

## 1 Introduction

Piksi Firmware has a number of settings that can be controlled by the end user via the provided Piksi Console or through the SBP binary message protocol. This Document serves to enumerate these settings with an explanation and any relevant notes.

DRAFT

## 2 Settings Table

Grouping	Name	Description
<b>ext events</b>	edge trigger	Select DEBUG0 edges to trigger timestamped event capture.
<b>float kf</b>	phase var	Assumed variance of a satellite's phase measurement
	code var	Assumed variance of a satellite's pseudorange measurement
	amb init var	Initial integer ambiguity variance at filter initialization
	new amb var	Variance for new ambiguity measurements
<b>frontend</b>	antenna selection	Determines which antenna to use.
<b>iar</b>	phase var	Determines the measured carrier phase variance for use in the integer ambiguity resolution test loop
	code var	Determines the pseudocode variance for the integer ambiguity resolution subroutine
<b>sbp</b>	obs msg max size	Determines the maximum message length for raw observation sbp messages.
<b>simulator</b>	mode mask	Determines the types of position outputs for the simulator.
	radius	Radius of the circle around which the simulated Piksi will move
	base ecef x	Simulated base station position
	base ecef y	Simulated base station position
	base ecef z	Simulated base station position
	speed	Simulated tangential speed of Piksi
	phase sigma	Standard deviation of noise added to the simulated carrier phase
	pseudorange sigma	Standard deviation of noise added to the simulated pseudo range
	cn0 sigma	Standard deviation of noise added to the simulated signal to noise ratio
	speed sigma	Standard deviation of noise addition to simulated tangential speed.
	pos sigma	Standard deviation of simulated single point position
	num sats	The number of satellites for the simulator.
	enabled	Toggles the Piksi internal simulator on and off
<b>solution</b>	known baseline d	Determines the baseline vector for the "init known baseline" feature.
	known baseline e	Determines the baseline vector for the "init known baseline" feature.
	known baseline n	Determines the baseline vector for the "init known baseline" feature.
	dgnss solution mode	Determines the type of RTK solution which will be output.
	dgnss filter	Determines the type of carrier phase ambiguity resolution that the Piksi will attempt to achieve.
	output every n obs	Integer divisor of solution frequency for which the observations will be output.
	soln freq	The rate at which a solution is generated internally to the Piksi.
<b>surveyed position</b>	broadcast	Broadcast surveyed base station location
	surveyed alt	Surveyed altitude of the Piksi's antenna
	surveyed lat	Surveyed latitude of the Piksi's antenna
	surveyed lon	Surveyed longitude of the Piksi's antenna
<b>system info</b>	firmware built	Date of firmware build
	firmware version	Indicates the firmware version for the Local Piksi

<b>system monitor</b>	nap fft index bits	Number of bits to represent the result of fast fourier transform in SwiftNAP firmware
	nap channels	Number of tracking channels in the SwiftNAP firmware
	serial number	The serial number of the Piksi
	nap version	Version of the SwiftNAP FPGA firmware.
	hw revision	hardware revision for Piksi
<b>telemetry radio</b>	watchdog	Enable hardware watchdog timer to reset the Piksi if it locks up for any reason.
	heartbeat period milliseconds	Period for sending the SBP HEARTBEAT messages
<b>uart ftdi</b>	configuration string	Configuration string to send radio modem over UART when detected
<b>uart uarta</b>	mode	Configure mode for USB serial port on Piksi
	sbp message mask	Configure the message mask for SBP messages on the UART for the USB port on Piksi
<b>uart uartb</b>	baudrate	The baudrate for the UART for the USB port on Piksi
	mode	Configure mode for UART
	sbp message mask	Configure the message mask for SBP messages on UART
	configure telemetry radio on boot	Determines whether this UART will attempt to configure a telemetry radio upon boot
<b>uart uartb</b>	baudrate	The baudrate for the UART
	mode	Configure mode for UART
	sbp message mask	Configure the message mask for SBP messages on UART
	configure telemetry radio on boot	Determines whether this UART will attempt to configure a telemetry radio upon boot
<b>uart uartb</b>	baudrate	The baudrate for the uart

Table 2.0.1: Summary of message types

## 3 Settings Detail

### 3.1 ext events

#### 3.1.1 edge trigger

**Description:** Select DEBUG0 edges to trigger timestamped event capture.

Label	Value
group	<i>ext events</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None, Rising, Falling, Both</i>
name	<i>edge trigger</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>enum</i>

Table 3.1.1: edge trigger

**Notes:** You can use this to record the exact time that some external event in your system occurred, e.g. camera shutter time. Upon detecting the event, Piksi will generate a MSG\_EXT\_EVENT message reporting the event, including a timestamp accurate to better than a microsecond. Requires NAP firmware  $\geq 0.12$ .

