# Google Maps API

Basic

- Load google maps API:
- Getting started
  - Get API keys: cloud.google.com
- Initmap
  - function initMap() {}
  - - Initiates the map object and other maps api objects. Runs when loading the page
- Styles
  - var styles = []
  - - Styles array for google maps map object
  - - See \*url\* for styles reference
  - - See \*url\* for examples
- map
  - var map = new google.maps.Map(\*html element\*){
    - zoom: int,
    - center: {lat: num1, lng: num2},
    - styles: styles,
    - etc: see \*url\* for more options
  - }
  - - The map object is the object for the map in the dom
- InfoWindow
  - var InfoWindow = new google.maps.InfoWindow();
- · making markers
  - 1. init arrays for locations and markers
    - var markers = [];
    - var locations = [{title: 'Some string', location:{lat:123, lng:321}}, ...]
  - 2. Iterate over locations and get the data from each loc
  - 3. Make marker for each loc:
    - var marker = new google.maps.Marker({position:\*from loc\*, title: \*from loc\*, icon: \*google.maps.MarkerImage\*, id: int})
  - 4. Push marker to markers array: markers.push(marker)
  - 5. Add listeners to marker object
  - 6. When you wish to display markerobjects: marker.setMap(map)
- bounds
  - 1. var bounds = new google.maps.LatLngBounds();
  - 2. iterate over locations -> bounds.extend(position)
  - 3. map.fitBounds(bounds)

## Libraries

- Loading libs
  - .../maps/api/js?libraries=geometry,drawing,places,visualization=3=XXX...
- Geometry
  - Library for calculating geometric values on earth; eg. distance/area. Useful for doing earth calculations
  - Examples:
    - geometry.spherical.computeHeading(\*userposition\*, \*locationposition\*) -> Heading to location => use in streetview
    - geometry.poly.containsLocation(position,polygon) -> returns bool, useful for just displaying markers in a polygon
    - geometry.spherical.computeArea(\*array of latlngs\*) -> Calculates area
- Drawing
  - Graphical interface for users to draw polygons, tects, polylines, circles, and markers on a map
  - Use:
    - var drawingManager = google.maps.drawing.DrawingManager(){args}
      - see \*url for arguments\*
    - drawingManager.setMap(map)
    - drawingManager.addListener('overlaycomplete', function(event){polygon = event.overlay, ...})
    - Do stuff to the polygon object after this. Eg calculate area with geometry lib
- Places
  - Lib for searching for places within a defined area. eg points of interest
  - 1. var service = new google.maps.places.PlacesService(map);
  - 2. service.getDetails({placeId: marker.id}, function(place, status){})
  - 3 -> Check status === google.maps.places.PLacesServiceStatus.OK -> place.attribute
  - 4. Check that an attribute exist before accessing it
- Autocomplete
  - Part of places library
  - Provides autocomplete when searching for places
  - 1. var xAutocomplete = new google.maps.places.Autocomplete(domElement-input\_text)
  - 2. xAutocomplete.bindTo(arg, map)
- Visualization
  - Provides heatmaps for visual representation of data

#### Geocoding

- · Getting started
  - Comes with google maps js api
  - var geocoder = new google.maps.Geocoder();
  - $-geocode. \\ geocode(\{args:rejfhesgj\}, function(result, status) \\ \{\})$ 
    - if success => status === google.maps.Geocoder.status.OK
    - result => array of results as json
    - to see results => var str = JSON.stringify(results[0], null, 4)

## Webservices

- See developers.google.com/maps/web-services
- Distance matrix
  - GET .../maps/api/distancematrix/json?origins=\*address\*=\*array of addresses seperated by ,\* more options
    - Options: mode=transit\_mode=\*eg.train,driving,bicycling\*\_time=\*secs since 1 jan 1970\*
    - see /maps/documentation/distance-matrix
- Directions
  - GET ../maps/api/directions/json?origin=\*address\*=\*address\* more options
    - $\hbox{\bf \bullet Options: } travel Mode, waypoints, transit\_routing\_preferences, optimize Waypoints$
    - see: https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/javascript/directions
- Limits
  - https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/javascript/directions#UsageLimits

## Roads API

- · Avaliable only as a webservice
- · Snap to roads
  - Takes up to 100 points and snaps the points to a road
  - args: Interpolate returns smooths out the returned points
- Speed limits
  - Rakes path(list og latlngs) or placeIds and returns speed limit + snapped points

# Project req

- Interface
  - Responsive design, works across platforms
- Functionality
  - Geocoding and filters
  - Displays all desired markers by default and filtered subset when filter is applied (eg searching -> filtering)
  - Infowindow when markers are clicked
  - Listeners on markers
- App architecture
  - MVVM model
  - Use of Knockout JS
- API use
  - Use of google maps API and atleast one other API
  - AJAX requests that fail results in visible error
- Location details
  - At least 5 markers
  - Loads additional data from 3rd party api
  - Application runs without errors
  - Functionality is presented in usable and responsive manner
- Documentation
  - README file
  - Comments are present and explain longer code procedures
  - Code is good -> See JS styleguide
- Plan
  - devenv
    - NodeJS + gulp