

# THEORY STRIKES BACK

*A modelling and simulation theory building approach on the origin of agriculture*

*Andreas Angourakis, Jonas Alcaina-Mateos, Marco Madella, and Débora Zurro*

Session 6: Subsistence

available at <https://andros-spica.github.io/ENE-Angourakis-et-al-2019/>  
<https://andros-spica.github.io/ENE-Angourakis-et-al-2019/index.html?print-pdf> (printable version)



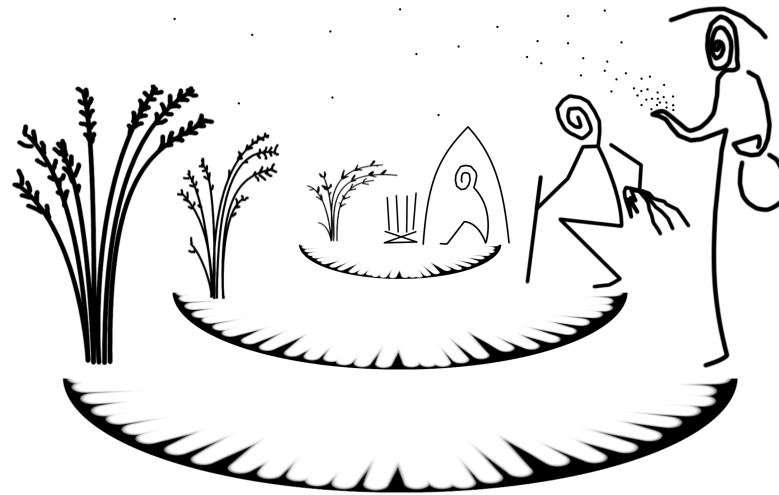
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# *PLANT DOMESTICATION AND ORIGIN OF AGRICULTURE*



*Origins of agriculture: transitions from foraging to any modality of agriculture.*

**Agriculture:** a subsistence system in which humans rely on extracting foodstuff from domesticated species.

***Domestication:*** process in which certain human behaviours condition the differential reproduction of phenotypes of another species, eventually modifying its genetic composition (*domestication syndrome*).

## ***MODELLING AND THEORY BUILDING***

- *Advances in where/when, but how/why still lacking*
- *Common topics, but still conflicting models:  
push vs pull,  
internal vs external causation,  
communalities vs particularities*
- *Converging framework:  
Coevolution between humans and another species  
as mutualistic partners*

# *THE HUMAN-PLANT COEVOLUTION MODEL*

# *THE IDEA*

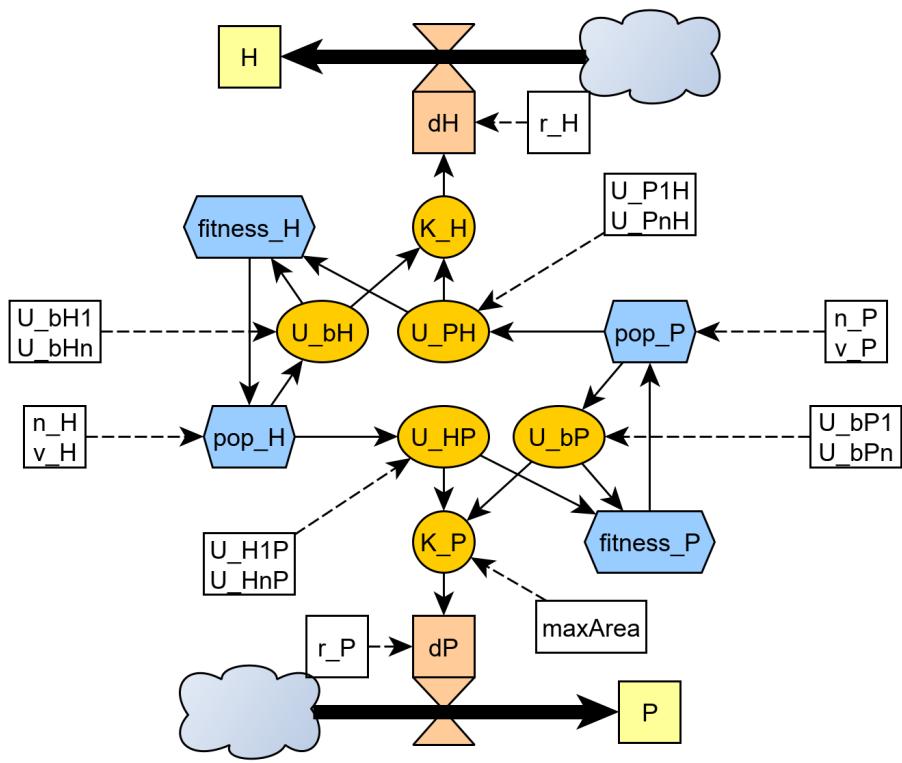
- *Inspiration from  
D. Rindos (1984) The Origins of Agriculture: An evolutionary Perspective*
- *Combining models:  
Population ecology (similar to predator-prey models)*

*dynamically reinforced,  
positive feedback loop*



- Humans become more dependent on a plant population as a food source, and invest more time and energy into maintaining the conditions favouring it.
- The plant population rely more on an human-modified environment, and some phenotypes thrive the more intense is human action.

