

信息科学与技术学院

《汇编语言程序设计》课程介绍

余乐军

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■ 课程性质: 选修课

■ 学分: 2学分

■ 课时: 4课时(2理论+2实验)/每周



■ 课程信息:

理论课

时 间:周一3、4(1-18周)

地 点: 教九楼-302教室

实验课

时间:周一5、6(2-17周)

地 点: 教九楼-302教室



■ 教师信息:

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Email: yulejun@bnu.edu.cn

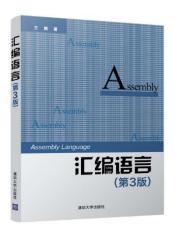


■ 教材信息:

书 名:汇编语言(第3版)

作 者: 王爽

出版社:清华大学出版社



■ 参考资料:

书 名:汇编语言基于x86处理器

作者:基普欧文(Kip Irvine)

出版社: 机械工业出版社





■ 考核方式

无期末考试,按平时以下内容考核(100分制):

- 考 勤 (5%)
 - □上课不迟到早退
- 随堂测试(15%)
 - □随堂小测验和讨论
- 平时小实验(50%)
 - □实验过程交互、实验报告
- 期末大实验(30%)
 - □撰写选题报告和论文,并完成讨论



■ 为什么选修本课程?



高级语言 vs 低级语言

• **high-level programming language** is a <u>programming language</u> with strong <u>abstraction</u> from the details of the <u>computer</u>.

- high-level programming language deals with abstract computer science concepts
 - variables, arrays, <u>objects</u>
 - complex arithmetic or boolean expressions
 - subroutines and functions, loops, <u>threads</u>, locks, and other,



高级语言 vs 低级语言

low-level programming language is a programming language that provides little or no abstraction from a computer's instruction set architecture—commands or functions in the language map closely to processor instructions.

- low-level programming language deals with
 - registers
 - memory addresses
 - call stacks,

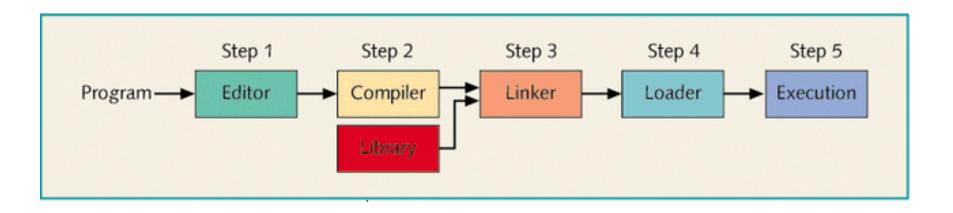


高级语言 vs 低级语言

- Abstraction penalty of High-level programming
 - far more operations than necessary,
 - higher memory consumption,
 - larger binary program size.
- For this reason, code which needs to run particularly quickly and efficiently may require the use of a lowerlevel language
 - critical portions of a program mostly in a high-level language can be hand-coded in <u>assembly language</u>,



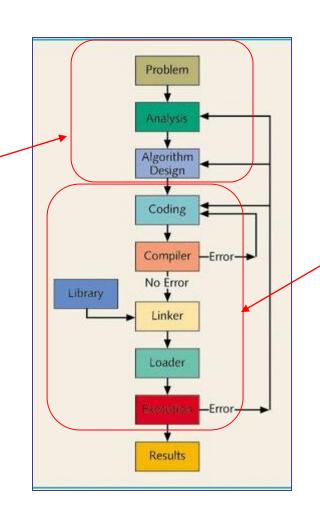
高级语言编程





设计-编码-执行

Analysis and algorithm design done apart from any specific programming language



Processing of the high-level language programming language