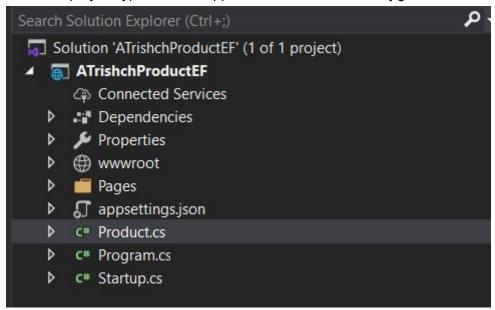
EntityFramework, LINQ2Entities – laboratorium

I. Code First

a. Stwórz projekt typu ConsoleApplication .Net Core. Nazwij go INazwiskoProdutcEF



b. Dodaj klasę Product z polami int ProductID, string Name, int UnitsInStock. (Dodając do klasy property napisz prop I naciśnij dwa razy tabulator)

```
Product.cs* → X ATrishchProductEF.csproj
                                            Startup.cs
                                                            Program.cs
ATrishchProductEF
                                                        ATrishchProd
           ⊡using System;
             using System.Collections.Generic;
             using System.Linq;
            using System.Threading.Tasks;
           -namespace ATrishchProductEF
                 0 references
                 public class Product
                      0 references
     10
                      public int ProductID { get; set; }
                      0 references
     11
                      public String Name { get; set; }
                      0 references
                      public int UnitInStock { get; set; }
     12
     13
     14
```

- c. Stwórz klasę ProdContext dziedziczącą po DbContext.
- d. Dodaj do klasy kontekstowej zbiór (DbSet) produktów i nazwij go Products

```
ATrishchProductEF
                                                       ATrishchProductEF.ProdCor
           Dusing System;
             using System.Collections.Generic;
             using System.Ling;
             using System. Threading. Tasks;
            using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
           -namespace ATrishchProductEF
                 0 references
                 public class ProdContext:DbContext
                     0 references
                     public DbSet<Product> Products { get; set; }
     10
     11
     12
     13
```

e. W Mainie (plik Program.cs)

- i. poproś użytkownika o podanie nazwy produktu i zczytaj podana przez użytkownika nazwę ii. zainstancjonuj obiekt produktu ustawiając mu nazwę na tą zczytaną od użytkownika: iii. Stwórz instancje ProdContext'u
- iv. dodaj zainstancjonowany obiekt do kontekstowej kolekcji Produktów
- v. zapisz zmiany na kontekście
- vi. Zbuduj i uruchom aplikacje vii.

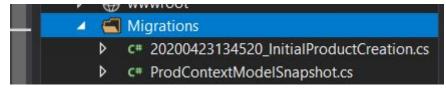
```
public static void Main(string[] args)
{
    CreateHostBuilder(args).Build().Run();
    Console.WriteLine("Please enter product name");
    string prodName=Console.ReadLine();
    Product prod = new Product { Name = prodName };
    ProdContext prodContext = new ProdContext();
    prodContext.Products.Add(prod);
    prodContext.SaveChanges();
}
```

viii.Skonfigurujmy nasz kontekst, żeby wiedział do jakiej bazy chcemy się łączyć. Jednym ze sposobów jest nadpisanie w klasie naszego kontekstu metody OnConfiguring.

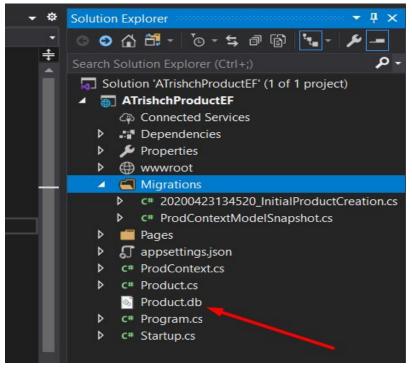
ix. Zbuduj i uruchom aplikacje.