# DESIGN



## Coevolution coefficient

$$coev_{A_i}[t] = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n_A} pop_{A_i}[t] * (types_{A_i} - 1)}{n_A - 1} * 2 - 1$$

## Populations

$$H[t + 1] = H[t] + r_H H[t] - r_H \frac{H[t]^2}{K_H[t]}$$

## Carrying capacities

$$K_H[t] = U_{PH}[t] + U_{bH}[t]$$

## Utilities

$$U_{AB}[t] = A[t] \sum_{i=1}^{n_A} pop_{A_i}[t] \cdot \bar{U}_{A_i B}$$

$$U_{bA}[t] = \sum_{i=1}^{n_A} pop_{A_i}[t] \cdot U_{bA_i}$$

## Proportion of types

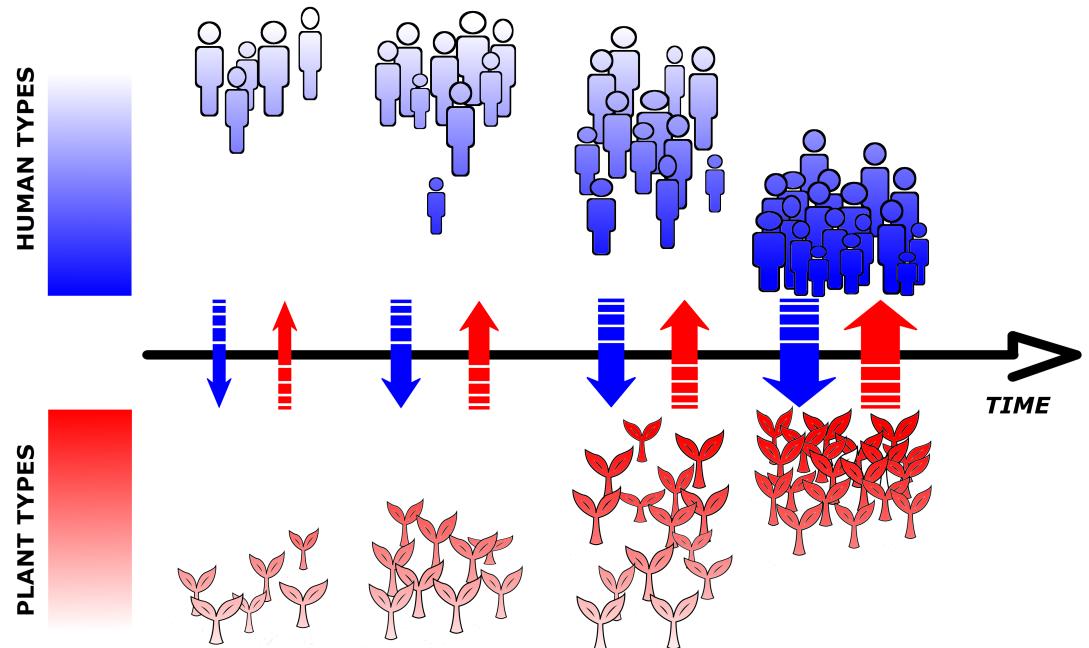
$$pop_A[t]' = pop_A[t] + v_A \left( \frac{1}{n_A} - pop_A[t] \right)$$

$$pop_{A_i}[t + 1] = \frac{fitness_{A_i}[t] \cdot pop_{A_i}[t]}{\sum_{j=1}^{n_A} fitness_{A_j}[t] \cdot pop_{A_j}[t]}$$

