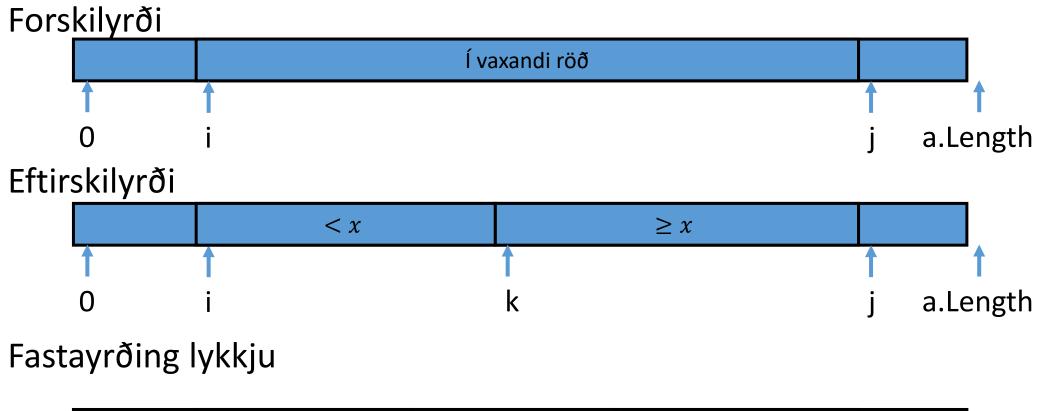
Fastayrðingar helmingunarleitar

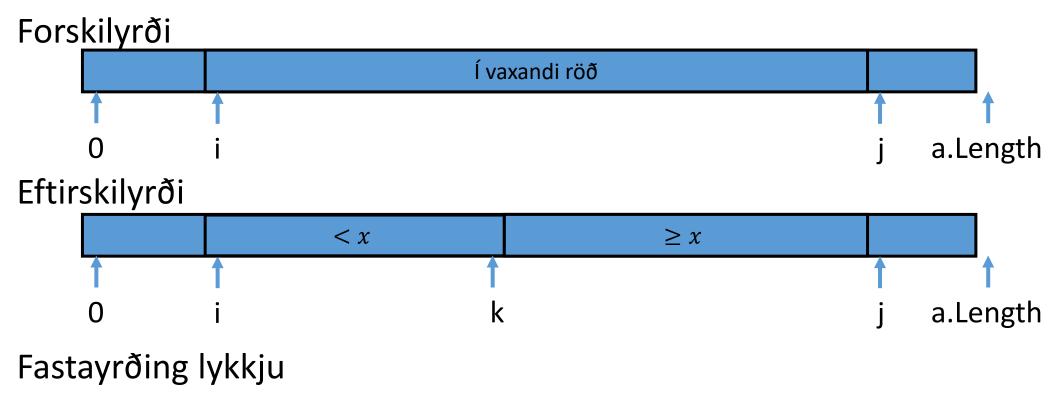
snorri@hi.is

Helmingunarleit að fremsta sæti $\geq x$ í vaxandi runu





Helmingunarleit að aftasta sæti < x í vaxandi runu





Helmingunarleit að fremsta sæti $\leq x$ í minnkandi runu

Fastayrðing lykkju

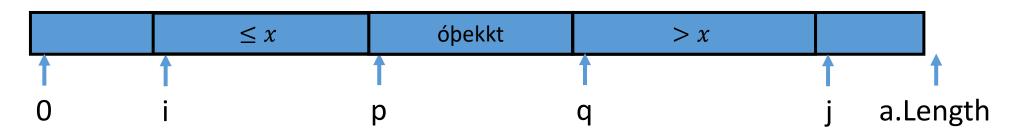


Helmingunarleit að aftasta sæti > x í minnkandi runu



Helmingunarleit að fremsta sæti > x í vaxandi runu

Forskilyrði Í vaxandi röð a.Length Eftirskilyrði $\leq x$ > xa.Length Fastayrðing lykkju