x. Dostaniesz wyjątek mówiący o tym, że nie istnieje tabela produktów. No i to prawda – bo generalnie w ogóle nie istnieje baza danych z którą chcemy pracować. Żeby to rozwiązać musimy wykonać dwa kroki

1. dotnet ef migrations add InitialProductCreation



2. dotnet ef database update



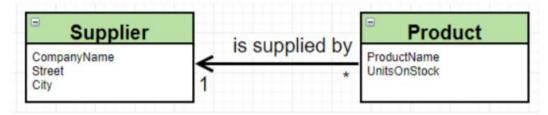
3. Dopisz w mainie fragment kodu pobierający oraz wyświetlający dostępne Produkty. Jeżeli przy pisaniu zapytania o produkty zgłasza błąd typu "polecenie select jest nieznane" dodaj do usingów System.Ling

```
public class Program
{
    oreferences
    public static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Please enter product name");
        string prodName = Console.ReadLine();
        Product prod = new Product { Name = prodName };
        ProdContext prodContext = new ProdContext();
        prodContext.Products.Add(prod);
        prodContext.SaveChanges();
        var products = (from product in prodContext.Products select product).ToList();
        Console.WriteLine("My products are :");
        foreach(var product in products)
        {
              Console.WriteLine(product.Name);
        }
        Console.WriteLine();
}
```

```
Please enter product name
Chips
My products are :
hello
Pasta
Chips
```

2.

II. Zmodyfikuj model wprowadzając pojęcie Dostawcy jak poniżej



Została dodana klasa suppliers :

Została zmodyfikowana klasa Product

Dodano dane dla sprawdzania poprawności działania.

```
namespace ATrishchProductEF
    0 references
    public class Program
        0 references
        public static void Main(string[] args)
            Product prod = new Product { Name = "Chips" };
            ProdContext prodContext = new ProdContext();
            Supplier supplier = new Supplier { CompanyName = "eSklep" };
            prodContext.Suppliers.Add(supplier);
            prodContext.SaveChanges();
            var sup = (from s in prodContext.Suppliers select s).First();
            prod.SupplierID = sup.SupplierID;
            prodContext.Products.Add(prod);
            prodContext.SaveChanges();
            var products = (from product in prodContext.Products select product).ToList();
            Console.WriteLine("My products are :");
            foreach(var product in products)
                Console.WriteLine(product.Name);
            Console.WriteLine();
```

Wynik:

```
sqlite> .scheme

REATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "_EFMigrationsHistory" (
    "MigrationId" TEXT NOT NULL CONSTRAINT "PK__EFMigrationsHistory" PRIMARY KEY,
    "ProductVersion" TEXT NOT NULL
    "SupplierID" INTEGER NOT NULL CONSTRAINT "PK_Suppliers" PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
    "CompanyName" TEXT NULL,
    "City" TEXT NULL,
    "Street" TEXT NULL,
    "Street TEXT NULL
);

REATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "Products" (
    "ProductFO" INTEGER NOT NULL CONSTRAINT "PK_Products" PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
    "Name" TEXT NULL,
    "UnitInStock" INTEGER NOT NULL,
    "SupplierID" INTEGER NOT NULL,
    "SupplierID" INTEGER NOT NULL,
    "CONSTRAINT "FK_Products_Suppliers_SupplierID" FOREIGN KEY ("SupplierID") REFERENCES "Suppliers" ("SupplierID") ON DELETE CASCADE
);
REATE INDEX "IX_Products_SupplierID" ON "Products" ("SupplierID");
sqlite> select * from Products;
l[Chips]0|1
sqlite> select * from Suppliers
    . . . . ;
lesklep||
sqlite> _
```

Wyświetl wszystkie produkty wraz z nazwą dostawcy:

```
My product name is :
Chips
Supplier is :
eSklep
```

