(select the smallest element)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	18	2	14	3	12	1			

Slides by **Sean Szumlanski**

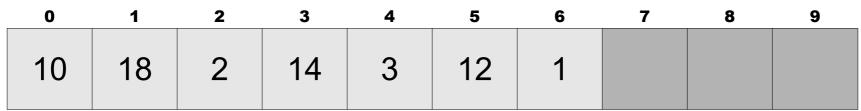
for **CS106B**, Programming Abstractions

Autumn 2023

(select the smallest element)

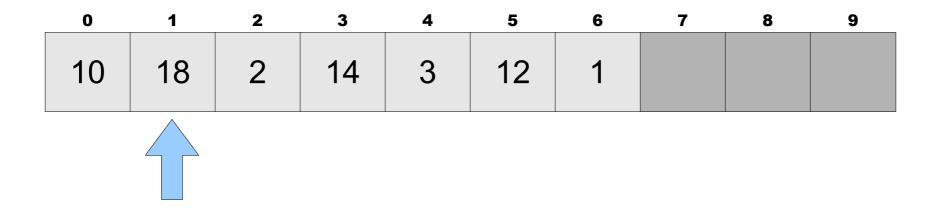
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	18	2	14	3	12	1			

(select the smallest element)

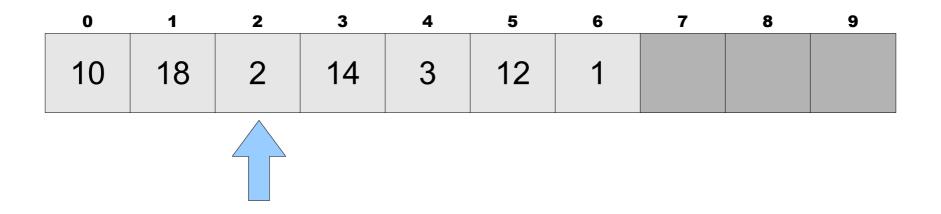




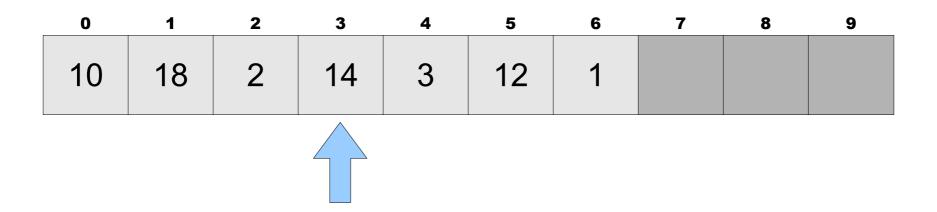
(select the smallest element)



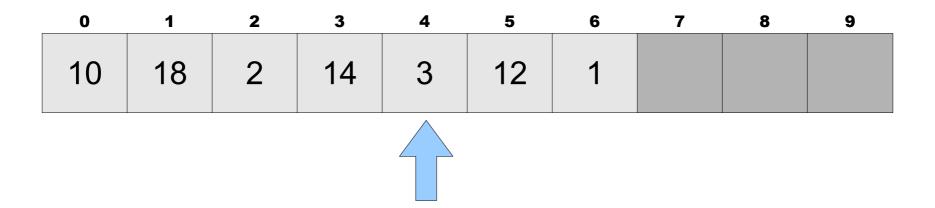
(select the smallest element)



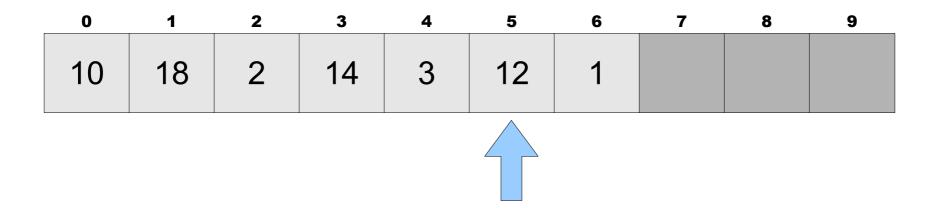
(select the smallest element)



