# COL362/632 - DBMS - Assignment 1: SQL Queries

# **Deadline**

All submissions should be made on Moodle by 3rd Feb 2025, 11:59 PM.

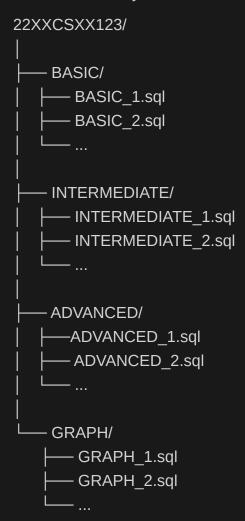
# **General Instructions**

Follow all instructions. Submissions not following these instructions will not be evaluated and will be given **Zero** marks.

- 1. Kindly ensure that this assignment is completed independently. Collaboration with external entities, including individuals, AI agents, websites, discussion forums, etc., is strictly prohibited. You can discuss and post questions on the piazza to seek clarification until 1st Feb.
- 2. You must use **PostgreSQL 15.x** for this assignment.
- 3. There are a total of 35 queries in this assignment.
- 4. **Marking scheme:** Queries carry different weights based on the perceived difficulty level of the query. These weights are not revealed to you (intentionally). The weights will be released after the evaluation.
- 5. We will evaluate your assignment in an automated fashion, so ensure that your folder names, file names, and directory structure strictly follow the instructions. There is a zip file provided for your convenience. Make sure to change the filename.
- 6. Each SQL query will be graded in a binary; there will be no partial grading.
- 7. Note that there will be no deadline extensions. But you can use your 72 late hours. Refer to lecture notes on course organization for late-hour rules.
- 8. Download the cleaned-up data from this <u>link</u>. It is a .sql file that can be imported directly to PostgreSQL. Refer to lecture notes on importing a .sql file into PostgreSQL.

- 9. A single zip has to be submitted (for you convinence we have provided an empty file that you should use).
  - a. The zip is structured such that upon deflating, all submission files appear under a directory with the student's entry number. For, suppose a student's entry number is 22XXCSXX123. In that case, the zip submission should be named 22XXCSXX123.zip, and upon deflating, all contained files should be under the directory named ./22XXCSXX123 only (names should be in uppercase). Your submission might be rejected and not be evaluated if you do not adhere to these specifications.
  - b. There are four sections (each of different difficulty levels) in the assignment, i.e., "Basic", "Intermediate", "Advanced", and "Graph". For this, we have created four different folders named "BASIC", "INTERMEDIATE", "ADVANCED", and "GRAPH".
  - c. In each designated section for every question, write your query in the .sql file following the naming convention <folder name>\_<question number>.sql. For instance, the solution to question "1" within the "Basic" section should be saved in a file named "BASIC\_1.sql". Similarly, the response to question "2" in the "Graph" section must be saved in a file named "GRAPH\_2.sql". Please do not write comments or other text except for an SQL query in the .sql files. Note don't start your queries with %sql or %%sql, that is only specific to notebook.

d. The final directory structure should look like below:



## **Dataset**

This dataset is structured into two primary modules—hospital ("hosp") and intensive care unit ("icu")—which together span tens of thousands of patient encounters and aggregate millions of individual records. We highly suggest to also examine the schema and data before writing your queries.

#### **Hospital Module ("hosp"):**

• **Scope:** Derived from a hospital-wide electronic health record, this module covers a broad spectrum of patient care data primarily recorded during hospital stays, with some information extending to outpatient settings.

#### • Data Included:

- Patient and admission details (e.g., basic demographics, admissions, transfers)
- Laboratory measurements and related metadata
- Microbiology culture results
- Provider orders and medication administration details
- Medication prescriptions and pharmacy information
- Billing data, including diagnostic and procedure codes, billing events, and service-related information
- Additional service-related records

#### ICU Module ("icu"):

Scope: Sourced from a clinical information system specific to intensive care, this
module focuses on high-resolution ICU data. It has been organized into a star
schema linking ICU stays to a variety of detailed event records.

#### Data Included:

- Patient ICU stays and associated metadata
- Records of intravenous fluids and medications, including their ingredients
- Patient outputs, procedures performed, and charted observations
- Events captured as specific date/time entries
- **Structure:** Each event record is linked by stay and item identifiers for detailed traceability across tables.

