# Assignment 4 Specification

## SFWR ENG 2AA4

April 10, 2018

Freecell is a popular csolitaire card game that utilizes a set of a full set of 52 cards. Unlike other solitaire games, the chances of getting an unsolvable problem is highly unlikely. This c++ implementation of Freecell simulates the different states a player can find themselves in while playing the game. This Document will provide the descriptive specifications behind the program, using proper modularization and adhering to other software engineering principles.

The implementation uses a minimal interface which can clearly be observed based on the use of frequent methods that are aimed to do one job. The interface is general, and allows users to move cards from pile to pile just as one would during a game.

## Card ADT Module

## Template Module

Card

### Uses

N/A

## Syntax

## **Exported Types**

Card = ?

 $Suit = \{C, D, S, H\}$ 

 $Colour = \{Red, Black\}$ 

Rank = {Empty, ace, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, jack, queen, king}

### **Exported Access Programs**

| Routine name | In         | Out    | Exceptions |
|--------------|------------|--------|------------|
| Card         | Rank, Suit | Card   |            |
| getRank      |            | Rank   |            |
| getColour    |            | Colour |            |
| getSuit      |            | Suit   |            |

### **Semantics**

#### State Variables

rank: Rank suit: Suit colour: Colour

#### **State Invariant**

None

#### Assumptions

The constructor Card is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object.

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

```
Card(r, s):
```

- transition: rank, suit, colour := r, s,  $(s = D \lor s = H \Rightarrow Red || True \Rightarrow Black)$
- output: out := self
- exception: None

#### getColour():

- output: out := colour
- exception: None

### getRank():

- output: out := rank
- exception: None

#### getSuit():

- output: out := suit
- exception: None

## Tableau ADT Module

## Template Module

Tableau

### Uses

Card

## **Syntax**

### **Exported Types**

Tableau = ?

#### **Exported Access Programs**

| Routine name | In          | Out     | Exceptions    |
|--------------|-------------|---------|---------------|
| Tableau      | seq of Card | Tableau |               |
| addCard      | Card        |         | invalid_move  |
| removeCard   |             |         | not_available |
| topCard      |             | Card    | not_available |

## **Semantics**

#### State Variables

tab: seq of Card

#### **State Invariant**

None

#### Assumptions

The constructor Tableau is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object.

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

### Tableau(s):

- transition: tab := s
- output: out := self
- exception: None

### addCard(c):

- transition: tab := tab|| < c >
- exception:  $(c.rank+1 \neq tab_{|tab|-1}.rank \vee c.colour = tab_{|tab|-1}.colour \Rightarrow invalid\_move)$

### removeCard():

- transition:  $tab := [0..tab_{|tab|-2}]$
- exception:  $(|tab| = 0 \Rightarrow not\_available)$

## topCard():

- output:  $out := tab_{|tab|-1}$
- $\bullet \ \text{exception:} \ (|tab| = 0 \Rightarrow not\_available)$

# Foundation ADT Module

## Template Module

Foundation

### Uses

Card

## **Syntax**

### **Exported Types**

Foundation =?

## **Exported Access Programs**

| Routine name | In   | Out          | Exceptions      |
|--------------|------|--------------|-----------------|
| Foundation   | Suit | Foundation   |                 |
| addCard      | Card |              | invalid_move    |
| removeCard   |      |              | not_available   |
| isFull       |      | $\mathbb{B}$ |                 |
| topCard      |      | Card         | $not_available$ |

### **Semantics**

#### State Variables

pile: sequence of Card suit: Suit

#### **State Invariant**

None

#### Assumptions

• The constructor Foundation is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object.

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

### Foundation(s):

- transition: suit := s
- output: out := self
- exception: None

### addCard(c):

- transition: pile := pile || < c >
- exception:  $(c.rank+1 \neq pile_{|pile|-1}.rank \vee c.colour \neq pile_{|pile|-1}.colour \Rightarrow invalid\_move)$

### removeCard():

- transition:  $pile := [0..pile_{|pile|-2}]$
- exception:  $|pile| = 0 \Rightarrow not\_available$

## topCard():

- output:  $out := pile_{|pile|-1}$
- $\bullet \ \text{exception:} \ |pile| = 0 \Rightarrow not\_available$

## $\mathrm{isFull}()\mathrm{:}$

- output:  $out := (|pile| = 0 \Rightarrow True|False)$
- exception: None

## getSuit():

- output: out := suit
- exception: None

## FreeCell ADT Module

## Template Module

FreeCell

### Uses

Card

## **Syntax**

### **Exported Types**

FreeCell = ?