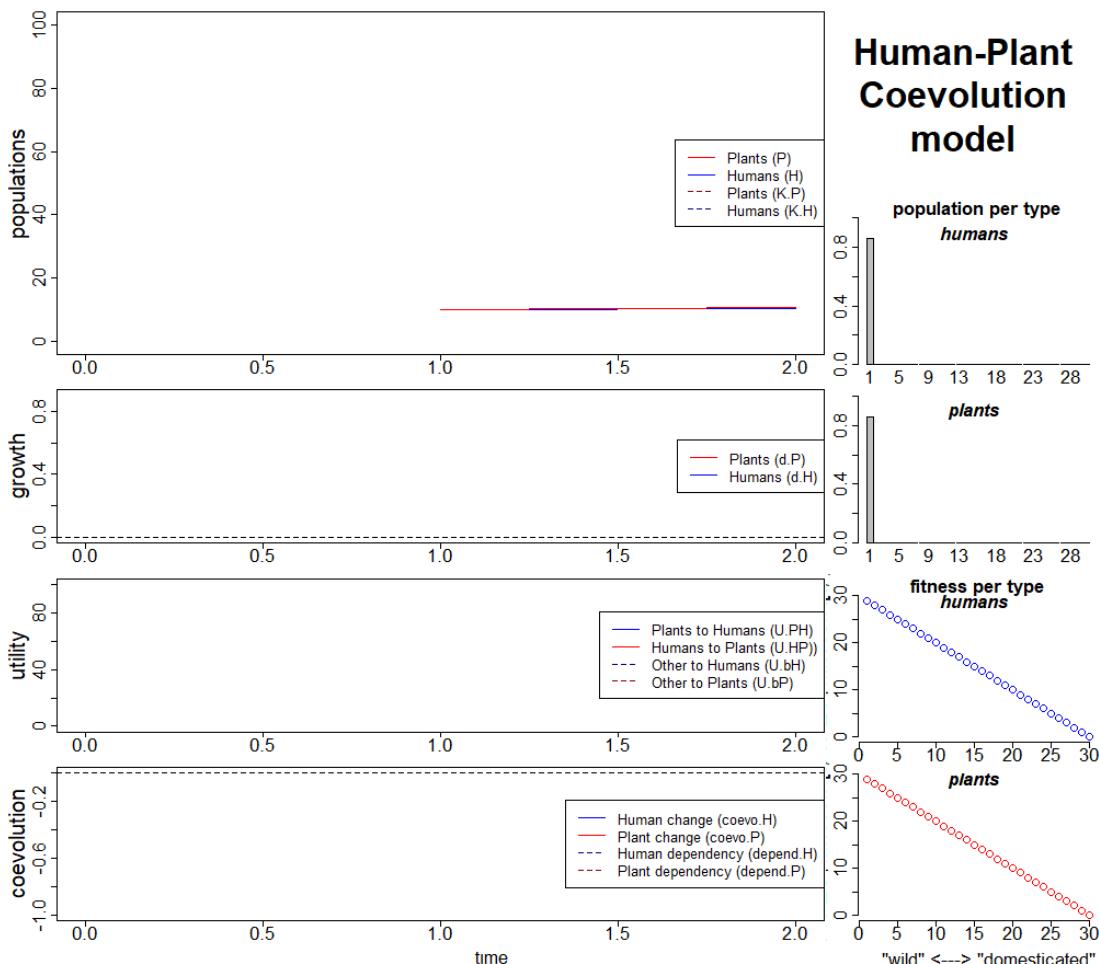
# DYNAMICS

*Two populations linked by mutualism*

*Coevolutionary dynamics integrating utility exchange and phenotypic fitness*



*OUTCOMES: END-STATES*



#### Parameter setting:

```

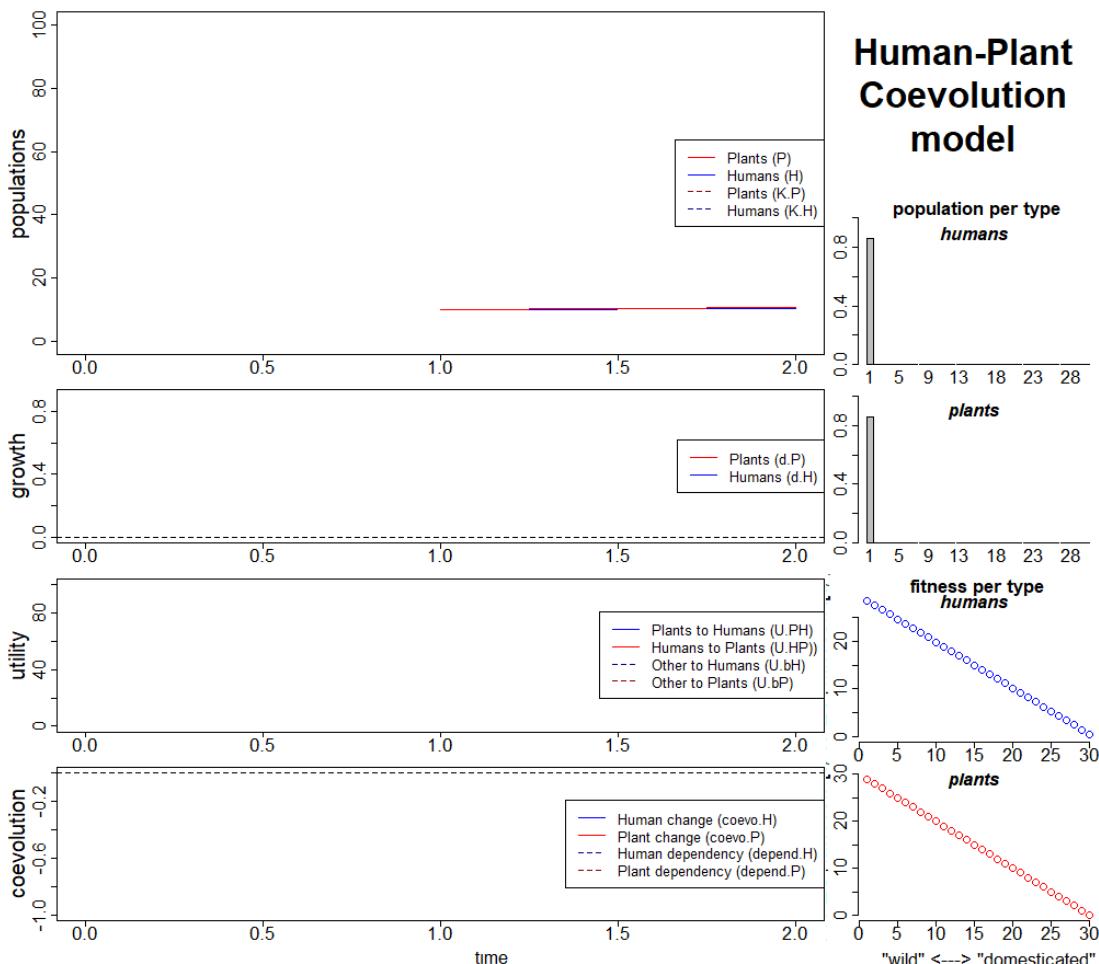
iniH = 10, iniP = 10, n.H = 30, n.P = 30, v.H = 0.15, v.P = 0.15, r.H = 0.04, r.P = 0.1, mU.PnH = 1.5, mU.HnP = 1, mU.P1H = 0,
mU.H1P = 0, U.bHn = 10, U.bPn = 20, U.bH1 = 80, U.bP1 = 100, MaxArea = 200, maxIt = 5000, tol = 6, timing.threshold = 0.5