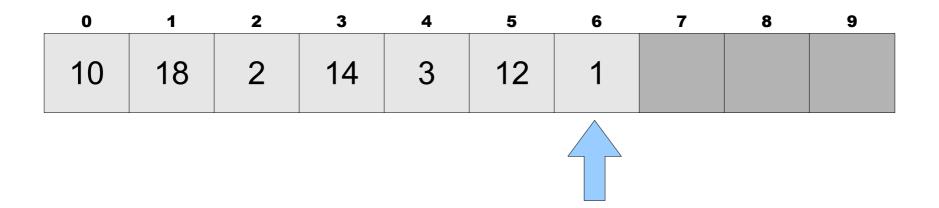
(select the smallest element)



(select the smallest element)



(select the smallest element)

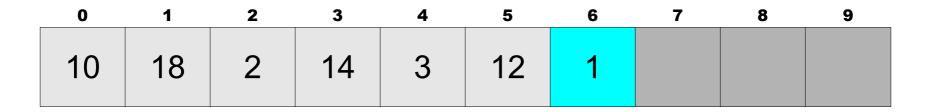


(select the smallest element)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	18	2	14	3	12	1			

We've found the **smallest element** in the vector.

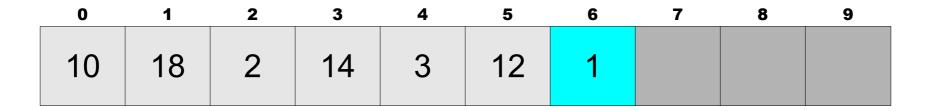
(select the smallest element)



We've found the **smallest element** in the vector.

Notice everything is **unsorted** so far.

(select the smallest element)

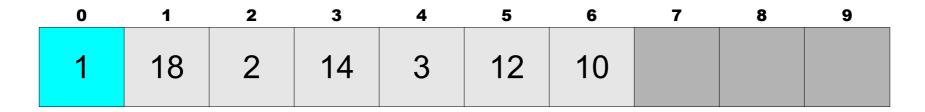


We've found the **smallest element** in the vector.

Notice everything is **unsorted** so far.

Swap that smallest element into the **leftmost position** of the **unsorted** portion of the vector.

(select the smallest element)

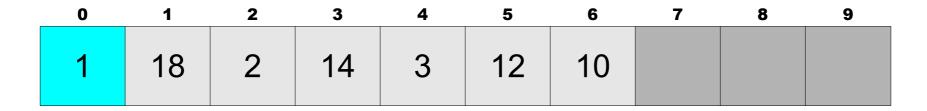


We've found the **smallest element** in the vector.

Notice everything is **unsorted** so far.

Swap that smallest element into the **leftmost position** of the **unsorted** portion of the vector.

(select the smallest element)



We've found the **smallest element** in the vector.

Notice everything is **unsorted** so far.

Swap that smallest element into the **leftmost position** of the **unsorted** portion of the vector.

Mark that position as part of a **sorted portion** of the vector.

(select the smallest element)

 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	18	2	14	3	12	10			

We've found the **smallest element** in the vector.

Notice everything is **unsorted** so far.

Swap that smallest element into the **leftmost position** of the **unsorted** portion of the vector.

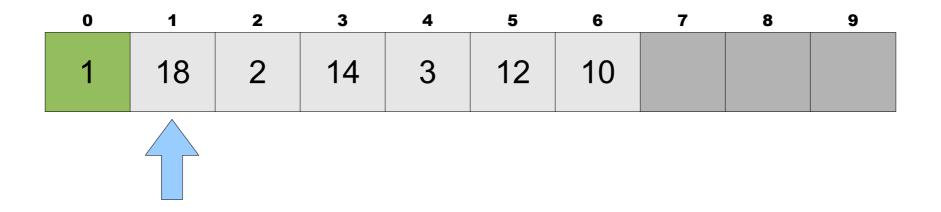
Mark that position as part of a **sorted portion** of the vector.

