seats
Arabic (EGY)

### **Seats**

You are going to hold an international programming contest in a rectangular hall, which has HW seats arranged in H rows and W columns. The rows are numbered from 0 through H-1 and the columns are numbered from 0 through W-1. The seat in row r and column c is denoted by (r,c). You invited HW contestants, numbered from 0 through HW-1. You also made a seating chart, which assigns the contestant i ( $0 \le i \le HW-1$ ) to the seat  $(R_i,C_i)$ . The chart assigns exactly one contestant to each seat

A set of seats in the hall S is said to be **rectangular** if there are integers  $r_1$ ,  $r_2$ ,  $c_1$ , and  $c_2$  satisfying the following conditions

- $.0 \le r_1 \le r_2 \le H 1 \bullet$
- $0 < c_1 < c_2 < W 1$
- $c_1 \leq c \leq c_2$  is exactly the set of all seats (r,c) such that  $r_1 \leq r \leq r_2$  and S

A rectangular set consisting of k seats ( $1 \le k \le HW$ ) is **beautiful** if the contestants whose assigned seats are in the set have numbers from 0 through k-1. The **beauty** of a seating .chart is the number of beautiful rectangular sets of seats in the chart

After preparing your seating chart, you receive several requests to swap two seats assigned to two contestants. More precisely, there are Q such requests numbered from 0 through Q-1 in chronological order. The request j ( $0 \le j \le Q-1$ ) is to swap the seats assigned to contestants  $A_j$  and  $B_j$ . You accept each request immediately and update the chart. After each update, your goal is to compute the beauty of the current seating chart

### Implementation details

:You should implement the following procedure and function

```
give_initial_chart(int H, int W, int[] R, int[] C)
```

- .H, W: the number of rows and the number of columns •
- .R, C: arrays of length HW representing the initial seating chart ullet
- .This procedure is called exactly once, and before any call to swap\_seats •

```
int swap seats(int a, int b)
```

- .This function describes a request to swap two seats
  - .a, b: contestants whose seats are to be swapped
    - .This function is called Q times ullet
- .This function should return the beauty of the seating chart after the swap •

#### **Example**

$$Q=2\ {
m Let}\ H=2$$
 ,  $W=3$  ,  $R=[0,1,1,0,0,1]$  ,  $C=[0,0,1,1,2,2]$  , and

The grader first calls give\_initial\_chart(2, 3, [0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1], [0, 0, 1, 1, .2, 2])

.At first, the seating chart is as follows

0	3	4
1	2	5

Let's say the grader calls swap\_seats(0, 5). After the request 0, the seating chart is as .follows

5	3	4
1	2	0

The sets of seats corresponding to the contestants  $\{0\}$ ,  $\{0,1,2\}$ , and  $\{0,1,2,3,4,5\}$  are rectangular and beautiful. Thus, the beauty of this seating chart is 3, and swap\_seats should .3 return

Let's say the grader calls swap\_seats(0, 5) again. After the request 1, the seating chart goes back to the initial state. The sets of seats corresponding to the contestants  $\{0\}$ ,  $\{0,1\}$ ,  $\{0,1,2,3\}$ , and  $\{0,1,2,3,4,5\}$  are rectangular and beautiful. Hence, the beauty of this .4 seating chart is 4, and swap\_seats should return

The files sample-01-in.txt and sample-01-out.txt in the zipped attachment package .correspond to this example. Other sample inputs/outputs are also available in the package

## **Constraints**

- $1 \leq H ullet$
- $1 \leq W \bullet$
- $HW \le 1\,000\,000$  •
- $(0 \le i \le HW 1) \ 0 \le R_i \le H 1$  •
- $(0 \le i \le HW 1) \ 0 \le C_i \le W 1$  •
- $(0 \le i < j \le HW 1) (R_i, C_i) \ne (R_j, C_j) \bullet$ 
  - $1 \le Q \le 50\,000$  •
- for any call to swap\_seats  $0 \leq a \leq HW-1$  ullet
- for any call to swap\_seats  $0 \le b \le HW 1$ 
  - for any call to swap\_seats a 
    eq b ullet

### **Subtasks**

- $Q \leq 5\,000$  , $HW \leq 100$  (points 5) .1
- $Q \leq 5\,000$  , $HW \leq 10\,000$  (points 6) .2
- $Q \le 5\,000\,$  ,  $W \le 1\,000\,$  ,  $H \le 1\,000\,$  (points 20) .3
- points)  $Q \leq 5\,000$ ,  $|a-b| \leq 10\,000$  for any call to swap\_seats 6) .4
  - H=1 (points 33) .5
  - points) No additional constraints 30) .6

# Sample grader

:The sample grader reads the input in the following format

- Q~W~H:1 line ullet
- $C_i \ R_i$  :(0  $\leq i \leq HW-1$ ) 2+i line ullet
- $B_j A_j : (0 \le j \le Q 1) \ 2 + HW + j \text{ line } \bullet$

.j Here,  $A_j$  and  $B_j$  are parameters for the call to swap\_seats for the request

:The sample grader prints your answers in the following format

j line 1+j ( $0 \leq j \leq Q-1$ ) : the return value of swap\_seats for the request ullet