```

*Coevolution does not occur*

*weaker mutualism*

*population levels can still be relatively high, depending on parameter conditions*



**Parameter setting:**

```
iniH = 10, iniP = 10, n.H = 30, n.P = 30, v.H = 0.15, v.P = 0.15, r.H = 0.04, r.P = 0.1, mU.PnH = 1.5, mU.HnP = 1, mU.P1H = 0.15,
mU.H1P = 0, U.bHn = 10, U.bPn = 20, U.bH1 = 80, U.bP1 = 100, MaxArea = 200, maxIt = 5000, tol = 6, timing.threshold = 0.5
```

*Coevolution occurs*

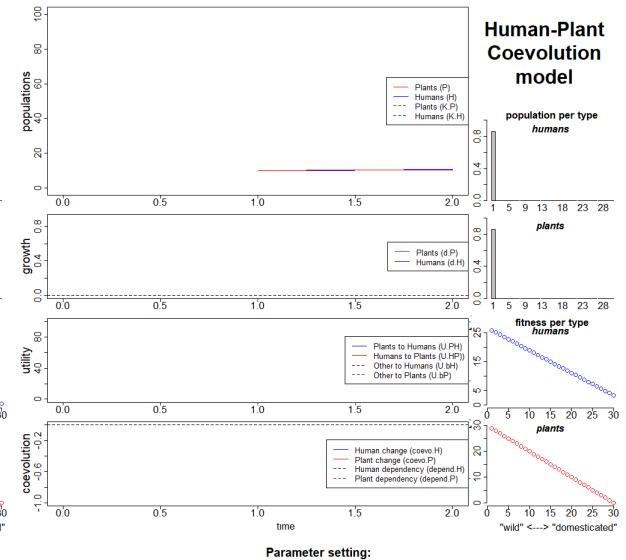
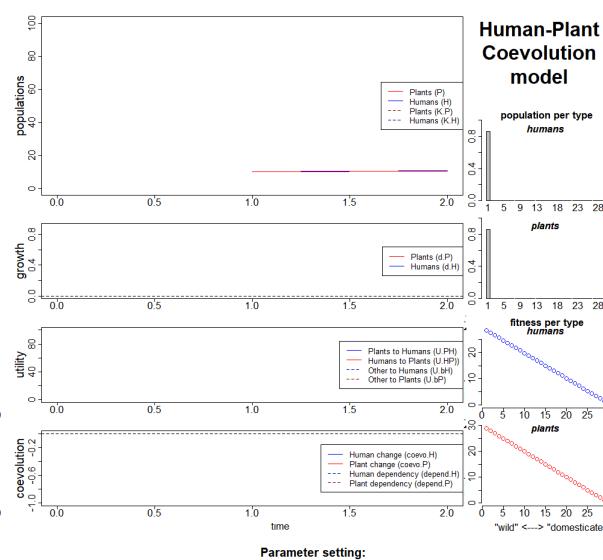
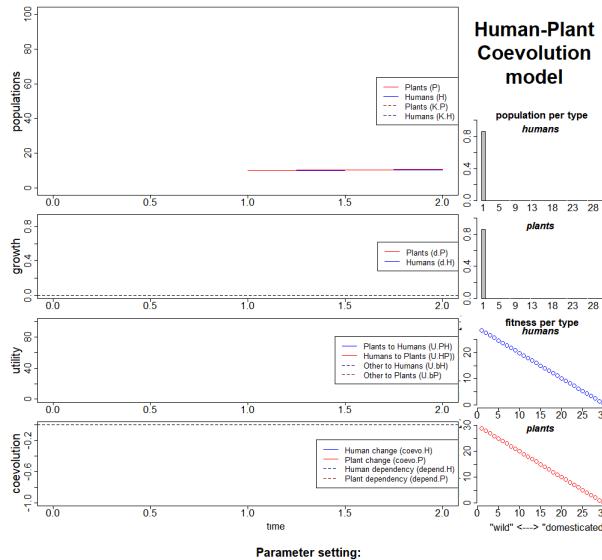
*stronger mutualism*