Helmingunarleit að aftasta sæti $\leq x$ í vaxandi runu

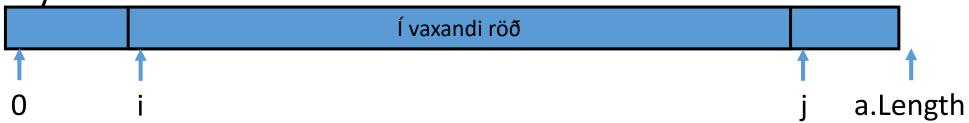
Forskilyrði 0 i j a.Length

Eftirskilyrði 0 i k j a.Length

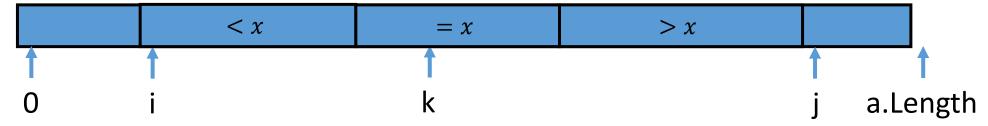


Helmingunarleit að einhverju sæti = x í vaxandi runu

Forskilyrði



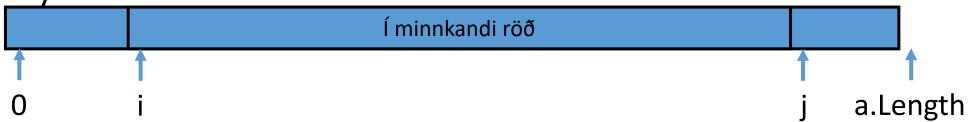
Eftirskilyrði (ef x er til)



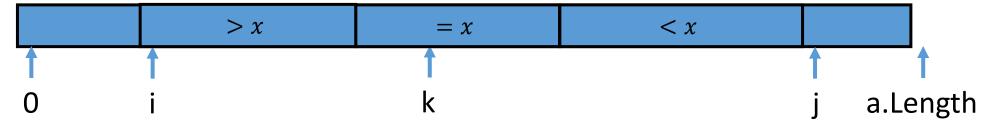


Helmingunarleit að einhverju sæti = x í minnkandi runu

Forskilyrði

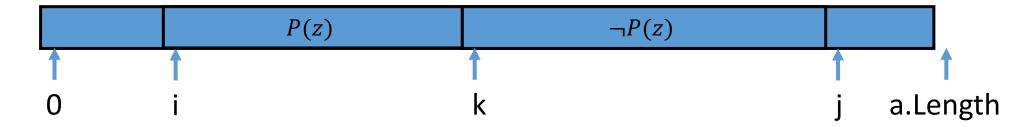


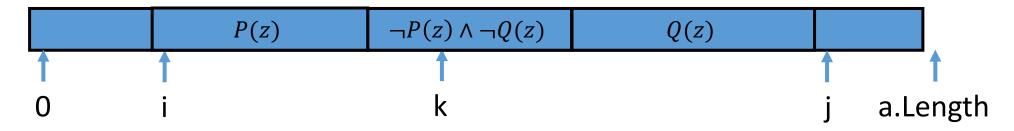
Eftirskilyrði (ef x er til)



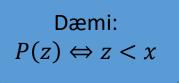


- Flokka má helmingunarleitarvandamálin í tvö almenn tilvik samkvæmt eftirskilyrðum
- Eftirskilyrði í einnar spurningar helmingunarleit



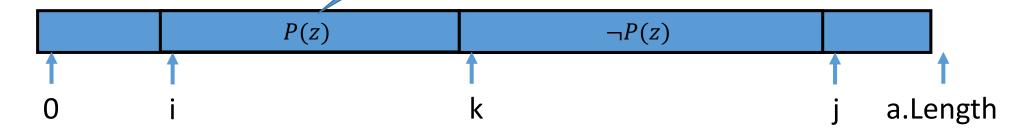


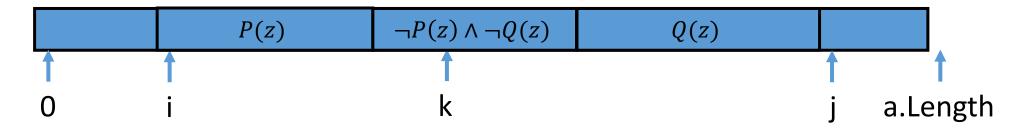
 Flokka má helmingunarleita eftirskilyrðum