## **Description**

hosp Module

Table Name	Description
admissions	Information about each hospital admission (hadm_id), including admission and discharge type, location, etc.
d_hcpcs	Dimension table describing codes used in <b>hcpcsevents</b> (mostly CPT codes).
d_icd_diagnoses	Dimension table describing ICD-9/ICD-10 diagnosis codes used in diagnoses_icd.
d_icd_procedures	Dimension table describing ICD-9/ICD-10 procedure codes used in <b>procedures_icd</b> .
d_labitems	Dimension table describing laboratory test items. Links to labevents.
diagnoses_icd	ICD-9/ICD-10 diagnoses billed for each hospital admission. Links to <b>d_icd_diagnoses</b> .
drgcodes	Diagnosis-related group (DRG) codes associated with hospital stays.
emar	Electronic Medication Administration Record (eMAR) data, documenting medication admin scanning at bedside).
emar_detail	Detailed breakdown of each eMAR event, including dose given and route.
hcpcsevents	Hospital billing events containing HCPCS codes. Links to <b>d_hcpcs</b> .
labevents	Laboratory measurements and results from hospital-wide labs. Links to <b>d_labitems</b> .
microbiologyevents	Microbiology cultures and antibiotic sensitivities.
omr	Online Medical Record data, often containing outpatient-type measurements (height, weig
patients	Core patient-level information (gender, anchor age, date of death).
pharmacy	Detailed records of filled medications, including dosing information and status. Links to <b>pr emar</b> via <i>pharmacy_id</i> .
poe	Provider Order Entry (POE) records. General interface for entering patient orders (lab, me etc.).
poe_detail	Supplemental detail (in an Entity-Attribute-Value format) for entries in <b>poe</b> .
prescriptions	Medications ordered for a patient, including route, frequency, and identifying codes (GSN, <b>pharmacy</b> and <b>emar</b> .
procedures_icd	ICD-9/ICD-10 procedure codes billed during hospital stays. Links to <b>d_icd_procedures</b> .
provider	Lists de-identified provider identifiers used across hosp (e.g., order_provider_id).
services	Tracks clinical services assigned to the patient (e.g., "Surgery," "Cardiology").

transfers Tracks physical movement of patients across different wards/units in the hospital.
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## icu Module

Table Name	Description
caregiver	De-identified caregiver identifiers for the ICU module.
chartevents	The majority of ICU charted data (vital signs, ventilator settings, etc.). Links to d_items for
datetimeevents	Date/time-type measurements charted in the ICU (e.g., insertion dates).
d_items	Dimension table defining itemid for ICU measurements.
icustays	Defines individual ICU stays, with admission and discharge times.
ingredientevents	Ingredients used within the same solution for a drug (e.g., multiple additives in an IV bag)
inputevents	Continuous infusions or intermittent administrations (IV fluids, drips, etc.).
outputevents	Output data (urine output, drain volumes) recorded in the ICU.
procedureevents	Procedures documented during the ICU stay (e.g., mechanical ventilation, imaging orders start/end times and caregiver info.

# **Detailed Tables of Columns**

Below is a reference table for **each** dataset table. Columns appear in the following format:

```
| Column Name | Data Type | Description |
```

## hosp Module

• admissions

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing the patients table (each patient has a
hadm_id	bigint	Primary key for each hospital admission (unique per admission
admittime	text	Date and time the patient was admitted.
dischtime	text	Date and time the patient was discharged.
deathtime	text	If applicable, date and time of in-hospital death (often matches
admission_type	text	General classification of the admission's urgency or type (e.g.
admit_provider_id	text	De-identified ID of the provider who admitted the patient (links <b>provider</b> table if needed).
admission_location	text	Location of the patient before arriving (e.g., emergency room)
discharge_location	text	Location to which the patient was discharged (e.g., home, and
insurance	text	Type of insurance covering the patient.
language	text	Recorded primary language of the patient.
marital_status	text	Patient's marital status as documented.
race	text	Race documented at admission.
edregtime	text	Date/time the patient was registered in the emergency departs
edouttime	text	Date/time the patient left the emergency department.
hospital_expire_flag	bigint	Indicates if patient died during the admission (1) or survived to

- **subject\_id** → *patients.subject\_id*
- hadm\_id is unique within this table (defining each admission).
- d\_hcpcs

Column Name	Data Type	Description
code	text	HCPCS/CPT code (five characters). Primary key for this table
category	double precision	Broad numeric category for the code.
long_description	text	Longer descriptive text for the code.
short_description	text	Short descriptive text for the code.