*both population "booms" and "bleeps" are possible*

*order and scale of timing of change also vary*

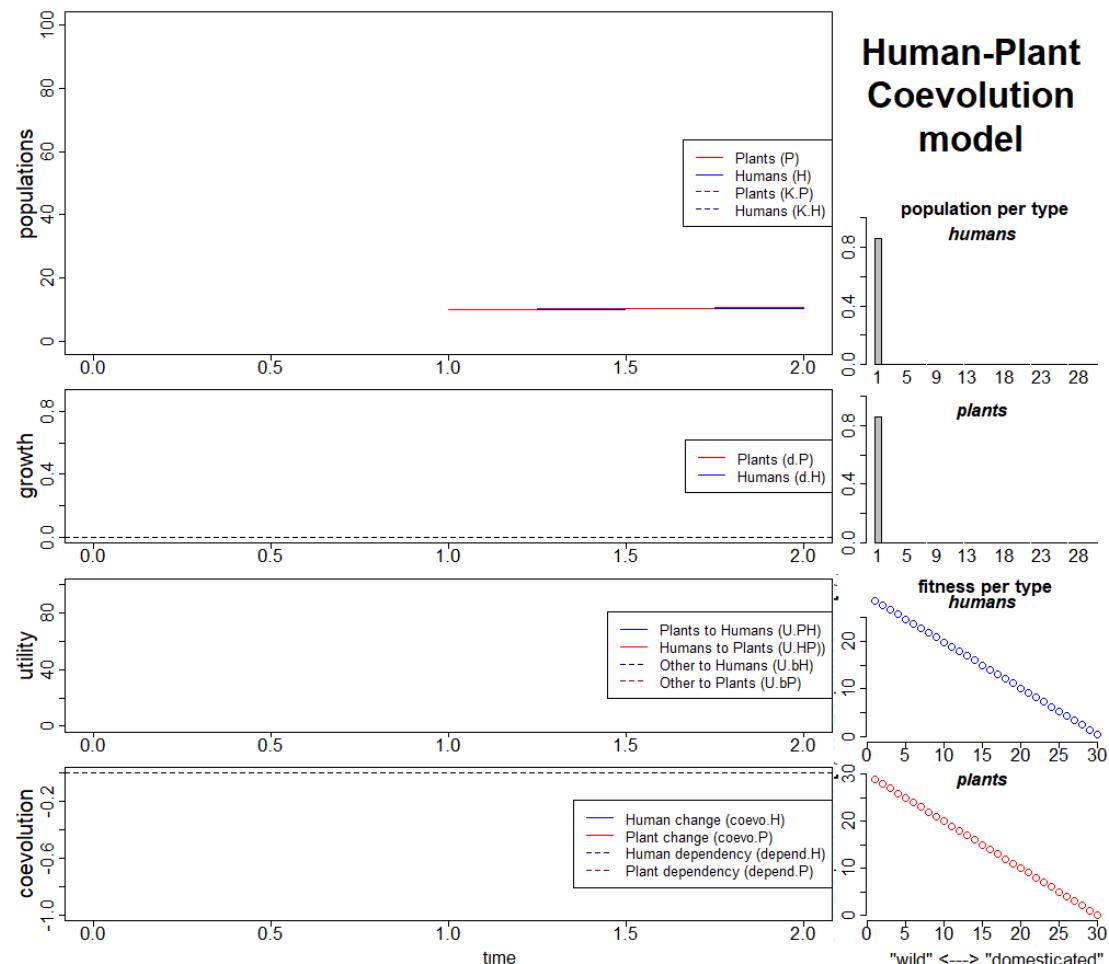
# Coevolution occurs

*boom bleep long boom*



*Coevolution occurs partially*

*one population achieve the full potential of change*



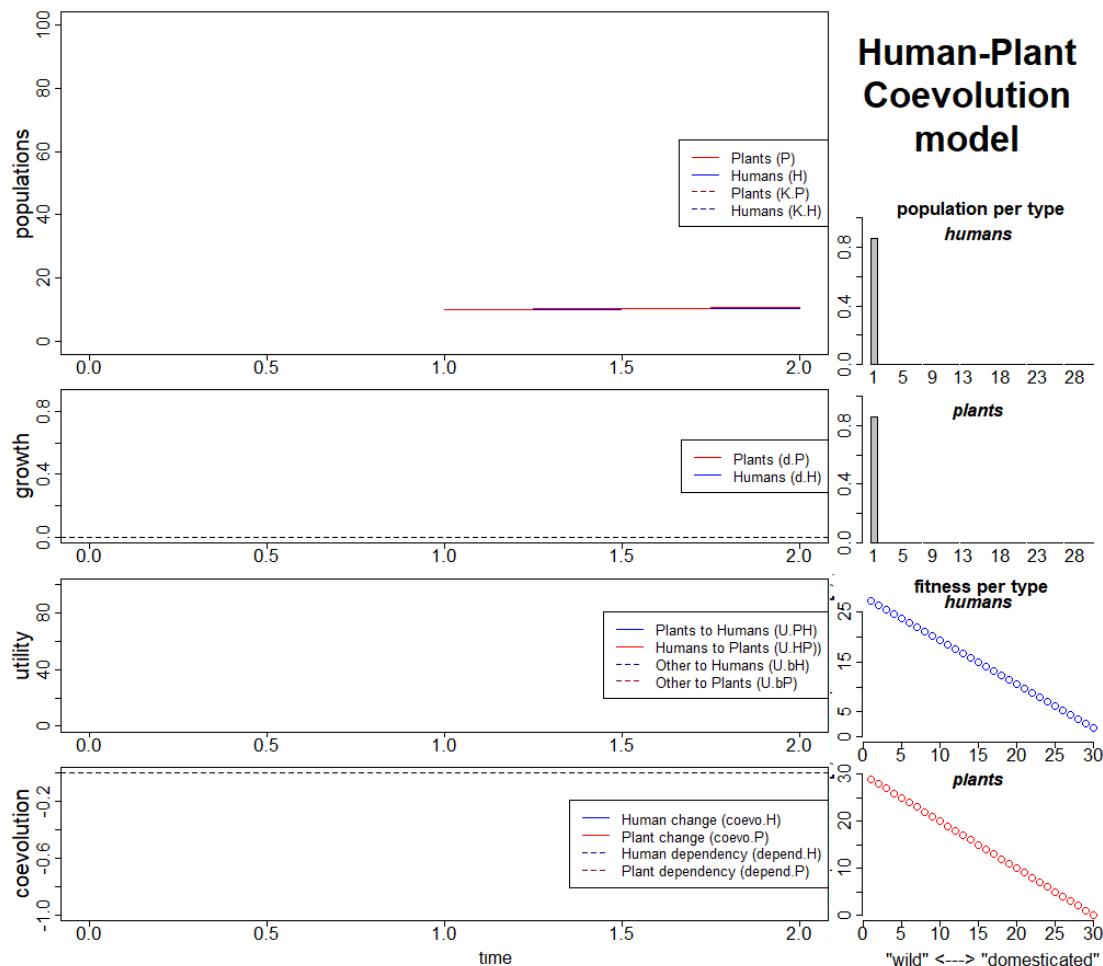
#### Parameter setting:

