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ФАКУЛЬТЕТ: «Информатика и системы управления»

КАФЕДРА: «Теоретическая информатика и компьютерные технологии»

# Летучка №349 «Поиск экстремума функции методом покоординатного спуска»

по курсу «Разработка мобильных приложений»

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### Цель работы

Реализовать поиск экстремума функции методом покоординатного спуска на Flutter с визуализацией графика функции в соответствии с вариантом с помощью библиотеки Ditredi и отображением траектории спуска.

#### Вариант 14

```
f(x_1, x_2) = (x_1 - 2x_2)^2 + (x_2 - 3)^2

x_1^0 = 7

x_2^0 = 6

eps = 0, 25
```

#### Реализация

Исходный код:

```
import 'package:ditredi/ditredi.dart';
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:vector_math/vector_math_64.dart' show Vector3;
import 'dart:math';
class SurfacePlot extends StatefulWidget {
 @override
 _SurfacePlotState createState() => _SurfacePlotState();
class Curve {
 List<Vector3> firstPart = [];
List<Vector3> secondPart = [];
class _SurfacePlotState extends State<SurfacePlot> {
  final diTreDiController = DiTreDiController()
    ..userScale = 2
    ..rotationX = -90
    ..rotationY = 0
    ..rotationZ = 12.5;
 List<Point3D> fullPath = [];
 double sliderValue = 0;
 double x1_0 = 7.0; // 9.0
 double x2_0 = 6.0; // 5.0
 double eps = 0.25; // 0.01
 double x1_n = 0;
 double x2_n = 0;
double z_n = 0;
 double x1_min = 6.0;
 double x2^{-}min = 3.0;
 double z_{min} = 0.0;
 double maxZ = 40.0;
 List<Curve> curves = [];
 bool showPointSurface = true;
 @override
```

```
void initState() {
  super.initState();
  fullPath = \_coordinateDescentPath(Vector3(x1_0, x2_0, \_function(x1_0, x2_0)), eps);
  z_min = _function(x1_min, x2_min);
curves = _getCurves();
void handleScaleUpdate(ScaleUpdateDetails details) {
  setState(() {
    if (details.scale != 1.0) {
      diTreDiController.userScale += (details.scale - 1) * 0.01;
      diTreDiController.userScale = diTreDiController.userScale.clamp(0.5, 10.0);
      diTreDiController.rotationX += details.focalPointDelta.dy * 0.5;
      diTreDiController.rotationZ += details.focalPointDelta.dx * 0.5;
  });
}
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
  return Scaffold(
    appBar: AppBar(
      title: Text('fly349'),
    body: Column(
      children: [
        Expanded(
          child: Center(
             child: GestureDetector(
              onScaleUpdate: _handleScaleUpdate,
child: DiTreDi(
                 controller: diTreDiController,
                 figures: [
                   if (showPointSurface)
                     ..._generatePointSurface()
                   else
                     _generateSurface(),
                   ..._generateAxes(),
                   ..._getPathPoints(),
                   ..._extraLines(),
                   ..._extraPoints(),
          ),
        ),
        Padding(
          padding: const EdgeInsets.all(16.0),
          child: Column(
             children: [
              Row(
                 mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
                 children: [
                   Text("Segments"),
                   Switch(
                     value: showPointSurface,
                     onChanged: (value) {
                       setState(() {
                         showPointSurface = value;
                       });
                     },
                   Text("Points"),
```

```
Text("Прогресс покоординатного спуска"),
               Slider(
                 value: sliderValue,
                 min: 0,
                 max: fullPath.length.toDouble() - 1,
                 divisions: fullPath.length - 1,
                  label: sliderValue.toInt().toString(),
                 onChanged: (value) {
                    setState(() {
                      sliderValue = value;
                    });
              1.1.
     1.).).1.
    ),
  );
List<Point3D> _generatePointSurface() {
  List<Point3D> points = [];
  double step = 0.1;
  for (double x1 = -4; x1 \le 16; x1 += step) {
    for (double x2 = -7; x2 <= 13; x2 += step) {
  double z = _function(x1, x2);
  if (z < maxZ) {</pre>
        points.add(Point3D(Vector3(x1, x2, z), color: Colors.blue));
      }
    }
  return points;
Mesh3D _generateSurface() {
  List<Face3D> faces = [];
  for (int i = 1; i < curves[0].firstPart.length; i++) {</pre>
    faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
      Vector3(x1_min, x2_min, z_min),
      curves[0].firstPart[i],
      curves[0].firstPart[i - 1],
      color: Colors.blue,
    ));
  }
  for (int i = 1; i < curves[0].secondPart.length; i++) {</pre>
    faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
      Vector3(x1_min, x2_min, z_min),
      curves[0].secondPart[i - 1],
      curves[0].secondPart[i],
      color: Colors.blue,
    ));
  }
  faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
    Vector3(x1_min, x2_min, z_min),
    curves[0].firstPart[0],
    curves[0].secondPart[0],
    color: Colors.blue,
  ));
```

```
faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
  Vector3(x1_min, x2_min, z_min),
  \verb|curves[0].secondPart[curves[0].secondPart.length - 1]|,
  curves[0].firstPart[curves[0].firstPart.length - 1],
  color: Colors.blue,
for (int i = 1; i < curves.length; i++) {</pre>
  faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
    curves[i].secondPart[0],
    curves[i - 1].secondPart[0],
curves[i - 1].firstPart[0],
    color: Colors.blue,
  ));
  faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
    curves[i].secondPart[0],
    curves[i - 1].firstPart[0],
    curves[i].firstPart[0],
    color: Colors.blue,