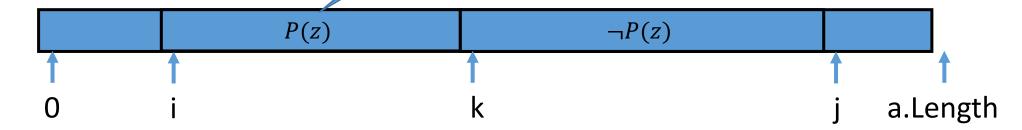
í tvö almenn tilvik samkvæmt

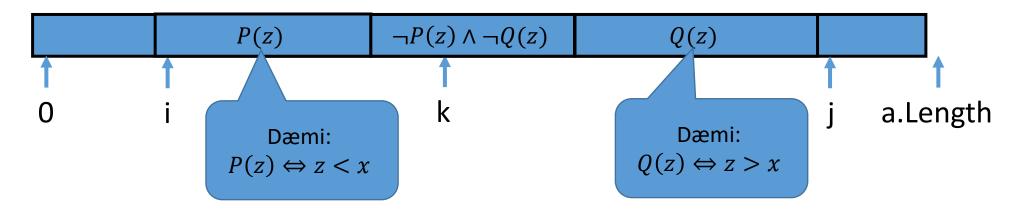
• Eftirskilyrði í einnar spurpingar helmingunarleit





- Flokka má helmingunarleita eftirskilyrðum
- $P(z) \Leftrightarrow z < x$ í tvö almenn tilvik samkvæmt
- Eftirskilyrði í einnar spurpingar helmingunarleit

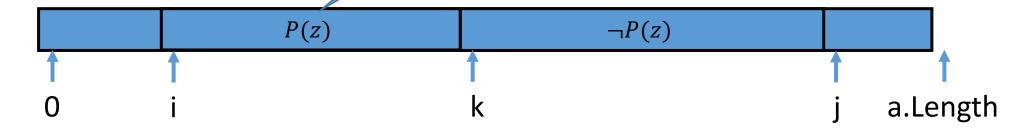


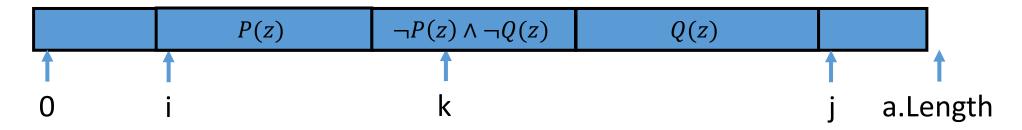


 Flokka má helmingunarleita eftirskilyrðum Annað dæmi: $P(z) \Leftrightarrow$ $z \mod 2 = 0$

í tvö almenn tilvik samkvæmt

• Eftirskilyrði í einnar spurpingar helmingunarleit

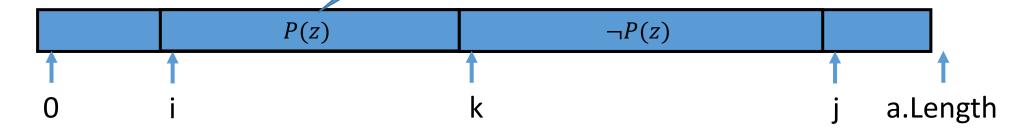


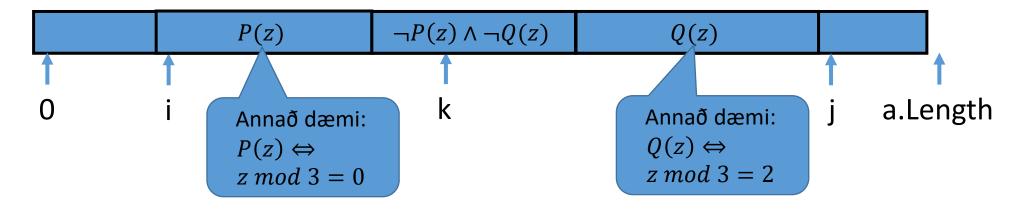


 Flokka má helmingunarleita eftirskilyrðum Annað dæmi: $P(z) \Leftrightarrow$ $z \mod 2 = 0$