• Joins to **hcpcsevents** on hcpcs\_cd = d\_hcpcs.code.

## • d\_icd\_diagnoses

Column Name	Data Type	Description
icd_code	text	ICD diagnosis code. Together with icd_version, this forms a undiagnosis.
icd_version	bigint	ICD version (9 or 10).
long_title	text	Full descriptive title for the ICD code (e.g., "Cholera due to vib

## **Keys and Links**

• Joins to diagnoses\_icd on (icd\_code, icd\_version).

## • d\_icd\_procedures

Column Name	Data Type	Description
icd_code	text	ICD procedure code. Together with icd_version, forms a uniq
icd_version	bigint	ICD version (9 or 10).
long_title	text	Descriptive name for the procedure code.

## **Keys and Links**

• Joins to **procedures\_icd** on (icd\_code, icd\_version).

## • d\_labitems

Column Name	Data Type	Description
itemid	bigint	Primary key. Unique identifier for a laboratory concept.
label	text	Human-readable description of the lab test (e.g., "Sodium").
fluid	text	The substance on which the measurement was taken (e.g., B
category	text	Higher-level grouping for the lab measurement (e.g., "Chemis"

- Joins to **labevents** on itemid.
- diagnoses\_icd

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
seq_num	bigint	Order/priority of the diagnosis for billing purposes.
icd_code	text	ICD code for the diagnosis.
icd_version	bigint	ICD version (9 or 10).

## **Keys and Links**

- Joins to **d\_icd\_diagnoses** on (icd\_code, icd\_version).
- drgcodes

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
drg_type	text	The DRG ontology used.
drg_code	bigint	DRG code associated with the stay.
description	text	Description of the DRG code.
drg_severity	double precision	Severity of illness rating linked to the DRG.
drg_mortality	double precision	Mortality risk rating linked to the DRG.

#### • emar

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	double precision	Foreign key referencing admissions.
emar_id	text	Unique identifier for the eMAR entry.
emar_seq	bigint	Consecutive integer that orders eMAR entries chronologically.
poe_id	text	Foreign key referencing poe. Links to the provider order.
pharmacy_id	double precision	Foreign key referencing pharmacy.
enter_provider_id	text	De-identified ID of the provider entering the eMAR. (a deident provider who entered the medication administration information
charttime	text	Time the medication administration was charted.
medication	text	Name of the medication administered.
event_txt	text	High-level info about administration status (e.g., "Administered
scheduletime	text	Time the administration was scheduled, if available.
storetime	text	Time the administration was documented in the system.

• emar\_detail

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
emar_id	text	Foreign key referencing emar. Unique ID for each order.
emar_seq	bigint	Consecutive integer which sorts eMAR entries.
parent_field_ordinal	double precision	Identifies multiple doses/formulary items for the same eMAR r
administration_type	text	Type of administration (e.g., "IV Bolus," "Medication Infusion,"
pharmacy_id	double precision	Foreign key referencing pharmacy.
barcode_type	text	Type of barcode scanned (if any).
reason_for_no_barcod e	text	Reason no barcode was scanned if barcode scanning wasn't
complete_dose_not_gi ven	text	Indicator if the full dose was not given.
dose_due, dose_due_unit	text	The expected dose and units for the administration.
dose_given, dose_given_unit	text	The actual dose administered and units.
will_remainder_of_dos e_be_given	text	Indicates if leftover dose will be administered later.
product_amount_give n	double precision	The actual amount of product administered.
product_unit	text	The unit for the product amount.
product_code, product_description	text	Code/description for the scanned product.
prior_infusion_rate	double precision	Infusion rate prior to this administration.
infusion_rate	double precision	The new infusion rate.
infusion_rate_adjustm ent	text	Indicates if the rate has been adjusted.
infusion_rate_adjustm ent_amount	double precision	Amount of the rate adjustment.

infusion_rate_unit	text	The unit for the infusion rate (e.g., mL/hr).
route	text	Route of administration (e.g., IV, Oral).
infusion_complete	text	Whether the infusion completed as planned.
completion_interval	text	Additional time or instructions for completing the infusion.
new_iv_bag_hung	text	Indicates if a new IV bag was hung.
continued_infusion_in _other_location	text	If the infusion continued after patient transfer.
restart_interval	text	Interval before restarting an infusion.
side, site	text	Documented side/site of administration (e.g., left arm).
non_formulary_visual_ verification	text	Documents if a non-formulary medication was visually verified

## hcpcsevents

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
chartdate	text	Date associated with the coded event.
hcpcs_cd	text	The HCPCS/CPT code; join with d_hcpcs.code.
seq_num	bigint	Sequence number for the code within a single admission.
short_description	text	Short textual description for the code.