III. Odwróć relacje zgodnie z poniższym schematem



Zmieniłem klase Product

Dodałem w klase Supplier Kolekcje Products

```
public class Supplier
{
    Ireference
    public Supplier(){
        Products = new Collection<Product>();

    [Key]
        Oreferences
    public int SupplierID { set; get; }
        3 references
    public String CompanyName { set; get; }
        Oreferences
    public String City { set; get; }
        Oreferences
    public String Street { set; get; }
        4 references
    public ICollection<Product> Products { set; get; }
}
```

Modifikacja Program.cs żeby sprawdzić poprawność działania programu

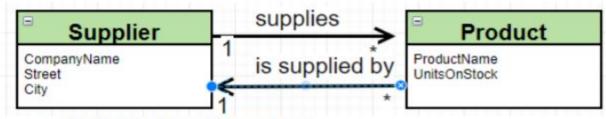
```
public static void Main(string[] args)
   ProdContext prodContext = new ProdContext();
   Product product = new Product {Name="Kasza wielka"};
   prodContext.Products.Add(product);
    Supplier supplier = prodContext.Suppliers.FirstOrDefault(b=>b.CompanyName == "Hello Kitty");
    if (supplier == null)
       supplier = new Supplier { CompanyName = "Hello Kitty" };
       prodContext.Suppliers.Add(supplier);
    supplier.Products.Add(product);
    prodContext.SaveChanges();
   var data1 = prodContext.Suppliers.Include(s => s.Products).ToList();
    Console.WriteLine("Supplier List:");
        foreach(var s in data1){
            Console.WriteLine("Company name:");
            Console.WriteLine(s.CompanyName);
            Console.WriteLine("Available products:");
            foreach(var p in s.Products)
                Console.WriteLine(p.Name);
```

Wynik:

```
C. (Osers (Andy (Source
Supplier List:
Company name:
Hello Kitty
Available products:
Kasza wielka
Zupa
Kasza wielka
```

4.

IV. Zamodeluj relacje dwustronną jak poniżej:



a. Tradycyjnie: Stworz kilka produktow

Dodałem atrybut Supplier do klasy Product

```
public class Product
{
    Oreferences
    public int ProductID { get; set; }
    2 references
    public String Name { get; set; }
    Oreferences
    public int UnitInStock { get; set; }
    3 references
    public Supplier Supplier { get; set; }
}
```

Modifikacja Program.cs żeby sprawdzić poprawność działania programu

```
public static void Main(string[] args)
    ProdContext = new ProdContext();
    Product product = new Product {Name="Pranterora"};
    prodContext.Products.Add(product);
    Supplier supplier = prodContext.Suppliers.FirstOrDefault(b=>b.CompanyName == "Hello Kitty");
    if (supplier == null)
        supplier = new Supplier { CompanyName = "Hello Kitty" };
       prodContext.Suppliers.Add(supplier);
    product.Supplier=(supplier);
    supplier.Products.Add(product);
    prodContext.SaveChanges();
    var data1 = prodContext.Suppliers.Include(s => s.Products).ToList();
    Console.WriteLine("Supplier List:");
        foreach(var s in data1){
           Console.WriteLine("Company name:");
           Console.WriteLine(s.CompanyName);
           Console.WriteLine("Available products:");
           foreach(var p in s.Products)
               Console.WriteLine(p.Name);
    Console.WriteLine("Product Suppliers:");
    var data2 = prodContext.Products.Include(p => p.Supplier).ToList();
    foreach(var p in data2)
       Console.WriteLine(p.Supplier.CompanyName);
```

Wynik:

```
Available products:
Pranterora
Zupa
Kasza wielka
Kasza wielka
Pranterora
Pranterora
Pranterora
Pranterora
Product Suppliers:
Hello Kitty
```

5. Dodano klase Category z property int CategoryID, String Name oraz listą produktow

Dodanie atrybutu Category do klasy Product

```
8 references
public class Product
{
    O references
    public int ProductID { get; set; }
    3 references
    public String Name { get; set; }
    O references
    public int UnitInStock { get; set; }
    2 references
    public Supplier Supplier { get; set; }
    2 references
    public Category Category { get; set; }
}
```