í tvö almenn tilvik samkvæmt

• Eftirskilyrði í einnar spurpingar helmingunarleit





Loop Invariants of Binary Search

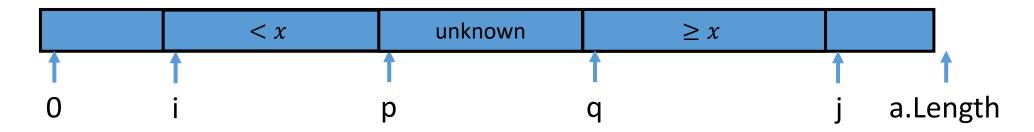
snorri@hi.is

Search for first position $\geq x$ in ascending array

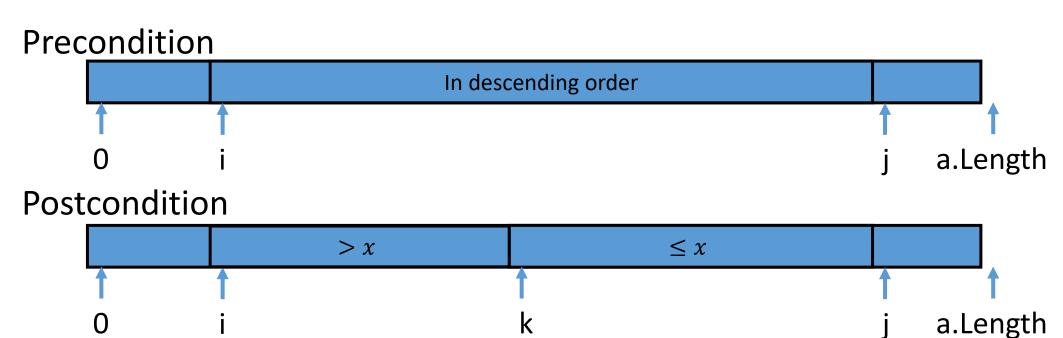
Precondition In ascending order 0 i j a.Length Postcondition < x $\geq x$ 0 i k j a.Length



Search for last position < x in ascending array



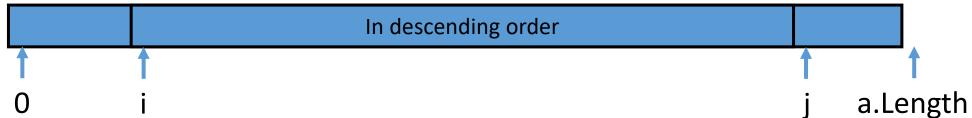
Search for first position $\leq x$ in descending array