## labevents

Column Name	Data Type	Description
labevent_id	bigint	Unique identifier for each row in labevents.
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	double precision	Foreign key referencing admissions.
specimen_id	bigint	Identifier grouping measurements from the same specimen.
itemid	bigint	Lab item tested; join with <b>d_labitems.itemid</b> .
order_provider_id	text	Provider who ordered the lab test (de-identified).
charttime	text	Time the sample was taken or measurement made.
storetime	text	Time the measurement was finalized and stored in the databa
value	text	The lab test result in text form.
valuenum	double precision	Numeric value of the lab test result if applicable.
valueuom	text	Unit of measurement.
ref_range_lower	double precision	Lower bound of the normal range for this lab test, if known.
ref_range_upper	double precision	Upper bound of the normal range for this lab test, if known.
flag	text	Indicates if the result is abnormal or out of normal range.
priority	text	Lab priority (routine/stat).
comments	text	Additional notes regarding the measurement. Deidentified if se

## • microbiologyevents

Column Name	Data Type	Description
microevent_id	bigint	Unique identifier for each row in microbiologyevents.
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	double precision	Foreign key referencing admissions.
micro_specimen_id	bigint	Identifier grouping measurements from the same microbiology
order_provider_id	text	Provider ID for the microbiology test order.
chartdate	text	Date of the microbiology observation.
charttime	text	Time of the observation if available (NULL if only the date is k
spec_itemid	bigint	Item ID describing the type of specimen.
spec_type_desc	text	Text describing the specimen (e.g., "Blood," "Urine").
test_seq	bigint	Sequence number differentiating multiple tests on the same s
storedate	text	Date when the result was finalized.
storetime	text	Date/time when the result was finalized.
test_itemid	bigint	ID corresponding to the test performed.
test_name	text	Name of the microbiology test (e.g., "Gram Stain," "Culture").
org_itemid	double precision	ID of the organism that grew (if any).
org_name	text	Name of the organism.
isolate_num	double precision	The isolate number within the specimen (multiple isolates).
quantity	double precision	Approximate quantity of organism grown.
ab_itemid	double precision	ID of the antibiotic tested against the organism.
ab_name	text	Name of the antibiotic tested.
dilution_text	text	Free-text describing antibiotic dilution.
dilution_comparison	text	Comparison operator for the dilution (e.g. ">", "<").
dilution_value	double precision	Measured dilution value.
interpretation	text	Interpretation of antibiotic sensitivity (S = sensitive, R = resista

#### • omr

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
chartdate	text	Date on which the observation was recorded.
seq_num	bigint	Monotonically increasing integer to distinguish multiple similar day.
result_name	text	Description of the observation (e.g., "Blood Pressure," "Height
result_value	text	The value associated with the observation (e.g., "120/80," "17

# • patients

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Primary key. Unique patient identifier across the dataset.
gender	text	Documented gender.
anchor_age	bigint	Age at the de-identified anchor year (capped at 90+ as 91).
anchor_year	bigint	Shifted year of the patient's anchor date.
anchor_year_group	text	Range of years during which the anchor_year occurred (e.g.,
dod	text	De-identified date of death for out-of-hospital mortality linkage hospital discharge).

## pharmacy

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
pharmacy_id	bigint	Primary key within the pharmacy table, used to link to prescri
poe_id	text	Reference to an order in poe.
starttime	text	Start time for the prescribed medication.
stoptime	text	Stop time for the prescribed medication.
medication	text	Name of the medication.
proc_type	text	Type of order (e.g., "IV Piggyback," "Unit Dose").
status	text	Whether the prescription is active, discontinued, etc.
entertime	text	Time at which the prescription was entered in the pharmacy s
verifiedtime	text	Time at which the order was verified.
route	text	Route of administration (e.g., IV, Oral).
frequency	text	Frequency of administration (e.g., "Q6H," "BID").
disp_sched	text	Time(s) of day for scheduled administration (e.g., "08, 20").
infusion_type	text	Code for type of infusion (e.g., 'B', 'C', 'N').
sliding_scale	text	Indicates whether a sliding scale is used (Y/N).
lockout_interval	double precision	Interval for patient-controlled analgesia (time between possib
basal_rate	double precision	Basal continuous administration rate.
one_hr_max	double precision	Maximum one-hour dose for the medication.
doses_per_24_hrs	double precision	Number of doses expected per 24 hours.
duration	double precision	Numeric duration for this prescription.
duration_interval	text	Unit associated with the duration, e.g. "Doses," "Weeks."
expiration_value	double precision	Numeric length of time until medication expires.
expiration_unit	text	Unit associated with the expiration (days, hours, etc.).