Dodanie listy Categories do prodContext

Modifikacja Program.cs żeby sprawdzić poprawność działania programu

```
public static void Main(string[] args)
   Category category = new Category { Name = "Keyboards" };
   Category category1 = new Category { Name = "Lamps" };
   ProdContext prodContext = new ProdContext();
   prodContext.Categories.Add(category);
   prodContext.Categories.Add(category1);
   Product product = new Product { Name = "A-123" };
   product.Category = category;
   Product product1 = new Product { Name = "Ultra-Light-P-231" };
   product.Category = category1;
   prodContext.Products.Add(product);
   prodContext.Products.Add(product1);
   Supplier supplier = prodContext.Suppliers.FirstOrDefault(b => b.CompanyName == "eSklep");
   if (supplier == null)
       supplier = new Supplier { CompanyName = "eSklep" };
       prodContext.Suppliers.Add(supplier);
   product.Supplier = supplier;
   product1.Supplier = supplier;
   supplier.Products.Add(product);
   supplier.Products.Add(product1);
   prodContext.SaveChanges();
   var data1 = prodContext.Suppliers.Include(s => s.Products).ToList();
   Console.WriteLine("Supplier List:");
   foreach(var s in data1)
       Console.WriteLine("Company name: ");
       Console.WriteLine(s.CompanyName);
       Console.WriteLine("Available products: ");
       foreach (var p in s.Products)
           Console.WriteLine(p.Name);
```

Wynik widoczny w schemie:

```
Sqlite> .schema

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "_EFMigrationsHistory" (
    "MigrationId" TEXT NOT NULL CONSTRAINT "PK__EFMigrationsHistory" PRIMARY KEY,
    "ProductVersion" TEXT NOT NULL
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "Categories" (
    "CategoryID" INTEGER NOT NULL CONSTRAINT "PK_Categories" PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
    "Name" TEXT NULL
);

CREATE TABLE Sqlite_sequence(name,seq);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "Suppliers" (
    "SupplierID" INTEGER NOT NULL CONSTRAINT "PK_Suppliers" PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
    "CompanyName" TEXT NULL,
    "City" TEXT NULL,
    "Street" TEXT NULL,
    "Street" TEXT NULL
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS "Products" (
    "ProductID" INTEGER NOT NULL CONSTRAINT "PK_Products" PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
    "Name" TEXT NULL,
    "UnitInStock" INTEGER NOT NULL,
    "SupplierID" INTEGER NOT NULL,
    "SupplierID" INTEGER NULL,
    "CategoryID" INTEGER NULL,
    "Constraint "FK_Products_Categories_CategoryID" FOREIGN KEY ("CategoryID") REFERENCES "Categories" ("CategoryID") ON DELETE RESTRICT,
    CONSTRAINT "FK_Products_Categories_SupplierID" FOREIGN KEY ("CategoryID") REFERENCES "Suppliers" ("SupplierID") ON DELETE RESTRICT);

CREATE INDEX "IX_Products_CategoryID" ON "Products" ("CategoryID");

CREATE INDEX "IX_Products_CategoryID" ON "Products" ("CategoryID");
```

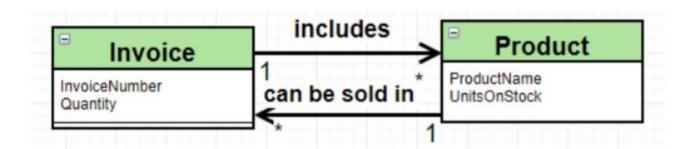
Wynik:

```
Supplier List:
Company name:
eSklep
Available products:
A-123
Ultra-Light-P-231
```

Otrzymanie produktu z kategorii:

```
Products from category Lamps :
Keyboards
Lamps
```

6.