iniH = 10, iniP = 10, n.H = 30, n.P = 30, v.H = 0.15, v.P = 0.15, r.H = 0.04, r.P = 0.1, mU.PnH = 2.5, mU.HnP = 0.45, mU.P1H = 0.15,  
mU.H1P = 0, U.bHn = 10, U.bPn = 20, U.bH1 = 80, U.bP1 = 100, MaxArea = 200, maxIt = 5000, tol = 6, timing.threshold = 0.5

# Coevolution occurs partially

(II)

*One or both populations undergo a significant, but partial change, remaining relatively well distributed among types.*

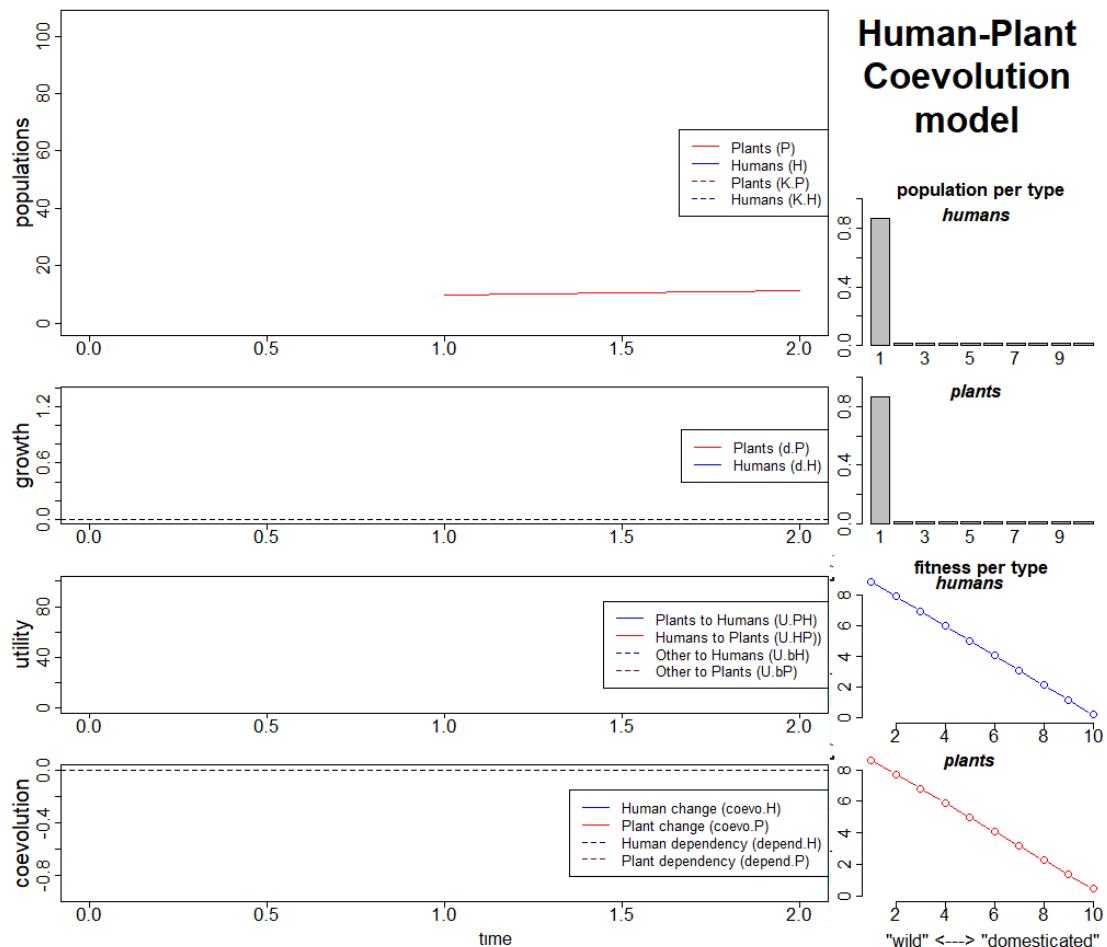


## Parameter setting:

iniH = 10, iniP = 10, n.H = 30, n.P = 30, v.H = 0.15, v.P = 0.15, r.H = 0.04, r.P = 0.1, mU.PnH = 0.5, mU.HnP = 1, mU.P1H = 0.5, mU.H1P = 0, U.bHn = 10, U.bPn = 20, U.bH1 = 80, U.bP1 = 100, MaxArea = 200, maxIt = 5000, tol = 6, timing.threshold = 0.5