expirationdate	double precision	The de-identified date of expiry.
dispensation	text	Source of dispensation.
fill_quantity	double precision	Quantity dispensed.

## poe

Column Name	Data Type	Description
poe_id	text	Primary key within poe. Uniquely identifies the provider orde poe_seq).
poe_seq	bigint	Monotonically increasing sequence for the order.
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
ordertime	text	Time at which the order was placed.
order_type	text	Broad classification of order (e.g., Lab, Medications, Radiolo
order_subtype	text	More specific subtype of the order (e.g., "Holter Monitor" unc
transaction_type	text	Action performed (e.g., "New," "Change," "D/C").
discontinue_of_poe_id	text	If this order discontinues a previous order, references that po
discontinued_by_poe_i d	text	If this order was discontinued by another future order, refere
order_provider_id	text	Provider who placed this order (de-identified).
order_status	text	Whether the order is active or has been discontinued.

• poe\_detail

Column Name	Data Type	Description
poe_id	text	Foreign key referencing poe. Unique identifier for the order.
poe_seq	bigint	Sequence number for the order.
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
field_name	text	The label/name of the attribute for this order detail (e.g., "Ac
field_value	text	The value of that attribute (e.g., "Psychiatry," "Clear Liquid E

# • prescriptions

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
pharmacy_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing pharmacy.
poe_id	text	Links to poe.
poe_seq	double precision	Monotonically increasing sequence for the prescription orde
order_provider_id	text	Provider who placed the prescription order (de-identified).
starttime	text	Time the prescription was started.
stoptime	text	Time the prescription was stopped.
drug_type	text	Indicates if the drug is a main component, base, or additive
drug	text	Name of the medication.
formulary_drug_cd	text	Hospital-specific code for the medication.
gsn	text	Generic Sequence Number (internal medication coding sys
ndc	double precision	National Drug Code identifier.
prod_strength	text	Strength/composition description (e.g., "12.5 mg Tablet").
form_rx	text	Container format for the dose (e.g., "TABLET," "VIAL").
dose_val_rx	text	Prescribed dose value.
dose_unit_rx	text	Prescribed dose unit.
form_val_disp	text	Amount of medication contained in a single formulary dose.
form_unit_disp	text	Unit for the formulary dosage.
doses_per_24_hrs	double precision	Number of doses expected in 24 hours.
route	text	Route of administration (IV, Oral, etc.).

## • procedures\_icd

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
seq_num	bigint	The priority of the procedure's billing code.
chartdate	text	Date associated with the billed procedure.
icd_code	text	ICD code representing the procedure.
icd_version	bigint	ICD version (9 or 10).

• Joins to **d\_icd\_procedures** on (icd\_code, icd\_version).

## • provider

Column Name	Data Type	Description
provider_id	text	Primary key. Unique de-identified provider ID used through

#### services

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
transfertime	text	Time the service assignment changed from prev_service
prev_service	text	The previous service (if any).
curr_service	text	The current service. E.g., "SURG," "MED," "PSYCH," etc.

#### • transfers

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	double precision	Foreign key referencing admissions.
transfer_id	bigint	Unique transfer event identifier (often used to build ICU s
eventtype	text	Type of transfer event (e.g., 'admit,' 'transfer,' 'discharge,'
careunit	text	The unit or ward to which the patient was transferred (ICL
intime	text	Date/time the patient entered this unit.
outtime	text	Date/time the patient left this unit.