### 3.2 float kf

#### 3.2.1 phase var

**Description:** Assumed variance of a satellite's phase measurement

Label	Value
group	<i>float kf</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>phase var</i>
units	<i>cycles<sup>2</sup></i>
default value	<i>0.0144</i>
type	<i>Double</i>

Table 3.2.1: phase var

**Notes:** This setting adjusts variance estimates in the Swift Kalman filter which aids in integer ambiguity resolution (IAR). Increasing this value can reduce the occurrence of false carrier phase locks but can also increase the time required to achieve an IAR fixed solution. This setting should not be adjusted by end users.

#### 3.2.2 code var

**Description:** Assumed variance of a satellite's pseudorange measurement

Label	Value
group	<i>float kf</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>code var</i>
units	<i>meters<sup>2</sup></i>
default value	40000
type	<i>Double</i>

Table 3.2.2: code var

**Notes:** This setting adjusts variance estimates in the Swift Kalman filter which aids in integer ambiguity resolution (IAR). Increasing this value can reduce the occurrence of false carrier phase locks but can also increase the time required to achieve an IAR fixed solution. This setting should not be adjusted by end users.

### 3.2.3 amb init var

**Description:** Initial integer ambiguity variance at filter initialization

Label	Value
group	<i>float kf</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>amb init var</i>
units	<i>nondimensional</i>
default value	1.00E + 08
type	<i>Double</i>

Table 3.2.3: amb init var

**Notes:** This setting adjusts variance estimates in the Swift Kalman filter which aids in integer ambiguity resolution (IAR). Increasing this value can reduce the occurrence of false carrier phase locks but can also increase the time required to achieve an IAR fixed solution. This setting should not be adjusted by end users.

### 3.2.4 new amb var

**Description:** Variance for new ambiguity measurements

Label	Value
group	<i>float kf</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>new amb var</i>
units	<i>nondimensional</i>
default value	1.00E + 10
type	<i>Double</i>

Table 3.2.4: new amb var

**Notes:** This setting adjusts variance estimates in the Swift Kalman filter which aids in integer ambiguity resolution (IAR). Increasing this value can reduce the occurrence of false carrier phase locks but can also increase the time required to achieve

an IAR fixed solution. This setting should not be adjusted by end users.

## 3.3 frontend

### 3.3.1 antenna selection

**Description:** Determines which antenna to use.

Label	Value
group	<i>frontend</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>Auto, Patch, External</i>
name	<i>antenna selection</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>Auto</i>
type	<i>enum</i>

Table 3.3.1: antenna selection

**Notes:** This setting selects the antenna input that should be used by the Piksi. When set to "Auto", if the unit senses an external antenna attached to the Piksi from a load placed on the antenna output DC bias, it will use the external antenna. If no external antenna is attached (or a passive antenna is attached), it will use the integrated patch antenna. Selecting "Patch" or "External" for this setting can override the automatic antenna selection and force the external or patch antenna to be used.

## 3.4 iar

### 3.4.1 phase var

**Description:** Determines the measured carrier phase variance for use in the integer ambiguity resolution test loop

Label	Value
group	<i>iar</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>phase var</i>
units	<i>cycles<sup>2</sup></i>
default value	0.0144
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.4.1: phase var

**Notes:** This setting adjusts variance estimates in the integer ambiguity resolution (IAR) subroutine. Increasing this value can reduce the occurrence of false carrier phase locks but can also increase the time required to achieve an IAR fixed solution. This setting should not be adjusted by end users.

### 3.4.2 code var

**Description:** Determines the pseudocode variance for the integer ambiguity resolution subroutine

Label	Value
group	<i>iar</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>code var</i>
units	<i>meters<sup>2</sup></i>
default value	40000
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.4.2: code var

**Notes:** This setting adjusts variance estimates in the integer ambiguity resolution (IAR) subroutine. Increasing this value can reduce the occurrence of false carrier phase locks but can also increase the time required to achieve an IAR fixed solution. This setting should not be adjusted by end users.