(select the smallest element)

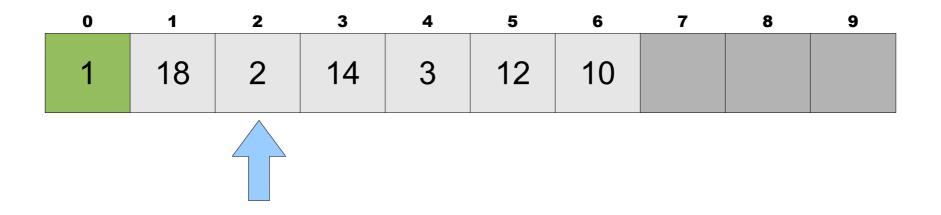
 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	18	2	14	3	12	10			

Now repeat the process for the remaining **unsorted portion** of the vector.

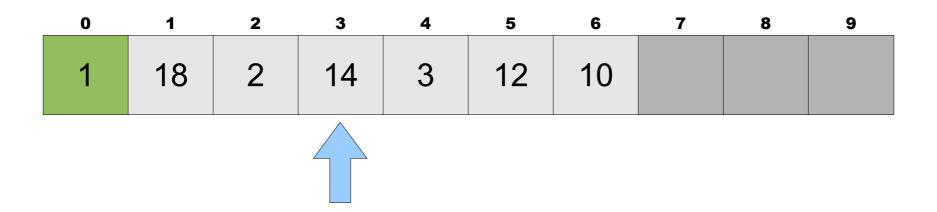
(select the smallest element)



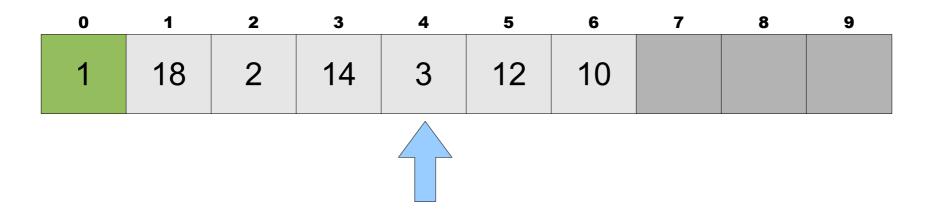
(select the smallest element)



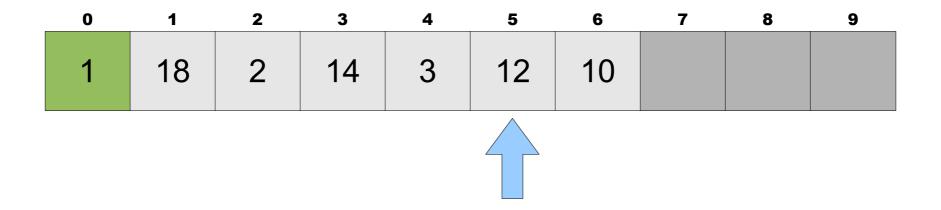
(select the smallest element)



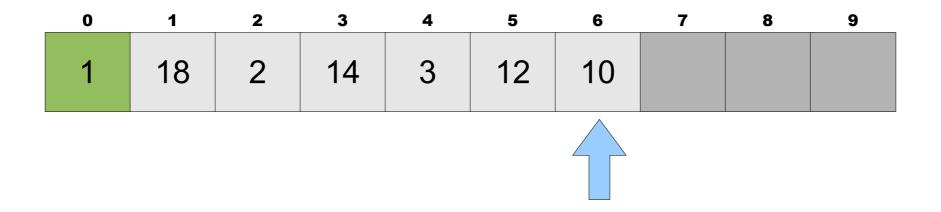
(select the smallest element)



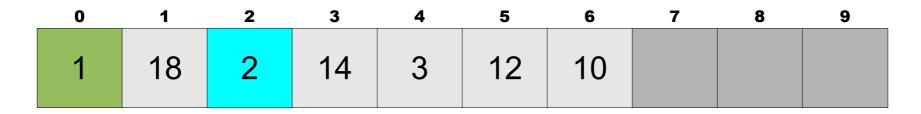
(select the smallest element)



(select the smallest element)

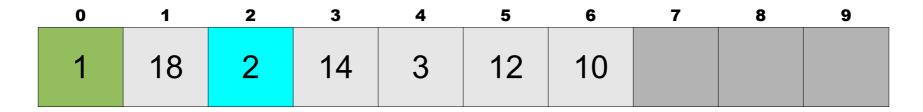


(select the smallest element)



We have the **smallest element** from the **unsorted** part of the vector.