  ));
  faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
    curves[i - 1].secondPart[curves[i - 1].secondPart.length - 1],
    curves[i].firstPart[curves[i].firstPart.length - 1],
    curves[i - 1].firstPart[curves[i - 1].firstPart.length - 1],
    color: Colors.blue,
  ));
  faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
    curves[i - 1].secondPart[curves[i - 1].secondPart.length - 1],
    curves[i].secondPart[curves[i].secondPart.length - 1],
    curves[i].firstPart[curves[i].firstPart.length - 1],
    color: Colors.blue,
  ));
  int k = 0;
  for (int j = 0; j < curves[i].firstPart.length - 1; j++) {</pre>
    if (j + 1 == curves[i - 1].firstPart.length) {
      k = j;
    if (j + 1 \ge curves[i - 1].firstPart.length) {
      faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
        curves[i - 1].firstPart[k],
curves[i].firstPart[j + 1],
        curves[i].firstPart[j],
        color: Colors.blue,
      ));
      continue;
    faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
      curves[i - 1].firstPart[j],
curves[i - 1].firstPart[j + 1],
      curves[i].firstPart[j],
      color: Colors.blue,
    ));
    faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
      curves[i - 1].firstPart[j + 1],
      curves[i].firstPart[j + 1],
      curves[i].firstPart[j],
      color: Colors.blue,
    ));
```

```
for (int j = 0; j < curves[i].secondPart.length - 1; <math>j++) {
       if (j + 1 == curves[i - 1].secondPart.length) {
         k = j;
       if (j + 1 \ge curves[i - 1].secondPart.length) {
         faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
           curves[i].secondPart[j],
           curves[i].secondPart[j +
           curves[i - 1].secondPart[k],
           color: Colors.blue,
         ));
         continue;
       faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
         curves[i].secondPart[j],
         curves[i - 1].secondPart[j + 1],
curves[i - 1].secondPart[j],
         color: Colors.blue,
       ));
       faces.add(Face3D.fromVertices(
         curves[i].secondPart[j],
         curves[i].secondPart[j + 1],
         curves[i - 1].secondPart[j + 1],
         color: Colors.blue,
       ));
    }
  }
  return Mesh3D(faces);
List<Curve> _getCurves() {
  double step = 0.5;
  double delta = 0.01;
  double deltaZ = 0.5;
  double firstZ = 1.0;
  List<Curve> curves = [];
  for (double z = firstZ; z < maxZ; z += deltaZ) {</pre>
    List<Vector3> firstPart = [];
    List<Vector3> secondPart = [];
    for (double x2 = 3 + sqrt(z) - delta; x2 >= 3 - sqrt(z); x2 -= step) {
       double firstX1 = _findFirstX1(x2, z);
double secondX1 = _findSecondX1(x2, z);
       firstPart.add(Vector3(firstX1, x2, z));
       secondPart.add(Vector3(secondX1, x2, z));
    var curve = Curve();
    curve.firstPart = firstPart;
curve.secondPart = secondPart;
    curves.add(curve);
  return curves;
List<Line3D> _generateAxes() {
  return [
    Line3D(Vector3(0, 0, 0), Vector3(20, 0, 0),
    color: Colors.red, width: 2.0),
Line3D(Vector3(0, 0, 0), Vector3(0, 20, 0),
         color: Colors.green, width: 2.0),
```

```
Line3D(Vector3(0, 0, 0), Vector3(0, 0, 20),
        color: Colors.blue, width: 2.0),
 ];
}
double _function(double x1, double x2) {
  return pow(x1 - 2 * x2, 2).toDouble() + pow(x2 - 3, 2).toDouble();
double _findFirstX2(double x1, double z) {
  return (2 * x1 + 3 + sqrt(-pow(x1, 2) + 12 * x1 - 36 + 5 * z)) / 5.0;
double _findSecondX2(double x1, double z) {
 return (2 * x1 + 3 - sqrt(-pow(x1, 2) + 12 * x1 - 36 + 5 * z)) / 5.0;
double _findFirstX1(double x2, double z) {
  return (2 * x2 + sqrt(z - pow(x2, 2) + 6 * x2 - 9));
double _findSecondX1(double x2, double z) {
  return (2 * x2 - sqrt(z - pow(x2, 2) + 6 * x2 - 9));
List<Point3D> _getPathPoints() {
  int pointCount = sliderValue.toInt();
  return fullPath.sublist(0, pointCount + 1);
List<Line3D> _extraLines() {
  int pointCount = sliderValue.toInt();
  return [
    Line3D(
        fullPath[pointCount].position,
        Vector3(fullPath[pointCount].position.x,
            fullPath[pointCount].position.y, 0),
        color: Colors.amber,
        width: 2.0),
  ];
}
List<Point3D> _extraPoints() {
 int pointCount = sliderValue.toInt();
  return [
    Point3D(
        Vector3(fullPath[pointCount].position.x,
            fullPath[pointCount].position.y, 0),
        color: Colors.black,
        width: 3.0),
  ];
List<Point3D> _coordinateDescentPath(Vector3 start, double epsilon) {
 List<Point3D> path = [];
  Vector3 current = start;
  double currentValue = _function(current.x, current.y);
  path.add(Point3D(current, color: Colors.red, width: 3.0));
 double step = 0.1;
 while (true) {
    List<Vector3> directions = [
      Vector3(current.x + step, current.y,
          _function(current.x + step, current.y)),
```

```
Vector3(current.x - step, current.y,
              _function(current.x - step, current.y)),
         Vector3(current.x, current.y + step,
    _function(current.x, current.y + step)),
         Vector3(current.x, current.y - step,
             _function(current.x, current.y - step)),
       directions.sort((a, b) => a.z.compareTo(b.z));
       Vector3 next = directions.first;
      double nextValue = _function(next.x, next.y);
if ((currentValue - nextValue).abs() < epsilon) {</pre>
         path.add(Point3D(next, color: Colors.green, width: 6.0));
         x1_n = next.x;
         x2_n = next.y;
z_n = _function(x1_n, x2_n);
         break;
      path.add(Point3D(next, color: Colors.red, width: 3.0));
      current = next;
      currentValue = nextValue;
    return path;
void main() {
  runApp(MaterialApp(
    home: SurfacePlot(),
  ));
```