# Coevolution occurs partially

(III)



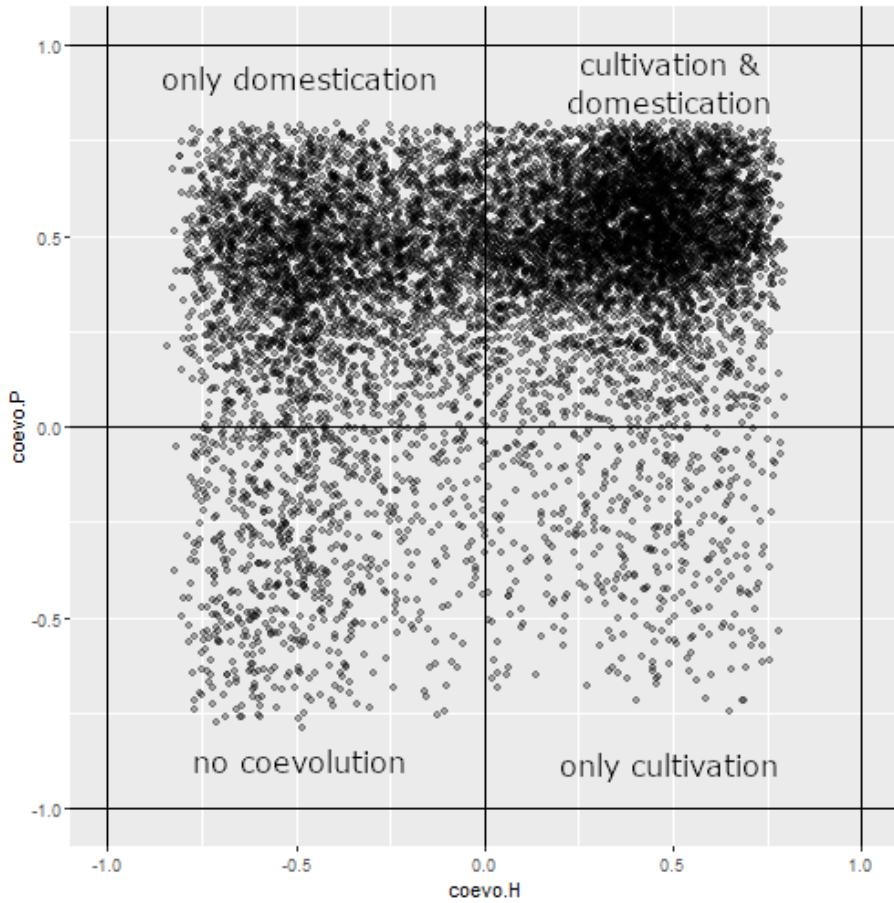
## Parameter setting:

```
iniH = 10, iniP = 10, n.H = 10, n.P = 10, v.H = 0.15, v.P = 0.15, r.H = 0.15, r.P = 0.15, mU.PnH = 1, mU.HnP = 0.5, mU.P1H = 0.2,
mU.H1P = 0.5, U.bHn = 10, U.bPn = 10, U.bH1 = 100, U.bP1 = 100, MaxArea = 200, maxIt = 600, tol = 6, timing.threshold = 0.5
```

*Both populations become trapped in an endless cycle alternating stronger and weaker mutualism*

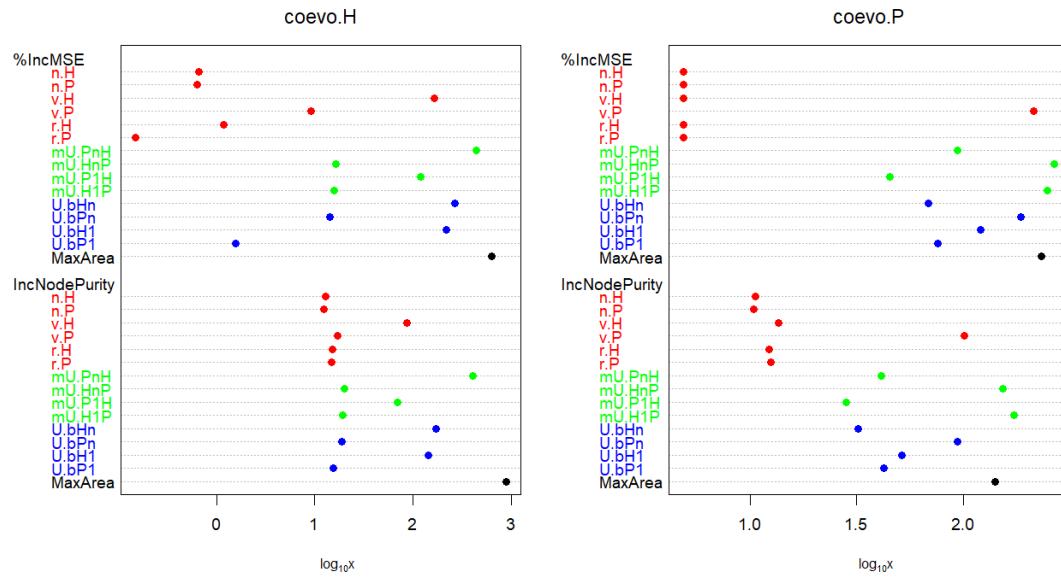
# ***SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS***