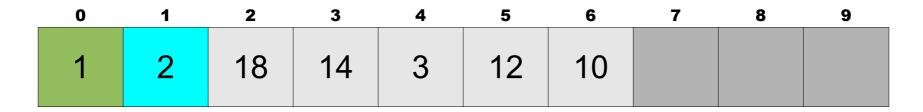
(select the smallest element)



We have the **smallest element** from the **unsorted** part of the vector.

Swap it into the **leftmost position** of the **unsorted portion** of the vector.

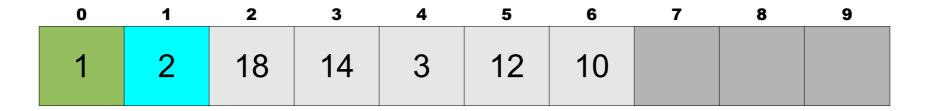
(select the smallest element)



We have the **smallest element** from the **unsorted** part of the vector.

Swap it into the **leftmost position** of the **unsorted portion** of the vector.

(select the smallest element)



We have the **smallest element** from the **unsorted** part of the vector.

Swap it into the **leftmost position** of the **unsorted portion** of the vector.

Mark that position as part of a **sorted portion** of the vector.

(select the smallest element)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	2	18	14	3	12	10			

We have the **smallest element** from the **unsorted** part of the vector.

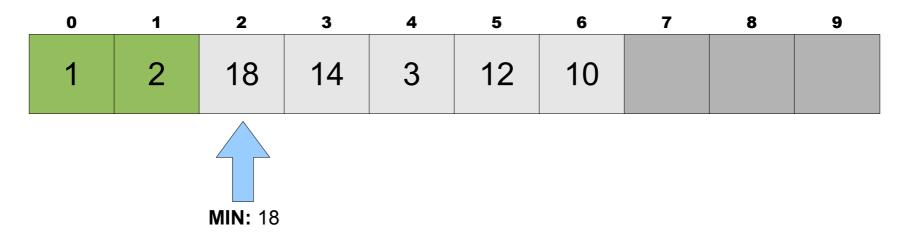
Swap it into the **leftmost position** of the **unsorted portion** of the vector.

Mark that position as part of a **sorted portion** of the vector.

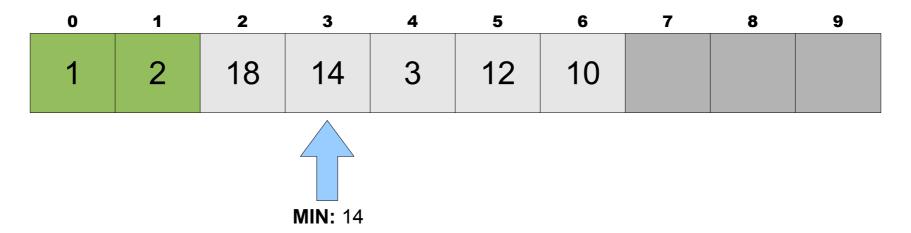
(select the smallest element)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	2	18	14	3	12	10			

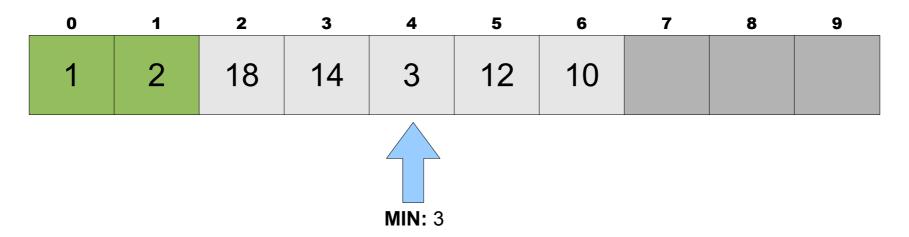
(select the smallest element)



