WHERE population > 200000000
 Submit SQL
                              Restore default
 result
```

Per capita GDP

3.

Give the name and the **per capita GDP** for those countries with a population of at least 200 million.

HELP:How to calculate per capita GDP

SELECT name, gdp/population FROM world WHERE population >= 200000000

Submit SQL

Restore default



1	result		

South America In millions

4.

Show the name and population in millions for the countries of the continent 'South America'. Divide the population by 1000000 to get population in millions.

```
SELECT name, population/1000000
FROM world
WHERE continent = 'South America'
 Submit SQL
                              Restore default
 result
```

France, Germany, Italy

Show the name and population for France, Germany, Italy

```
SELECT name, population
FROM world
WHERE name IN ('France', 'Germany', 'Italy')
```

Submit SQL

Restore default

United

6.

Show the countries which have a name that includes the word 'United'

SELECT name FROM world WHERE name LIKE '%United%'

Submit SQL

Restore default

Two ways to be big

7.

Two ways to be big: A country is **big** if it has an area of more than 3 million sq km or it has a population of more than 250 million.

Show the countries that are big by area or big by population. Show name, population and area.

SELECT name, population, area
FROM world
WHERE area > 3000000 OR population > 250000000

Submit SQL

Restore default

result

One or the other (but not both)

8.

Exclusive OR (XOR). Show the countries that are big by area or big by population but not both. Show name, population and area.

- Australia has a big area but a small population, it should be included.
- Indonesia has a big population but a small area, it should be included.
- China has a big population and big area, it should be excluded.
- United Kingdom has a small population and a small area, it should be excluded.

- Office Tringdom has a small population and a small area, it should be excluded .
SELECT name, population, area FROM world WHERE area > 3000000 XOR population > 250000000
Submit SQL Restore default
result

Rounding

9.

Show the name and population in millions and the GDP in billions for the countries of the continent 'South America'. Use the ROUND function to show the values to two decimal places.

For South America show population in millions and GDP in billions both to 2 decimal places.

Millions and billions							
SELECT name, ROUND(population/1000000,2), ROUND(gdp/1000000000,2) FROM world							
WHERE continent = 'South America'							
Submit SQL Restore default							
result							

Click here to play the SELECT card game (http://sqlzoo.net/40289347/sql3/)

Trillion dollar economies

10.

Show the name and per-capita GDP for those countries with a GDP of at least one trillion (100000000000; that is 12 zeros). Round this value to the nearest 1000.

Show per-capita GDP for the trillion dollar countries to the nearest \$1000.

```
SELECT name, ROUND(gdp/population,-3)
FROM world
WHERE gdp >= 10000000000000

Submit SQL

Restore default

result
```

Name and capital have the same length

11.

Greece has capital Athens.

Each of the strings 'Greece', and 'Athens' has 6 characters.

Show the name and capital where the name and the capital have the same number of characters.

You can use the LENGTH function to find the number of characters in a string

```
SELECT name, capital
FROM world
WHERE LENGTH(name) = LENGTH(capital)
```

Submit SQL

Restore default



Matching name and capital

12.

The capital of Sweden is Stockholm. Both words start with the letter 'S'.

Show the name and the capital where the first letters of each match. Don't include countries where the name and the capital are the same word.

- You can use the function <u>LEFT</u> to isolate the first character.
- You can use <> as the **NOT EQUALS** operator.

```
SELECT name, capital
FROM world
WHERE (name <> capital) AND (LEFT(name,1) = LEFT(capital,1))
```

Submit SQL

Restore default

All the vowels

13.

Equatorial Guinea and **Dominican Republic** have all of the vowels (a e i o u) in the name. They don't count because they have more than one word in the name.

Find the country that has all the vowels and no spaces in its name.

- You can use the phrase name NOT LIKE '%a%' to exclude characters from your results.
- The query shown misses countries like Bahamas and Belarus because they contain at least one 'a'

```
SELECT name
FROM world
WHERE name LIKE ('%a%')
AND name LIKE ('%e%')
AND name LIKE ('%i%')
AND name LIKE ('%o%')
AND name LIKE ('%o%')
AND name NOT LIKE '% %'
```

Submit SQL

Restore default

What Next

Click here to play the SELECT card game (http://sqlzoo.net/40289347/sql3/)

- BBC QUIZ
- You can to continue practising the the same techniques and gain more experience of the basic skills on the Nobel table. The WHERE statement using the nobel table.
- You can learn about nested statements, these are instructive and entertaining, but not essential for beginners.
 Nested SELECT statements using the world table.

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