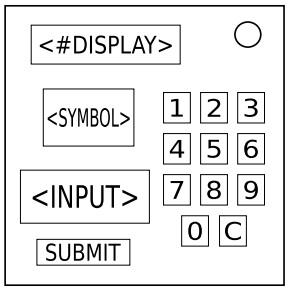
On the Subject of Escaping Equations X



Find the letter from the module in the table below and obtain the corresponding equation. Substitute the displayed values in for a, b, c (in that order). Take absolute value. Round to the nearest integer.

Ltr	Equation		
τ	1. Start with: a×b 2. ≥ 1 needy and no lit FRQ ⇒ go to step 5 3. ≥ 2 modules solved ⇒ / 4 4. Empty port plate and ≥ 2 batteries ⇒ [≥ 2 modules solved ? + 5 : + 10] 5. unlit BOB and no lit FRQ ⇒ + 3		
K	1. Start with: a×b²/2 2. ≥ 3 indicators ⇒ × 2 3. "The Button" module ⇒ × 3	μ	1. Start with: b/a 2. exactly 2 batteries ⇒ × 7/3 3. RJ-45 port and no lit NSA ⇒ + 1
P	1. Start with: a×b 2. vowel in the SN ⇒ × 2/3 3. ≥ 6 modules ⇒ + 14 4. unlit CLR ⇒ change 3's to 4's in the values of a, b		
ω	1. Start with: b/a 2. odd digit in SN ⇒ - 5 3. unlit CAR and unlit IND ⇒ flip the fraction		
Z(T)	1. battery holders + port plates + indicators ≥ 7 ⇒ a + 3 2. else ⇒ a²/2 + 3b + 2		
H(T)	1. ≥ 6 batteries ⇒ a² + 4 2. else, parallel port ⇒ a³/3 + 2b² + 8 3. else ⇒ a³/3 + 2b² - 5		
X	1. Start with: a × cos((b×c + d) × π/180) 2. 3 or 5 in the SN ⇒ + 21 3. "Keypad" module ⇒ change 5's to 8's in the values of a, b, c, d 4. ≥ 1 solved module ⇒ change cos to sin		
α	1. ≥ 2 strikes ⇒ press submit with the input display cleared 2. Stereo RCA and ≥ 1 needy ⇒ answer is 116 3. Start with: (b - c)/a 4. Stereo RCA ⇒ + 8 5. ≥ 1 needy ⇒ / 4		