## icu Module

## • caregiver

Column Name	Data Type	Description
caregiver_id	bigint	Primary key in the ICU module. De-identified identifier for

## chartevents

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
stay_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing icustays.
caregiver_id	double precision	De-identified caregiver ID (reference to caregiver).
charttime	text	Time the observation was recorded.
storetime	text	Time the observation was validated/entered.
itemid	bigint	Foreign key referencing d_items for a measurement con-
value	text	Recorded value in text form.
valuenum	double precision	Numeric version of the recorded value (if applicable).
valueuom	text	Units of measurement.
warning	double precision	Indicates if a warning was triggered for this charted even

#### • datetimeevents

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
stay_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing icustays.
caregiver_id	bigint	Reference to caregiver.
charttime	text	Time of the event's measurement.
storetime	text	Time data was validated/entered into the system.
itemid	bigint	Foreign key referencing d_items (for date/time-type entri
value	text	The recorded date/time value (e.g., "2023-05-01").
valueuom	text	Typically "Date" for these entries.
warning	bigint	Indicates whether a warning was documented.

## • d\_items

Column Name	Data Type	Description
itemid	bigint	Primary key. Unique numeric identifier for each ICU con
label	text	Human-readable label (e.g., "Heart Rate," "Respiratory I
abbreviation	text	Short abbreviation used in the ICU.
linksto	text	The name of the events table to which this itemid links ( "inputevents").
category	text	Category grouping (e.g., "Vital Signs," "IV Medication").
unitname	text	Unit of measurement if consistent (e.g., "bpm," "mmHg")
param_type	text	The type of parameter (numeric, text, date).
lownormalvalue	double precision	Recorded lower normal bound for numeric measuremer
highnormalvalue	double precision	Recorded upper normal bound for numeric measuremen

## • icustays

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
stay_id	bigint	Primary key identifying a single ICU stay.
first_careunit	text	The first ICU care unit (e.g., MICU, SICU) the patient w
last_careunit	text	The last ICU care unit the patient stayed in (can differ if
intime	text	Date/time the patient was transferred into the ICU.
outtime	text	Date/time the patient was transferred out of the ICU.
los	double precision	Length of stay in the ICU (days).

## • ingredientevents

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
stay_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing icustays.
caregiver_id	bigint	Links to caregiver.
starttime	text	Start time for the infusion/ingredient administration.
endtime	text	End time for the infusion/ingredient.
storetime	text	Time this entry was documented.
itemid	bigint	Foreign key referencing d_items.
amount	double precision	The total amount of the ingredient administered over th
amountuom	text	Units of the ingredient amount.
rate	double precision	The rate at which the ingredient was administered.
rateuom	text	Units of the rate (e.g., mL/hr).
orderid	bigint	Identifies multiple ingredients in the same solution (sha
linkorderid	bigint	Links repeated changes under the same base order.
statusdescription	text	Status of the infusion (e.g., "Changed," "FinishedRunni
originalamount	bigint	The initial planned total amount in the bag at starttime.
originalrate	double precision	The initial planned rate.

## • inputevents

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
stay_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing icustays.
caregiver_id	bigint	Reference to caregiver.
starttime	text	When the input began.
endtime	text	When the input ended.
storetime	text	Documentation time.
itemid	bigint	Foreign key referencing d_items.
amount	double precision	Amount administered (e.g., volume in mL).
amountuom	text	Units of amount.
rate	double precision	Rate of administration (e.g., mL/hr).
rateuom	text	Units of rate.
orderid	bigint	Identifies multiple items (drugs/fluids) in the same orde
linkorderid	bigint	Links repeated modifications of the same order.
ordercategoryname	text	Higher-level category for the order (e.g., "IV medication
secondaryordercategoryn ame	text	Secondary category if available.
ordercomponenttypedescr iption	text	Description of the order component (additive, base, etc
ordercategorydescription	text	More verbose description of the category.
patientweight	double precision	Patient weight (kg) at the time of the order.
totalamount	double precision	Total volume in the bag.
totalamountuom	text	Units of total volume.
isopenbag	bigint	Indicates if the bag was open.
continueinnextdept	bigint	Whether the infusion continued upon transfer out of IC

statusdescription	text	Reason the infusion ended (e.g., "Changed," "Stopped
originalamount	double precision	The initial planned total amount at starttime.
originalrate	double precision	The initial planned rate at starttime.

## • outputevents

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
stay_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing icustays.
caregiver_id	bigint	Reference to caregiver.
charttime	text	Time the output event was documented.
storetime	text	Time data was finalized/entered.
itemid	bigint	Foreign key referencing d_items (e.g., type of fluid out
value	bigint	The volume of output.
valueuom	text	Unit for the output volume (e.g., "mL").