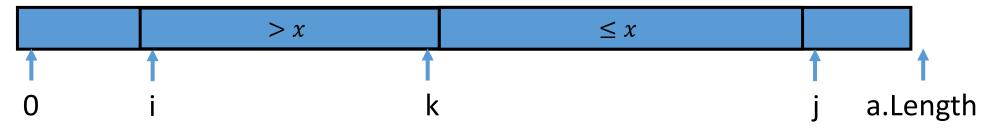


Search for last position > x in descending array

Precondition



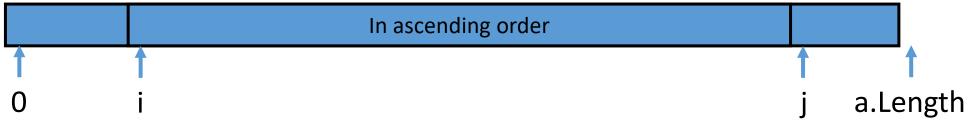
Postcondition



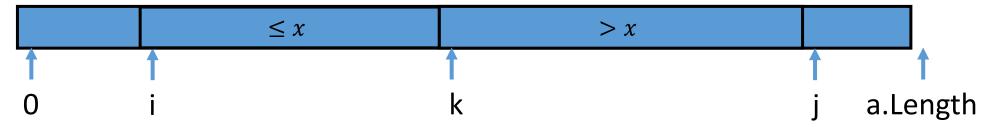


Search for first position > x in ascending array

Precondition



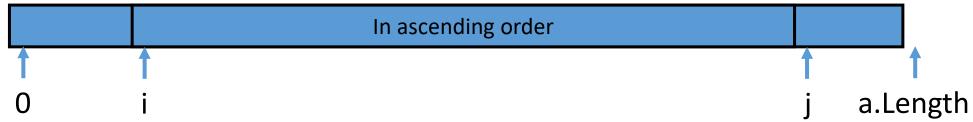
Postcondition



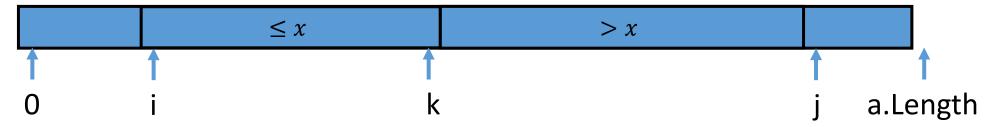


Search for last position $\leq x$ in ascending array

Precondition



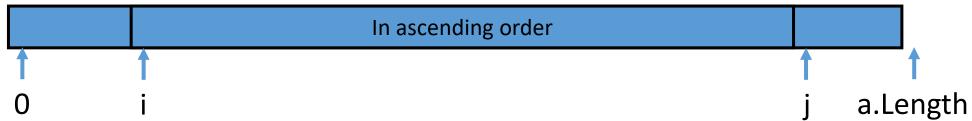
Postcondition



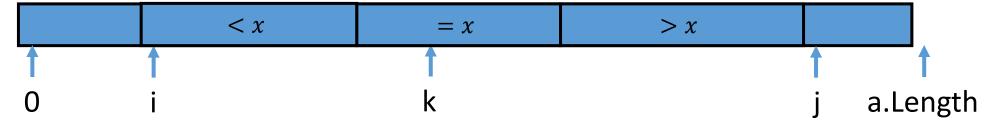


Search for some position = x in ascending array

Precondition



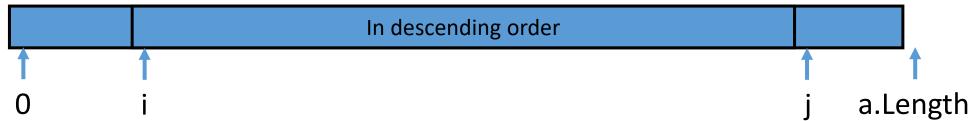
Postcondition (if x exists)



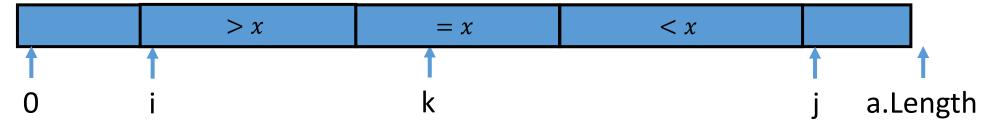


Search for some position = x in descending array

Precondition

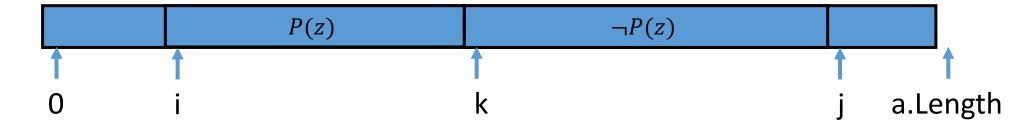


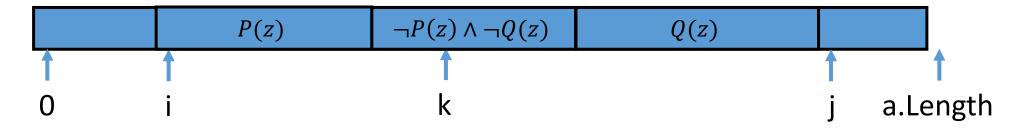
Postcondition (if x exists)