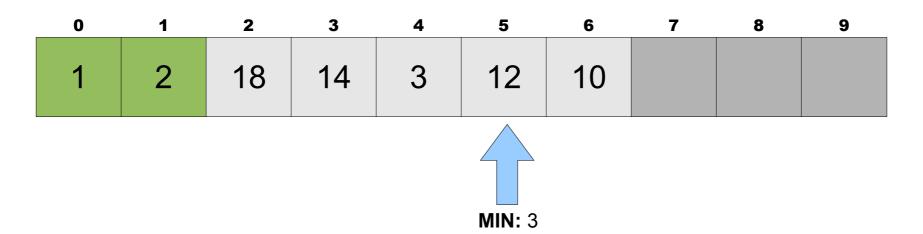
(select the smallest element)



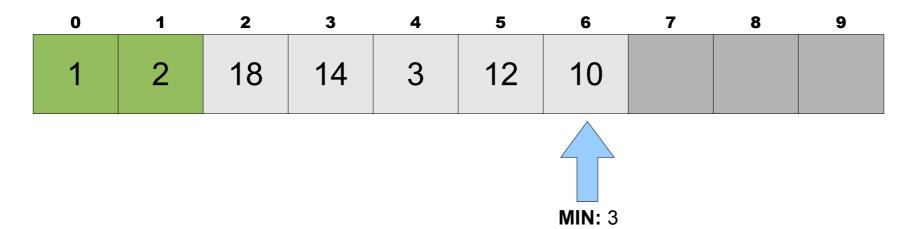
(select the smallest element)



(select the smallest element)



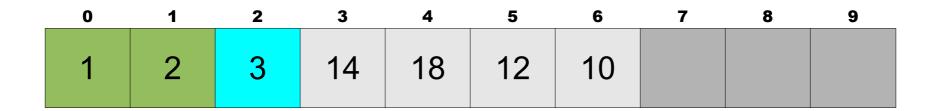
(select the smallest element)



(select the smallest element)



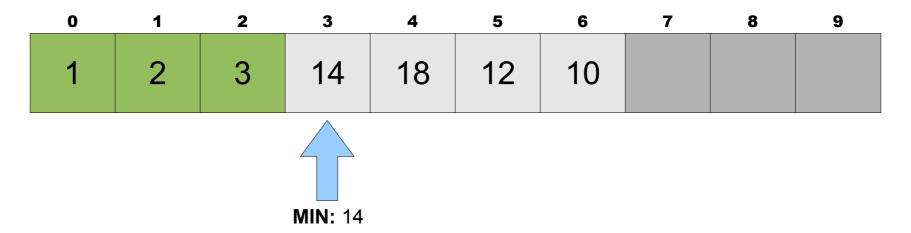
(select the smallest element)



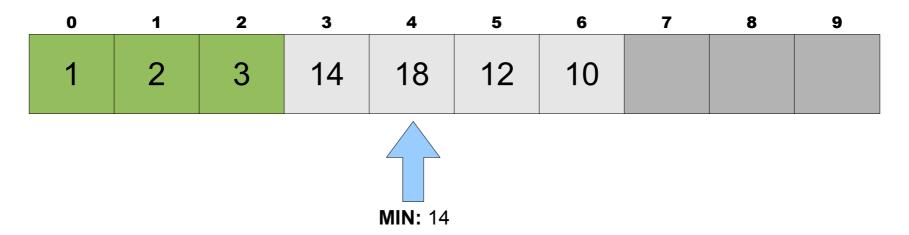
(select the smallest element)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	2	3	14	18	12	10			

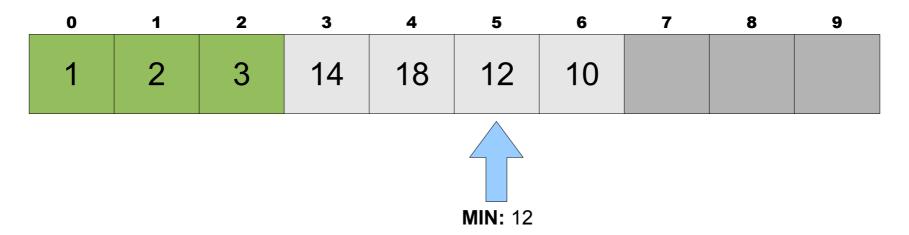
(select the smallest element)