## 3.5 sbp

### 3.5.1 obs msg max size

**Description:** Determines the maximum message length for raw observation sbp messages.

Label	Value
group	<i>sbp</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>obs msg max size</i>
units	<i>bytes</i>
default value	104
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.5.1: obs msg max size

**Notes:** This parameter is useful for tuning observation messages for compatibility with radio modems. Some serial modems will internally split serial packets for their protocol and this parameter allows the size of the message to be reduced as to prevent the modem from sending multiple packets. If the parameter exceeds 255 bytes (the maximum size of an SBP message), the Piksi firmware will ignore the parameter and use 255 bytes. If the parameter is set smaller than the size of one observation, the Piksi firmware will ignore the parameter and use the size of one observation as the maximum message size.

## 3.6 simulator

### 3.6.1 mode mask

**Description:** Determines the types of position outputs for the simulator.

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>mode mask</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>15(decimal), 0xF(hexadecimal)</i>
type	<i>packedbitfield</i>

Table 3.6.1: mode mask

**Notes:** bit 0 (decimal value 1) turns on single point position PVT simulated outputs  
bit 1 (decimal value 2) turns on the satellite tracking simulated outputs  
bit 2 (decimal value 4) turns on Float IAR simulated RTK outputs  
bit 3 (decimal value 8) turns on Fixed IAR simulated RTK outputs

### 3.6.2 radius

**Description:** Radius of the circle around which the simulated Piksi will move

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>radius</i>
units	<i>meters</i>
default value	<i>100</i>
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.6.2: radius

**Notes:** None

### 3.6.3 base ecef x

**Description:** Simulated base station position

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>base ecef x</i>
units	<i>meters</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.6.3: base ecef x

**Notes:** Earth centered earth fixed (ECEF) x position of the simulated base station.



### 3.6.4 base ecef y

**Description:** Simulated base station position

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>base ecef y</i>
units	<i>meters</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.6.4: base ecef y

**Notes:** Earth centered earth fixed (ECEF) y position of the simulated base station.

### 3.6.5 base ecef z

**Description:** Simulated base station position

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>base ecef z</i>
units	<i>meters</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.6.5: base ecef z

**Notes:** Earth centered earth fixed (ECEF) z position of the simulated base station.

### 3.6.6 speed

**Description:** Simulated tangential speed of Piksi

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>speed</i>
units	<i>meters/s</i>
default value	<i>4</i>
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.6.6: speed

**Notes:** None

### 3.6.7 phase sigma

**Description:** Standard deviation of noise added to the simulated carrier phase

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>phase sigma</i>
units	<i>cycles</i>
default value	0.0009
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.6.7: phase sigma

**Notes:** None

### 3.6.8 pseudorange sigma

**Description:** Standard deviation of noise added to the simulated pseudo range

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>pseudorange sigma</i>
units	<i>meters</i>
default value	16
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.6.8: pseudorange sigma

**Notes:** None

### 3.6.9 cn0 sigma

**Description:** Standard deviation of noise added to the simulated signal to noise ratio

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>cn0 sigma</i>
units	<i>dbmhz</i>
default value	0.1
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.6.9: cn0 sigma

**Notes:** None

### 3.6.10 speed sigma

**Description:** Standard deviation of noise addition to simulated tangential speed.

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>speed sigma</i>
units	<i>meters<sup>2</sup>/s<sup>2</sup></i>
default value	0.02
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.6.10: speed sigma

**Notes:** None

### 3.6.11 pos sigma

**Description:** Standard deviation of simulated single point position

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>pos sigma</i>
units	<i>meters<sup>2</sup></i>
default value	2
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.6.11: pos sigma

**Notes:** None

### 3.6.12 num sats

**Description:** The number of satellites for the simulator.

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>num sats</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	9
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.6.12: num sats

**Notes:** None

### 3.6.13 enabled

**Description:** Toggles the Piksi internal simulator on and off

Label	Value
group	<i>simulator</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>true, false</i>
name	<i>enabled</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>false</i>
type	<i>boolean</i>

Table 3.6.13: enabled

**Notes:** The Piksi simulator will provide simulated outputs of a stationary base station and the Local Piksi moving in a circle around the base station. The simulator is intended to aid in system integration by providing realistic looking outputs but does not faithfully simulate every aspect of device operation.