#### **Exported Access Programs**

| Routine name | In         | Out          | Exceptions      |
|--------------|------------|--------------|-----------------|
| FreeCell     |            | FreeCell     |                 |
| addCard      | Card       |              | full            |
| removeCard   | Rank, Suit |              | not_available   |
| isFull       |            | $\mathbb{B}$ |                 |
| searchCard   | Rank, Suit | Card         | $not_available$ |

### **Semantics**

#### State Variables

cells: sequence of Card

#### **State Invariant**

None

#### Assumptions

• The constructor FreeCell is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object.

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

### FreeCell():

- transition: None
- output: out := self
- exception: None

### addCard(c):

- transition:  $cells := cells || \langle c \rangle$
- exception:  $(isFull() \Rightarrow full)$

### removeCard(rank, suit):

- transition:  $cells := (\forall i : \mathbb{Z} \mid 0 <= i < 4 : (cells_i.rank = rank \land cells_i.suit = suit) \Rightarrow cells \{cells_i\})$
- exception:  $\neg(\exists i : \mathbb{Z} \mid 0 \le i \le 4 : (cells_i.rank = rank \land cells_i.suit = suit)) \Rightarrow not\_available$

## searchCard(rank, suit):

- output:  $cells := (\forall i : \mathbb{Z} \mid 0 \le i \le 4 : (cells_i.rank = rank \land cells_i.suit = suit) \Rightarrow cells_i)$
- exception:  $\neg(\exists i : \mathbb{Z} \mid 0 \le i \le 4 : (cells_i.rank = rank \land cells_i.suit = suit)) \Rightarrow not\_available$

### isFull():

- output:  $out := (|cells| = 4 \Rightarrow True|False)$
- exception: None

# Setup ADT Module

## Template Module

Setup

### Uses

Card, FreeCell, Tableau, Foundation

## Syntax

## **Exported Types**

Setup = ?

### **Exported Access Programs**

| Routine name | In                      | Out   | Exceptions |
|--------------|-------------------------|-------|------------|
| Setup        | seq (seq of Card))      | Setup |            |
| tabToTab     | $\mathbb{Z},\mathbb{Z}$ |       |            |
| tabToFound   | $\mathbb{Z}$            |       |            |
| freeToTab    | Rank, Suit, Z           |       |            |
| tabToFree    | $\mathbb{Z}$            |       | full       |
| freeToFound  | Rank, Suit              |       |            |
| foundToTab   | Suit, $\mathbb{Z}$      |       |            |
| winningGame  |                         | bool  |            |

## **Semantics**

#### State Variables

board: seq of Tableau founds: seq of Foundation

free: FreeCell

#### **State Invariant**

None

#### Assumptions

• The constructor Setup() is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object.

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

Setup(s):

```
• transition: (\forall i : Z | 0 \le i \le 7 : board_i = Tableau(s_i))
```

```
• output: out := self
```

• exception: None

tabToTab(from, to):

- transition:  $board_{to}$ ,  $board_{from} := board_{to}|| < (board_{from}.topCard()) >, board_{from}.removeCard()$
- exception: none

tabToFound(from):

- transition:  $(\forall i : \mathbb{Z} \mid 0 \le i \le 4 : (founds_i.getSuit() = board_{from}.topcard().getSuit()) \Rightarrow (founds_i, board_{from} := founds_i)|| < (board_{from}.topCard()) >, board_{from}.removeCard()$
- exception: none

freeToTab(rank, suit, to):

- transition:  $board_{to}, free := board_{to}|| < (Card(rank, suit)) >, [free_0...free_{free-1}] Card(rank, suit)$
- exception: None

tabToFree(from):

- transition:  $free, board_{from} := free || < (board_{from}.topCard()) >, board_{from}.removeCard()$
- exception:  $(free.isFull()) \Rightarrow full$

#### freeToFound(rank,suit):

• transition:

```
(\forall i: \mathbb{Z} \mid 0 <= i < 4: (founds_i.getSuit() = free.searchCard(rank, suit)).topcard().getSuit()) \Rightarrow \\ (founds_i, free := founds_i|| < (free.searchCard(rank, suit))) >, free.removeCard(rank, suit)) > \\ (founds_i, free := founds_i|| < (free.searchCard(rank, suit))) > \\ (free.searchCard(rank, suit)) > \\ (free.sea
```

• exception: none

#### foundToTab(rank,to):

• transition:

```
(\forall i : \mathbb{Z} \mid 0 \le i \le 4 : (founds_i.getSuit() = suit) \Rightarrow (board_{to}, founds_i := board_{to}) \mid \le (founds_i.topCard()) >, founds_i.removeCard()
```

• exception: none

#### winningGame():

- output:  $\land$   $(i : \mathbb{N} | i \in [0..3] : founds_i.isFull())$
- exception: none

#### **Local Functions**

• tabTopCards: A method that outputs the top cards on the tableau to clearly see what is available suring a specific state.