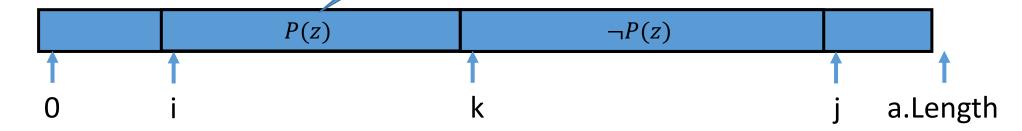


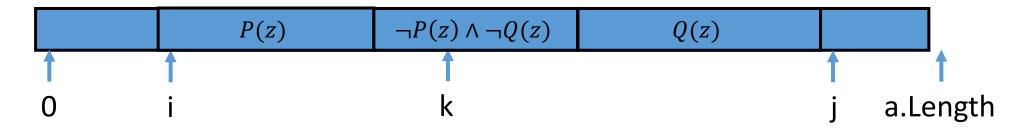
- Binary search problems can be categorized into two general classes according to the postconditions
- Postcondition in one question binary search



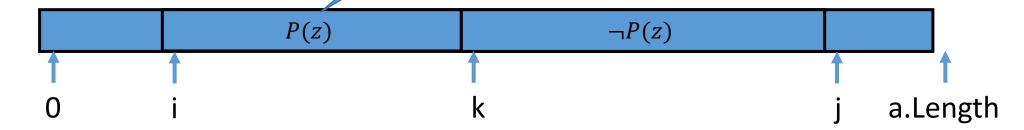


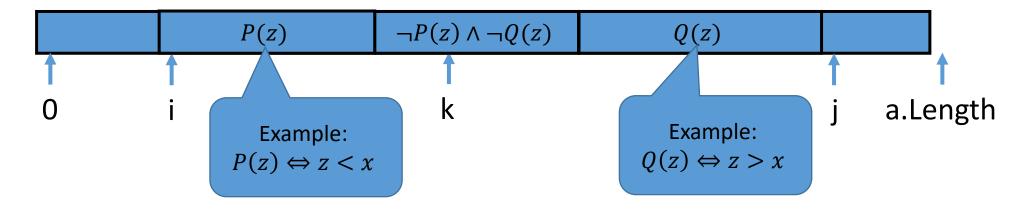
- Binary search problems car according to the postcondit $P(z) \Leftrightarrow z < x$ red into two general classes
- Postcondition in one question binary search



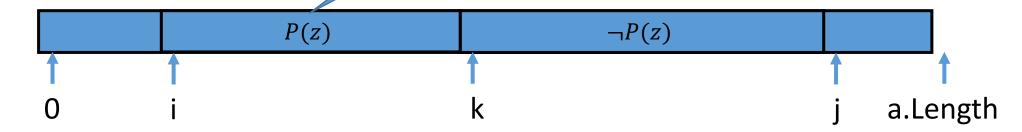


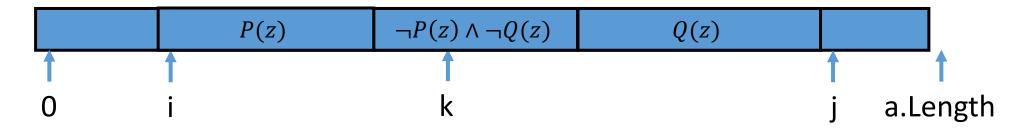
- Binary search problems car according to the postcondit $P(z) \Leftrightarrow z < x$ red into two general classes
- Postcondition in one question binary search





- Binary search problems car according to the postcondit.
- Another example: $P(z) \Leftrightarrow$ $z \mod 2 = 0$ d into two general classes
- Postcondition in one question binary search





- Binary search problems car according to the postcondit.
- Another example: $P(z) \Leftrightarrow$ $z \mod 2 = 0$ d into two general classes
- Postcondition in one question binary search