## 3.7 solution

### 3.7.1 known baseline d

**Description:** Determines the baseline vector for the "init known baseline" feature.

Label	Value
group	<i>solution</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>known baseline d</i>
units	<i>meters(down)</i>
default value	<i>0</i>
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.7.1: known baseline d

**Notes:** This sets the number of meters that the rover is Down from the base station when the "init known baseline" feature is used.

### 3.7.2 known baseline e

**Description:** Determines the baseline vector for the "init known baseline" feature.

Label	Value
group	<i>solution</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>known baseline e</i>
units	<i>meters(east)</i>
default value	0
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.7.2: known baseline e

**Notes:** This sets the number of meters that the rover is East from the base station when the "init known baseline" feature is used.

### 3.7.3 known baseline n

**Description:** Determines the baseline vector for the "init known baseline" feature.

Label	Value
group	<i>solution</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>known baseline n</i>
units	<i>meters(north)</i>
default value	0
type	<i>double</i>

Table 3.7.3: known baseline n

**Notes:** This sets the number of meters that the rover is North from the base station when the "init known baseline" feature is used.

### 3.7.4 dgns solution mode

**Description:** Determines the type of RTK solution which will be output.

Label	Value
group	<i>solution</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>LowLatency, TimeMatched</i>
name	<i>dgns solution mode</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>enum</i>

Table 3.7.4: dgns solution mode

**Notes:** A "Low Latency" solution uses an internal model of anticipated satellite observations to provide RTK output with minimal latency but slightly reduced accuracy. "Low Latency" mode assumes that the base station is stationary. For applications where accuracy is desired over timeliness or when both Piksi's are moving, "Time matched" mode can be chosen. This means that the RTK output will require a corresponding set of correction observations for each timestamp.

### 3.7.5 dgnss filter

**Description:** Determines the type of carrier phase ambiguity resolution that the Piksi will attempt to achieve.

Label	Value
group	<i>solution</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>Fixed, Float</i>
name	<i>dgnss filter</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>Fixed</i>
type	<i>enum</i>

Table 3.7.5: dgnss filter

**Notes:** If "fixed", the Piksi will output a integer fixed ambiguity estimate. If no fixed solution is available, it will revert to the float solution. If "float", the device will only output the float ambiguity estimate.

### 3.7.6 output every n obs

**Description:** Integer divisor of solution frequency for which the observations will be output.

Label	Value
group	<i>solution</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>output every n obs</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>2</i>
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.7.6: output every n obs

**Notes:** For instance, if the solution frequency is 10 hz, and the "output every n obs" parameter is 2, it means that the observation output will occur at a rate of 5hz. Since the observations are the information used by the Piksi receiving corrections from the connected Piksi, this determines the rate of information sharing for RTK solution output. This parameter is designed to tune the rate at which correction information is passed from one Piksi to the other as to efficiently use radio modem bandwidth and fit with user applications.

### 3.7.7 soln freq

**Description:** The rate at which a solution is generated internally to the Piksi.

Label	Value
group	<i>solution</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>soln freq</i>
units	<i>hz</i>
default value	10
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.7.7: soln freq

**Notes:** None

## 3.8 surveyed position

### 3.8.1 broadcast

**Description:** Broadcast surveyed base station location

Label	Value
group	<i>surveyed position</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>true, false</i>
name	<i>broadcast</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>false</i>
type	<i>boolean</i>

Table 3.8.1: broadcast

**Notes:** This flag ultimately determines whether the SBP message with identifier MSG\_BASE\_POS will be calculated and sent. Logically, setting this attribute to "true" sets the Local Piksi as a base station and configures the unit to send its surveyed location coordinates to the other Piksi(s) with which the base station is communicating. If "true", the remote Piksi that receives the surveyed position will calculate and communicate a pseudo absolute RTK position based upon the received position.

### 3.8.2 surveyed alt

**Description:** Surveyed altitude of the Piksi's antenna

Label	Value
group	<i>surveyed position</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>surveyed alt</i>
units	<i>meters</i>
default value	0
type	<i>Double</i>

Table 3.8.2: surveyed alt

**Notes:** This setting represents the altitude of the Piksi's antenna above the WGS84 ellipsoid. If surveyed position "broadcast" is set to "true", this coordinate will be communicated to remote Piksi's against which to calculate a pseudo-absolute position. This value should be precise to 1 cm. Any errors in the surveyed position will directly affect the pseudo-absolute RTK position measurement reported by the Rover.