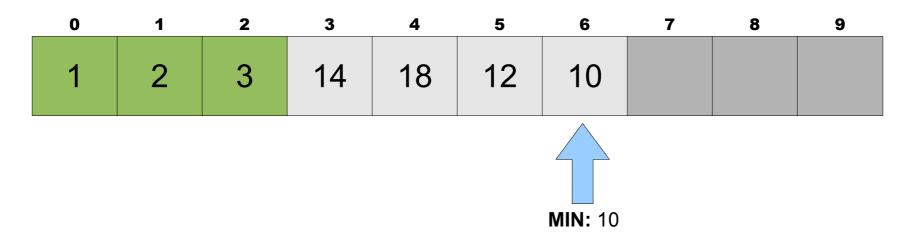
(select the smallest element)



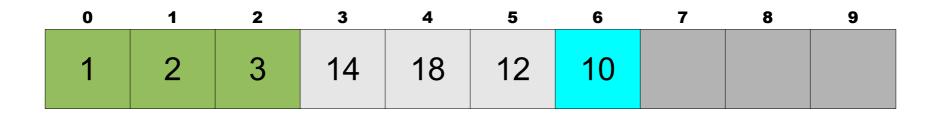
(select the smallest element)



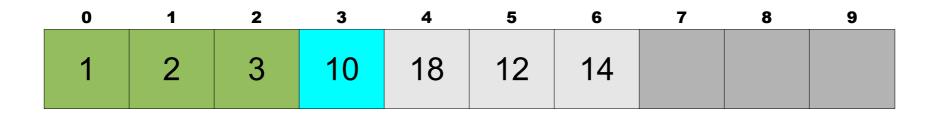
(select the smallest element)



(select the smallest element)



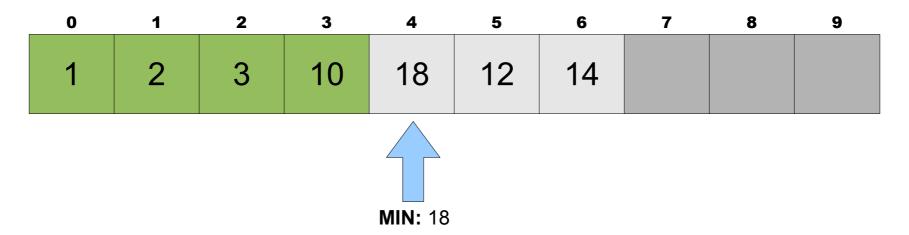
(select the smallest element)



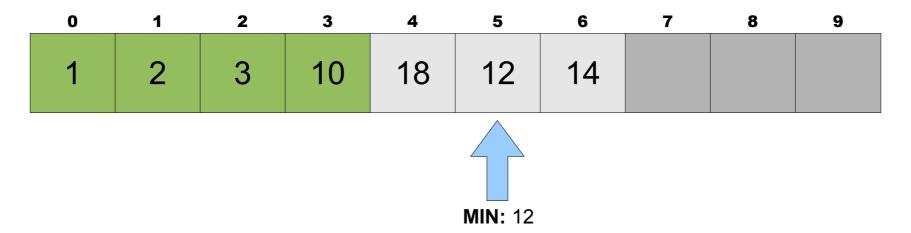
(select the smallest element)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	2	3	10	18	12	14			

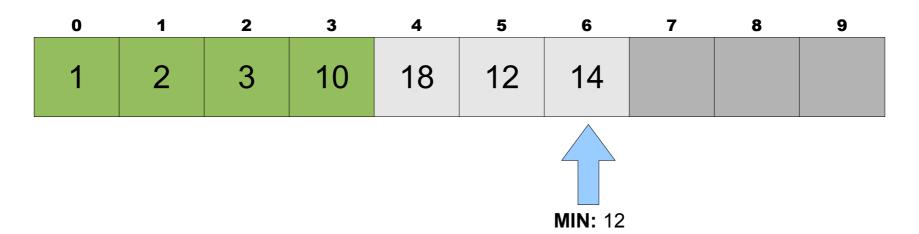
(select the smallest element)