## Результаты

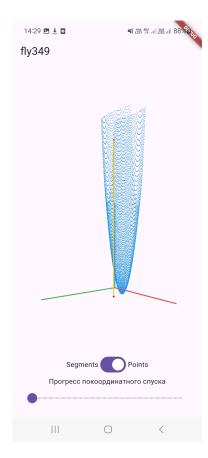


Рис. 1: результаты

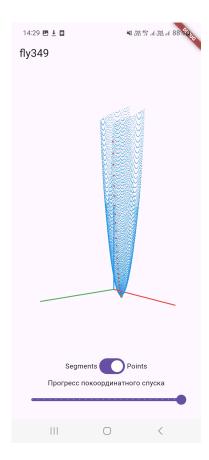


Рис. 2: результаты

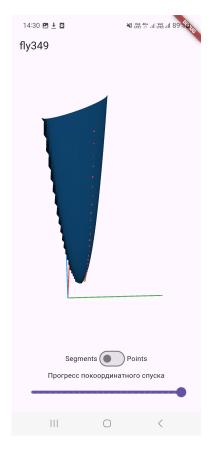


Рис. 3: результаты

### Вывод

В ходе выполнения данной работы был успешно реализован метод покоординатного спуска с визуализацией в Flutter. Приложение наглядно демонстрирует процесс нахождения минимума и особенности поведения метода на квадратичных функциях.