### 3.8.3 surveyed lat

**Description:** Surveyed latitude of the Piksi's antenna

Label	Value
group	<i>surveyed position</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>surveyed lat</i>
units	<i>degrees</i>
default value	<i>0</i>
type	<i>Double</i>

Table 3.8.3: surveyed lat

**Notes:** This setting represents the latitude of the local Piksi's antenna. If surveyed position "broadcast" is set to "true", the coordinate will be communicated to remote Piksis with which to calculate their pseudo-absolute RTK position. The value should be as accurate as possible and should have precision to at least 7 digits following the decimal point. For reference, 1e-7 degrees of latitude is about 1.1cm on the surface of the earth. Any errors in the surveyed position will directly affect the pseudo-absolute RTK position measurement reported by the remote Piksi.

### 3.8.4 surveyed lon

**Description:** Surveyed longitude of the Piksi's antenna

Label	Value
group	<i>surveyed position</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>surveyed lon</i>
units	<i>degrees</i>
default value	<i>0</i>
type	<i>Double</i>

Table 3.8.4: surveyed lon

**Notes:** This setting represents the longitude of the local Piksi's antenna. If surveyed position "broadcast" is set to "true", the coordinate will be communicated to remote Piksis with which to calculate their pseudo-absolute RTK position. The value should be as accurate as possible and should have precision to at least 7 digits following the decimal point. For reference, 1e-7 degrees of longitude at 35 degree latitude is about 1 cm. Any errors in the surveyed position will directly affect the pseudo-absolute RTK position measurement reported by the remote Piksi.

## 3.9 system info

### 3.9.1 firmware built

**Description:** Date of firmware build



Label	Value
group	<i>system info</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>firmware built</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>string</i>

Table 3.9.1: firmware built

**Notes:** None

### 3.9.2 firmware version

**Description:** Indicates the firmware version for the Local Piksi

Label	Value
group	<i>system info</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>firmware version</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>string</i>

Table 3.9.2: firmware version

**Notes:** For user generated firmware, this information will appear the same as the git command: "git describe --dirty"

### 3.9.3 nap fft index bits

**Description:** Number of bits to represent the result of fast fourier transform in SwiftNAP firmware

Label	Value
group	<i>system info</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>nap fft index bits</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>None</i>

Table 3.9.3: nap fft index bits

**Notes:** None

### 3.9.4 nap channels

**Description:** Number of tracking channels in the SwiftNAP firmware

Label	Value
group	<i>system info</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>nap channels</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.9.4: nap channels

**Notes:** None

### 3.9.5 serial number

**Description:** The serial number of the Piksi

Label	Value
group	<i>system info</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>serial number</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.9.5: serial number

**Notes:** This number should match the number on the barcode and cannot be modified

### 3.9.6 nap version

**Description:** Version of the SwiftNAP FPGA firmware.

Label	Value
group	<i>system info</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>nap version</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.9.6: nap version

**Notes:** None

### 3.9.7 hw revision

**Description:** hardware revision for Piksi

Label	Value
group	<i>system info</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>hw revision</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>string</i>

Table 3.9.7: hw revision

**Notes:** None

## 3.10 system monitor

### 3.10.1 watchdog

**Description:** Enable hardware watchdog timer to reset the Piksi if it locks up for any reason.

Label	Value
group	<i>system monitor</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>true, false</i>
name	<i>watchdog</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>true</i>
type	<i>boolean</i>

Table 3.10.1: watchdog

**Notes:** You must reset the Piksi for changes to this setting to take effect.

### 3.10.2 heartbeat period milliseconds

**Description:** Period for sending the SBP\_HEARTBEAT messages

Label	Value
group	<i>system monitor</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>heartbeat period milliseconds</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.10.2: heartbeat period milliseconds

**Notes:** None

## 3.11 telemetry radio

### 3.11.1 configuration string

**Description:** Configuration string to send radio modem over UART when detected

Label	Value
group	<i>telemetry radio</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>configuration string</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>None</i>
type	<i>string</i>

Table 3.11.1: configuration string

**Notes:** This configuration string is intended for radios that use AT style commands

## 3.12 uart ftdi

### 3.12.1 mode

**Description:** Configure mode for USB serial port on Piksi

Label	Value
group	<i>uart ftdi</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>SBP, NMEA, RTCM</i>
name	<i>mode</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>SBP</i>
type	<i>enum</i>