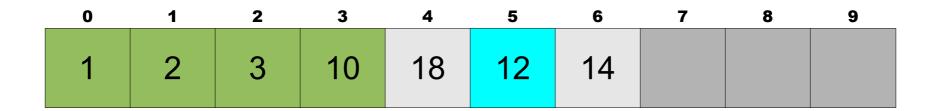
(select the smallest element)



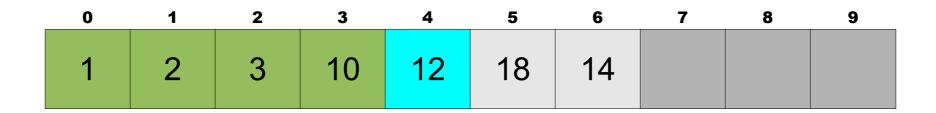
(select the smallest element)



(select the smallest element)



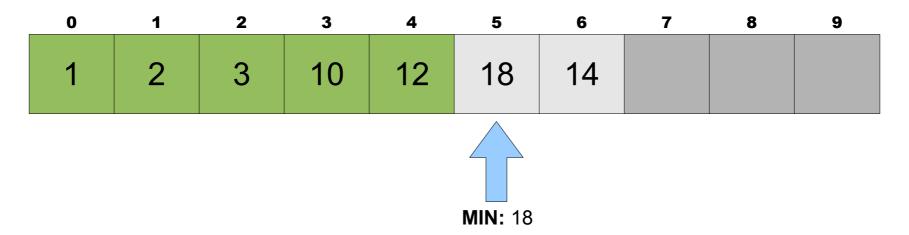
(select the smallest element)



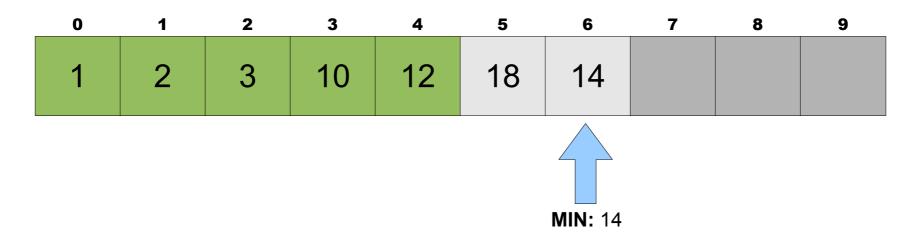
(select the smallest element)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	2	3	10	12	18	14			

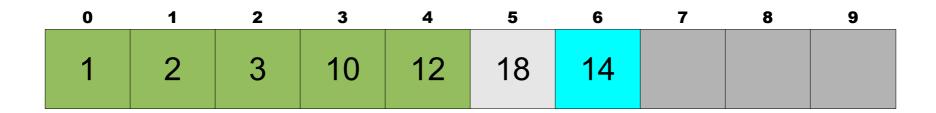
(select the smallest element)



(select the smallest element)



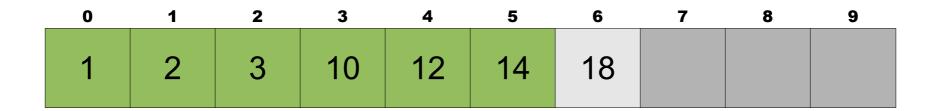
(select the smallest element)



(select the smallest element)



(select the smallest element)



(select the smallest element)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	2	3	10	12	14	18			
•				12	1 1	-			

When there's **one element** left to be sorted, we're **FINISHED!**

(select the smallest element)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
			4.0	4.0		4.0			
1	2	3	10	12	14	18			

When there's **one element** left to be sorted, we're **FINISHED!**

(select the smallest element)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	2	3	10	12	14	18			

- 1. What's the worst-case Big-Oh runtime?
- 2. What's the **best-case** Big-Oh runtime?
- 3. Show the vector after each pass of Selection Sort.

(let's code it up)

10 18 2 14 3 12 1