Dodalem klase Invoice i InvoiceProduct

Modyfikacja ProdContext i Products dla przechowywania Invoices

```
class Product
    1 reference
    public Product()
        InvoiceProducts = new List<InvoiceProduct>();
    0 references
    public int ProductID { get; set; }
    6 references
    public string Name { get; set; }
    0 references
    public int UnitsInStock { get; set; }
    1 reference
    public Supplier Supplier { get; set; }
    1 reference
    public Category Category { get; set; }
    2 references
    public List<InvoiceProduct> InvoiceProducts { get; set; }
```

Modifikacja Program.cs żeby sprawdzić poprawność działania programu,stworzone metody dla dodawania poszczególnych elementów i wyświetłiania danego invoicu

```
using System;
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Hosting;
using Microsoft.Extensions.Hosting;
using System.Linq;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
namespace ATrishchProductEF
{
    class Program
        private static void AddProduct(ProdContext prodContext, String prodName)
        {
            Product product = new Product();
            product.Name = prodName;
            prodContext.Products.Add(product);
            prodContext.SaveChanges();
        }
        private static void AddSupplier(ProdContext prodContext, String companyName)
            Supplier supplier = new Supplier();
```

```
supplier.CompanyName = companyName;
            prodContext.Suppliers.Add(supplier);
            prodContext.SaveChanges();
        private static void AddCategory(ProdContext prodContext, String categoryName)
            Category category = new Category();
            category.Name = categoryName;
            prodContext.Categories.Add(category);
            prodContext.SaveChanges();
        private static void AddInvoice(ProdContext prodContext, int invoiceNumber,
int invoiceQuantity)
            Invoice invoice = new Invoice();
            invoice.InvoiceNumber = invoiceNumber;
            invoice.Quantity = invoiceQuantity;
            prodContext.Invoices.Add(invoice);
            prodContext.SaveChanges();
        }
        private static void AddInvoiceProduct(ProdContext prodContext, int
invoiceNumber, String prodName)
            Invoice invoice = prodContext.Invoices.Where(i => i.InvoiceNumber ==
invoiceNumber).FirstOrDefault();
            Product product = prodContext.Products.Where(p => p.Name ==
prodName).FirstOrDefault();
            InvoiceProduct invoiceProduct = new InvoiceProduct();
            invoiceProduct.Invoice = invoice;
            invoiceProduct.Product = product;
            invoice.InvoiceProducts.Add(invoiceProduct);
            product.InvoiceProducts.Add(invoiceProduct);
            prodContext.InvoiceProducts.Add(invoiceProduct);
            prodContext.SaveChanges();
```

```
private static void ConnectProductSupplier(ProdContext prodContext, String
prodName, String companyName)
            Product product = prodContext.Products.Where(p => p.Name ==
prodName).FirstOrDefault();
            Supplier supplier = prodContext.Suppliers.Where(s => s.CompanyName ==
companyName).FirstOrDefault();
            supplier.Products.Add(product);
            product.Supplier = supplier;
            prodContext.SaveChanges();
        private static void ConnectProductCategory(ProdContext prodContext, String
prodName, String categoryName)
            Product product = prodContext.Products.Where(p => p.Name ==
prodName).FirstOrDefault();
            Category category = prodContext.Categories.Where(c => c.Name ==
categoryName).FirstOrDefault();
            category.Products.Add(product);
            product.Category = category;
            prodContext.SaveChanges();
        }
        private static void PrintProductsOfInvoice(ProdContext prodContext, int
invoiceNumber)
            Console.WriteLine("List of products of invoice: " + invoiceNumber);
            var products = prodContext.InvoiceProducts
                .Include(ip => ip.Product)
                .Where(ip => ip.Invoice.InvoiceNumber == invoiceNumber)
                .Select(ip => ip.Product.Name).ToList();
            foreach (var p in products)
                Console.WriteLine(p);
            }
        private static void PrintInvoicesOfProduct(ProdContext prodContext, String
prodName)
```

Wynik:

```
List of products of invoice: 1

Laptop

Lamp

TV

**List of invoices of product: Laptop

1
2
```