## ***EXTENSIVE EXPLORATION OF PARAMETER SPACE***



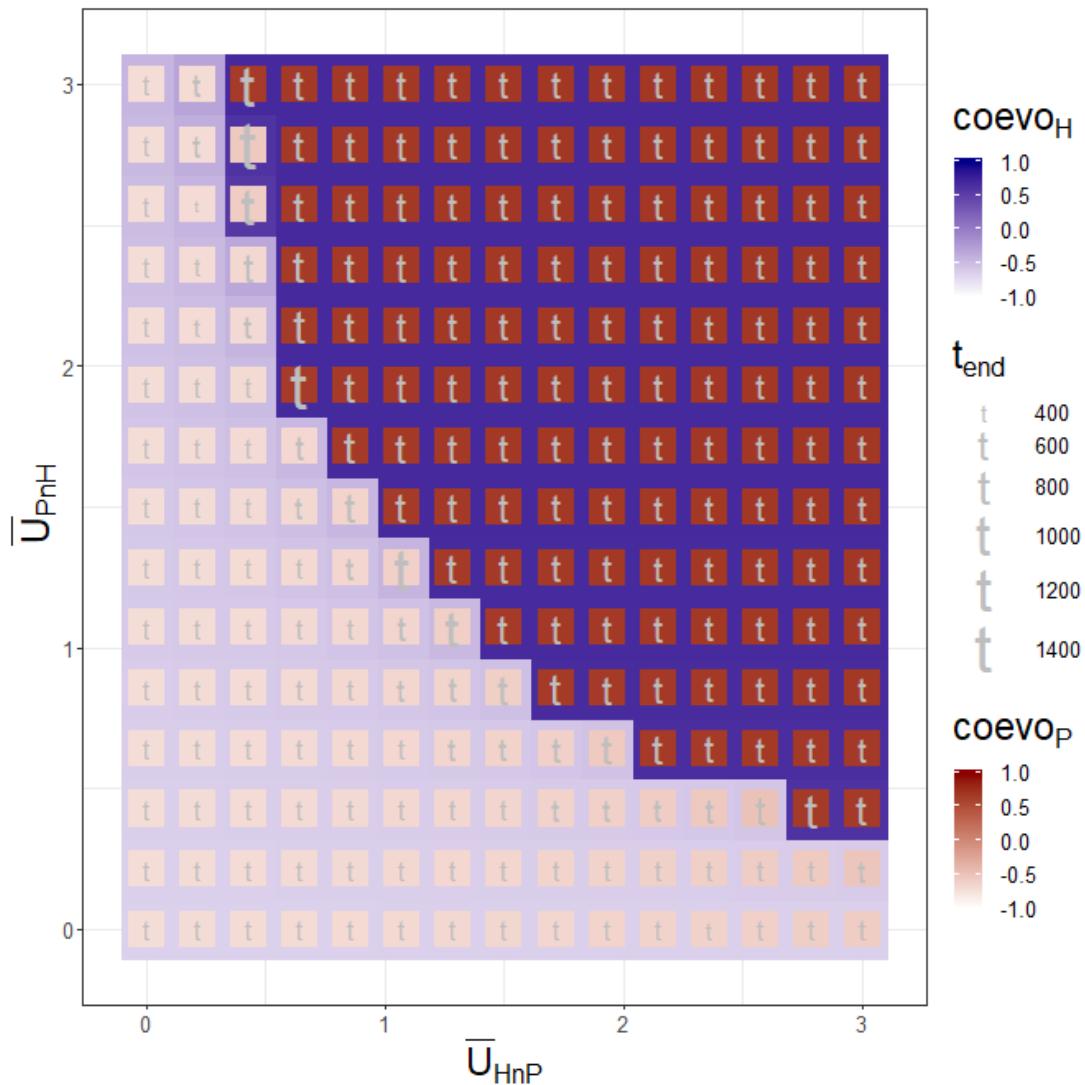
*Change in plants (domestication) is more likely to happen than change in humans (cultivation)  
(assuming all conditions explored are equally probable)*

# MULTICAUSALITY



*multiple requirements/triggers for coevolution to happen  
but there are differences in importance (parameters more likely to be requirements/triggers than others)*

# ROLES OF PARAMETERS



- *facilitators*
- *obstructors*
- *scalers*

*Example:*  
*utility of the most mutualistic*  
*human and plant types*  
→ *facilitators and scalers*

## ***PUBLICATION & DOCUMENTATION***

- *publication in preparation*
- *R package (HPCoevo) to be release*
- *repository of this presentation:*  
[\*https://github.com/Andros-Spica/ENE-Angourakis-et-al-2019\*](https://github.com/Andros-Spica/ENE-Angourakis-et-al-2019)

# FUNDING

*Modelling plant cultivation in prehistory/Modelado del cultivo en la prehistoria (HAR2016-77672-P; PI: Débora Zurro, IMF-CSIC)*



*Winter Rain, Summer Rain: Adaptation, Climate Change, Resilience and the Indus Civilisation TwoRains (ERC-2014-CoG; PI: Cameron Petrie, University of Cambridge)*



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## THANK YOU!

address any questions to A. Angourakis: [andros.spica@gmail.com](mailto:andros.spica@gmail.com)

available at <https://andros-spica.github.io/ENE-Angourakis-et-al-2019/>  
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