

# Stored Procedures

A **stored procedure** is a set of structured query language (SQL) statements with an assigned name, which are **stored** in a relational database management system as a group, so it can be reused and shared by multiple programs.

- Set of SQL statements
- Has an assigned name
- Stored in a database
- Can be reused and shared by multiple programs

## Create procedure basic syntax

Declaration

CREATE PROCEDURE <SchemaName>.<ProcedureName>

AS

**BEGIN** 

--Your code ..

**SELECT** 

**END** 

Usage

Execute <schemaName>.<ProcedureName>

## Example

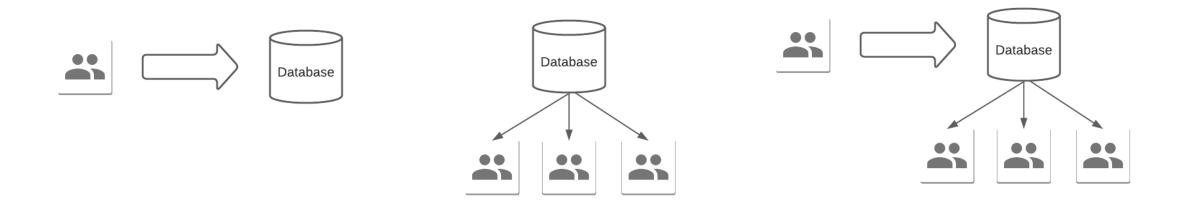
### CREATE PROCEDURE HomePro.GetAllCustomers AS **BEGIN** Select CustomerId, FirstName, LastName, ... From HomePro.Customers **END** ALTER PROCEDURE HomePro.GetAllCustomers AS **BEGIN END**

Execute HomePro.GetAllCustomers

Or

Exec HomePro.GetAllCustomers

## Benefits of using procedures



Store

Share

Distribute

### Naming conventions

- Schema name
- Procedures action name: GET, SET, UPDATE and so on
- Detail of actions: AllClients, ClientsNoSchedule
- Alias or owner's name for distinguish

#### Examples:

- HomePro.GetAllCustomers\_Andrey
- Bank.GetClientsNoSchedules\_Andrey

### Parameters

### **DECLARATION** CREATE PROCEDURE Bank.GetClientsByAge\_Andrey @Age int AS **BEGIN** select ClientId, FirstName, LastName from Bank.Clients where age > @Age **END**

#### USAGE

```
EXEC Bank.GetClientsByAge_Andrey
    @Age = 10
```

### Verify the passed value of parameter

```
CREATE PROCEDURE Bank.GetClientsByAge_Andrey
        @Age int
AS
BEGIN
    if (@Age < 10 or @Age > 100)
    begin
        Raiserror ('The parameter Age is not valid ', 16,10);
        Return
    end
    select ClientId, FirstName, LastName, Age
    from Bank.Clients
    where age > @Age
END
```