## • procedureevents

Column Name	Data Type	Description
subject_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing patients.
hadm_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing admissions.
stay_id	bigint	Foreign key referencing icustays.
caregiver_id	double precision	Reference to caregiver.
starttime	text	Time the procedure began.
endtime	text	Time the procedure ended.
storetime	text	Time the procedure was documented in the system.
itemid	bigint	Foreign key referencing d_items (the type of procedure
value	double precision	Duration or other numeric measure of the procedure (s long they lasted).
valueuom	text	Unit for the value (e.g., "min," "hour").
location	text	Specific physical location on the patient's body if relev
locationcategory	text	Higher-level category of the location (e.g., "Invasive Ve
orderid	bigint	Links multiple procedure items in the same order.
linkorderid	bigint	References the original order if repeated.
ordercategoryname	text	High-level name for the procedure order (e.g., "Respir
ordercategorydescription	text	More descriptive text for the order category.
patientweight	double precision	Patient weight at the time.
isopenbag	bigint	Indicates if the procedure was from an open bag or co
continueinnextdept	bigint	If the procedure continued upon transfer.
statusdescription	text	Indicates final status (e.g., "FinishedRunning," "Stoppe
originalamount	double precision	Present but not clinically meaningful for many procedu
originalrate	bigint	Also present but not clinically meaningful (often 0 or 1)

# **Queries**

## **Basic Queries**

**Note (for this section):** In case of a tie, output all the answers following the order. Use the strings (along with the case) given in the query for string comparison.

The format "X days, HH:MM:SS" is a general format for interval differences. If the duration is 24 hours or more, it is displayed as "X days, HH:MM:SS". If the duration is less than 24 hours, it is shown as "HH:MM:SS"

1. List the subject\_id of all female patients with anchor age more than 89.

output columns: subject\_id order by columns: subject\_id

2. List the top 5 years in which the most number of patients were admitted to hospitals.

output columns: count, year order by columns: count(descending), year

3. List the hadm\_id, gender, admission duration(HH:MM:SS or X days, HH:MM:SS) of all admissions which have non-null dischtime. Admission duration is defined as the difference between dischtime and admittime.

output columns: hadm\_id, gender, duration

order by columns: duration, hadm\_id

4. List the number of distinct medications ordered by each valid(non-null) provider.

output columns: enter\_provider\_id, count order by columns: count(descending)

5. Find the number of distinct admissions where the reason for the barcode not being present is 'Barcode Damaged' and the marital status of the patient is not 'MARRIED'.

output: count

6. For each patient, count the number of times they have been admitted to ICU(including 0 number of stays).

output columns: subject\_id, count

order by columns: count, subject id

7. For every patient whose 'dod' is not null, find their latest 'hadm id'.

output columns: subject\_id, latest\_hadm\_id, dod

order by columns: subject id

8. List all the 'pharmacy\_id' which are present in the pharmacy but not written in any prescriptions.

output columns: pharmacy\_id

order by columns: pharmacy id

9. List all unique 'icd\_code', 'icd\_version' values present in both' diagnoses\_icd' and 'procedures icd' tables.

output columns: icd code, icd version

order by columns: icd code, icd version

10. List the unique 'hcpcs\_cd' and a short description of all hcpcs events related to 'Hospital observation'. You can assume that an event is related to x if its description contains x(case-insensitive).

output columns: hcpcs cd, short description

order by columns: hcpcs cd, short description

## **Intermediate Queries**

**Note (for this section):** In case of a tie, output all the answers following the order. Use the strings (along with the case) given in the query for string comparison.

The format "X days, HH:MM:SS" is a general format for interval differences. If the duration is 24 hours or more, it is displayed as "X days, HH:MM:SS". If the duration is less than 24 hours, it is shown as "HH:MM:SS"

 For each patient who has a non-NULL value in the 'dod' (date of death) column, write an SQL query to find the 'hadm\_id' corresponding to their earliest 'admittime'. output columns: subject\_id, latest\_hadm\_id hadm\_id, dod order by columns: subject\_id

- 2. Find the average duration of admissions(HH:MM:SS or X days, HH:MM:SS) having diagnosis icd\_code='4019' and icd\_version='9'. Admission duration is defined as the difference between dischtime and admittime.
  - output columns: avg\_duration

    For each caregiver, id. find the number of precedure
- For each caregiver\_id, find the number of procedure events, chart events, and datetime events, documented by that caregiver.
   output columns: caregiver\_id, procedureevents\_count, chartevents\_count, datetimeevents\_count