# SECTION 5: MIXINS AND PURE RENDER



#### MIXIN

- Components are the best way to reuse code in React, but sometimes very different components may share some common functionality. These are sometimes called cross-cutting concerns. React provides mixins to solve this problem.
- A Mixin has access to lifecycle methods
- ← Unfortunately ES6 launched without any mixin support. Therefore, there is no support for mixins when you use React with ES6 classes.
- A React team is working on making it easier to support such use cases without resorting to mixins.



# **MIXINS**

A How to create and use:

```
var LogMixin = {
  componentWillMount: function() {
    this.logs = [];
  writeLog: function(txt) {
     this.logs.push(txt);
  readLog: function() {
    console.log(this.logs.join('\n'))
```

```
var UserName = React.createClass({
  mixins: [LogMixin], // Use the mixin
  getInitialState: function() {
    return {name: "paul"};
  onClick: function() {
    this.setState({name: "victor"});
  componentWillUpdate: function(nextProps, nextState){
    this.writeLog(nextState.name);
  componentWillUnmount: function(){
    LogMixin.readLog.bind(this);
  render: function() {
    return (
      >
         Current user: {this.state.name}
         <button onClick={this.onClick}>Change user name</button>
```

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## MIXIN FOR ES2015

```
function mixin(mixinTo, mixinFrom) {
   var from = mixinFrom.prototype;
   var to = mixinTo.prototype;
    for (m of Object.getOwnPropertyNames(from)) {
        if (typeof from[m] != "function") {
            continue;
        var f = Reflect.get(from, m);
        Reflect.set(to, m, f);
```

mixin(Square, Printer) // mix-in all methods from Printer to Square



## MIXIN PRESERVING ORIGINAL FUNCTION CALL

```
function mixin2 (mixinTo, mixinFrom) {
   var from = mixinFrom.prototype;
   var to = mixinTo.prototype;
    for (m of Object.getOwnPropertyNames(from))
        if (typeof from[m] != "function")
                continue;
        var f init=null; // original method
        if (to.hasOwnProperty(m))
                f init = Reflect.get(to, m);
        var f = Reflect.get(from, m);
        Reflect.set(to, m, function() {
                f init&&f init();f();} );
```

```
class Test {
  test() { console.log(
    "I am test"); }
class Mixin {
  test() { console.log(
    "I'm mixin test"); }
mixin2 (Test, Mixin)
t = new Test()
t.test()
/* PRINTS:
 * T am test
 * I'm mixin test */
```

## **MIXINS**

- As a Mixins people usually use:
  - Lifecycle Hooks and State Providers
  - Utility Functions
- But in most cases can be replaced by composition
- With ES7 coming, you can also use Decorators instead of mixins (@Decorator)



### **PURE RENDER MIXIN**

← If your React component's render function is "pure" (in other words, it renders the same result given the same props and state), you can use this mixin for a performance boost in some cases.

← The PureRenderMixin is a mixin that overrides shouldComponentUpdate and only re-renders the component if the props or state have actually changed

lt is a pretty big optimization on top of React's already good performance.

It also means you can call setState often without worrying about spurious rerenders

A No need to make checks like this:

```
if (this.state.someVal !== computedVal) {
   this.setState({someVal: computedVal})
}
```



#### PURE RENDER MIXIN

To use pure render mixin your render must be pure.

```
render: function () {
    //...
    if (this._previousFoo !== this.props.foo) { // <-- IMPURE
        return renderSomethingDifferent();
    }
}</pre>
```

# Example:

```
var PureRenderMixin = require('react-addons-pure-render-mixin');
React.createClass({
    mixins: [PureRenderMixin],

    render: function() {
        return <div className={this.props.className}>foo</div>;
    }
})
```



#### PURE RENDER MIXIN

```
class Foo extends React.Component {
    constructor(props) {
        super(props);
        this.shouldComponentUpdate =
               React.addons.PureRenderMixin.
                    shouldComponentUpdate.bind(this);
    render () {
        return <div>Helllo</div>
```