Table 3.12.1: mode

**Notes:** None

### 3.12.2 sbp message mask

**Description:** Configure the message mask for SBP messages on the UART for the USB port on Piksi

Label	Value
group	<i>uart ftdi</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>sbp message mask</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>65535(decimal), 0xFFFF(hex)</i>
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.12.2: sbp message mask

**Notes:** The message mask is bitwise anded to the message identifier for a particular message. If the result is non-zero, the message will be sent over this UART. For example, consider the Pixsi firmware sending an SBP message with ID 0x0041. If UART A has mask "64" (0x0040), The SBP subsystem bitwise-ands the message id with the UART A mask giving the result of 0x0040. Since the result is non-zero, the message is valid for UART A and is sent. Practically, the UART with mask 64 (0x0040) transmits only RTK observation data and the USART with mask 65280 (0xFF00) transmits most messages of interest to the host system (such as position and velocity). A mask of 0xFFFF will transmit all messages at the expense of bandwidth.

### 3.12.3 baudrate

**Description:** The baudrate for the UART for the USB port on Pixsi

Label	Value
group	<i>uart ftdi</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>baudrate</i>
units	<i>baud</i>
default value	1000000
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.12.3: baudrate

**Notes:** None

## 3.13 uart uarta

### 3.13.1 mode

**Description:** Configure mode for UART

Label	Value
group	<i>uart uarta</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>SBP, NMEA, RTCM</i>
name	<i>mode</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>SBP</i>
type	<i>enum</i>

Table 3.13.1: mode

**Notes:** None

### 3.13.2 sbp message mask

**Description:** Configure the message mask for SBP messages on UART

Label	Value
group	<i>uart uarta</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>sbp message mask</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>64(decimal), 0x0040(hex)</i>
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.13.2: sbp message mask

**Notes:** The default message mask on this UART (0x0040) is appropriate for a radio to communicate observation messages to another Piksi. The out-of-the box configuration uses UART A for Piksi to Piksi communication.

### 3.13.3 configure telemetry radio on boot

**Description:** Determines whether this UART will attempt to configure a telemetry radio upon boot

Label	Value
group	<i>uart uarta</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>true, false</i>
name	<i>configure telemetry radio on boot</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>TRUE</i>
type	<i>boolean</i>

Table 3.13.3: configure telemetry radio on boot

**Notes:** If a telemetry radio is connected to this UART, this should be set to true in order to send the configuration string to the radio.

### 3.13.4 baudrate

**Description:** The baudrate for the UART

Label	Value
group	<i>uart uarta</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>baudrate</i>
units	<i>baud</i>
default value	<i>115200</i>
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.13.4: baudrate

**Notes:** The radio baudrate may be constrained by the particular RF equipment used for the telemetry radio.

## 3.14 uart uartb

### 3.14.1 mode

**Description:** Configure mode for UART

Label	Value
group	<i>uart uartb</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>SBP, NMEA, RTCM</i>
name	<i>mode</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>SBP</i>
type	<i>enum</i>

Table 3.14.1: mode

### 3.14.2 sbp message mask

**Description:** Configure the message mask for SBP messages on UART

Label	Value
group	<i>uart uartb</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>sbp message mask</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>655280(decimal), 0xFF00(hex)</i>
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.14.2: sbp message mask

**Notes:** The default message mask on this uart (0xFF00) is appropriate for a general purpose interface to the Piksi.

### 3.14.3 configure telemetry radio on boot

**Description:** Determines whether this UART will attempt to configure a telemetry radio upon boot

Label	Value
group	<i>uart uartb</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>true, false</i>
name	<i>configure telemetry radio on boot</i>
units	<i>None</i>
default value	<i>TRUE</i>
type	<i>boolean</i>

Table 3.14.3: configure telemetry radio on boot

**Notes:** If a telemetry radio is connected to this UART, this should be set to true in order to send the configuration string to the radio.

### 3.14.4 baudrate

**Description:** The baudrate for the uart

Label	Value
group	<i>uart uartb</i>
enumerated possible values	<i>None</i>
name	<i>baudrate</i>
units	<i>baud</i>
default value	<i>115200</i>
type	<i>integer</i>

Table 3.14.4: baudrate

**Notes:** None