TÖL212M Rökstudd Forritun - Einstaklingsverkefni 7

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Einstaklingsverkefni 7

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Sækið skrána E7-skeleton.dfy og vistið hana hjá ykkur en breytið nafni hennar í E7.dfy. Klárið að forrita klasann í skránni.

1.1 Svar:

Hér fyrir neðan má sjá kóðann þar sem klasarnir hafa verið forritaðir. Dafny samþykkir þessa útgáfu, þótt Tio.run geri það ekki. Einnig er hægt að skoða kóðann á þessari slóð: htt-ps://tinyurl.com/4y5m4cs4.

```
// Author of question: Snorri Agnarsson, snorri@hi.is
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// Author of solution:
// Permalink of solution:
                             https://tinyurl.com/4y5m4cs4
// Klárið að forrita klasann IntStackChain.
// Finish programming the class IntStackChain.
trait IntStack
  ghost var ghostseq: seq<int>
  ghost var Repr: set < object >
  ghost predicate Valid()
   reads this, Repr
  predicate IsEmpty()
   reads this, Repr
   requires Valid()
   ensures IsEmpty() <=> ghostseq ==[]
 method Push (x: int)
   modifies this, Repr
   requires Valid()
   ensures Valid() && fresh(Repr-old(Repr))
   ensures ghostseq = old (ghostseq)+[x]
  method Pop() returns (x: int)
   modifies this, Repr
   requires Valid()
   requires ghostseq != []
   ensures Valid() && fresh(Repr-old(Repr))
   ensures ghostseq = old(ghostseq[..|ghostseq[-1])
   ensures x = old(ghostseq[|ghostseq|-1])
```

1.1 Svar:

```
}
datatype Chain = Nil | Cons(int, Chain)
function SeqOfChain(x: Chain): seq<int>
  match x
  case Nil \Rightarrow []
  case Cons(h, t) \Rightarrow [h] + SeqOfChain(t)
predicate IsReverse( x: seq<int>, y: seq<int> )
  |x| = |y| \&\&
  for all i \mid 0 \le i < |x| :: x[i] = y[|x|-1-i]
function Head( c: Chain ): int
  requires c != Nil
  match c
  case Cons(h, t) \Rightarrow h
function Tail (c: Chain): Chain
  requires c != Nil
  match c
  case Cons(h, t) \Rightarrow t
class IntStackChain extends IntStack
  var c: Chain
  ghost predicate Valid()
    reads this
    // Hér vantar skilgreiningu á fastayrðingu gagna.
    // Notið IsReverse og SeqOfChain til að skilgreina
    // hvenær hlaðinn er í löglegu ástandi.
    // Here a definition of the data invariant is missing.
    // Use IsReverse and SeqOfChain to define when the
    // stack is in a valid state.
    IsReverse (ghostseq, SeqOfChain(c))
  constructor()
    ensures Valid() && fresh(Repr-{this})
    ensures ghostseq == []
    c := Nil;
    Repr := \{\};
    ghostseq := [];
  predicate IsEmpty()
```

1.1 Svar:

```
reads this
    requires Valid()
    ensures IsEmpty() <==> ghostseq ==[]
    c = Nil
  method Push (x: int)
    modifies this
    requires Valid()
    ensures Valid()
    ensures Repr == old (Repr)
    ensures ghostseq = old (ghostseq)+[x]
    // Hér vantar forritstexta.
    // Segð á sniðinu Cons(h,t) er gagnleg hér.
    // Code is missing here.
    // An expression of the form Cons(h,t) is useful here.
    c := Cons(x, c);
    ghostseq := ghostseq + [x];
  }
 method Pop() returns (x: int)
    modifies this
    requires Valid()
    requires ghostseq != []
    ensures Valid()
    ensures Repr = old(Repr)
    ensures ghostseq = old (ghostseq [... | ghostseq | -1])
    ensures x = old(ghostseq[|ghostseq|-1])
    // Hér vantar forritstexta.
    // Föllin Head og Tail eru gagnleg hér.
    // Code is missing here.
    // The functions Head and Tail are useful here.
   x := Head(c);
    c := Tail(c);
    ghostseq := ghostseq[..|ghostseq[-1];
 }
}
method Factory() returns (s: IntStack)
  ensures fresh(s)
  ensures fresh (s.Repr)
  ensures s. Valid()
  ensures s. IsEmpty()
  s := new IntStackChain();
method Main()
  var s := [1, 2, 3];
  var s1 := Factory();
  var s2 := Factory();
```

1.1 Svar:

```
while s != []
    decreases |s|
    invariant s1. Valid()
    invariant s2. Valid()
    invariant \ (\{\,s1\}+s1\,.\,Repr) \ !! \ (\{\,s2\}+s2\,.\,Repr)
    invariant fresh (s1.Repr)
    invariant fresh (s2.Repr)
    s1. Push(s[0]);
    s2. Push(s[0]);
    s := s [1..];
  while !s1.IsEmpty()
    decreases | s1.ghostseq |
    invariant s1. Valid()
    invariant s2. Valid()
    invariant (\{s1\}+s1.Repr) !! (\{s2\}+s2.Repr)
    invariant fresh (s1.Repr)
    invariant fresh (s2.Repr)
    \operatorname{var} x := s1.\operatorname{Pop}();
    print x;
    print " ";
  while !s2.IsEmpty()
    invariant s2. Valid()
    decreases | s2.ghostseq |
    invariant fresh (s2.Repr)
  {
    \operatorname{var} x := s2.\operatorname{Pop}();
    print x;
    print " ";
  }
}
```